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Assignment 1

J. Prabhath - EE18BTECH11021

Download all latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/jpln135/EE4013/tree/master/ Assignment1/Assignment1.tex

1 Problem

Consider the following C code

```
#include <stdio.h>
int * assignval (int *x, int val)
    *x = val:
    return x;
}
int main()
    int *x = malloc(sizeof(int));
    if (NULL == x) return;
    x = assignval(x, 0);
    if(x)
         x = (int*) malloc(size of (int));
         if (NULL == x) return;
         x = assignval(x, 10);
    printf("%d \mid n", *x);
    free(x);
}
```

The code suffers from which of the following problems:

- (A) compiler error as the return of malloc is not typecast appropriately.
- (B) compiler error because the comparison should be made as x==NULL and not as shown.
- (C) compiles successfully but execution may result in dangling pointer.
- (D) compiles successfully but execution may result in memory leak.

2 SOLUTION

Answer: (D) compiles successfully but execution may result in memory leak.

Memory leak occurs when memory is created in the heap but not deleted.

Consider the line of code,

```
int *x = malloc(sizeof(int));
```

In the above line of code, 4-bytes of memory (Size of integer) is created and the address is assigned to x;

Consider the line of code (in if-block),

```
x = (int*) malloc(size of (int));
```

In the above line of code, pointer variable is reassigned to a new address loacation.

From the above 2 lines we can conclude that, the initial address to which the pointer variable x was pointing to is lost and hence a memory leak is present.