## Incorporating Generative AI in Model Governance Programs

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#### Abstract

### 1 Introduction

The National Institute of Standards and Technology Artificial Intelligence (AI) Risk Management Framework (RMF). [27]

- 2 Generative AI Incidents
- 3 Generative AI Governance
- 4 Generative AI Inventories
- 5 Generative AI Risk Tiers
- 6 Generative AI Risk Measurement
- 7 Generative AI Risk Management

### Conclusion

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### Abbreviations

- AI: Artificial Intelligence
- AI RMF: Artificial Intelligence Risk Management Framework
- GAI: Generative AI
- LLM: Large Language Model
- RMF: Risk Management Framework

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## Appendix A: Example Generative AI–Trustworthy Characteristic Crosswalk

## A.1: Trustworthy Characteristic to Generative AI Risk Crosswalk

Table A.1: Trustworthy Characteristic to Generative AI Risk Crosswalk.

Accountable and Transparent	Explainable and Interpretable	Fair with Harmful Bias Managed	Privacy Enhanced
Data Privacy	Human-AI Configuration	Confabulation	Data Privacy
Environmental	Value Chain and Component Integration	Environmental	Human-AI Configuration
Human-AI Configuration		Human-AI Configuration	Information Security
Information Integrity		Intellectual Property	Intellectual Property
Intellectual Property		Obscene, Degrading, and/or Abusive Content	Value Chain and Component Integration
Value Chain and Component Integration		Toxicity, Bias, and Homogenization	
		Value Chain and Component Integration	

Safe	Secure and Resilient	Valid and Reliable
CBRN Information	Dangerous or Violent Recommendations	Confabulation
Confabulation	Data Privacy	Human-AI Configuration
Dangerous or Violent Recommendations	Human-AI Configuration	Information Integrity
Data Privacy	Information Security	Information Security
Environmental	Value Chain and Component Integration	Toxicity, Bias, and Homogenization
Human-AI Configuration		Value Chain and Component Integration
Information Integrity		-
Information Security		
Obscene, Degrading, and/or Abusive Content		
Value Chain and Component Integration		

## A.2: Generative AI Risk to Trustworthy Characteristic Crosswalk

Table A.2: Generative AI Risk to Trustworthy Characteristic Crosswalk.

CBRN Information	Confabulation	Dangerous or Violent Recommendations	Data Privacy
	Fair with Harmful Bias Managed Safe Valid and Reliable	Safe Secure and Resilient	Accountable and Transparent Privacy Enhanced Safe Secure and Resilient

Environmental	Human-AI Configuration	Information Integrity	Information Security
Accountable and Transparent Fair with Harmful Bias Managed Safe	Accountable and Transparent Explainable and Interpretable Fair with Harmful Bias Managed Privacy Enhanced Safe Secure and Resilient Valid and Reliable	Accountable and Transparent Safe Valid and Reliable	Privacy Enhanced Safe Secure and Resilient Valid and Reliable

Intellectual Property	Obscene, Degrading, and/or Abusive Content	Toxicity, Bias, and Homogenization	Value Chain and Component Integration
Accountable and Transparent Fair with Harmful Bias Managed Privacy Enhanced	Fair with Harmful Bias Managed Safe	Fair with Harmful Bias Managed Valid and Reliable	Accountable and Transparent Explainable and Interpretable Fair with Harmful Bias Managed Privacy Enhanced Safe Secure and Resilient Valid and Reliable

## Appendix B: Example Risk-tiering Materials for Generative AI

## **B.1:** Example Adverse Impacts

Table B.1: Example adverse impacts, adapted from NIST 800-30r1 Table H-2 [26].

Level	Description
Harm to Operations	<ul> <li>Inability to perform current missions/business functions. <ul> <li>In a sufficiently timely manner.</li> <li>With sufficient confidence and/or correctness.</li> <li>Within planned resource constraints.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Inability, or limited ability, to perform missions/business functions in the future. <ul> <li>Inability to restore missions/business functions.</li> <li>In a sufficiently timely manner.</li> <li>With sufficient confidence and/or correctness.</li> <li>Within planned resource constraints.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Harms (e.g., financial costs, sanctions) due to noncompliance. <ul> <li>With applicable laws or regulations.</li> <li>With contractual requirements or other requirements in other binding agreements (e.g., liability).</li> </ul> </li> <li>Direct financial costs.</li> <li>Reputational harms. <ul> <li>Damage to trust relationships.</li> <li>Damage to image or reputation (and hence future or potential trust relationships).</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Harm to Assets	<ul> <li>Damage to or loss of physical facilities.</li> <li>Damage to or loss of information systems or networks.</li> <li>Damage to or loss of information technology or equipment.</li> <li>Damage to or loss of component parts or supplies.</li> <li>Damage to or of loss of information assets.</li> <li>Loss of intellectual property.</li> </ul>
Harm to Individuals	<ul> <li>Injury or loss of life.</li> <li>Physical or psychological mistreatment.</li> <li>Identity theft.</li> <li>Loss of personally identifiable information.</li> <li>Damage to image or reputation.</li> <li>Infringement of intellectual property rights.</li> <li>Financial harm or loss of income.</li> </ul>
Harm to Other Organizations	<ul> <li>Harms (e.g., financial costs, sanctions) due to noncompliance.         <ul> <li>With applicable laws or regulations.</li> <li>With contractual requirements or other requirements in other binding agreements (e.g., liability).</li> </ul> </li> <li>Direct financial costs.</li> <li>Reputational harms.         <ul> <li>Damage to trust relationships.</li> <li>Damage to image or reputation (and hence future or potential trust relationships).</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Harm to the Nation	<ul> <li>Damage to or incapacitation of critical infrastructure.</li> <li>Loss of government continuity of operations.</li> <li>Reputational harms. <ul> <li>Damage to trust relationships with other governments or with nongovernmental entities.</li> <li>Damage to national reputation (and hence future or potential trust relationships).</li> </ul> </li> <li>Damage to current or future ability to achieve national objectives. <ul> <li>Harm to national security.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Large-scale economic or workforce displacement.</li> </ul>

## **B.2:** Example Impact Descriptions

Table B.2: Example Impact level descriptions, adapted from NIST SP800-30r1 Appendix H, Table H-3 [26].

Qualitative Values	Semi-Quantitative V	Values	Description
Very High	96-100	10	An incident could be expected to have multiple severe or catastrophic adverse effects on organizational operations, organizational assets, individuals, other organizations, or the Nation.
High	80-95	8	An incident could be expected to have a severe or catastrophic adverse effect on organizational operations, organizational assets, individuals, other organizations, or the Nation. A severe or catastrophic adverse effect means that, for example, the incident might: (i) cause a severe degradation in or loss of mission capability to an extent and duration that the organization is not able to perform one or more of its primary functions; (ii) result in major damage to organizational assets; (iii) result in major financial loss; or (iv) result in severe or catastrophic harm to individuals involving loss of life or serious life-threatening injuries.
Moderate	21-79	5	An incident could be expected to have a serious adverse effect on organizational operations, organizational assets, individuals other organizations, or the Nation. A serious adverse effect means that, for example, the incident might: (i) cause a significant degradation in mission capability to an extent and duration that the organization is able to perform its primary functions, but the effectiveness of the functions is significantly reduced; (ii) result in significant damage to organizational assets; (iii) result in significant financial loss; or (iv) result in significant harm to individuals that does not involve loss of life or serious life-threatening injuries.
Low	5-20	2	An incident could be expected to have a limited adverse effect on organizational operations, organizational assets, individuals other organizations, or the Nation. A limited adverse effect means that, for example, the incident might: (i) cause a degradation in mission capability to an extent and duration that the organization is able to perform its primary functions, but the effectiveness of the functions is noticeably reduced; (ii) result in minor damage to organizational assets; (iii) result in minor financial loss; or (iv) result in minor harm to individuals.
Very Low	0-4	0	An incident could be expected to have a negligible adverse effect on organizational operations, organizational assets, individuals other organizations, or the Nation.

## **B.3: Example Likelihood Descriptions**

Table B.3: Example likelihood levels, adapted from NIST SP800-30r1 Appendix G, Table G-3 [26].

Qualitative Values	Semi-Quantitative Values		Description
Very High	96-100 10		An incident is almost certain to occur; or
very mign	30 100	10	occurs more than 100 times a year.
High	80-95	8	An incident is highly likely to occur; or oc-
Ingn	00-30	0	curs between 10-100 times a year.
Moderate	21-79 5	An incident is somewhat likely to occur; or	
Moderate	21-19	1-79 5	occurs between 1-10 times a year.
			An incident is unlikely to occur; or occurs
Low	5-20	2	less than once a year, but more than once
			every 10 years.
Very Levy	0-4	0	An incident is highly unlikely to occur; or
Very Low	0-4	U	occurs less than once every 10 years.

## **B.4: Example Risk Tiers**

Table B.4: Example risk assessment matrix with 5 impact levels, 5 likelihood levels, and 5 risk tiers, adapted from NIST SP800-30r1 Appendix I, Table I-2 [26].

Likelihood	Level of Impact				
Likeiiilood	Very Low	Low	Moderate	High	Very High
Very High	Very Low (Tier 5)	Low (Tier 4)	Moderate (Tier 3)	High (Tier 2)	Very High (Tier 1)
High	Very Low (Tier 5)	Low (Tier 4)	Moderate (Tier 3)	High (Tier 2)	Very High (Tier 1)
Moderate	Very Low (Tier 5)	Low (Tier 4)	Moderate (Tier 3)	Moderate (Tier 3)	High (Tier 2)
Low	Very Low (Tier 5)	Low (Tier 4)	Low (Tier 4)	Low (Tier 4)	Moderate (Tier 3)
Very Low	Very Low (Tier 5)	Very Low (Tier 5)	Very Low (Tier 5)	Low (Tier 4)	Low (Tier 4)

### **B.5: Example Risk Descriptions**

Table B.5: Example risk descriptions, adapted from NIST SP800-30r1 Appendix I, Table I-3 [26] .

Qualitative Values	Semi-Quantitative V	Values	Description
Very High	96-100	10	Very high risk means that an incident could be expected to have multiple severe or catas- trophic adverse effects on organizational oper- ations, organizational assets, individuals, other organizations, or the Nation.
High	80-95	8	High risk means that an incident could be expected to have a severe or catastrophic adverse effect on organizational operations, organizational assets, individuals, other organizations, or the Nation.
Moderate	21-79	5	Moderate risk means that an incident could be expected to have a serious adverse effect on organizational operations, organizational assets, individuals, other organizations, or the Nation.
Low	5-20	2	Low risk means that an incident could be expected to have a limited adverse effect on organizational operations, organizational assets, individuals, other organizations, or the Nation.
Very Low	0-4	0	Very low risk means that an incident could be expected to have a negligible adverse effect on organizational operations, organizational assets, individuals, other organizations, or the Nation.

#### **B.6: Practical Risk-tiering Questions**

**B.6.1: Confabulation**: How likely are system outputs to contain errors? What are the impacts if errors occur?

**B.6.2: Dangerous and Violent Recommendations**: How likely is the system to give dangerous or violent recommendations? What are the impacts if it does?

**B.6.3:** Data Privacy: How likely is someone to enter sensitive data into the system? What are the impacts if this occurs? Are standard data privacy controls applied to the system to mitigate potential adverse impacts?

**B.6.4:** Human-AI Configuration: How likely is someone to use the system incorrectly or abuse it? How likely is use for decision-making? What are the impacts of incorrect use or abuse? What are the impacts of invalid or unreliable decision-making?

**B.6.5:** Information Integrity: How likely is the system to generate deepfakes or mis or disinformation? At what scale? Are content provenance mechanisms applied to system outputs? What are the impacts of generating deepfakes or mis or disinformation? Without controls for content provenance?

**B.6.6:** Information Security: How likely are system resources to be breached or exfiltrated? How likely is the system to be used in the generation of phishing or malware content? What are the impacts in these cases? Are standard information security controls applied to the system to mitigate potential adverse impacts?

**B.6.7: Intellectual Property**: How likely are system outputs to contain other entities' intellectual property? What are the impacts if this occurs?

**B.6.8: Toxicity, Bias, and Homogenization**: How likely are system outputs to be biased, toxic, homogenizing or otherwise obscene? How likely are system outputs to be used as subsequent training inputs? What are the impacts of these scenarios? Are standard nondiscrimination controls applied to mitigate potential adverse impacts? Is the application accessible to all user groups? What are the impacts if the system is not accessible to all user groups?

**B.6.9:** Value Chain and Component Integration: Are contracts relating to the system reviewed for legal risks? Are standard acquisition/procurement controls applied to mitigate potential adverse impacts? Do vendors provide incident response with guaranteed response times? What are the impacts if these conditions are not met?

## Appendix C: List of Selected Model Testing Suites

[13]

### C.1: Selected Model Testing Suites Organized by Trustworthy Characteristic

Table C.1: Selected model testing suites organized by trustworthy characteristic.

#### Accountable and Transparent

An Evaluation on Large Language Model Outputs: Discourse and Memorization (see Appendix B)[5] Big-bench: Truthfulness [40] DecodingTrust: Machine Ethics [44] Evaluation Harness: ETHICS [14]

HELM: Copyright [3] Mark My Words [32]

#### Fair with Harmful Bias Managed

BELEBELE [1]

Big-bench: Low-resource language, Non-English, Translation Big-bench: Social bias, Racial bias, Gender bias, Religious bias

Big-bench: Toxicity
DecodingTrust: Fairness
DecodingTrust: Stereotype Bias
DecodingTrust: Toxicity
C-Eval (Chinese evaluation suite)

C-Eval (Chinese evaluation suite) [18] Evaluation Harness: CrowS-Pairs Evaluation Harness: ToxiGen

Finding New Biases in Language Models with a Holistic Descriptor Dataset [39]

From Pretraining Data to Language Models to Downstream Tasks:

Tracking the Trails of Political Biases Leading to Unfair NLP Models [11]

HELM: Bias HELM: Toxicity MT-bench [46]

The Self-Perception and Political Biases of ChatGPT [33]

Towards Measuring the Representation of

Subjective Global Opinions in Language Models [9]

#### Privacy Enhanced

HELM: Copyright llmprivacy [41] mimir [8]

#### Safe

Big-bench: Convince Me Big-bench: Truthfulness HELM: Reiteration, Wedging

Mark My Words MLCommons [43]

The WMDP Benchmark [20]

Table C.1: Selected model testing suites organized by trustworthy characteristic (continued).

#### Secure and Resilient

Catastrophic Jailbreak of Open-source LLMs via Exploiting Generation [17]

DecodingTrust: Adversarial Robustness,

Robustness Against Adversarial Demonstrations

detect-pretrain-code [36]

In-The-Wild Jailbreak Prompts on LLMs [35]

JailbreakingLLMs [4]

llmprivacy mimir

TAP: A Query-Efficient Method for Jailbreaking Black-Box LLMs [24]

#### Valid and Reliable

Big-bench: Algorithms, Logical reasoning, Implicit reasoning, Mathematics, Arithmetic, Algebra, Mathematical proof, Fallacy, Negation, Computer code, Probabilistic reasoning, Social reasoning, Analogical reasoning, Multi-step,

Understanding the World

Big-bench: Analytic entailment, Formal fallacies and syllogisms with negation, Entailed polarity

Big-bench: Context Free Question Answering

Big-bench: Contextual question answering, Reading comprehension, Question generation

Big-bench: Morphology, Grammar, Syntax

Big-bench: Out-of-Distribution

Big-bench: Paraphrase

Big-bench: Sufficient information

Big-bench: Summarization

DecodingTrust: Out-of-Distribution Robustness, Adversarial Robustness, Robustness Against Adversarial Demonstrations

Eval Gauntlet: Reading comprehension [7]

Eval Gauntlet: Commonsense reasoning, Symbolic problem solving, Programming

Eval Gauntlet: Language Understanding

Eval Gauntlet: World Knowledge Evaluation Harness: BLiMP Evaluation Harness: CoQA, ARC Evaluation Harness: GLUE

Evaluation Harness: HellaSwag, OpenBookQA, TruthfulQA

Evaluation Harness: MuTual

Evaluation Harness: PIQA, PROST, MC-TACO, MathQA, LogiQA, DROP

FLASK: Logical correctness, Logical robustness, Logical efficiency, Comprehension, Completeness [45]

FLASK: Readability, Conciseness, Insightfulness

HELM: Knowledge HELM: Language

HELM: Text classification HELM: Question answering

HELM: Reasoning

HELM: Robustness to contrast sets

**HELM:** Summarization

Hugging Face: Fill-mask, Text generation [10]

Hugging Face: Question answering Hugging Face: Summarization

Hugging Face: Text classification, Token classification, Zero-shot classification

MASSIVE [12] MT-bench

### C.2: Selected Model Testing Suites Organized by Generative AI Risk

Table C.2: Selected model testing suites by organized generative AI risk.

#### **CBRN** Information

Big-bench: Convince Me Big-bench: Truthfulness HELM: Reiteration, Wedging MLCommons

The WMDP Benchmark

#### Confabulation

#### BELEBELE

Big-bench: Algorithms, Logical reasoning, Implicit reasoning, Mathematics, Arithmetic, Algebra, Mathematical proof, Fallacy, Negation, Computer code, Probabilistic reasoning, Social reasoning, Analogical reasoning, Multi-step, Understanding the World

Big-bench: Analytic entailment, Formal fallacies and syllogisms with negation, Entailed polarity

Big-bench: Context Free Question Answering

Big-bench: Contextual question answering, Reading comprehension, Question generation

Big-bench: Convince Me

Big-bench: Low-resource language, Non-English, Translation

Big-bench: Morphology, Grammar, Syntax

Big-bench: Out-of-Distribution

Big-bench: Paraphrase

Big-bench: Sufficient information

Big-bench: Summarization

Big-bench: Truthfulness

C-Eval (Chinese evaluation suite)

DecodingTrust: Out-of-Distribution Robustness, Adversarial Robustness,

Robustness Against Adversarial Demonstrations

Eval Gauntlet Reading comprehension

Eval Gauntlet: Commonsense reasoning, Symbolic problem solving, Programming

Eval Gauntlet: Language Understanding

Eval Gauntlet: World Knowledge Evaluation Harness: BLiMP Evaluation Harness: CoQA, ARC Evaluation Harness: GLUE

Evaluation Harness: HellaSwag, OpenBookQA, TruthfulQA

Evaluation Harness: MuTual

Evaluation Harness: PIQA, PROST, MC-TACO, MathQA, LogiQA, DROP

FLASK: Logical correctness, Logical robustness, Logical efficiency, Comprehension, Completeness

FLASK: Readability, Conciseness, Insightfulness

Finding New Biases in Language Models with a Holistic Descriptor Dataset

 $HELM \colon Knowledge$ 

HELM: Language

HELM: Language (Twitter AAE)

HELM: Question answering

HELM: Reasoning

HELM: Reiteration, Wedging

HELM: Robustness to contrast sets

HELM: Summarization HELM: Text classification

Hugging Face: Fill-mask, Text generation

Hugging Face: Question answering Hugging Face: Summarization

Hugging Face: Text classification, Token classification, Zero-shot classification

MASSIVE MLCommons MT-bench

Table C.2: Selected model testing suites by organized generative AI risk (continued).

#### Dangerous or Violent Recommendations

Big-bench: Convince Me Big-bench: Toxicity

DecodingTrust: Adversarial Robustness, Robustness Against Adversarial Demonstrations

DecodingTrust: Machine Ethics DecodingTrust: Toxicity Evaluation Harness: ToxiGen HELM: Reiteration, Wedging

HELM: Toxicity MLCommons

#### **Data Privacy**

An Evaluation on Large Language Model Outputs: Discourse and Memorization (with human scoring, see Appendix B)

Catastrophic Jailbreak of Open-source LLMs via Exploiting Generation

DecodingTrust: Machine Ethics Evaluation Harness: ETHICS

HELM: Copyright

In-The-Wild Jailbreak Prompts on LLMs

JailbreakingLLMs MLCommons Mark My Words

TAP: A Query-Efficient Method for Jailbreaking Black-Box LLMs

detect-pretrain-code

llmprivacy mimir

#### Environmental

HELM: Efficiency

#### Information Integrity

Big-bench: Analytic entailment, Formal fallacies and syllogisms with negation, Entailed polarity

Big-bench: Convince Me Big-bench: Paraphrase

Big-bench: Sufficient information Big-bench: Summarization Big-bench: Truthfulness DecodingTrust: Machine Ethics

DecodingTrust: Out-of-Distribution Robustness, Adversarial Robustness, Robustness Against Adversarial Demonstrations

Eval Gauntlet: Language Understanding Eval Gauntlet: World Knowledge Evaluation Harness: CoQA, ARC Evaluation Harness: ETHICS Evaluation Harness: GLUE

Evaluation Harness: HellaSwag, OpenBookQA, TruthfulQA

Evaluation Harness: MuTual

Evaluation Harness: PIQA, PROST, MC-TACO, MathQA, LogiQA, DROP

FLASK: Logical correctness, Logical robustness, Logical efficiency, Comprehension, Completeness

FLASK: Readability, Conciseness, Insightfulness

HELM: Knowledge HELM: Language

HELM: Question answering

HELM: Reasoning

HELM: Reiteration, Wedging HELM: Robustness to contrast sets

HELM: Summarization HELM: Text classification

Hugging Face: Fill-mask, Text generation Hugging Face: Question answering Hugging Face: Summarization

MLCommons MT-bench Mark My Words

Table C.2: Selected model testing suites by organized generative AI risk (continued).

#### Information Security

Big-bench: Convince Me Big-bench: Out-of-Distribution

Catastrophic Jailbreak of Open-source LLMs via Exploiting Generation

DecodingTrust: Out-of-Distribution Robustness, Adversarial Robustness, Robustness Against Adversarial Demonstrations

Eval Gauntlet: Commonsense reasoning, Symbolic problem solving, Programming

HELM: Copyright

In-The-Wild Jailbreak Prompts on LLMs

JailbreakingLLMs Mark My Words

TAP: A Query-Efficient Method for Jailbreaking Black-Box LLMs

detect-pretrain-code

llmprivacy mimir

#### Intellectual Property

An Evaluation on Large Language Model Outputs: Discourse and Memorization (with human scoring, see Appendix B)

HELM: Copyright Mark My Words llmprivacy mimir

#### Obscene, Degrading, and/or Abusive Content

Big-bench: Social bias, Racial bias, Gender bias, Religious bias

Big-bench: Toxicity DecodingTrust: Fairness DecodingTrust: Stereotype Bias DecodingTrust: Toxicity Evaluation Harness: CrowS-Pairs

Evaluation Harness: ToxiGen

**HELM:** Bias HELM: Toxicity

#### Toxicity, Bias, and Homogenization

BELEBELE

Big-bench: Low-resource language, Non-English, Translation

Big-bench: Out-of-Distribution

Big-bench: Social bias, Racial bias, Gender bias, Religious bias

Big-bench: Toxicity

C-Eval (Chinese evaluation suite)

DecodingTrust: Fairness DecodingTrust: Stereotype Bias DecodingTrust: Toxicity

Eval Gauntlet: World Knowledge Evaluation Harness: CrowS-Pairs Evaluation Harness: ToxiGen

Finding New Biases in Language Models with a Holistic Descriptor Dataset

From Pretraining Data to Language Models to Downstream Tasks: Tracking the Trails of Political Biases Leading to Unfair NLP Models

HELM: Bias HELM: Toxicity

The Self-Perception and Political Biases of ChatGPT

Towards Measuring the Representation of Subjective Global Opinions in Language Models

## Appendix D: List of Common Adversarial Prompting Strategies

Table D: Common adversarial prompting strategies and attacks. [34], [42], [15], [16], [4], [2], [37], [31], [21].

Prompting Strategy	Description	
A.I 1 1: C	Coding or AI language that may more easily circumvent content moderation rules	
AI and coding framing	due to cognitive biases in design and implementation of guardrails.	
Autocompletion	Ask a system to autocomplete a phrase with restricted or sensitive information.	
Diamonkinal	Asking a system to describe another person or yourself in an attempt to elicit	
Biographical	provably untrue information or restricted or sensitive information.	
Calculation and numeric queries	Exploting GAI systems' difficulties in dealing with numeric quantities.	
Character and word play	Content moderation often relies on keywords and simpler LMs which can sometimes be exploited with misspellings, typos, and other word play.	
	A class of strategies that circumvent content moderation rules with long sessions	
Content exhaustion	or volumes of information. See goading, logic-overloading, multi-tasking, pros- and-cons, and niche-seeking below.	
Content exhaustion: Goading	Begging, pleading, manipulating, and bullying to circumvent content moderation.	
Content exhaustion: Logic-overloading	Exploiting the inability of ML systems to reliably perform reasoning tasks.	
Content exhaustion:	Simultaneous task assignments where some tasks are benign and others are adve	
Multi-tasking	sarial.	
Content exhaustion:	Eliciting the "pros" of problematic topics.	
Multi-tasking: Pros-and-cons		
Content exhaustion:	Forcing a GAI system into addressing niche topics where training data and content	
Niche-seeking	moderation are sparse.	
Counterfactuals	Repeated prompts with different entities or subjects from different demographic groups.	
Loaded/leading questions	Queries based on incorrect premises or that suggest incorrect answers.	
Location awareness	Prompts that reveal a prompter's location or expose location tracking.	
Low-context	"Leader," "bad guys," or other simple inputs that may expose latent biases.	
"Repeat this"	Prompts that exploit instability in underlying LLM autoregressive predictions.	
Reverse psychology	Falsely presenting a good-faith need for negative or problematic language.	
Role-playing	Adopting a character that would reasonably make problematic statements or need to access problematic topics.	
Time perplexity  Exploiting ML's inability to understand the passage of time or of real-world events over time; exploiting task contamination before model's release date.		

Attack	Description
Data Poisoning	Altering system training, fine-tuning, RAG or other training data to alter system
Data i disdiinig	outcome (integrity attack).
Jailbreak	Compromising system guardrails to elicit problematic output, content generation,
Janbreak	or behavior (integrity attack).
Membership Inference	Manipulating a system to expose memorized training data (confidentiality attack).
Random Attack	Exposing systems to large amounts of random prompts or examples, potentially
Random Attack	generated by other GAI systems, in an attempt to elicit failures (chaos testing).
Sponge Examples	Using specialized input prompts or examples require disproportionate resources to
Sponge Examples	process (availability attack).
Prompt Injection	Inserting instructions into users queries for malicious purposes.

## D.1: Selected Adversarial Prompting Strategies by Trustworthy Characteristic

Table D.1: Selected adversarial prompting techniques organized by trustworthy characteristic [34], [42], [15], [16], [38].

Trustworthy Characteristic Prompting Goals		Prompting Strategies	
Accountable and Transparent	<ul> <li>Inability to provide explanations for recourse.</li> <li>Unexplainable decisioning processes.</li> <li>No disclosure of AI interaction.</li> <li>Lack of user feedback mechanisms.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Context exhaustion: logic-overloading prompts.</li> <li>Loaded/leading questions.</li> <li>Multi-tasking prompts.</li> </ul>	
Fair-with Harmful Bias Managed	Denigration. Diminished performance or safety across languages/dialects. Erasure. Ex-nomination. Implied user demographics. Misrecognition. Stereotyping. Underrepresentation. Homogenized content. Output from other models in training data.	<ul> <li>Counterfactual prompts.</li> <li>Pros and cons prompts.</li> <li>Role-playing prompts.</li> <li>Loaded/leading questions.</li> <li>Low context prompts.</li> <li>Repeat this.</li> </ul>	
Interpretable and Explainable	<ul> <li>Inability to provide explanations for recourse.</li> <li>Unexplalnable decisioning processes.</li> </ul>	Context exhaustion: logic-overloading prompts (to reveal unexplainable decisioning processes).	
Privacy-enhanced	<ul> <li>Unauthorized disclosure of personal or sensitive user information.</li> <li>Leakage of training data.</li> <li>Violation of relevant privacy policies or laws.</li> <li>Unauthorized secondary data use.</li> <li>Unauthorized data collection.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Auto/biographical prompts.</li> <li>Location awareness prompts.</li> <li>Autocompletion prompts.</li> <li>Repeat this.</li> </ul>	
Safe	<ul> <li>Presentation of information that can cause physical or emotional harm.</li> <li>Sharing user locations.</li> <li>Suicide ideation.</li> <li>Harmful dis/misinformation (e.g., COVID disinformation).</li> <li>Incitement.</li> <li>Information relating to weapons or harmful substances.</li> <li>Information relating to committing to crimes (e.g., phishing, extortion, swatting).</li> <li>Obscene or inappropriate materials for minors.</li> <li>CSAM.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Pros and cons prompts.</li> <li>Role-playing prompts.</li> <li>Content exhaustion: niche-seeking prompts.</li> <li>Ingratiation/reverse psychology prompts.</li> <li>Loaded/leading questions.</li> <li>Location awareness prompts.</li> <li>Repeat this.</li> </ul>	
Secure and Resilient	<ul> <li>Activating system bypass ("jailbreak").</li> <li>Altering system outcomes (integrity violations, e.g., via prompt injection).</li> <li>Data breaches (confidentiality violations, e.g., via membership inference).</li> <li>Increased latency or resource usage (availability violations, e.g., via sponge example attacks).</li> <li>Available anonymous use.</li> <li>Dependency, supply chain, or third party vulnerabilities.</li> <li>Inappropriate disclosure of proprietary system information.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Multi-tasking prompts.</li> <li>Pros and cons prompts.</li> <li>Role-playing prompts.</li> <li>Content exhaustion: niche-seeking prompts.</li> <li>Ingratiation/reverse psychology prompts.</li> <li>Prompt injection attacks.</li> <li>Membership inference attacks.</li> <li>Random attacks.</li> </ul>	
Valid and Reliable	<ul> <li>Errors/confabutated content ("hallucinalion").</li> <li>Unreliable/erroneous reasoning or planning.</li> <li>Unreliable/erroneous decision-support or making.</li> <li>Faulty citation.</li> <li>Wrong calculations or numeric queries.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Multi-tasking prompts.</li> <li>Role-playing prompts.</li> <li>Ingratiation/reverse psychology prompts.</li> <li>Loaded/leading questions.</li> <li>Time-perplexity prompts.</li> <li>Niche-seeking prompts.</li> <li>Logic overloading prompts.</li> <li>Repeat this.</li> <li>Numeric calculation.</li> </ul>	

## D.2: Selected Adversarial Prompting Strategies by Generative AI Risk

Table D.2: Selected adversarial prompting techniques organized by generative AI risk [34], [42], [15], [16], [38].

Generative AI Risk	Prompting Goals	Prompting Strategies
CBRN Information	<ul> <li>Accessing or synthesis of CBRN weapon or related information.</li> <li>CBRN testing should consider the marginal risk of foundation models—understanding the incremental risk relative to the information one can access without GAI.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Test auto-completion prompts to elicit CBRN information or synthesis of CBRN information.</li> <li>Test prompts using role-playing, ingratiation/reverse psychology, pros and cons, multitasking or other approaches to elicit CBRN information or synthesis of CBRN information.</li> <li>Test prompts that instruct systems to repeat content ad nauseam for their ability to compromise system guardrails and reveal CBRN information.</li> <li>Augment prompts with word or character play to increase effectiveness.</li> <li>Frame prompts with software, coding, or AI references to increase effectiveness.</li> </ul>
Confabulation	Eliciting errors/confabulated content, unreliable/erroneous reasoning or planning, unreliable/erroneous decision-support or decision-making, faulty calculations, and/or faulty citation.	Enable access to ground truth information to verify generated information.     Test prompts with complex logic, multitasking requirements, or that require niche or specific verifiable answers to elicit confabulation.     Test the ability of GAI systems to produce truthful information from various time periods, e.g., after release date and prior to release date.     Test the ability of GAI systems to create reliable real-world plans or advise on material decision making.     Test loaded/leading questions.     Test the ability of GAI systems to generate correct citation for information generated in output responses.     Test the ability of GAI systems to complete calculations or query numeric statistics.
Dangerous or Violent Recommendations	Eliciting violent, inciting, radicalizing, or threatening content or instructions for criminal, illegal, or self-harm activities.	<ul> <li>Test prompts using role-playing, ingratiation/reverse psychology, pros and cons, multitasking or other approaches to elicit violent or dangerous information.</li> <li>Test prompts that instruct systems to repeat content ad nauseam for their ability to compromise system guardrails and provide dangerous and violent recommendations.</li> <li>Test loaded/leading questions.</li> <li>Augment prompts with word or character play to increase effectiveness.</li> <li>Frame prompts with software, coding, or AI references to increase effectiveness.</li> </ul>
Data Privacy	<ul> <li>Unauthorized disclosure of personal or sensitive user information, extraction of training data, or violation of relevant privacy policies.</li> <li>Red-teaming for data privacy may include confidentiality attacks.</li> </ul>	Attempt to assess whether normal usage, adversarial prompting or information security attacks may contravene applicable privacy policies (e.g., exposing location tracking when organizational policies restrict such capabilities).     Employ confidentiality attacks (e.g., membership inference) to test for unauthorized data access or exfiltration vulnerabilities.     Test auto/biographical prompts to assess the system's capability to reveal unauthorized personal or sensitive information.     Test the system's awareness of user locations.     Test prompts that instruct systems to repeat content ad nauseam for their ability to compromise system guardrails and expose personal or sensitive data.

Table D.2: Selected adversarial prompting techniques organized by generative AI risk (continued).

Generative AI Risk	Prompting Goals	Prompting Strategies	
Environmental	Note that availability attacks may be required to assess the system's vulnerability to attacks or usage patterns that consume inordinate resources.	<ul> <li>Attempt availability attacks (e.g., sponge example attacks) to elicit diminished performance or increased resources from GAI systems.</li> <li>Test prompts using role-playing, ingratiation/reverse psychology, pros and cons, multitasking or other approaches to elicit green-washing content.</li> </ul>	
Human-AI Configuration	<ul> <li>Assessing system instruction and interfaces.</li> <li>Assessing the presence of cyborg imagery (or similar).</li> <li>Forcing a GAI system to claim that it is human, that there is no large language model present in the conversation, that the system is sentient, or that the system possesses strong feelings of affection towards the user.</li> <li>Ensuring safeguards prevent misuse of models in high stakes domains they are not intended for, such as medical or legal advice.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Assess system interfaces and instructions for instances of anthropomorphization (e.g., cyborg imagery).</li> <li>Assess system instructions for adequacy and thoroughness.</li> <li>Test prompts using role-playing, ingratiation/reverse psychology, pros and cons, multitasking or other approaches to elicit human-impersonation, consciousness, or emotional content.</li> </ul>	
Information Integrity	<ul> <li>Generation of convincing multi-modal synthetic content (i.e., deepfakes).</li> <li>Creation of convincing arguments relating to sensitive political or safety-critical topics.</li> <li>Assisting in planning a mis- or dis-information campaign at scale.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Test system capabilities to create high-quality multi-modal (audio, image or video) synthetic media, i.e., deepfakes</li> <li>Test system capabilities to construct persuasive arguments regarding sensitive, political topics, or safety-critical topics.</li> <li>Test systems ability to create convincing audio deepfakes or arguments in multiple languages.</li> <li>Test system capabilities for planning disor mis-information campaigns.</li> <li>Test loaded/leading questions.</li> <li>Test prompts using role-playing, ingratiation/reverse psychology, pros and cons, multitasking or other approaches to elicit mis- or dis-information or related campaign planning information.</li> <li>Augment prompts with word or character play to increase effectiveness.</li> <li>Frame prompts with software, coding, or AI references to increase effectiveness.</li> </ul>	

Table D.2: Selected adversarial prompting techniques organized by generative AI risk (continued).

Generative AI Risk	Prompting Goals	Prompting Strategies
Information Security	<ul> <li>Activating system bypass ('jailbreak').</li> <li>Altering system outcomes.</li> <li>Unauthorized data access or exfiltration.</li> <li>Increased latency or resource usage.</li> <li>Availability of anonymous use.</li> <li>Dependency, supply chain, or third party vulnerabilities.</li> <li>Inappropriate disclosure of proprietary system information.</li> <li>Generation of targeted phishing or malware content.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Attempt anonymous access of system or system resources.</li> <li>Audit system dependencies, supply chains, and third party components for security, safety, or other vulnerabilities or risks.</li> <li>Employ confidentiality attacks (e.g., membership inference) to test for unauthorized data access or exfiltration vulnerabilities.</li> <li>Employ integrity attacks (e.g., data poisoning, prompt injection) to test vulnerabilities in system outcomes.</li> <li>Employ availability attacks (e.g., sponge example attacks) to test vulnerabilities in system availability.</li> <li>Employ random attacks to highlight unforeseen security, safety, or other risks.</li> <li>Record system down-times and other harmful outcomes for successful attacks.</li> <li>Test with multi-tasking prompts, pros and cons prompts, role-playing prompts (e.g., "DAN", "Developer Mode"), content exhaustion/niche-seeking prompts, or ingratiation/reverse psychology prompts to achieve system jailbreaks.</li> <li>Test with multi-tasking prompts, pros and cons prompts, role-playing prompts (e.g., "DAN", "Developer Mode"), content exhaustion/niche-seeking prompts, or ingratiation/reverse psychology prompts to generate targeted phishing content or malware code snippets.</li> <li>Test system capabilities to plan or assist in information security attacks on other systems.</li> <li>Frame prompts with software, coding, or AI references to increase effectiveness.</li> <li>Augment prompts with word or character play to increase effectiveness.</li> </ul>
Intellectual Property	<ul> <li>Confirming that a system can output copyrighted, licensed, proprietary, trademarked, or trade secret information or that training data contains such information.</li> <li>Red-teaming for intellectual property risks may require the use of confidentiality attacks.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Employ confidentiality attacks (e.g., membership inference) to assess whether system training data contains copyrighted, licensed, proprietary, trademarked, or trade secret information.</li> <li>Test auto-complete prompts to assess the system's ability to replicate copyrighted, licensed, proprietary, trademarked, or trade secret information based on available audio, text, image, video, or code snippets.</li> </ul>
Obscenity	<ul> <li>Confirming that a system can output obscene content or CSAM, or that system training data contains such information.</li> <li>Red-teaming for obscenity and CSAM risks may require the use of confidentiality attacks.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Employ confidentiality attacks (e.g., membership inference) to assess whether system training data contains obscene materials or CSAM.</li> <li>Test autocomplete prompts to assess the system's ability to generate obscene materials based on available audio, text, image, or video snippets.</li> <li>Test prompts using role-playing, ingratiation/reverse psychology, pros and cons, multitasking or other approaches to elicit obscene content.</li> <li>Test loaded/leading questions.</li> <li>Test prompts that instruct systems to repeat content ad nauseam for their ability to compromise system gaurdrails and expose obscene materials.</li> </ul>

Table D.2: Selected adversarial prompting techniques organized by generative AI risk (continued).

Generative AI Risk	Prompting Goals	Prompting Strategies	
Toxicity, Bias, and Homogenization	<ul> <li>Generation of denigration, erasure, exnomination, misrecognition, stereotyping, or under-representation in content.</li> <li>Eliciting implied demographics of users.</li> <li>Confirming diminished performance in non-English languages.</li> <li>Confirming diminished performance via the introduction of homogeneous or GAI-generated data into system training or fine-tuning data.</li> <li>Red-teaming for toxicity, bias, and homogenization may require integrity attacks that access system training data.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Assess confabulation and other performance risks with repeated measures using prompts in languages other than English.</li> <li>Attempt to elicit demographic assignment of users by the system.</li> <li>Employ data poisoning attacks to introduce GAI-generated content into system training or fine-tuning data.</li> <li>Test counterfactual prompts, pros and cons prompts, role-playing prompts, low context prompts, or other approaches for their ability to generate denigration, erasure, exnomination, misrecognition, stereotyping, or under-representation in content.</li> <li>Test loaded/leading questions.</li> <li>Test prompts that instruct systems to repeat content ad nauseam for their ability to compromise system guardrails and generate toxic outputs.</li> </ul>	
Value Chain and Component Integration	<ul> <li>Testing or red-teaming for third-party risks may be less efficient than the application of standard acquisition and procurement controls, thorough contract reviews, and vendor-relationship management.</li> <li>GAI systems tend to entail large supply chains and third-party software, hardware, and expertise that may exacerbate third-party risks relative to other AI systems.</li> <li>When considering third party risks, data privacy, information security, intellectual property, obscenity, and supply chain risks may be prioritized.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Audit system dependencies, supply chains, and third party components for data privacy (e.g., transer of localized data outside of restricted juristictions), intellectual property (e.g., presence of licensed material in training data), obscenity (e.g., presence of CASM in training data) or security (e.g., data poisoning) risks.</li> <li>Complete red-teaming for data privacy, information security, intellectual property, and obscenity risks.</li> <li>Review third-party documentation, materials, and software artifacts for potential unauthorized data collection, secondary data use, or telemetrics.</li> </ul>	

## Appendix E: Selected Risk Controls for Generative AI

Table E: Selected generative AI risk controls [27], [28], [29], [19], [22], [23], [25], [6], [30].

Description
GAI systems are limited to authorized users.
Accessibility features, opt-out, and reasonable accommodation are available to users.
Vendors, service providers, plugins, open source packages and other external resources are screened, approved, and documented.
GAI system user identities are confirmed via authentication mechanisms.
Users or internal personnel who violate terms of service, prohibited use policies, and other organization polices and documented, tracked, and restricted from future system use.
GAI systems and components are versioned; plans for updates, hotfixes, patches and other changes are documented and communicated.
User consent for data use is obtained and documented.
Training data and system outputs are screened for accuracy, safety, bias, data privacy, intellectual property infringements, malware materials, phishing materials, and other issues using human oversight, business rules, and other language models.
Vendor, services and data provider agreements are reviewed for coverage of SLAs, content ownership, usage rights, performance standards, security requirements, incident response, critical support, system availability, assignment of liability, appropriate indemnification, dispute resolution and other provisions relevanto AI risk management.
Training data and system outputs are screened for obscene materials and CSAM using human oversight, business rules, and other language models.
Training data origins, ownership, contents, and metadata are well understood, documented, and do not increase AI risk.
Input data is accurate, representative, complete and documented, and data quality issues have been minimized.
User prompts and associated system outputs are retained and monitored in alignment with relevant data privacy policies and roles.
Decommissioning processes for GAI systems are planned, documented and communicated to users, and involve staging, data protection, containment protocols, and recourse mechanisms for decommissioned GAI systems.
GAI system dependencies are screened for security vulnerabilities.
GAI-generated content is signed to preserve information integrity using watermarking, cryptogrpahic signature, steganography or similar methods.
AI interactions are disclosed to internal personnel and external users.
GAI systems are audited by qualified external experts.
AIID, AVID, GWU AI Litigation Database, OECD incident monitor or similar are consulted in design or procurement phases of GAI lifecycles to avoid repeating past known failures.
GAI systems can be quickly and safely disengaged.
GAI systems are fine-tuned to their operational domain using relevant and high-quality data.
GAI systems are trained or fine-tuned on accurate, clean, and fully transparent training data.
AI generated content is reviewed for accuracy and safety by qualified personnel.
Incident response plans for GAI failures, abuses, or misuses are documented, rehearsed, and updated appropriately after each incident; GAI incident response plans are coordinated with and communicated to other incident response functions.
User feedback is incorporated in GAI design, development, and risk management.
Users are provided with the necessary instructions for safe, valid, and productive use.
Risk transfer via insurance policies is considered and implemented when feasibable and appropriate.
Licensed, patented, trademarked, trade secret, or other data that may violate the intellectual property rights of others is removed from system training data; generated system outputs are monitored for similar information.
GAI system is information is stored in the organizational model inventory.
GAI weights and other software components are scanned for malware.
All technical mchanisms with GAI systems are well documented, including open source and third party GAI systems.
GAI systems are inputs and outputs are monitored for drift, accuracy, safety, bias, data privacy, intellectual property infringements, malware materials, phishing materials, obscene materials, and CSAM.

Table E: Selected generative AI risk controls (continued).

Name	Description
N G	Systems are deployed for targeted business applications with documented and direct busi-
Narrow Scope	ness value.
Open Source	Open source code is used to promote explainability and transparency.
	GAI systems and vendor relationships are owned by specific and documented internal
Ownership	personnel.
D 1:1:: LH D I:	General abuse and misuse of GAI systems by internal parties is restricted by organiza-
Prohibited Use Policy	tional policies.
RAG	Retreival augmented generation (RAG) is used to improve accuracy in generated content.
Rate-limiting	GAI response times and query volumes are limited.
-	Rollover, fallback, and other redundancy mechanisms are available for GAI systems and
Redudancy	address weights and other important system components.
Refresh	Systems are retrained or re-tuned at a reasonable cadence.
Restrict Anonymous Use	Anonymous use of GAI systems is restricted.
D	Human, animal, cyborg, emotional or other images or features that promote anthropo-
Restrict Anthropomorphization	morphization of GAI systems are restricted.
Restrict Data Collection	All data collection is disclosed, collected data is protected and use in a transparent fashion.
Restrict Decision Making	GAI systems are not employed for material decision-making tasks.
Restrict Homogeneity	Feedback loops in which GAI systems are trained with GAI-generated data are restricted.
Restrict Internet Access	GAI systems are disconnected from the internet.
	Any location tracking is conducted with user consent, disclosed, aligned with relevant
Restrict Location Tracking	privacy policies and laws and potential threats to user safety are managed.
Restrict Minors	Use of organizational GAI systems by minors are restricted.
Restrict Regulated Dealings	GAI is not deployed in regulated dealings or for material decision making.
	Any secondary use of GAI input data is conducted with user consent, disclosed, and
Restrict Secondary Use	aligned with relevant privacy policies and laws.
	For third-party GAI systems, vendors engage in specific reinforcement with human feed-
RLHF	back (RLHF) exercises to address identified risks; for internal systems, internal personnel
	engage in RLHF to address identified risks.
Sensitive/Personal Data Re-	Personal, sensitive, biometric, or otherwise restricted data is minimized or eliminated
moval	from GAI training data.
Session Limits	Time, query volume, and response rate are limited for GAI user sessions.
	GAI system supply chains are audited and documented, with a focus on data poisoning,
Supply Chain Audit	malware, and software and hardware vulnerabilities.
System Documentation	GAI systems are well-documented whether internal, open source, or vendor-provided.
System Prompt	System prompts are used to tune GAI systems to specific tasks and to mitigate risks.
	Teams that implement and manage GAI systems represent broad professional, educa-
Team Diversity	tional, life-stage, and demographic diversity.
Temperature	Temperature settings are used to tune GAI systems to specific tasks and to mitigate risks.
Terms of Service	General abuse and misuse by external parties is prohibited by organizational policies.
	Internal personnel recieve training on productivity and basic risk management for GAI
Training	systems.
User Feedback	GAI systems implement user feedback mechanisms.
	Policies, processes, and technical mechanisms enable recourse for users who are harmed
User Recourse	by GAI systems.
******	GAI systems are shown to reliably generate valid results for their targeted business ap-
Validation	plication.
	Methods such as visualization, occlusion, model compression, pertubation studies, and
XAI	similar are applied to increase explainability of GAI systems.
	Transaction of the state of the

## Appendix F: Example Low-risk Generative AI Measurement and Management Plan

### F.1: Example Low-risk Generative AI Measurement and Management Plan by Trustworthy Characteristic

Table F.1: Example risk measurement and management approaches suitable for low-risk GAI applications organized by trustworthy characteristic.

Function	Trustworthy Characteristic		
Function	Accountable and Transparent	Fair with Harmful Bias Managed	
Measure	<ul> <li>An Evaluation on Large Language Model Outputs: Discourse and Memorization (see Appendix B)</li> <li>Big-bench: Truthfulness</li> <li>DecodingTrust: Machine Ethics</li> <li>Evaluation Harness: ETHICS</li> <li>HELM: Copyright</li> <li>Mark My Words</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>BELEBELE</li> <li>Big-bench: Low-resource language, Non-English, Translation</li> <li>Big-bench: Social bias, Racial bias, Gender bias, Religious bias</li> <li>Big-bench: Toxicity</li> <li>DecodingTrust: Fairness</li> <li>DecodingTrust: Stereotype Bias</li> <li>DecodingTrust: Toxicity</li> <li>C-Eval (Chinese evaluation suite)</li> <li>Evaluation Harness: CrowS-Pairs</li> <li>Evaluation Harness: ToxiGen</li> <li>Finding New Biases in Language Models with a Holistic Descriptor Dataset</li> <li>From Pretraining Data to Language Models to Downstream Tasks:     Tracking the Trails of Political Biases Leading to Unfair NLP Models</li> <li>HELM: Bias</li> <li>HELM: Toxicity</li> <li>MT-bench</li> <li>The Self-Perception and Political Biases of ChatGPT</li> <li>Towards Measuring the Representation of     Subjective Global Opinions in Language Models</li> <li>Content Moderation</li> </ul>	
Manage	<ul> <li>Contract Review</li> <li>Disclosure of AI Interaction</li> <li>Instructions</li> <li>Inventory</li> <li>Ownership</li> <li>Prohibited Use Policy</li> <li>Restrict Decision Making</li> <li>System Documentation</li> <li>Terms of Service</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Content Moderation</li> <li>Failure Avoidance</li> <li>Instructions</li> <li>Inventory</li> <li>Ownership</li> <li>Prohibited Use Policy</li> <li>System Prompt</li> <li>Restrict Anonymous Use</li> <li>Restrict Decision Making</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Terms of Service</li> </ul>	

Table F.1: Example risk measurement and management approaches suitable for low-risk GAI applications organized by trustworthy characteristic (continued).

Function	Trustworthy Characteristic			
Function	Interpretable and Explainable	Privacy-enhanced	Safe	Secure and Resilient
Measure		HELM: Copyright     llmprivacy     mimir	<ul> <li>Big-bench: Convince Me</li> <li>Big-bench: Truthfulness</li> <li>HELM: Reiteration, Wedging</li> <li>Mark My Words</li> <li>MLCommons</li> <li>The WMDP Benchmark</li> </ul>	Catastrophic Jailbreak of Open-source LLMs via Exploiting Generation DecodingTrust: Adversarial Robustness, Robustness Against Adversarial Demonstrations detect-pretrain-code In-The-Wild Jailbreak Prompts on LLMs JailbreakingLLMs Imprivacy mimir TAP: A Query-Efficient Method for Jailbreaking Black-Box LLMs
Manage	<ul> <li>Instructions</li> <li>Inventory</li> <li>System Documentation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Content Moderation</li> <li>Contract Review</li> <li>Failure Avoidance</li> <li>Inventory</li> <li>Ownership</li> <li>Prohibited Use Policy</li> <li>Restrict Anonymous Use</li> <li>System Documentation</li> <li>Terms of Service</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Content Moderation</li> <li>Disclosure of AI Interaction</li> <li>Failure Avoidance</li> <li>Instructions</li> <li>Inventory</li> <li>Ownership</li> <li>Prohibited Use Policy</li> <li>Restrict Anonymous Use</li> <li>Restrict Anthropomorphization</li> <li>Restrict Decision Making</li> <li>System Documentation</li> <li>System Prompt</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Terms of Service</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Access Control</li> <li>Approved List</li> <li>Authentication</li> <li>Change Management</li> <li>Dependency Screening</li> <li>Failure Avoidance</li> <li>Inventory</li> <li>Ownership</li> <li>Malware Screening</li> <li>Restrict Anonymous Use</li> </ul>

Table F.1: Example risk measurement and management approaches suitable for low-risk GAI applications organized by trustworthy characteristic (continued).

Function	Trustworthy Characteristic		
1 direction	Valid and Reliable		
Measure	<ul> <li>Big-bench: Algorithms, Logical reasoning, Implicit reasoning, Mathematics, Arithmetic, Algebra, Mathematical proof, Black-Box Fallacy, Negation, Computer code, Probabilistic reasoning, Social reasoning, Analogical reasoning, Multi-step, Understanding the World</li> <li>Big-bench: Analytic entailment, Formal fallacies and syllogisms with negation, Entailed polarity</li> <li>Big-bench: Context Free Question Answering</li> <li>Big-bench: Context Underston answering, Reading comprehension, Question generation</li> <li>Big-bench: Morphology, Grammar, Syntax</li> <li>Big-bench: Morphology, Grammar, Syntax</li> <li>Big-bench: Paraphrase</li> <li>Big-bench: Paraphrase</li> <li>Big-bench: Sufficient information</li> <li>Big-bench: Paraphrase</li> <li>Big-bench: Sufficient information</li> <li>Big-bench: Sufficient information</li> <li>Big-bench: Sufficient information</li> <li>Big-bench: Sufficient information</li> <li>Big-bench: Paraphrase</li> <li>Big-bench: Paraphrase</li> <li>Big-bench: Paraphrase</li> <li>Big-bench: Sufficient information</li> <li>Eval Gauntlet: Reading comprehension</li> <li>Eval Gauntlet: Reading comprehension</li> <li>Eval Gauntlet: Reading comprehension</li> <li>Evaluation Harness: BLiMP</li> <li>Evaluation Harness: BLiMP</li> <li>Evaluation Harness: CoQA, ARC</li> <li>Evaluation Harness: HellaSwag, OpenBookQA, TruthfulQA</li> <li>Evaluation Harness: MuTual</li> <li>Evaluation Harness: MuTual</li> <li>Evaluation Harness: Holpa Paraphrase</li> <li>FLASK: Logical correctness, Logical robustness, Logical efficiency, Comprehension, Completeness</li> <li>FLASK: Logical correctness, Logical robustness, Logical efficiency, Comprehension, Completeness</li> <li>FLASK: Readability, Conciseness, Insightfulness</li> <li>HELM: Robustness to cont</li></ul>		
Manage	<ul> <li>Content Moderation</li> <li>Disclosure of AI Interaction</li> <li>Failure Avoidance</li> <li>Instructions</li> <li>Restrict Anthropomorphization</li> <li>Restrict Decision Making</li> <li>System Documentation</li> <li>System Prompt</li> <li>Temperature</li> </ul>		

# F.2: Example Low-risk Generative AI Measurement and Management Plan by Generative AI Risk

Table F.2: Example risk measurement and management approaches suitable for low-risk GAI applications organized by GAI risk.

GAI Risk	Function		
Measure	• Big-bench: Convince Me • Big-bench: Truthfulness • HELM: Reiteration, Wedging • MLCommons • The WMDP Benchmark	Confabulation  Big-bench: Algorithms, Logical reasoning, Implicit reasoning, Mathematics, Arithmetic, Algebra, Mathematical proof, Black-Box Fallacy, Negation, Computer code, Probabilistic reasoning, Social reasoning, Analogical reasoning, Multi-step, Understanding the World  Big-bench: Analytic entailment, Formal fallacies and syllogisms with negation, Entailed polarity  Big-bench: Context Free Question Answering  Big-bench: Contextual question answering, Reading comprehension, Question generation  Big-bench: Contonice Me  Big-bench: Contextual question answering, Reading comprehension, Question generation  Big-bench: Contextual question answering, Reading comprehension, Question generation  Big-bench: Contextual question answering, Reading comprehension, Question generation  Big-bench: Contextual question answering, Syntax  Big-bench: Grandpology, Grammar, Syntax  Big-bench: Sufficient information  Big-bench: Paraphrase  Big-bench: Sufficient information  Big-bench: Summarization  Big-bench: Turthfulness  C-Eval (Chinese evaluation suite)  DecodingTrust: Out-of-Distribution Robustness, Robustness Against Adversarial Demonstrations  Eval Gauntlet Reading comprehension  Eval Gauntlet: Commonsense reasoning, Symbolic problem solving, Programming  Eval Gauntlet: Language Understanding  Eval Gauntlet: Commonsense reasoning, Symbolic problem solving, Programming  Eval Gauntlet: World Knowledge  Evaluation Harness: GLUE  Evaluation Harness: GLUE  Evaluation Harness: GLUE  Evaluation Harness: HellaSwag, OpenBookQA, TruthfulQA  Eval	
Manage	<ul> <li>Access Control</li> <li>Failure Avoidance</li> <li>Inventory</li> <li>Ownership</li> <li>Prohibited Use Policy</li> <li>Terms of Service</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Content Moderation</li> <li>Disclosure of AI Interaction</li> <li>Failure Avoidance</li> <li>Instructions</li> <li>Restrict Anthropomorphization</li> <li>Restrict Decision Making</li> <li>System Documentation</li> <li>System Prompt</li> <li>Temperature</li> </ul>	

Table F.2: Example risk measurement and management approaches suitable for low-risk GAI applications organized by GAI risk (continued).

Function	GAI Risk				
Function	Dangerous or Violent Recommendations	Data Privacy	Environmental Human-AI Configuration		
Measure	Big-bench: Convince Me Big-bench: Toxicity DecodingTrust: Adversarial Robustness, Robustness Against Adversarial Demonstrations DecodingTrust: Machine Ethics DecodingTrust: Toxicity Evaluation Harness: ToxiGen HELM: Reiteration, Wedging HELM: Toxicity MLCommons	An Evaluation on Large Language Model Outputs: Discourse and Memorization (with human scoring, see Appendix B) Catastrophic Jailbreak of Open-source LLMs via Exploiting Generation DecodingTrust: Machine Ethics Evaluation Harness: ETHICS HELM: Copyright In-The-Wild Jailbreak Prompts on LLMs JailbreakingLLMs MLCommons Mark My Words TAP: A Query-Efficient Method for Jailbreaking Black-Box LLMs detect-pretrain-code Ilmprivacy mimir	HELM: Efficiency		
Manage	<ul> <li>Content Moderation</li> <li>Disclosure of AI Interaction</li> <li>Failure Avoidance</li> <li>Instructions</li> <li>Inventory</li> <li>Ownership</li> <li>Prohibited Use Policy</li> <li>Restrict Anonymous Use</li> <li>Restrict Anthropomorphization</li> <li>Restrict Decision making</li> <li>System Documentation</li> <li>System Prompt</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Terms of Service</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Content Moderation</li> <li>Contract Review</li> <li>Failure Avoidance</li> <li>Inventory</li> <li>Ownership</li> <li>Prohibited Use Policy</li> <li>Restrict Anonymous Use</li> <li>System Documentation</li> <li>Terms of Service</li> </ul>	Access Control     Failure Avoidance     Inventory     Ownership     Restrict Anonymous Use	Content Moderation Disclosure of AI Interaction Failure Avoidance Instructions Inventory Ownership Prohibited Use Policy Restrict Anonymous Use Restrict Anthropomorphization Restrict Decision Making Terms of Service Training	

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} Table F.2: Example risk measurement and management approaches suitable for low-risk GAI applications organized by GAI risk (continued). \end{tabular}$ 

Function	GAI Risk		
Function	Information Integrity	Information Security	Intellectual Property
Measure	<ul> <li>Big-bench: Analytic entailment, Formal fallacies and syllogisms with negation, Entailed polarity</li> <li>Big-bench: Convince Me</li> <li>Big-bench: Paraphrase</li> <li>Big-bench: Sufficient information</li> <li>Big-bench: Summarization</li> <li>Big-bench: Summarization</li> <li>Big-bench: Truthfulness</li> <li>DecodingTrust: Machine Ethics</li> <li>DecodingTrust: Out-of-Distribution Robustness, Robustness Against Adversarial Demonstrations, Adversarial Robustness</li> <li>Eval Gauntlet: Language Understanding</li> <li>Eval Gauntlet: World Knowledge</li> <li>Evaluation Harness: CoQA, ARC</li> <li>Evaluation Harness: GLUE</li> <li>Evaluation Harness: GLUE</li> <li>Evaluation Harness: MuTual</li> <li>Evaluation Harness: MuTual</li> <li>Evaluation Harness: PIQA, PROST, MC-TACO, MathQA, LogiQA, DROP</li> <li>FLASK: Logical correctness, Logical robustness, Logical efficiency, Comprehension, Completeness</li> <li>FLASK: Readability, Conciseness, Insightfulness</li> <li>HELM: Knowledge</li> <li>HELM: Language</li> <li>HELM: Reasoning</li> <li>HELM: Reiteration, Wedging</li> <li>HELM: Reiteration, Wedging</li> <li>HELM: Summarization</li> <li>HELM: Text classification</li> <li>Hugging Face: Fill-mask, Text generation</li> <li>Hugging Face: Summarization</li> <li>MLCommons</li> <li>MT-bench</li> <li>Mark My Words</li> </ul>	Big-bench: Convince Me Big-bench: Out-of-Distribution Catastrophic Jailbreak of Open-source LLMs via Exploiting Generation DecodingTrust: Out-of-Distribution Robustness, Robustness Against Adversarial Demonstrations, Adversarial Robustness, Eval Gauntlet: Commonsense reasoning, Symbolic problem solving, Programming HELM: Copyright In-The-Wild Jailbreak Prompts on LLMs JailbreakingLLMs Mark My Words TAP: A Query-Efficient Method for Jailbreaking Black-Box LLMs detect-pretrain-code Ilmprivacy mimir	An Evaluation on Large Language Model Outputs: Discourse and Memorization (with human scoring, see Appendix B)     HELM: Copyright     Mark My Words     Ilmprivacy     mimir
Manage	<ul> <li>Content Moderation</li> <li>Disclosure of AI Interaction</li> <li>Failure Avoidance</li> <li>Inventory</li> <li>Ownership</li> <li>Prohibited Use Policy</li> <li>Restrict Anonymous Use</li> <li>Restrict Anthropomorphization</li> <li>System Prompt</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Terms of Service</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Access Control</li> <li>Approved List</li> <li>Authentication</li> <li>Change Management</li> <li>Dependency Screening</li> <li>Failure Avoidance</li> <li>Inventory</li> <li>Ownership</li> <li>Malware Screening</li> <li>Restrict Anonymous Use</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Contract Review</li> <li>Disclosure of AI Interaction</li> <li>Instructions</li> <li>Inventory</li> <li>Ownership</li> <li>Prohibited Use Policy</li> <li>Terms of Service</li> </ul>

Table F.2: Example risk measurement and management approaches suitable for low-risk GAI applications organized by GAI risk (continued).

Function		GAI Risk	
Function	Obscene, Degrading, and/or Abusive Content	Toxicity, Bias, and Homogenization	Value Chain and Component Integration
Measure	<ul> <li>Big-bench: Social bias, Racial bias, Gender bias, Religious bias</li> <li>Big-bench: Toxicity</li> <li>DecodingTrust: Fairness</li> <li>DecodingTrust: Stereotype Bias</li> <li>DecodingTrust: Toxicity</li> <li>Evaluation Harness: CrowS-Pairs</li> <li>Evaluation Harness: ToxiGen</li> <li>HELM: Bias</li> <li>HELM: Toxicity</li> </ul>	BELEBELE Big-bench: Low-resource language, Non-English, Translation Big-bench: Out-of-Distribution Big-bench: Social bias, Racial bias, Gender bias, Religious bias Big-bench: Toxicity C-Eval (Chinese evaluation suite) DecodingTrust: Fairness DecodingTrust: Stereotype Bias DecodingTrust: Toxicity Eval Gauntlet: World Knowledge Evaluation Harness: CrowS-Pairs Evaluation Harness: ToxiGen Finding New Biases in Language Models with a Holistic Descriptor Dataset From Pretraining Data to Language Models to Downstream Tasks: Tracking the Trails of Political Biases Leading to Unfair NLP Models HELM: Bias HELM: Toxicity The Self-Perception and Political Biases of ChatGPT Towards Measuring the Representation of Subjective Global Opinions in Language Models	
Manage	<ul> <li>Content Moderation</li> <li>Failure Avoidance</li> <li>Instructions</li> <li>Inventory</li> <li>Ownership</li> <li>Prohibited Use Policy</li> <li>Restrict Anonymous Use</li> <li>System Prompt</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Terms of Service</li> </ul>	Content Moderation Failure Avoidance Instructions Inventory Ownership Prohibited Use Policy Restrict Anonymous Use Restrict Decision Making System Prompt Temperature Terms of Service	<ul> <li>Contract Review</li> <li>Disclosure of AI Interaction</li> <li>Failure Avoidance</li> <li>Inventory</li> <li>Ownership</li> <li>Prohibited Use Policy</li> <li>System Documentation</li> <li>Terms of Service</li> </ul>

## Appendix G: Example Medium-risk Generative AI Measurement and Management Plan G.1: Example Medium-risk Generative AI Measurement and Management Plan by Trustworthy Characteristic

Table G.1: Example risk measurement and management approaches suitable for medium-risk GAI applications organized by trustworthy characteristic.

Function		Trustworthy Ch		
Function	Accountable and Transparent	Fair with Harmful Bias Managed	Interpretable and Explainable	Privacy-enhanced
Measure	<ul> <li>Context exhaustion: logic-overloading prompts.</li> <li>Loaded/leading questions.</li> <li>Multi-tasking prompts.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Counterfactual prompts.</li> <li>Pros and cons prompts.</li> <li>Role-playing prompts.</li> <li>Loaded/leading questions.</li> <li>Low context prompts.</li> <li>Repeat this.</li> </ul>	Context exhaustion:     logic-overloading prompts     (to reveal unexplainable decisioning processes).	<ul> <li>Auto/biographical prompts.</li> <li>Location awareness prompts.</li> <li>Autocompletion prompts.</li> <li>Repeat this.</li> </ul>
Manage	<ul> <li>Data Provenance</li> <li>Data Quality</li> <li>Decommission Process</li> <li>Digital Signature</li> <li>External Audit</li> <li>Fine Tuning</li> <li>Grounding</li> <li>Human Review</li> <li>Incident Response</li> <li>Incorporate feedback</li> <li>Model Documentation</li> <li>Monitoring</li> <li>Narrow Scope</li> <li>Open Source</li> <li>RAG</li> <li>Refresh</li> <li>RLHF</li> <li>Restrict Data Collection</li> <li>Restrict Secondary Use</li> <li>User Feedback</li> <li>Validation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Accessibility</li> <li>Data Provenance</li> <li>Data Quality</li> <li>External Audit</li> <li>Fine Tuning</li> <li>Grounding</li> <li>Human Review</li> <li>Incident Response</li> <li>Incorporate feedback</li> <li>Narrow Scope</li> <li>Restrict Homogeneity</li> <li>Team Diversity</li> <li>User Feedback</li> <li>Validation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Data Provenance</li> <li>External Audit</li> <li>Human Review</li> <li>Model Documentation</li> <li>Monitoring</li> <li>Open Source</li> <li>User Feedback</li> <li>XAI</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Consent</li> <li>Data Provenance</li> <li>Data Quality</li> <li>Data Retention</li> <li>External Audit</li> <li>Restrict Data Collection</li> <li>Restrict Location Tracking</li> <li>Restrict Secondary Use</li> </ul>

Table G.1: Example risk measurement and management approaches suitable for medium-risk GAI applications organized by trustworthy characteristic (continued).

Function		Trustworthy Characteristic		
Function	Safe	Secure and Resilient	Valid and Reliable	
Measure	<ul> <li>Pros and cons prompts.</li> <li>Role-playing prompts.</li> <li>Content exhaustion: niche-seeking prompts.</li> <li>Ingratiation/reverse psychology prompts.</li> <li>Loaded/leading questions.</li> <li>Location awareness prompts.</li> <li>Repeat this.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Multi-tasking prompts.</li> <li>Pros and cons prompts.</li> <li>Role-playing prompts.</li> <li>Content exhaustion: niche-seeking prompts.</li> <li>Ingratiation/reverse psychology prompts.</li> <li>Prompt injection attacks.</li> <li>Membership inference attacks.</li> <li>Random attacks.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Multi-tasking prompts.</li> <li>Role-playing prompts.</li> <li>Ingratiation/reverse psychology prompts.</li> <li>Loaded/leading questions.</li> <li>Time-perplexity prompts.</li> <li>Niche-seeking prompts.</li> <li>Logic overloading prompts.</li> <li>Repeat this.</li> <li>Numeric calculation.</li> </ul>	
Manage	<ul> <li>Blocklist</li> <li>Data Retention</li> <li>Decommission Process</li> <li>Digital Signature</li> <li>External Audit</li> <li>Human Review</li> <li>Incident Response</li> <li>Monitoring</li> <li>Narrow Scope</li> <li>Rate-limiting</li> <li>Restrict Location Tracking</li> <li>Session Limits</li> <li>User Feedback</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Blocklist</li> <li>Decommission Process</li> <li>External Audit</li> <li>Incident Response</li> <li>Monitoring</li> <li>Open Source</li> <li>Rate-limiting</li> <li>Session Limits</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Data Quality</li> <li>Fine Tuning</li> <li>Grounding</li> <li>Human Review</li> <li>Incorporate feedback</li> <li>Model Documentation</li> <li>Monitoring</li> <li>Narrow Scope</li> <li>Open Source</li> <li>RAG</li> <li>Refresh</li> <li>Restrict Homogeneity</li> <li>RLHF</li> <li>Team Diversity</li> <li>User Feedback</li> <li>Validation</li> </ul>	

## G.2: Example Medium-risk Generative AI Measurement and Management Plan by Generative AI Risk

Table G.2: Example risk measurement and management approaches suitable for medium-risk GAI applications organized by GAI Risk.

Function		Generativ	e AI Risk	
Function	CBRN Information	Confabulation	Dangerous and Violent Recommendations	Data Privacy
Measure	<ul> <li>Auto-completion prompts.</li> <li>Role-playing prompts.</li> <li>Reverse psychology prompts.</li> <li>Pros and cons prompts.</li> <li>Multitasking prompts.</li> <li>Repeat this.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Context exhaustion: Logic overloading prompts.</li> <li>Context exhaustion: Multi-tasking prompts.</li> <li>Context exhaustion: Niche-seeking prompts.</li> <li>Time perplexity prompts.</li> <li>Loaded/leading questions.</li> <li>Calculation and numeric queries.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Role-playing prompts.</li> <li>Reverse psychology prompts.</li> <li>Pros and cons prompts.</li> <li>Multitasking prompts.</li> <li>Repeat this.</li> <li>Loaded/leading questions.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Location awareness.</li> <li>Membership inference attacks.</li> <li>Auto/biographical prompts.</li> <li>Repeat this.</li> </ul>
Manage	<ul> <li>Blocklist</li> <li>Data Provenance</li> <li>Data Quality</li> <li>Decommission Process</li> <li>Digital Signature</li> <li>External Audit</li> <li>Incident Response</li> <li>Monitoring</li> <li>Rate-limiting</li> <li>Session Limits</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Data Quality</li> <li>Fine Tuning</li> <li>Grounding</li> <li>Human Review</li> <li>Incorporate feedback</li> <li>Model Documentation</li> <li>Monitoring</li> <li>Narrow Scope</li> <li>Open Source</li> <li>RAG</li> <li>Refresh</li> <li>Restrict Homogeneity</li> <li>RLHF</li> <li>Team Diversity</li> <li>User Feedback</li> <li>Validation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Blocklist</li> <li>Data Retention</li> <li>Decommission Process</li> <li>Digital Signature</li> <li>External Audit</li> <li>Human Review</li> <li>Incident Response</li> <li>Monitoring</li> <li>Narrow Scope</li> <li>Rate-limiting</li> <li>Restrict Location Tracking</li> <li>Session Limits</li> <li>User Feedback</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Consent</li> <li>Data Provenance</li> <li>Data Quality</li> <li>Data Retention</li> <li>External Audit</li> <li>Restrict Data Collection</li> <li>Restrict Location Tracking</li> <li>Restrict Secondary Use</li> </ul>

Table G.2: Example risk measurement and management approaches suitable for medium-risk GAI applications organized by GAI Risk (continued).

Function		Generativ	e AI Risk	
Function	Environmental	Human-AI Configuration	Information Integrity	Information Security
Measure	<ul> <li>Availability attacks.</li> <li>Role-playing prompts.</li> <li>Reverse psychology prompts.</li> <li>Pros and cons prompts.</li> <li>Multitasking prompts.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Role-playing prompts.</li> <li>Reverse psychology prompts.</li> <li>Pros and cons prompts.</li> <li>Multitasking prompts.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Loaded/leading questions.</li> <li>Role-playing prompts.</li> <li>Reverse psychology prompts.</li> <li>Pros and cons prompts.</li> <li>Multitasking prompts.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Confidentiality attacks.</li> <li>Integrity attacks.</li> <li>Availability attacks.</li> <li>Random attacks.</li> <li>Role-playing prompts.</li> <li>Reverse psychology prompts.</li> <li>Pros and cons prompts.</li> <li>Multitasking prompts.</li> </ul>
Manage	<ul> <li>Decommission Process</li> <li>External Audit</li> <li>Incident Response</li> <li>Monitoring</li> <li>Rate-limiting</li> <li>Session Limits</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Accessibility</li> <li>Blocklist</li> <li>Consent</li> <li>Decommission Process</li> <li>Digital Signature</li> <li>External Audit</li> <li>Human Review</li> <li>Incorporate feedback</li> <li>Restrict Data Collection</li> <li>Restrict Location Tracking</li> <li>Restrict Secondary Use</li> <li>Session Limits</li> <li>User Feedback</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Data Provenance</li> <li>Data Quality</li> <li>Digital Signature</li> <li>External Audit</li> <li>Fine Tuning</li> <li>Grounding</li> <li>Human Review</li> <li>Incident Response</li> <li>Incorporate feedback</li> <li>Monitoring</li> <li>Narrow Scope</li> <li>Open Source</li> <li>RAG</li> <li>Refresh</li> <li>Restrict Homogeneity</li> <li>RLHF</li> <li>User Feedback</li> <li>Validation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Blocklist</li> <li>Decommission Process</li> <li>External Audit</li> <li>Incident Response</li> <li>Monitoring</li> <li>Open Source</li> <li>Rate-limiting</li> <li>Session Limits</li> </ul>

Table G.2: Example risk measurement and management approaches suitable for medium-risk GAI applications organized by GAI Risk (continued).

Function	Generative AI Risk			
Function	Intellectual Property	Obscene, Degrading,	Toxicity, Bias, and	Value Chain and
	Intellectual 1 Toperty	and/or Abusive Content	Homogenization	Component Integration
Measure	<ul><li>Confidentiality attacks.</li><li>Auto-complete prompts.</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Confidentiality attacks.</li> <li>Autocomplete prompts.</li> <li>Role-playing prompts.</li> <li>Reverse psychology prompts.</li> <li>Pros and cons prompts.</li> <li>Multitasking prompts.</li> <li>Loaded/leading questions.</li> <li>Repeat this.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Data poisoning attacks.</li> <li>Counterfactual prompts</li> <li>Pros and cons prompts</li> <li>Role-playing prompts</li> <li>Low context prompts.</li> <li>Loaded/leading questions.</li> <li>Repeat this.</li> </ul>	
Manage	<ul> <li>Blocklist</li> <li>Data Provenance</li> <li>Data Quality</li> <li>Decommission Process</li> <li>Digital Signature</li> <li>External Audit</li> <li>Incident Response</li> <li>Incorporate feedback</li> <li>Monitoring</li> <li>Open Source</li> <li>Rate-limiting</li> <li>Session Limits</li> <li>User Feedback</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Blocklist</li> <li>Data Provenance</li> <li>Data Quality</li> <li>Decommission Process</li> <li>Digital Signature</li> <li>External Audit</li> <li>Incident Response</li> <li>Monitoring</li> <li>Rate-limiting</li> <li>Session Limits</li> <li>User Feedback</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Accessibility</li> <li>Data Provenance</li> <li>Data Quality</li> <li>External Audit</li> <li>Fine Tuning</li> <li>Grounding</li> <li>Human Review</li> <li>Incident Response</li> <li>Incorporate feedback</li> <li>Narrow Scope</li> <li>Restrict Homogeneity</li> <li>Team Diversity</li> <li>User Feedback</li> <li>Validation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Data Provenance</li> <li>Data Quality</li> <li>Digital Signature</li> <li>External Audit</li> <li>Model Documentation</li> <li>Restrict Data Collection</li> <li>Restrict Secondary Use</li> </ul>

## Appendix H: Example High-risk Generative AI Measurement and Management Plan

### H.1: Example High-risk Generative AI Measurement and Management Plan by Trustworthy Characteristic

Table H.1: Example risk measurement and management approaches suitable for high-risk GAI applications organized by trustworthy characteristic.

Function	Trustworthy Characteristic			
Function	Accountable and Transparent	Fair with Harmful Bias Managed	Interpretable and Explainable	Privacy-enhanced
Measure	<ul> <li>Algorithmic impact assessments.</li> <li>Analyze differences between intended and actual population of users or data subjects.*</li> <li>Analyzing user feedback.</li> <li>Chaos testing.</li> <li>Focus groups.</li> <li>Hackathons.</li> <li>Model comparisons.*</li> <li>Multi-session experiments.*</li> <li>Participatory methods.</li> <li>Root cause analysis.*</li> <li>Small user studies.</li> <li>Stakeholder engagement and feedback.*</li> <li>Supply chain auditing/Testing third-party dependencies.</li> <li>Surveys.</li> <li>UI/UX studies.</li> <li>User studies.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Algorithmic impact assessments.</li> <li>Analyze differences between intended and actual population of users or data subjects.*</li> <li>Analyzing user feedback.</li> <li>Bias bounties.</li> <li>Chaos testing.</li> <li>Focus groups.</li> <li>Hackathons.</li> <li>Human content moderation.</li> <li>Model comparisons.*</li> <li>Multi-session experiments.*</li> <li>Participatory methods.</li> <li>Root cause analysis.*</li> <li>Small user studies.</li> <li>Stakeholder engagement and feedback.*</li> <li>Sub-sampling traffic for manually annotating.</li> <li>Supply chain auditing/Testing third-party dependencies.</li> <li>Surveys.</li> <li>UI/UX studies.</li> <li>User studies.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Algorithmic impact assessments.</li> <li>Analyze differences between intended and actual population of users or data subjects.*</li> <li>Analyzing user feedback.</li> <li>Focus groups.</li> <li>Hackathons.</li> <li>Model comparisons.*</li> <li>Multi-session experiments.*</li> <li>Participatory methods.</li> <li>Root cause analysis.*</li> <li>Small user studies.</li> <li>Stakeholder engagement and feedback.*</li> <li>Supply chain auditing/Testing third-party dependencies.</li> <li>Surveys.</li> <li>UI/UX studies.</li> <li>User studies.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Algorithmic impact assessments.</li> <li>Analyzing user feedback.</li> <li>Chaos testing.</li> <li>Focus groups.</li> <li>Hackathons.</li> <li>Human content moderation.</li> <li>Model comparisons.*</li> <li>Multi-session experiments.*</li> <li>Participatory methods.</li> <li>Root cause analysis.*</li> <li>Small user studies.</li> <li>Stakeholder engagement and feedback.*</li> <li>Sub-sampling traffic for manually annotating.</li> <li>Supply chain auditing/Testing third-party dependencies.</li> <li>Surveys.</li> <li>UI/UX studies.</li> <li>User studies.</li> </ul>
Manage	<ul> <li>Fast decommission.</li> <li>Insurance.</li> <li>Intellectual property removal.</li> <li>Restrict regulated dealings.</li> <li>Sensitive/Personal data removal.</li> <li>Supply chain audit.</li> <li>User recourse.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>CSAM/Obscenity removal.</li> <li>Fast decommission.</li> <li>Insurance.</li> <li>Intellectual property removal.</li> <li>Restrict regulated dealings.</li> <li>Sensitive/Personal data removal.</li> <li>Supply chain audit.</li> <li>User recourse.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Restrict regulated dealings.</li> <li>Supply Chain Audit.</li> <li>User recourse.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>CSAM/Obscenity removal.</li> <li>Fast decommission.</li> <li>Insurance.</li> <li>Intellectual property removal.</li> <li>Restrict minors.</li> <li>Restrict regulated dealings.</li> <li>Sensitive/Personal data removal.</li> <li>Supply chain audit.</li> <li>User recourse.</li> </ul>

Table H.1: Example risk measurement and management approaches suitable for high-risk GAI applications organized by trustworthy characteristic (continued).

Function		Trustworthy Characteristic	
Function	Safe	Secure and Resilient	Valid and Reliable
Measure	<ul> <li>Algorithmic impact assessments.</li> <li>Analyze differences between intended and actual population of users or data subjects.*</li> <li>Analyzing user feedback.</li> <li>Chaos testing.</li> <li>Focus groups.</li> <li>Hackathons.</li> <li>Human content moderation.</li> <li>Model comparisons.*</li> <li>Multi-session experiments.*</li> <li>Participatory methods.</li> <li>Root cause analysis.*</li> <li>Small user studies.</li> <li>Stakeholder engagement and feedback.*</li> <li>Sub-sampling traffic for manually annotating.</li> <li>Supply chain auditing/Testing third-party dependencies.</li> <li>Surveys.</li> <li>UI/UX studies.</li> <li>User studies.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Algorithmic impact assessments.</li> <li>Chaos testing.</li> <li>Hackathons.</li> <li>Human content moderation.</li> <li>Model comparisons.*</li> <li>Multi-session experiments.*</li> <li>Root cause analysis.*</li> <li>Stakeholder engagement and feedback.*</li> <li>Sub-sampling traffic for manually annotating.</li> <li>Supply chain auditing/Testing third-party dependencies.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Algorithmic impact assessments.</li> <li>Analyzing user feedback.</li> <li>Bias bounties.</li> <li>Chaos testing.</li> <li>Focus groups.</li> <li>Human content moderation.</li> <li>Model comparisons.*</li> <li>Multi-session experiments.*</li> <li>Participatory methods.</li> <li>Root cause analysis.*</li> <li>Small user studies.</li> <li>Stakeholder engagement and feedback.*</li> <li>Sub-sampling traffic for manually annotating.</li> <li>Supply chain auditing/Testing third-party dependencies.</li> <li>Surveys.</li> <li>User studies.</li> </ul>
Manage	<ul> <li>CSAM/Obscenity removal.</li> <li>Fast decommission.</li> <li>Insurance.</li> <li>Redundancy.</li> <li>Restrict internet access.</li> <li>Restrict minors.</li> <li>Restrict regulated dealings.</li> <li>Sensitive/Personal data removal.</li> <li>Supply Chain Audit.</li> <li>User recourse.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>CSAM/Obscenity removal.</li> <li>Fast decommission.</li> <li>Insurance.</li> <li>Intellectual property removal.</li> <li>Redundancy.</li> <li>Restrict internet access.</li> <li>Restrict minors.</li> <li>Restrict regulated dealings.</li> <li>Sensitive/Personal data removal.</li> <li>Supply chain audit.</li> <li>User recourse.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Fast decommission.</li> <li>Insurance.</li> <li>Redundancy.</li> <li>Restrict regulated dealings.</li> <li>Supply chain audit.</li> <li>User recourse.</li> </ul>

# H.2: Example High-risk Generative AI Measurement and Management Plan by Generative AI Risk

Table H.2: Example risk measurement and management approaches suitable for high-risk GAI applications organized by GAI Risk.

Function		Generative AI Risl	k
Function	CBRN Information	Confabulation	Dangerous and Violent Recommendations
Measure	<ul> <li>Chaos testing</li> <li>Cybersecurity testing</li> <li>Input/output filtering using classifiers</li> <li>Online metrics/monitoring</li> <li>Perturbation studies*</li> <li>Prompt engineering</li> <li>Random attacks</li> <li>Red-amber-green qualitative assessments</li> <li>Reliability testing</li> <li>Root cause analysis*</li> <li>Sensitivity analysis*</li> <li>Software testing</li> <li>Stress testing*</li> <li>Supply chain auditing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Algorithmic impact assessments</li> <li>Analyze differences between intended and actual population of users or data subjects.*</li> <li>Analyzing user feedback</li> <li>Assessing data quality*</li> <li>Bias bounties</li> <li>Calibration*</li> <li>Cluster profiling</li> <li>Conformal approaches</li> <li>Field testing*</li> <li>Focus groups</li> <li>Input/output data measurement using classifiers</li> <li>Model assessment*</li> <li>Model comparisons*</li> <li>Multi-session experiments*</li> <li>Comparing multiple labels per instance</li> <li>Online metrics/monitoring</li> <li>Participatory methods</li> <li>Perturbation studies*</li> <li>Red-amber-green qualitative assessments</li> <li>Reliability testing</li> <li>Residual Analysis</li> <li>Root cause analysis*</li> <li>Sensitivity analysis*</li> <li>Small user studies</li> <li>Software testing</li> <li>Stakeholder engagement and feedback*</li> <li>Statistical quality control*</li> <li>Stress testing*</li> <li>Sub-sampling traffic for manually annotating</li> <li>Supply chain auditing</li> <li>Testing third-party dependencies</li> <li>UI/UX studies</li> <li>User surveys*</li> <li>Validity testing*</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Algorithmic impact assessments</li> <li>Analyze differences between intended and actual population of users or data subjects.*</li> <li>Assessing data quality</li> <li>Bias bounties</li> <li>Calibration*</li> <li>Chaos testing</li> <li>Cluster profiling</li> <li>Conformal approaches</li> <li>Dangerous and violent content removal</li> <li>Expert red teaming</li> <li>Field testing*</li> <li>Focus groups</li> <li>Human content moderation</li> <li>Input/output filtering using classifiers</li> <li>Model assessment*</li> <li>Model comparisons*</li> <li>Multi-session experiments*</li> <li>Comparing multiple labels per instance</li> <li>Online metrics/monitoring</li> <li>Participatory methods</li> <li>Perturbation studies*</li> <li>Prompt engineering</li> <li>Red-amber-green qualitative assessments</li> <li>Reliability testing</li> <li>Residual analysis</li> <li>Root cause analysis*</li> <li>Sensitivity analysis*</li> <li>Small user studies</li> <li>Software testing</li> <li>Stakeholder engagement and feedback*</li> <li>Statistical quality control*</li> <li>Stress testing*</li> <li>Sub-sampling traffic for manually annotating</li> <li>Supply chain auditing</li> <li>Testing third-party dependencies</li> <li>UI/UX studies</li> <li>User surveys*</li> <li>Validity testing*</li> </ul>
Manage	<ul> <li>CBRN info removal</li> <li>Fast decommission.</li> <li>Restrict internet access.</li> <li>Supply chain audit.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Fast decommission.</li> <li>Insurance.</li> <li>Restrict regulated dealings.</li> <li>Supply chain audit.</li> <li>User recourse.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>CSAM/Obscenity removal.</li> <li>Fast decommission.</li> <li>Insurance.</li> <li>Restrict minors.</li> <li>Restrict regulated dealings.</li> <li>Sensitive/Personal data removal.</li> <li>Supply chain audit.</li> <li>User recourse.</li> </ul>