

Pentaho
Data Integration

Working with Flat Files

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# **Module Objectives**



When you complete this module, you should be able to:

- Configure steps to onboard various file formats:
  - Onboard a TXT / CSV
  - Output a TXT / CSV file
  - Create Excel Workbooks based on templates
  - Onboard XML & JSON as datasources





# Lab 1: Text File / CSV Input



Create an ETL workflow that will write the data to a database table:

Productline: Classic Cars Customer: Christine Loomis Delivered: January 2004 Order Value: \$21.99

Productline: Classic Cars Customer: Mary L. Peachin Delivered: November 2008 Order Value: \$24.99

Productline: Trains Customer: Bob Italia Delivered: July 1994 Order Value: \$14.99

Productline: Planes Customer: Scott M. Ascher Delivered: March 2014 Order Value: \$27.99

Productline: Motorcycles Customer: Monty Halls Returned: April 2007 Order Value: \$29.99

Productline: Trains Customer: Paul McCallum Returned: June 2017 Order Value: \$34.99

Productline: Boats Customer: Jill Robinson Delivered: November 2014 Order Value: \$19.99 So what approach would you recommend?

Flatten the layout for each data stream column:

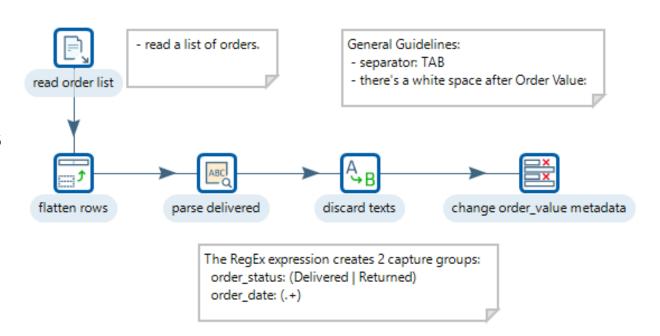
Productline Customer Status Order\_Value Order\_Date

Status can have a value of either: Delivered | Returned

# Lab 1: Text File / CSV Input



- Onboard data
- Flatten Rows
- Capture Groups
- Trim Text
- Select Values



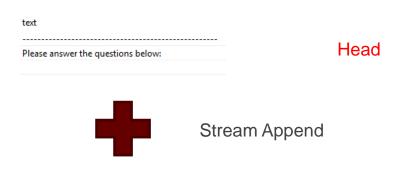




#### Lab 2: Write to a Text File



Create a survey based on questions in a text file.



How many employees currently in your organisation? Which ETL tool do you currently use? What would you do if you had a magic wand?

Body

So what approach would you take?

In the 'head' workflow you have the input for the Customer Name.
In the 'body' workflow you have the questions.

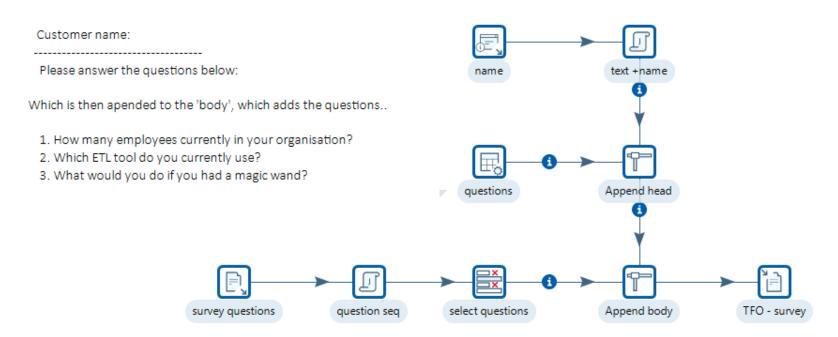
Then append the 'header' stream to the 'body' stream

#### Lab 2: Write to a Text File



This guided demonstration illustrates how to write an unstructured file.

The first part of the transformation, defines the 'head':







## Lab 3: Excel



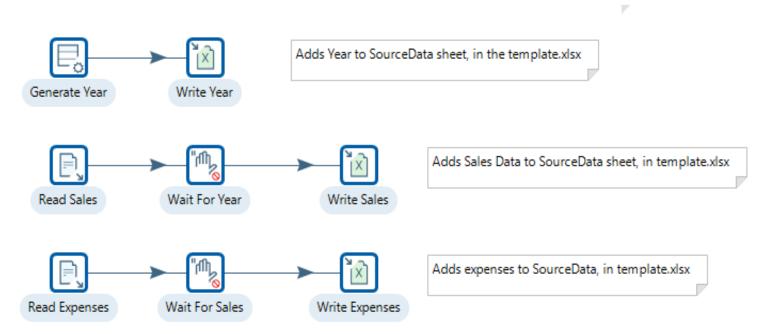
- Steel Wheels wish to automate their Half Yearly Sales and Expenses Report (Excel).
  - Sales and Expenses are text files.
  - Leverage a template.

- 4	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	l l	J	K
1	Year	2016									
2											
3		JANUARY	FEBRUARY	MARCH	APRIL	MAY	JUNE	6-MONTH TOTAL	MEAN	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM
4	PRODUCTLINE										
5	Classic Cars	23,455.22€	25,442.11€	24,222.89€	20,233.11€	19,876.22€	19,233.56€	132,463.11€	22,077.19€	19,233.56€	25,442.11€
6	Motorcycles	11,244.21€	12,987.69€	13,954.09€	13,006.33€	13,065.31€	12,087.74€	76,345.37€	12,724.23€	11,244.21€	13,954.09€
7	Trains	1,231.29€	1,227.98€	1,395.33€	1,399.90€	1,335.90€	1,376.98€	7,967.38€	1,327.90€	1,227.98€	1,399.90€
8	Planes	956.12€	834.56€	457.76€	765.32€	898.11€	667.49€	4,579.36€	763.23€	457.76€	956.12€
9											
10	Total Sales	35,655.55€	39,264.36€	38,634.74€	34,004.76€	33,839.64€	31,988.79€	213,387.84€	35,564.64€	31,988.79€	39,264.36€
11		2,055.22€	2,542.11€	2,422.89€	2,033.11€	1,986.22€	1,933.56€				
12	EXPENSES	100.32€	103.23€	140.23€	130.23€	120.33€	121.34€				
13	Advertising	11,020.80€	11,020.80€	11,020.80€	9,350.10€	9,350.10€	12,350.60€	64,113.20€	10,685.53€	9,350.10€	12,350.60€
14	Cost of Goods	223.23€	223.23€	223.23€	223.23€	223.23€	223.23€	1,339.38€	223.23€	223.23€	223.23€
15	Salary	10.30€	0.00€	209.99€	3.99€	0.00€	12.23€	236.51€	39.42€	0.00€	209.99€
16	Lease	90.23€	90.23€	78.90€	90.23€	78.90€	0.00€	428.49€	71.42€	0.00€	90.23€
17	Miscellaneous	0.00€	0.00€	0.00€	0.00€	0.00€	0.00€	0.00€	0.00€	0.00€	0.00€
18	Overhead	0.00€	0.00€	0.00€	0.00€	0.00€	0.00€	0.00€	0.00€	0.00€	0.00€
19	Total Expenses	11,344.56€	11,334.26€	11,532.92€	9,667.55€	9,652.23€	12,586.06€	66,117.58€	11,019.60€	9,652.23€	12,586.06€
20	-										
21	PROFIT	24,310.99€	27,930.10€	27,101.82€	24,337.21€	24,187.41€	19,402.73€	147,270.26€	24,545.04€	19,402.73€	27,930.10€

#### Lab 3: Excel



This guided demonstration creates an Excel workbook based on a template that is populated from several Excel spreadsheets, with text files as their datasource.





Lab 4 – XML



## Lab 4: XML



- XML stands for EXtensible Markup Language.
- XML documents are used to not only store data, but exchange data between systems.

## Lab 4: XML



## 'Get data From XML' step can read data from 3 kind of sources:

- file A simple example of reading an xml file
   url
   Get data from XML Dummy (do nothing)
- stream





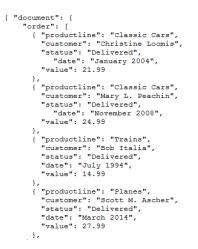


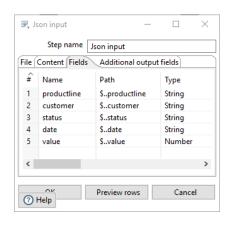
#### Lab 5: JSON

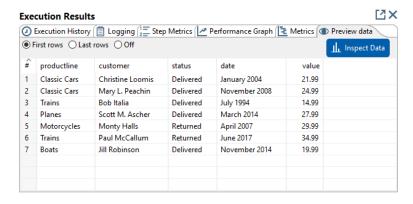


Read Json file and extract portions data out of structure.











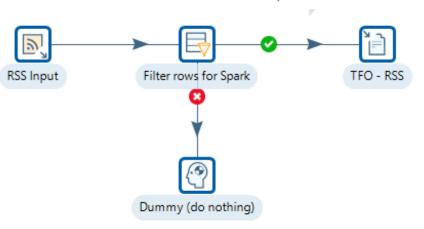


#### Lab 6: RSS Feed



- RSS (Rich Site Summary) is a format for delivering regularly changing web content. Many news-related sites, weblogs and other online publishers syndicate their content as an RSS Feed to whoever wants it.
  - Filter for 'Titles that contain XXX'.

Guided Demonstration that illustrates RSS input.



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