



# PANORAMA: comparative pangenomics tools to explore interspecies diversity of microbial genomes







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# PARIS-SACLAY

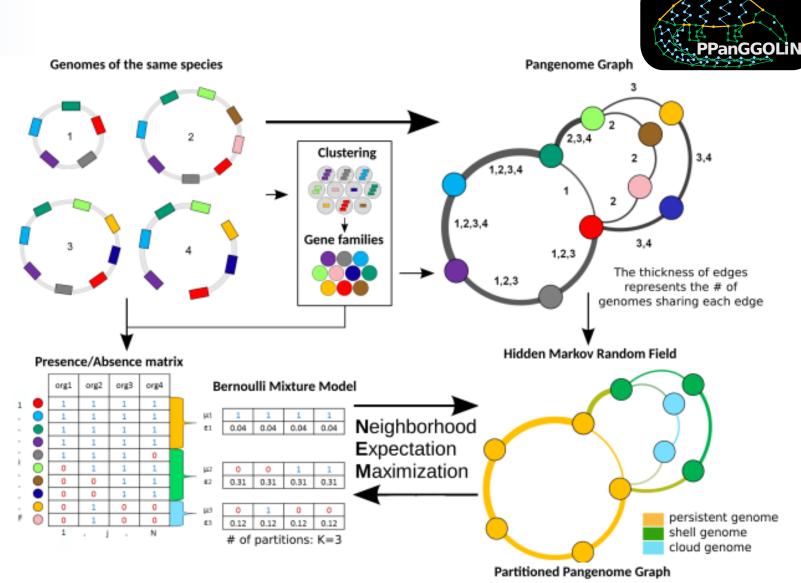
#### OUTLINE

**PANORAMA** is an open-source bioinformatics toolbox, including new methodological developments for the comparative study of pangenomes. It benefits from methods for the reconstruction and analysis of pangenome graphs, thanks to the **PPanGGOLiN**<sup>1</sup> software suite. PANORAMA integrates multiple features, such as the possibility to **compare genomic context** between pangenomes or the annotation of biological systems at the pangenome level.

PANORAMA allows comparative analysis of pangenomes using thousands of genomes. The software is developped in python and can be install with conda. It generates many tables and graphical outputs, some of them being compatible with external bioinformatic tools.

PANORAMA aims to help microbiologists understand the adaptive potential of bacteria and, through the exploration of functional modules in different species, to better understand the evolutionary dynamics behind the metabolic diversity of microorganisms.

gene families



#### GENOMIC CONTEXT EXPLORATION SYSTEM MODELING **Model structure in** PANORAMA models biological systems based on rules which Identify conserved genomic contexts (GC) between JSON grammar Protein describes gene family presence/absence and synteny conservation, pangenomes from a set of proteins of interest. "name": "model\_X", similarly to MacSyFinder<sup>4</sup>. "parameters": { "max\_separation": 1, 1. Detect homologous families using sequence alignment "min\_mandatory": 1, Model reprensation in a genome Model reprensation schema Pangenome "min\_total": 1 Gene Family 2. Search for connected components applying Name: Model\_X max separation parameters: {...} "func\_units": [ between families window = 2, transitivity=1transitive closure and window size parameters Name: FU\_2 parameters: {...} {"name": "FU\_1", Name: FU\_1 A - B parameters: {...} "type": "mandatory", "parameters": { 3. GC graph construction. "min\_total": 2 **↓**FU\_2 4. Edges filtering according to a Jaccard index "families": [ {"name": "famA", max separation between "type": "mandatory" functional units {"name": "famB", "type": "accessory" Edges width: Number of direct COMPARATIVE {"name": "famC", neighborhood "type": "accessory", Mandatory transitive relation Forbidden "parameters": { PANGENOMICS ANALYSES "max\_separation": 2 Accessory Neutral PANORAMA allows the identification of conserved GCs 461 models integrated: between pangenomes. Comparisons are based on grouping {"name": "FU\_2", defense(435) pangenome families and computing common connected components. "type": "accessory", secretion(26) "families": [ A conservation score is calculated for each pair of GCs to obtain those {"name": "famD", Ongoing systems: that are common and may correspond to pathways or cellular processes "type": "mandatory" - KEGG modules conserved between species... Polysaccharides Utilization GC in Pangenome A Loci Clusters of

# SYSTEM DETECTION

System detection in PANORAMA is based functional annotation of gene families, GC searching and system modeling.

1. Annotation of gene families with HMMs associated to system-models

2. Detection contexts genomic corresponding to the models

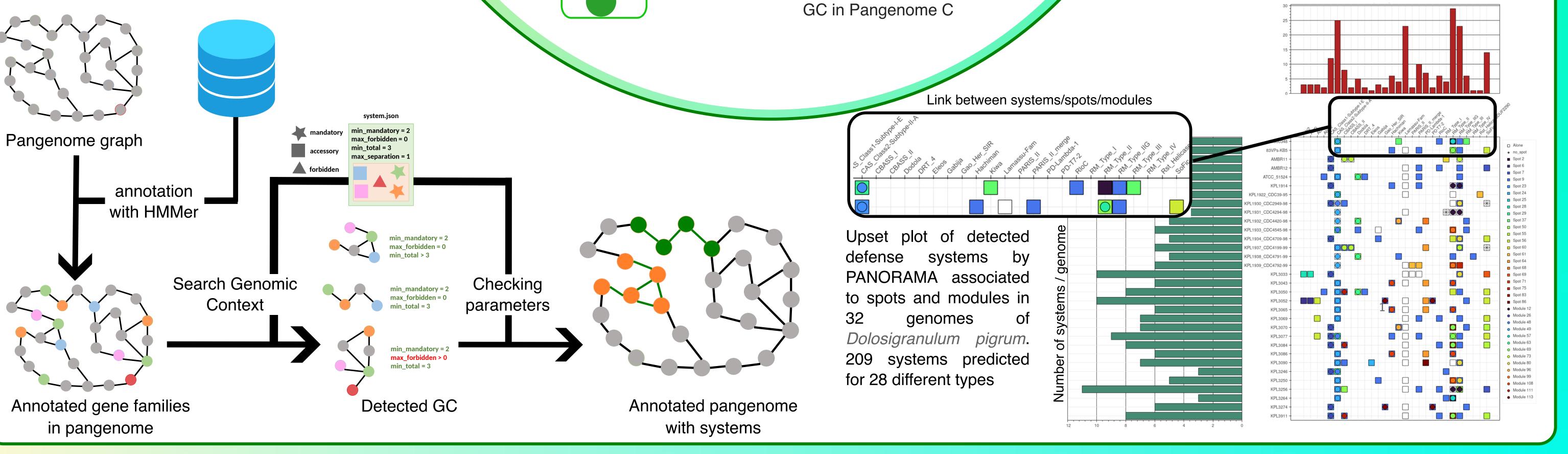
3. PANORAMA verifies that presence/absence and synteny parameters fit with the associated rules.

# SYSTEM-ASSOCIATION

Systems detected at the pangenome level can be projected to individual genomes and associated to pangenome graph components (partition, region of genomic plasticity<sup>2</sup>, spots<sup>2</sup> and modules<sup>3</sup>) and give them a functional annotation.

Using PANORAMA to predict defense systems allow to identify regions of genomic plasticity corresponding to anti-phage defense islands in genomes

Number of systems / type



Score < Threshold

### REFERENCES

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Score > Threshold

GC in Pangenome B

Score < Threshold



## Contact

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