Search for Resonant Production of Muonic Lepton Jets

CMS Collaboration

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A signature-based search for groups of collimated muons (muonic lepton jets) is performed using $35~{\rm pb}^{-1}$ of data collected by the CMS experiment at the LHC, at a center-of-mass energy of 7 TeV. The analysis inclusively searches for production of new low-mass states decaying into pairs of muons, and is designed to achieve high sensitivity to a broad range of models predicting muonic lepton jet signatures. With no excess observed in the data over the background expectation, upper limits on the production cross-section times branching ratio times acceptance are derived for several event topologies and range from 0.1 to $0.5~{\rm pb}$. In addition, the results are interpreted for several benchmark models in the context of SUSY with a low-mass dark sector, yielding limits on new physics exceeding the Tevatron reach.

I. INTRODUCTION

A. Motivation

- B. Model-independent strategy
- C. Benchmark dark matter models

II. ANALYSIS SELECTION AND EFFICIENCY

- A. Dataset and trigger
- B. Offline selections and analysis
- C. Systematic uncertainty in efficiency

III. BACKGROUND AND SIGNAL SHAPES

- A. Features of the low-mass dimuon spectrum
 - B. Shape of backgrounds in R_2^1
 - C. Shape of backgrounds in R_4^1
 - D. Shape of backgrounds in R_{22}^2
 - E. Shape of signals

IV. STATISTICAL INTERPRETATION OF THE RESULTS

V. RESULTS

- A. Model-independent limits
- B. Limits on benchmark models
 - VI. CONCLUSIONS

Appendix A: Event displays

[1] O. Adriani et al., Nature **458**, 607 (2009).