#### Work done =

force x distance moved in direction of force

$$E = F \times d$$

#### Kinetic energy=

Half X mass x (speed)<sup>2</sup>

$$KE = \frac{1}{2} \times m \times v^2$$

## Change in gravitational potential energy=

mass x gravitational field strength x change in vertical height

$$\Delta GPE = m \times g \times \Delta h$$

#### Power = work done ÷ time taken

$$P = \frac{E}{t}$$

#### **Efficiency** =

(useful energy transferred by the device)

(total energy supplied to the device)

#### Power =

energy transferred ÷ time taken

$$P = \frac{E}{t}$$

**Density** = mass ÷ volume

$$\rho = \frac{m}{V}$$

## <u>Distance travelled</u>= average speed x time

$$\frac{\textbf{Acceleration}}{\textbf{time taken}} = \frac{\text{change in velocity}}{\text{time taken}}$$

$$a=\frac{(v-u)}{t}$$

# $\frac{\text{Wave speed}}{\text{frequency x wavelength}}$ $v = f \times \lambda$

Wave speed = distance ÷ time

$$v = \frac{x}{t}$$

#### **Energy transferred =**

charge moved x potential difference

$$E = Q \times V$$

Charge = current x time

$$Q = I \times t$$

#### **Electrical power=**

current x potential difference

$$P = I \times V$$

#### **Electrical power =**

current squared x resistance

$$P = I^2 \times R$$

#### Potential Difference=

current x resistance

$$V = I \times R$$

Separates only

#### Moment of a force =

force x distance normal to the direction of the force

Separates only

#### Pressure =

Force normal to surface

÷ area of that surface

$$P = \frac{F}{A}$$

## Force = mass x acceleration F = m x a

#### Weight =

mass x gravitational field strength  $W=m \times q$ 

#### Force exerted on a spring=

spring constant x extension

$$F = k \times x$$

#### Momentum =

mass x velocity

$$p = m x v$$