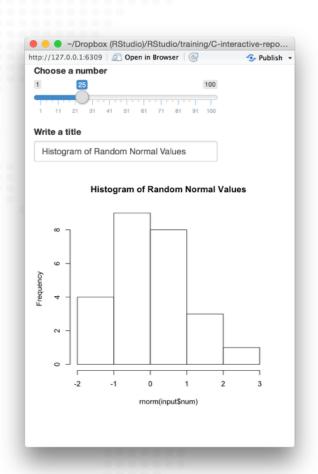
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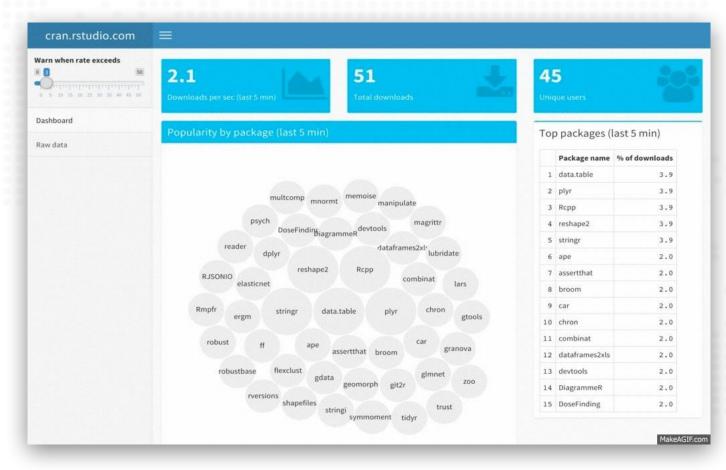


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User Interface





Work with the HTML UI

The HTML that builds the user interface for your app

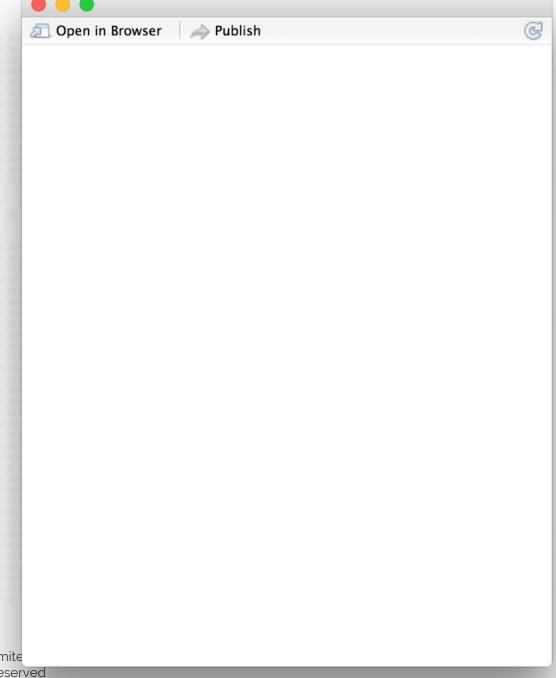
ui <- fluidPage()</pre>

fluidPage()

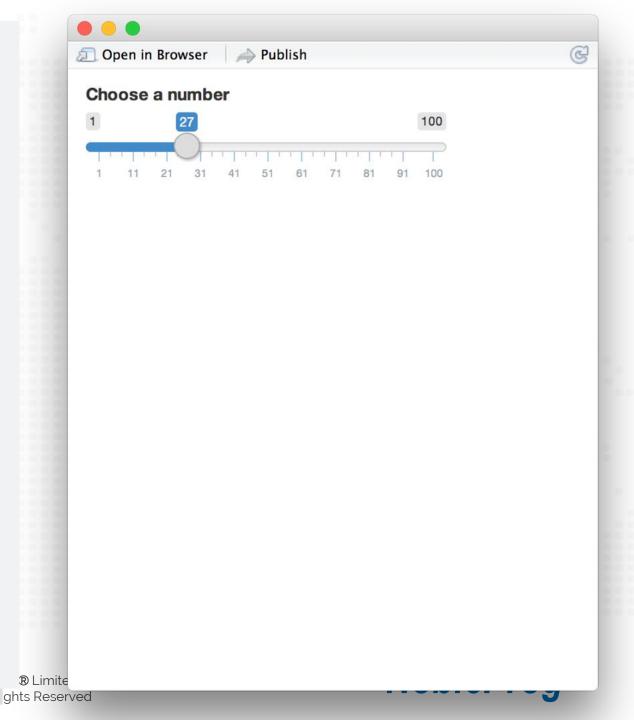
<div class="container-fluid"></div>



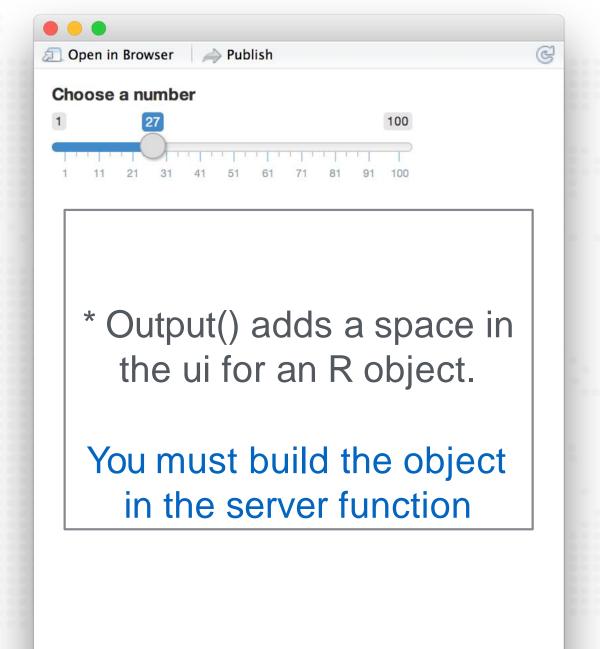
```
library(shiny)
ui <- fluidPage(</pre>
server <- function(input, output) {</pre>
shinyApp(ui = ui, server = server)
                                                ® Limite
                                               ghts Reserved
```



```
library(shiny)
ui <- fluidPage(
  sliderInput(inputId = "num",
    label = "Choose a number",
    value = 25, min = 1, max = 100)
server <- function(input, output) {</pre>
shinyApp(ui = ui, server = server)
```



```
library(shiny)
ui <- fluidPage(
  sliderInput(inputId = "num",
    label = "Choose a number",
    value = 25, min = 1, max = 100),
 plotOutput("hist")
server <- function(input, output) {</pre>
shinyApp(ui = ui, server = server)
```



```
slabel = "Choose a number",
value = 25, min = 1, max = 100
)
```

```
<div class="form-group shiny-input-container">
    <label class="control-label" for="num">Choose a number</label>
    <input class="js-range-slider" id="num" data-min="1" data-max="100"
        data-from="25" data-step="1" data-grid="true" data-grid-num="9.9"
        data-grid-snap="false" data-prettify-separator="," data-keyboard="true"
        data-keyboard-step="1.01010101010101"/>
        </div>
```

plotOutput("hist")

How do you add content to a web page?

When writing HTML, you add content with tags.



How do you add content to a web page?

When writing R, you add content with tags functions.

tags
$$$a() \sim \langle a \rangle \langle a \rangle$$



Shiny HTML tag functions

Shiny provides R functions to recreate HTML tags.

tags
$$$h1() \longrightarrow

#$$

tags $$a() \longrightarrow$



Each element of the tags list is a function that recreates an html tag.

names (tags)					
## [1] ## [5]	"a" "article"	"abbr" "aside"	"address" "audio"	"area" "b"	
	"base"	"bdi"	"bdo"	"blockquot	
## [13]	"body"	"br"	"button"	"canvas"	
## [17]	"caption"	"cite"	"code"	"col"	
## [21]	"colgroup"	"command"	"data"	"datalist"	
## [25]	"dd"	"del"	"details"	"dfn"	
## [29]	"div"	"dl"	"dt"	"em"	
## [33]	"embed"	"eventsourc e"	"fieldset"	"figcaptio n"	
## [37]	"figure"	"footer"	"form"	"h1"	
## [41]	"h2"	"h3"	"h4"	"h5"	



A list of functions

```
tags$h1

function (...)
tag("h1", list(...))
<environment: namespace:htmltools>
```

tags\$h1()



tags syntax

```
tags$a(href = "www.rstudio.com", "RStudio")
```

the list named tags

the function/tag name (followed by parentheses)

named arguments
appear as tag attributes
(set boolean attributes to NA)

unnamed arguments
appear inside the tags
(call tags\$...() to create nested tags)

RStudio

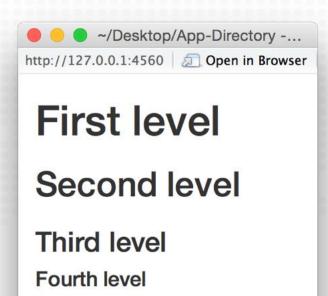
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h1() - h6()

Headers

```
fluidPage (
  tags$h1("First level"),
 tags$h2("Second level"),
 tags$h3("Third level"),
 tags$h4("Fourth level"),
 tags$h5("Fifth level"),
 tags$h6("Sixth level")
```





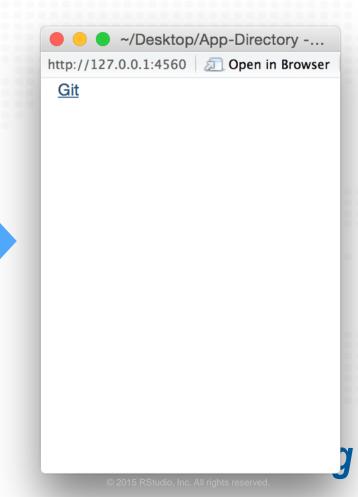
Fifth level

Sixth level



hyperlink with the href argument

```
fluidPage(
  tags$a(href= "http://www.git.com",
    "Git")
```



text

Character strings do not need a tag.

```
fluidPage(
  "This is a Shiny app.",
  "It is also a web page."
)
```







p()

A new paragraph

```
fluidPage(
  tags$p("This is a Shiny app."),
  tags$p("It is also a web page.")
)
```



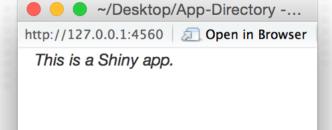




em()

Emphasized (italic) text

```
fluidPage(
  tags$em("This is a Shiny app.")
)
```





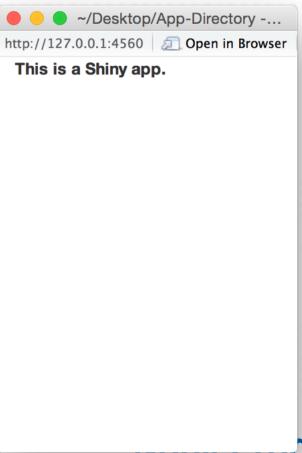


strong()

Strong (bold) text

```
fluidPage(
   tags$strong("This is a Shiny app.")
)
```





code()

Monospaced text (code)

```
fluidPage(
  tags$code("This is a Shiny app.")
```



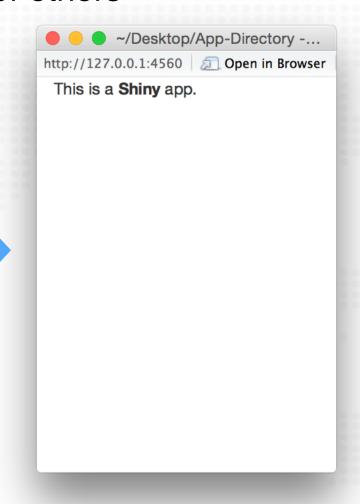




nesting

You can also nest functions inside of others

```
fluidPage (
  tags$p("This is a",
    tags$strong("Shiny"),
    "app.")
```







A line break

```
fluidPage(
  "This is a Shiny app.",
  tags$br(),
  "It is also a web page."
)
```







A horizontal rule

```
fluidPage(
  "This is a Shiny app.",
  tags$hr(),
  "It is also a web page."
)
```







Add an image. Use src argument to point to the image URL.

```
fluidPage (
 tags = 100,
     width = 100,
     src =
            "http://www.rstudio.co
            m/
            images/RStudio.2x.png"
```

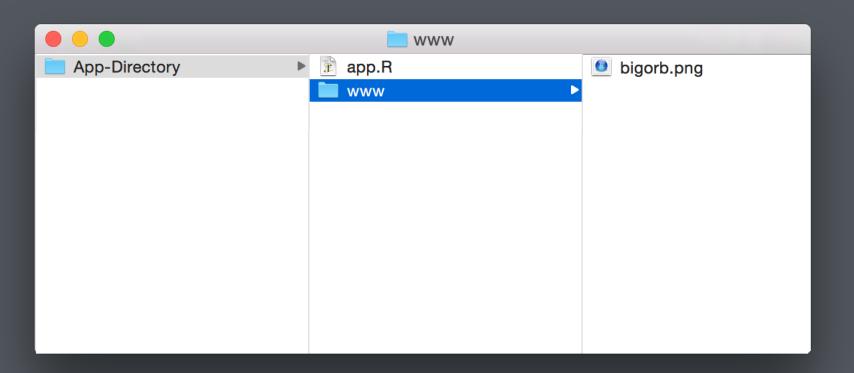






Adding Images

To add an image from a file, save the file in a subdirectory named www





Add an img from a file in www





Some tags functions come with a wrapper function, so you do not need to call tags\$

```
h1
function (...)
tags$h1(...)
<environment: namespace:htmltools>
```



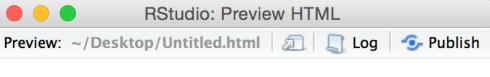
Function	Creates		
a()	A Hyperlink		
br()	A line break		
code()	Text formatted like computer code		
em()	Italicized (emphasized) text		
h1(),h2(),h3(),h4(),h5(),h6()	Headers (First level to sixth)		
hr()	A horizontal rule (line)		
img()	An image		
p()	A new paragraph		
strong()	Bold (strong) text		

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```
<div class="container-fluid">
  <h1>My Shiny App</h1>

      See other apps in the
      <a href="http://www.rstudio.com/products/shiny/shiny-user-showcase/">Shiny Showcase</a>

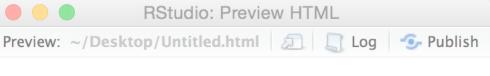
</div>
```



```
fluidPage(
     <h1>My Shiny App</h1>

          See other apps in the
          <a href="http://www.rstudio.com/products/shiny/shiny-user-showcase/">Shiny/shiny-user-showcase/">Shiny Showcase</a>

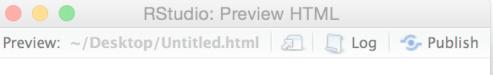
)
```



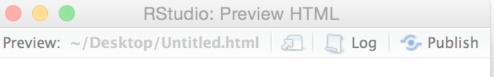
```
fluidPage(
   h1("My Shiny App"),

        See other apps in the
        <a href="http://www.rstudio.com/products/shiny/shiny-user-showcase/">Shiny/shiny-user-showcase/">Shiny Showcase</a>

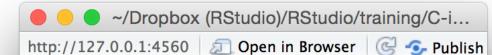
)
```



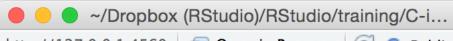
```
fluidPage(
  h1("My Shiny App"),
  p(style = "font-family:Impact",
     "See other apps in the",
     <a href="http://www.rstudio.com/products/shiny/shiny-user-showcase/">Shiny/shiny-user-showcase/">Shiny Showcase</a>
)
)
```



```
fluidPage(
  h1("My Shiny App"),
  p(style = "font-family:Impact",
    "See other apps in the",
    a("Shiny Showcase",
        href = "http://www.rstudio.com/
        products/shiny/shiny-user-showcase/")
)
```



```
fluidPage (
  tags$h1("My Shiny App"),
  tags$p(style = "font-family:Impact",
    "See other apps in the",
    tags$a("Shiny Showcase",
      href = "http://www.rstudio.com/
      products/shiny/shiny-user-showcase/")
```



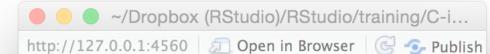
http://127.0.0.1:4560 ② Open in Browser ③ Publish



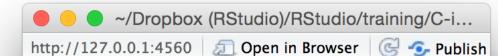


My Shiny App

```
fluidPage (
   <div class="container-fluid">
     <h1>My Shiny App</h1>
     See other apps in the
       <a href="http://www.rstudio.com/</pre>
        products/shiny/shiny-user-
         showcase/">Shiny Showcase</a>
     </div>
```



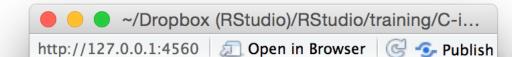
```
fluidPage(
   '<div class="container-fluid">
     <h1>My Shiny App</h1>
     See other apps in the
       <a href="http://www.rstudio.com/</pre>
        products/shiny/shiny-user-
        showcase/">Shiny Showcase</a>
     </div>
```



My Shiny App

See other apps in the Shiny Showcase

```
fluidPage (
 HTML (
   '<div class="container-fluid">
     <h1>My Shiny App</h1>
     See other apps in the
       <a href="http://www.rstudio.com/</pre>
         products/shiny/shiny-user-
         showcase/">Shiny Showcase</a>
     </div>
```



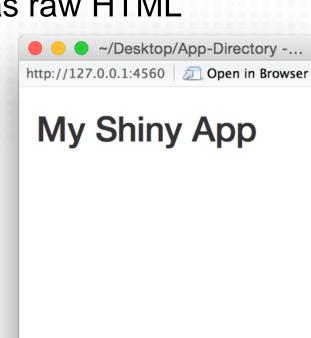
My Shiny App

See other apps in the Shiny Showcase

Raw HTML

Use HTML() to pass a character string as raw HTML

```
fluidPage(
  HTML("<h1>My Shiny App</h1>")
)
```





Recap: Reactive values



Add elements with the tags\$ functions



unnamed arguments are passed into HTML tags



named arguments are passed as HTML tag attributes



Add raw html with HTML()



HTML UI

shiny.rstudio.com/articles/html-ui.html Build your entire UI from HTML

```
<html>
<head>
  <script src="shared/jquery.js" type="text/javascript"></script>
  <script src="shared/shiny.js" type="text/javascript"></script>
  <link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="shared/shiny.css"/>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>HTML UI</h1>
  >
    <label>Distribution type:</label><br />
```

Layout functions

Add HTML that divides the UI into a grid

fluidRow()

<div class="row"></div>

column(width = 2)

<div class="col-sm-2"></div>



fluidRow()

fluidRow() adds rows to the grid. Each new row goes below the previous rows.

```
ui <-
   fluidPage(
   fluidRow(),
) fluidRow()

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NobleProg
```

column()

column() adds columns within a row. Each new column goes to the left of the previous column.

Specify the width and offset of each column out of 12

```
ui <- fluidPage(
  fluidRow(
  column(3),
  column(5)),

fluidRow(
  column(4, offset = 8)
)

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**Column(4, Inc. All rights reserved.**)

**Column(4, I
```

fluidRow()

<div class="row"></div>

column(2)



```
fluidRow("In the row")
```

```
<div class="row"></div>
```

column(2)

```
<div class="col-sm-2">
</div>
```



```
fluidRow("In the row")
```

```
<div class="row">In the row</div>
```

column(2)

```
<div class="col-sm-2">
</div>
```



```
fluidRow("In the row")
```

```
<div class="row">In the row</div>
```

column(2, plotOutput("hist"))

```
<div class="col-sm-2">
</div>
```



```
fluidRow("In the row")

<div class="row">In the row</div>

column(2, plotOutput("hist"))
```

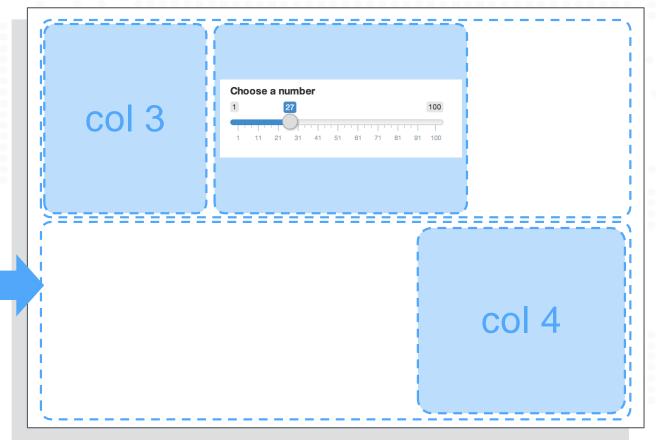
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```
fluidPage(
 fluidRow(
  column(3),
                                             col 3
                                                               col 5
  column(5)
 fluidRow(
   column(4, offset = 8,)
                                                                               col 4
```

```
fluidPage(
 fluidRow(
  column(3),
                                              col 3
                                                                 col 5
  column(5, sliderInput(...))
 fluidRow(
    column(4, offset = 8)
                                                                                col 4
```

```
fluidPage(
 fluidRow(
                                                                Choose a number
   column(3),
                                                  col 3
   column(5, sliderInput(...))
 fluidRow(
    column(4, offset = 8)
                                                                                       col 4
```

```
fluidPage(
 fluidRow(
   column(3),
   column(5, sliderInput(...))
 fluidRow(
    column(4, offset = 8,
      plotOutput("hist")
```



```
fluidPage(
 fluidRow(
   column(3),
   column(5, sliderInput(...))
 fluidRow(
    column(4, offset = 8,
      plotOutput("hist")
```



```
fluidPage(
  fluidRow(
                                                                  Choose a number
   column(3),
   column(5, sliderInput(...))
  fluidRow(
    column(4, offset = 8,
      plotOutput("hist")
```

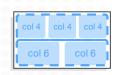
Recap: Layout functions



Position elements in a grid, or stack them in layers.



Use fluidRow() to arrange elements in rows

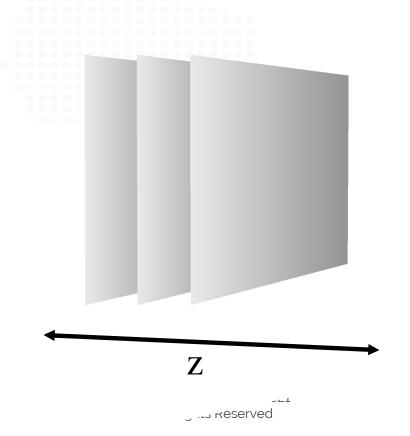


Use column() to arrange elements in columns



Column takes width and offset arguments

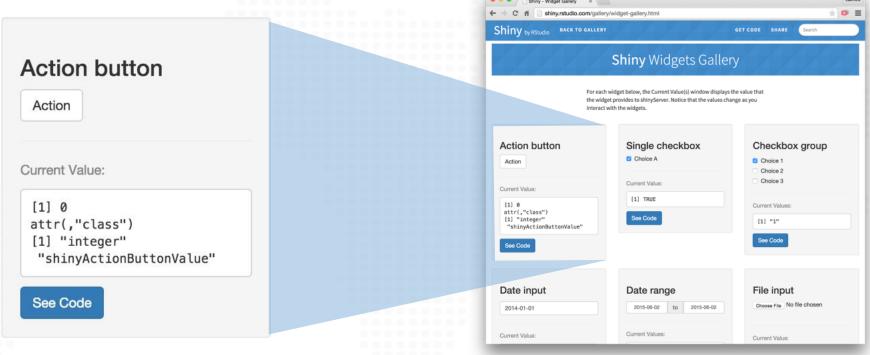
Use layout functions to position elements within your app





Panels

Panels to group multiple elements into a single unit with its own properties.



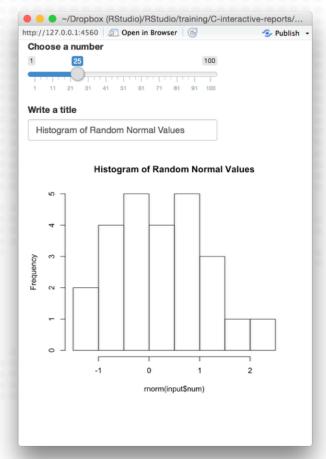
http://shiny.rstudio.com/gallery/widget-gallery.html



wellPanel()

Groups elements into a grey "well"

```
# 04-well.R
ui <- fluidPage(
  sliderInput("num", "Choose a number",
    value = 25, min = 1, max = 100),
  textInput("title", value = "Histogram",
    label = "Write a title"),
 plotOutput("hist")
```



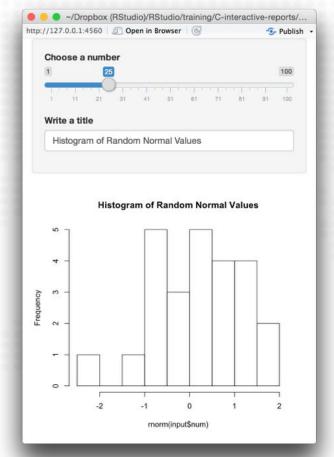


wellPanel()

Groups elements into a grey "well"

```
# 04-well.R
ui <- fluidPage(
 wellPanel(
  sliderInput("num", "Choose a number",
    value = 25, min = 1, max = 100),
  textInput("title", value = "Histogram",
    label = "Write a title"),
 plotOutput("hist")
```







absolutePanel()

Panel position set rigidly (absolutely), not fluidly

conditionalPanel()

A JavaScript expression determines whether panel is visible or not.

fixedPanel()

Panel is fixed to browser window and does not scroll with the page

headerPanel()

Panel for the app's title, used with pageWithSidebar()

inputPanel()

Panel with grey background, suitable for grouping inputs

mainPanel()

Panel for displaying output, used with pageWithSidebar()

navlistPanel()

Panel for displaying multiple stacked tabPanels(). Uses sidebar navigation

sidebarPanel()

Panel for displaying a sidebar of inputs, used with pageWithSidebar()

tabPanel()

Stackable panel. Used with navlistPanel() and tabsetPanel()

tabsetPanel()

Panel for displaying multiple stacked tabPanels(). Uses tab navigation

titlePanel()

Panel for the app's title, used with pageWithSidebar()

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wellPanel()

Panel with grey background.

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tabPanel()

tabPanel () creates a stackable layer of elements. Each tab is like a small UI of its own.

tabPanel ("Tab 1", ...)

A title (for navigation)

elements to appear in the tab



Combine tabPanel()'s with one of:

- tabsetPanel()
- navlistPanel()
- navbarPage()



tabsetPanel()

tabsetPanel() combines tabs into a single *panel*. Use *tabs* to navigate between tabs.

```
fluidPage (
tabsetPanel (
tabPanel ("tab 1", "contents"),
tabPanel ("tab 3", "contents")
)

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```

navlistPanel()

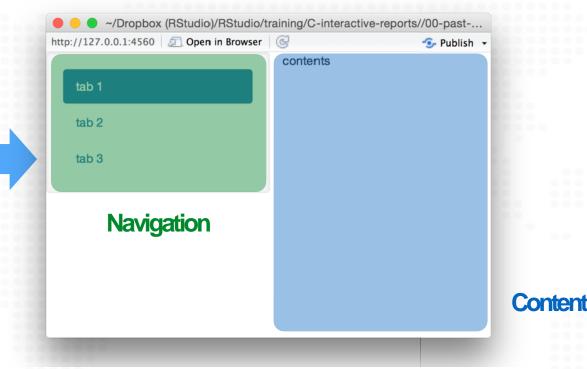
navlistPanel() combines tabs into a single *panel*. Use *links* to navigate between tabs.

```
fluidPage(
  navlistPanel(

  tabPanel("tab 1", "contents"),

  tabPanel("tab 2", "contents"),

  tabPanel("tab 3", "contents")
)
)
```





Recap: Panels



Panels group elements into a single unit for aesthetic or functional reasons



Use tabPanel() to create a stackable panel



Use tabsetPanel() to arrange tab panels into a stack with tab navigation



Use navlistPanel() to arrange tab panels into a stack with sidebar navigation

The Shiny Layout Guide

http://shiny.rstudio.com/articles/layout-guide.html

Fluid 12		
Fluid 6		Fluid 6
Fluid 6	Fluid 6	

You can build sophisticated, customized layouts with Shiny's grid system.



navbarPage()

navbarPage() combines tabs into a single page. navbarPage() replaces fluidPage(). Requires title.

```
navbarPage(title = "Title",
tabPanel("tab 1", "contents"),
tabPanel("tab 3", "contents"))

tabPanel("tab 3", "contents"))

Contents

-/Dropbox (RStudio/raining/G-interactive-reports/00-past-...
http://127.0.0.1:4560 | ② Open in Browser | ③ Publish •

Title tab 1 tab 2 tab 3

Navigation

Contents

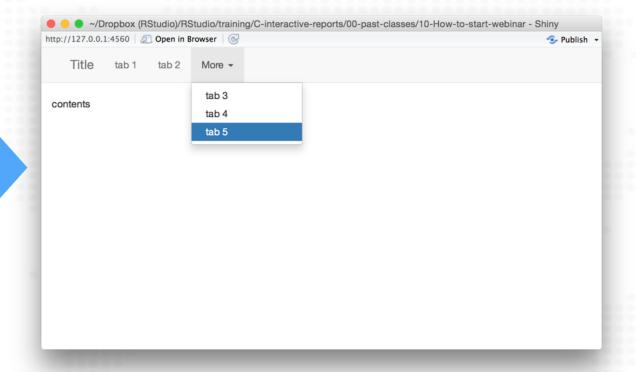
Contents
```



navbarMenu()

navbarMenu() combines tab links into a dropdown
menu for navbarPage()

```
navbarPage(title = "Title",
  tabPanel("tab 1", "contents"),
  tabPanel("tab 2", "contents"),
  navbarMenu(title = "More",
  tabPanel("tab 3", "contents"),
  tabPanel("tab 4", "contents"),
  tabPanel("tab 5", "contents")
)
)
```





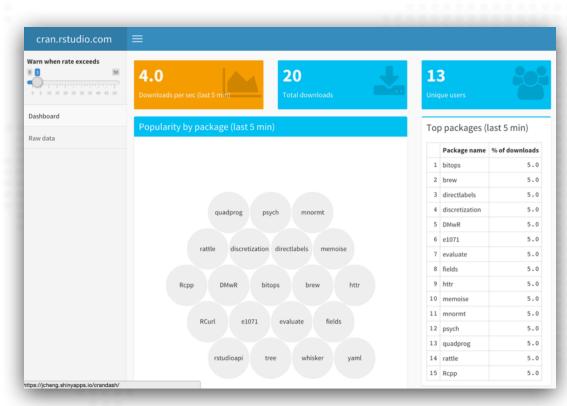
dashboardPage()

dashboardPage() comes in the shinydashboard
package

```
library(shinydashboard)
ui <- dashboardPage(
   dashboardSidebar(),
   dashboardBody()
)
```

shinydashboard

http://rstudio.github.io/shinydashbo ard/



A package of layout functions for building administrative dashboards with Shiny

Dynamic Dashboards with Shiny Webinar:

www.rstudio.com/resources/webinars/ **NobleProg**





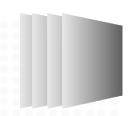
Recap: Prepackaged Layouts



Use sidebarLayout() with sidebarPanel() and mainPanel() to quickly create a sidebar design.



Use fixedPanel() with fixedrow() to create a fixed (non-fluid) design



Use navbarPage() with navbarMenu() to create "multipage" app



Use the **shinyDashboard** package to create dashboard layouts

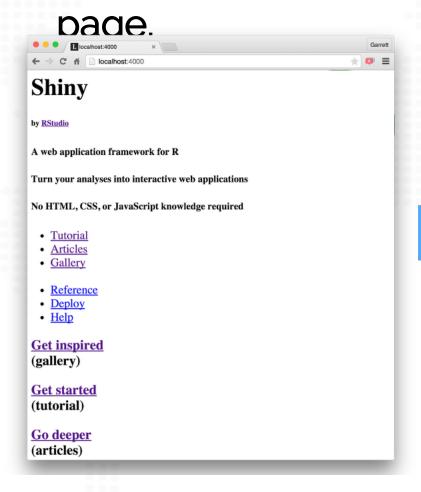
CSS

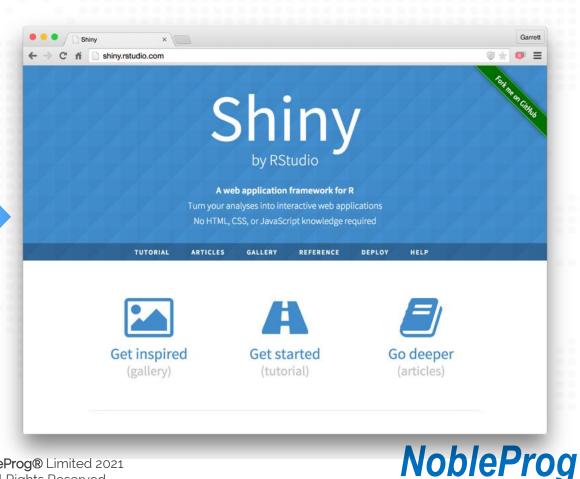
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What is CSS?

Cascading Style Sheets (CSS) are a framework for customizing the appearance of elements in a web





Bootstrap

Shiny uses the Bootstrap 3 CSS framework, getbootstrap.com

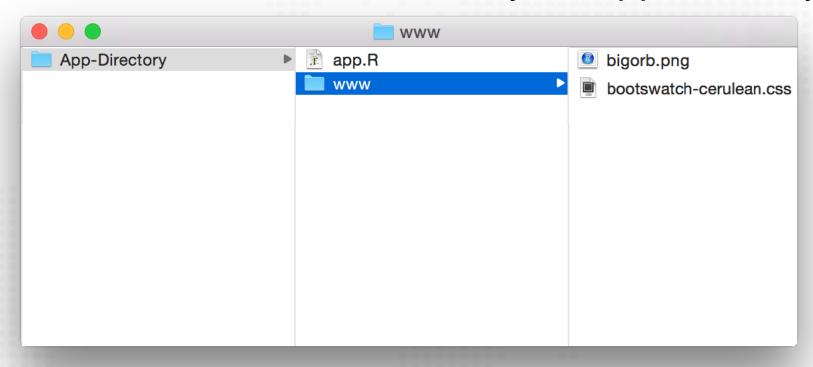
fluidPage()

<div class="container-fluid"></div>



1 Link to an external CSS file

Place .css files in the www folder of your app directory



Shiny will share a file with your user's browser if the file appears in <a href="https://www.shiny.com/www.shiny.c

1 Link to an external CSS file

Set the theme argument of fluidPage() to the .css filename, or...

```
ui <- fluidPage(
  theme = "bootswatch-
  cerulean.css", sidebarLayout (
    sidebarPanel()
       mainPanel()
```

1 Link to an external CSS file

Or place a link in the app's header with to the file with tags\$head() and tags\$link()

```
ui <- fluidPage(
  tags$head(
   tags$link(
    rel = "stylesheet",
    type = "text/css",
   href = "file.css"
```



```
<head>
  <link type="text/css" rel="stylesheet" href="file.css"/>
</head>
<body>
  <div class="container-fluid">
  </div>
</body>
```



2 Write global CSS in header

Write global CSS with tags\$head() and tags\$style() and HTML()

```
ui <- fluidPage(
  tags$head(
   tags$style(HTML("
     p
       color:red;
```



```
<head>
  <style>
      color:red;
 </style>
</head>
<body>
  <div class="container-fluid">
  </div>
</body>
```



2 Write global CSS in header

Or save the CSS as a file in your app directory and include it with includeCSS()

```
ui <- fluidPage(
  includeCSS("file.css")
```

```
>
```

```
<head>
  <style>
      color:red;
  </style>
</head>
<body>
  <div class="container-fluid">
  </div>
</body>
```

3 Write individual CSS in a tag's style attribute

Set the style argument in Shiny's tag functions

```
ui <- fluidPage(
  tags$h1("Title", style = "color:red;")
)</pre>
```



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