

```
1  //This is the implementation file set.cpp.
2  //This is the implementation of the class
   Set.

3  #include
4  #include "listtools.h"
5  #include "set.h"
6  using std::cout;
7  using std::endl;
8  using LinkedListSavitch::Node;
9  using LinkedListSavitch::search;
10 using LinkedListSavitch::headInsert;

11 namespace SetSavitch
12 {

13     template<class T>
14     Set::~~Set( )
15     {
16         Node *toDelete = head;
17         while (head != nullptr)
18         {
19             head = head->getLink( );
20             delete toDelete;
21             toDelete = head;
22         }
23     }

24     template<class T>
25     bool Set::contains(T target) const
26     {
```

```
27         Node* result = search(head, target);
28         if (result == nullptr)
29             return false;
30         else
31             return true;
32     }

33     void Set::output( )
34     {
35         Node *iterator = head;
36         while (iterator != nullptr)
37         {
38             cout << iterator->getData( ) << "
39             ";
40             iterator = iterator->getLink( );
41         }
```

```
21          //Adds a new element to the set.

22          void output( );
23          //Outputs the set to the console.

24          Set* setUnion(const Set& otherSet);
25          //Union calling object's set with
otherSet
26          //and return a pointer to the new
set.

27          Set* setIntersection(const Set&
otherSet);
28          //Intersect calling object's set with
otherSet
29          //and return a pointer to the new
set.

30      private:
31          Node *head;
32      };    //Set
33  }    //SetSavitch
34  #endif //SET_H
```

```
1  //This is the header file set.h. This is
   the interface
2  //for the class Set, which is a class for a
   generic set.
3  #ifndef SET_H
4  #define SET_H

5  #include "listtools.h"
   The library "listtools.h" is the linked list
6  using LinkedListSavitch::Node;
   library interface from Display 17.14

7  namespace SetSavitch
8  {
9      template <class T>
10     class Set
11     {
12     public:
13         Set( ) { head = nullptr; }
   //Initialize empty set.

14         //Normally a copy constructor and
   overloaded assignment
15         //operator would be included. They
   have been omitted
16         //to save space.

17         virtual ~Set( ); //Destructor
   destroys set.
18         bool contains(T target) const;
19         //Returns true if target is in the
   set, false otherwise.

20         void add(T item);
```

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```
41         cout << endl;
42     }

43     template<class T>
44     void Set::add(T item)
45     {
46         if (search(head, item)==nullptr)
47         {
48             //Only add the target if it's not
in the list
49             headInsert(head, item);
50         }
51     }

52     template<class T>
53     Set* Set::setUnion(const Set& otherSet)
54     {
55         Set *unionSet = new Set( );
56         Node* iterator = head;
57         while (iterator != nullptr)
58         {
59             unionSet->add(iterator->getData(
60             ));
61             iterator = iterator->getLink( );
62         }
63         iterator = otherSet.head;
64         while (iterator != nullptr)
65         {
66             unionSet->add(iterator->getData(
67             ));
68         }
69     }
70 }
```

```
66         iterator = iterator->getLink( );
67     }
68     return unionSet;
69 }

70     template<class T>
71     Set* Set::setIntersection(const Set&
otherSet)
72     {
73         Set *interSet = new Set( );
74         Node* iterator = head;
75         while (iterator != nullptr)
76         {
77             if
(otherSet.contains(iterator->getData( )))
78             {
79                 interSet->add(iterator->getData(
));
80             }
81             iterator = iterator->getLink( );
82         }
83         return interSet;
84     }
85 } //SetSavitch
```