Beyond Reason Codes A Blueprint for Human-Centered, Low-Risk AutoML

H2O.ai Machine Learning Interpretability Team

 $H_2O.ai$

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H₂O.ai

Appeal

Iterate

Questions

Blueprint

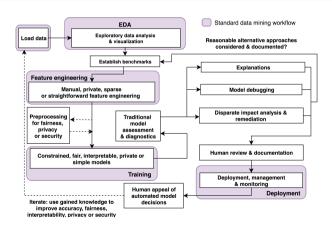
This mid-level technical document provides a basic blueprint for combining the best of AutoML, regulation-compliant predictive modeling, and machine learning research in the sub-disciplines of fairness, interpretable models, post-hoc explanations, privacy and security to create a low-risk, human-centered machine learning framework.

Look for compliance mode in Driverless AI soon.*

Guidance from leading researchers and practitioners.

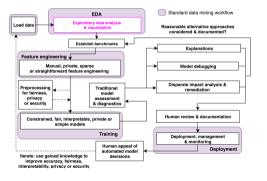
^{*}This presentation or associated materials are not legal compliance advice.

Blueprint[†]



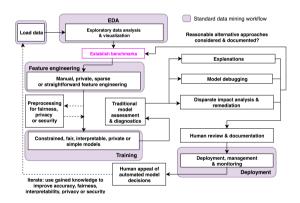
[†]This blueprint does not address ETL workflows.

EDA and Data Visualization



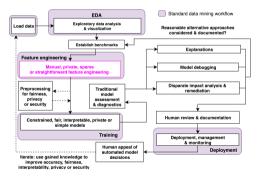
- Know thy data.
- Automation implemented in Driverless AI as AutoViz.
- OSS: H2O-3 Aggregator
- References: Visualizing Big Data Outliers through Distributed Aggregation; The Grammar of Graphics

Establish Benchmarks



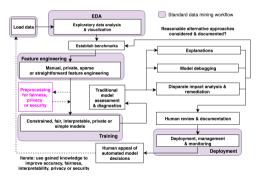
Establishing a benchmark from which to gauge improvements in accuracy, fairness, interpretability or privacy is crucial for good ("data") science and for compliance.

Manual, Private, Sparse or Straightforward Feature Engineering



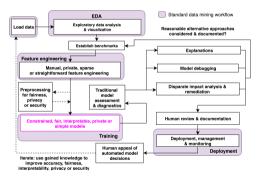
- Automation implemented in Driverless AI as high-interpretability transformers.
- OSS: Pandas Profiler, Feature Tools
- References: Deep Feature Synthesis: Towards Automating Data Science Endeavors; Label, Segment, Featurize: A Cross Domain Framework for Prediction Engineering

Preprocessing for Fairness, Privacy or Security



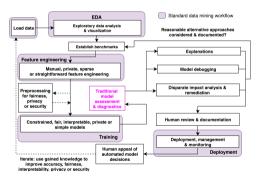
- OSS: IBM Al360
- References: Data Preprocessing
 Techniques for Classification Without
 Discrimination; Certifying and
 Removing Disparate Impact;
 Optimized Pre-processing for
 Discrimination Prevention;
 Privacy-Preserving Data Mining
- Roadmap items for MLI-2.

Constrained, Fair, Interpretable, Private or Simple Models



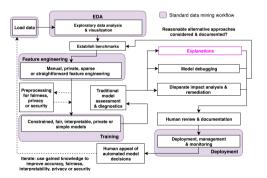
- Automation implemented in Driverless AI as GLM, RuleFit, Monotonic GBM.
- References: Locally Interpretable
 Models and Effects Based on
 Supervised Partitioning (LIME-SUP);
 Explainable Neural Networks Based on
 Additive Index Models (XNN);
 Scalable Bayesian Rule Lists (SBRL)
- LIME-SUP, SBRL, XNN are roadmap items for MLI-2.

Traditional Model Assessment and Diagnostics



- Residual analysis, Q-Q plots, AUC and lift curves confirm model is accurate and meets assumption criteria.
- Implemented as model diagnostics in Driverless AI.

Post-hoc Explanations



- LIME, Tree SHAP implemented in Driverless AI.
- OSS: lime, shap
- References: Why Should I Trust You?: Explaining the Predictions of Any Classifier; A Unified Approach to Interpreting Model Predictions; Please Stop Explaining Black Box Models for High Stakes Decisions (criticism)
- Tree SHAP is roadmap for H2O-3;
 Explanations for unstructured data are roadmap for MLI-2.

Interlude: The Time-Tested Shapley Value

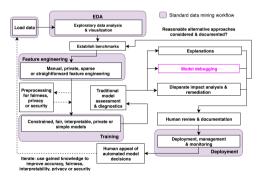
1. In the beginning: A Value for N-Person Games, 1953

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- 2. **Nobel-worthy contributions**: The Shapley Value: Essays in Honor of Lloyd S. Shapley, 1988
- 3. Shapley regression: Analysis of Regression in Game Theory Approach, 2001
- 4. First reference in ML? Fair Attribution of Functional Contribution in Artificial and Biological Networks, 2004
- 5. Into the ML research mainstream, i.e. JMLR: An Efficient Explanation of Individual Classifications Using Game Theory, 2010
- 6. **Into the real-world data mining workflow** ... *finally*: Consistent Individualized Feature Attribution for Tree Ensembles, 2017
- 7. Unification: A Unified Approach to Interpreting Model Predictions, 2017

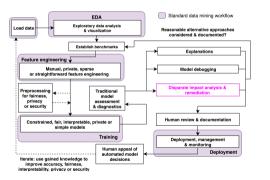
Model Debugging for Accuracy, Privacy or Security

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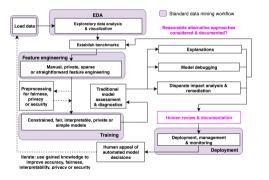
- Eliminating errors in model predictions by testing: adversarial examples, explanation of residuals, random attacks and "what-if" analysis.
- OSS: cleverhans, pdpbox, what-if tool
- References: Modeltracker: Redesigning Performance Analysis Tools for Machine Learning; A Marauder's Map of Security and Privacy in Machine Learning: An overview of current and future research directions for making machine learning secure and private
- Adversarial examples, explanation of residuals, measures of epistemic uncertainty, "what-if" analysis are roadmap items in MLI-2.

Post-hoc Disparate Impact Assessment and Remediation



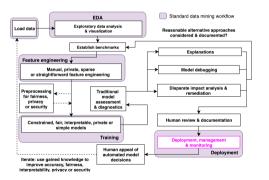
- Disparate impact analysis can be performed manually using Driverless AI or H2O-3.
- OSS: aequitas, IBM Al360, themis
- References: Equality of Opportunity in Supervised Learning; Certifying and Removing Disparate Impact
- Disparate impact analysis and remediation are roadmap items for MLI-2.

Human Review and Documentation



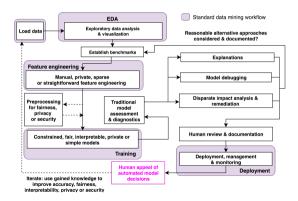
- Automation implemented as AutoDoc in Driverless Al.
- Various fairness, interpretability and model debugging roadmap items to be added to AutoDoc.
- Documentation of considered alternative approaches typically necessary for compliance.

Deployment, Management and Monitoring



- Monitor models for accuracy, disparate impact, privacy violations or security vulnerabilities in real-time; track model and data lineage.
- OSS: mlflow, modeldb, awesome-machine-learning-ops metalist
- Reference: Model DB: A System for Machine Learning Model Management
- Broader roadmap item for H2O.ai.

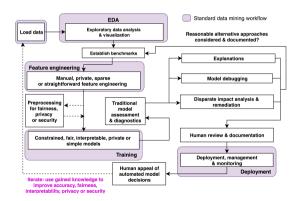
Human Appeal



Very important, may require custom implementation for each deployment environment?



Iterate: Use Gained Knowledge to Improve Accuracy, Fairness, Interpretability, Privacy or Security



Open Conceptual Questions

- How much automation is appropriate, 100%?
- How to automate learning by iteration, reinforcement learning?
- How to implement human appeals, is it productizable?

This presentation:

https://github.com/jphall663/h2oworld_sf_2019/blob/master/main.pdf

Driverless AI API Interpretability Technique Examples:

https://github.com/h2oai/driverlessai-tutorials

In-Depth Open Source Interpretability Technique Examples:

https://github.com/jphall663/interpretable_machine_learning_with_python

"Awesome" Machine Learning Interpretability Resource List:

https://github.com/jphall663/awesome-machine-learning-interpretability

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{\tt http://www.jmlr.org/papers/volume11/strumbelj10a/strumbelj10a.pdf}, \ pp. \ 1-18.
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