

# Improving the security of "Lukuhaaste" web application

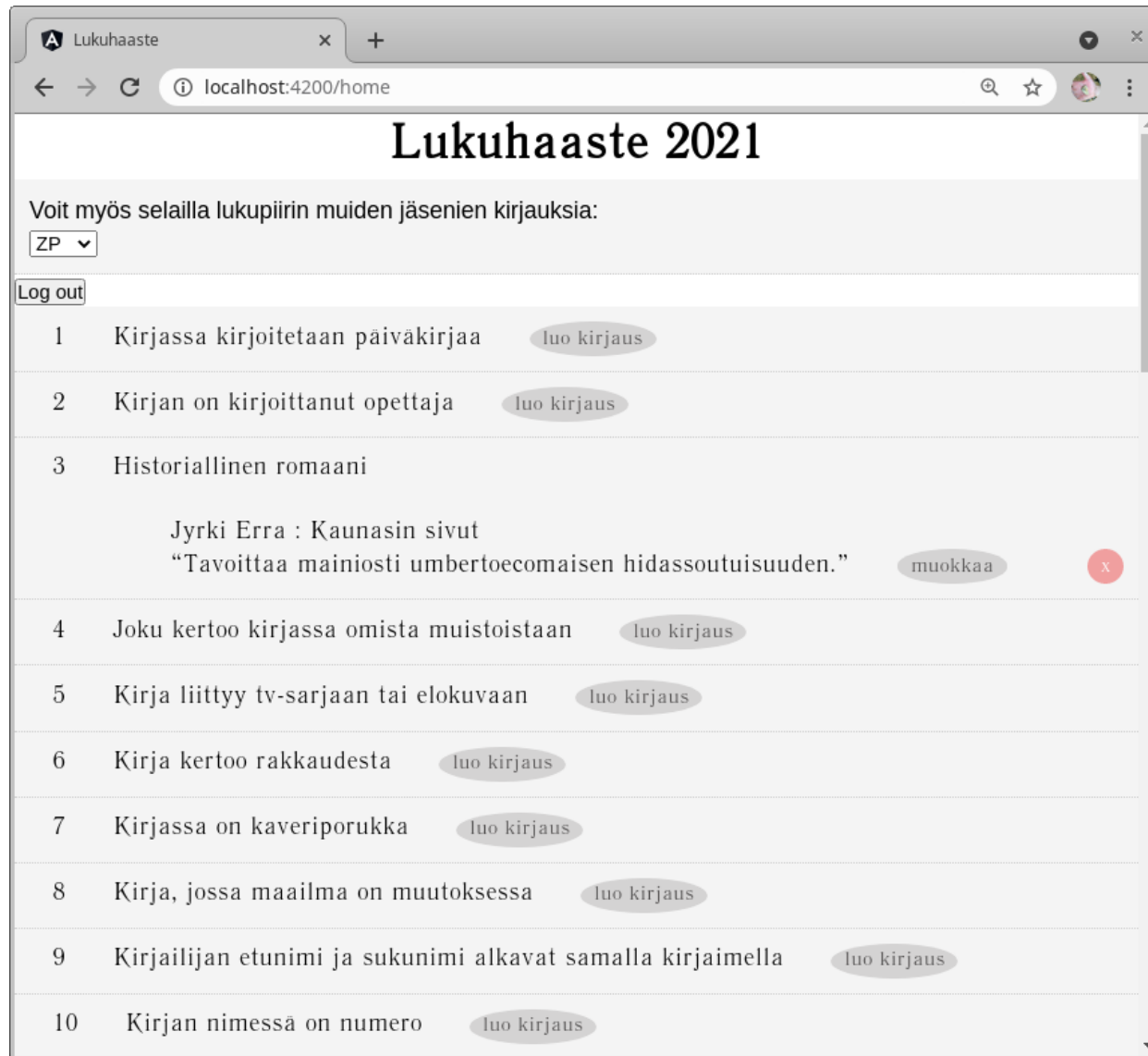
JP Paalassalo 21.5.2021



# Scope

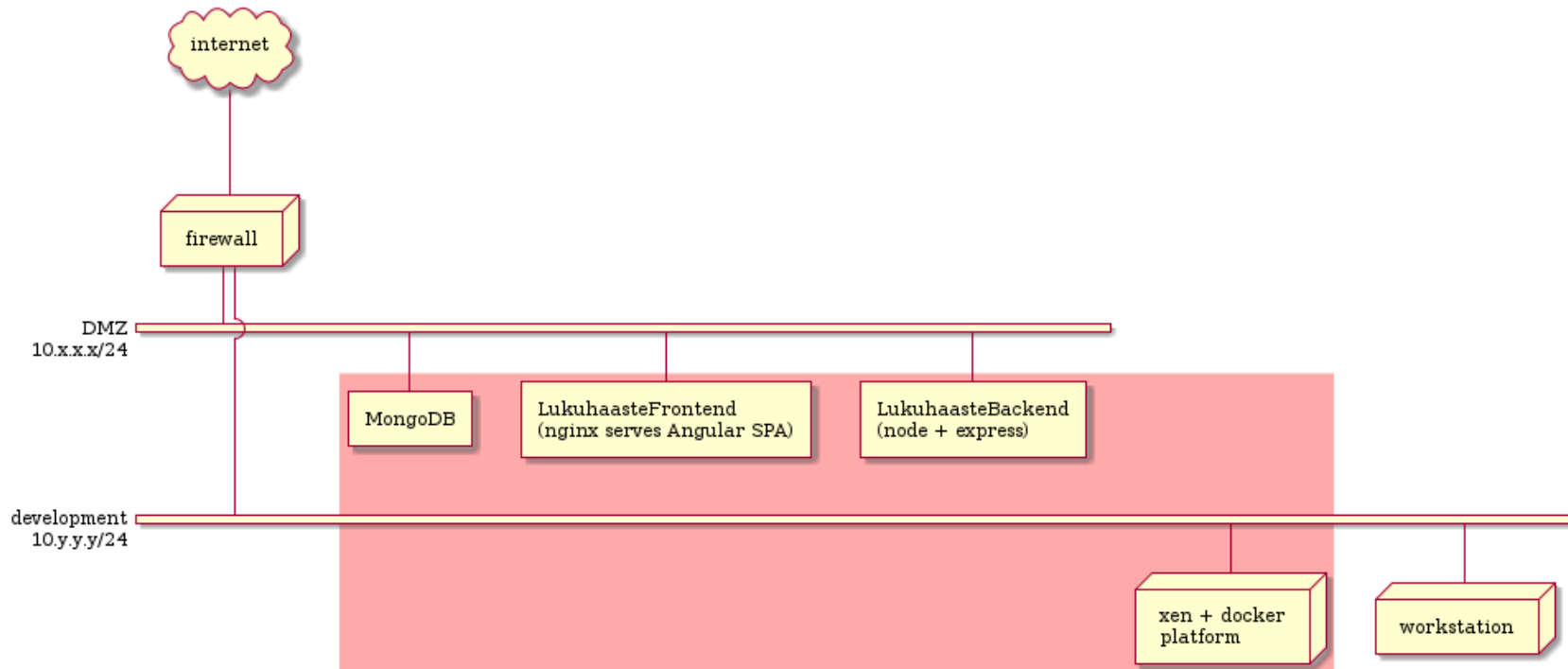
- Existing single-user MEAN stack web application:
  - Perform threat analysis
  - New feature: implement user login and access tokens

# App Functionality



- App presents list of reading challenges
- User can post achievements including freetext comments

# App Deployment



- Attack surface contains not only app interfaces, but sysadmin/developer layer too

# Detailed Threat Analysis

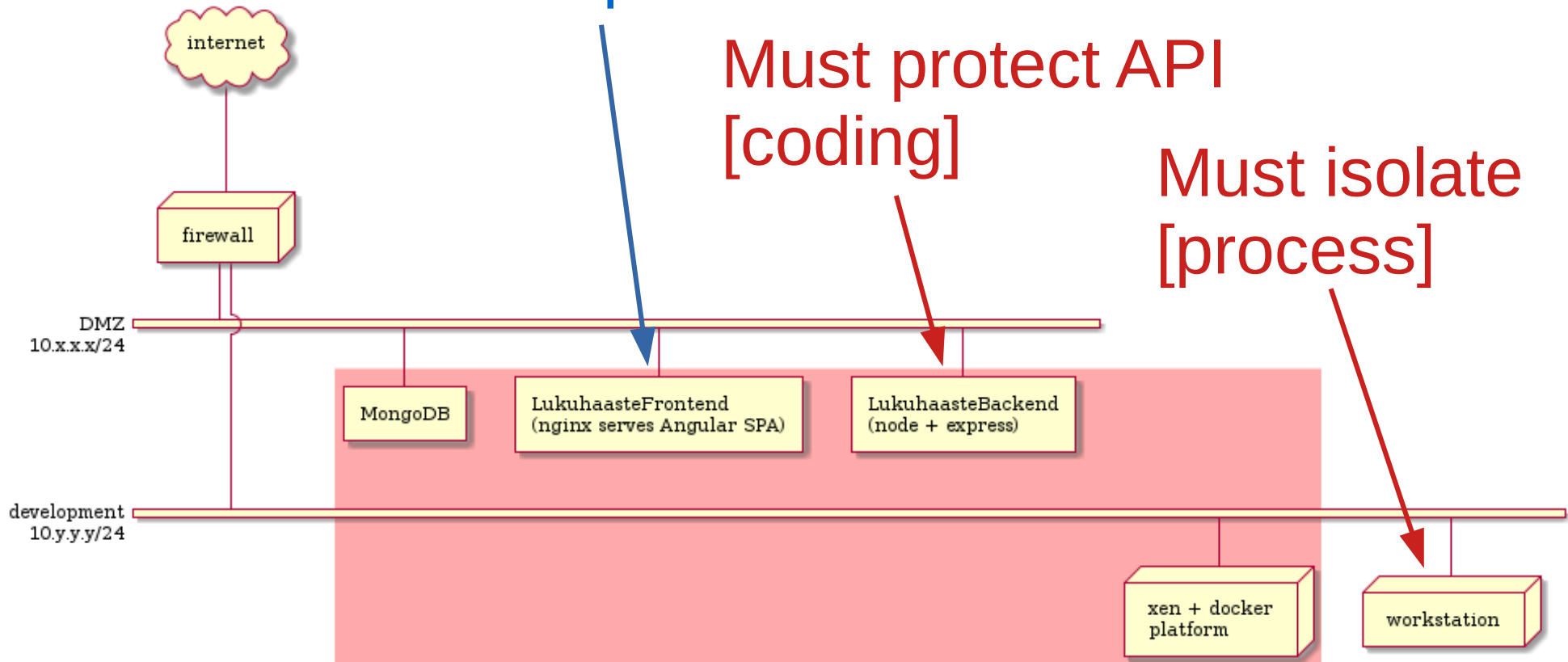
Scope	Vulnerability	Risk	Mitigation
firewall	configuration error	2	Utilize external testing services
firewall	unauthorized access	2	Keep FW updated. Strong admin password. Restrict access from internal network too.
frontend	nginx vulnerabilities	3	Set up watchtower to rebuild frontend as nginx upgrades are available.
docker platform	docker API vulnerabilities exposed to containers	1	Keep upgrading platform. All public containers must run with limited non-root privileges.
xen platform	virtualisation network stack has vulnerability	1	Keep xen up-to-date.
backend/frontend node platform	node library vulnerabilities	2	Check and fix vulnerabilities using snyk.
development	Development workstation gets infected and provides admin access to system	5	Isolate development environment to a separate workstation or on Qubes OS.
frontend code	Frontend provides unauthorised access to backend	1	(Frontend code is public and fully modifiable by attackers; not much can be done) Implement user authentication and authorization. Sanitize data sent to backend.
frontend code	Frontend identity is compromised enabling MITM attack and possibly stealing user credentials	4	Use proper certificates and force using HTTPS, use external authentication.
frontend code	Lost user credentials allow stealing the account	2	Enable multi-factor authentication and anomaly detection
backend code	unauthorised access	5	Implement user authentication and jwt sessions
backend code	injection attacks	4	Sanitize all incoming data
backend code	access tokens are used from malicious context	4	Implement CORS. Set SameSite cookie attribute to Strict.
backend code	unnecessary server information is leaked	2	Set up helmet to minimise header data

# Key Attack Vectors

SPA = public code

Must protect API  
[coding]

Must isolate  
[process]



# Implementing authentication

- Decided to use external authentication service
  - Separates authentication security issues from app
  - Provides MFA if needed
- Selected auth0
  - Supports google/github etc credentials
  - Supports standard authentication protocols: OAuth2, JWT
- In SPA context use "Authorization Code Flow with PKCE" (proof Key for Code Exchange).

# Backend user auth: /api/users

```
const jwtAuthz = require('express-jwt-authz');  
// require jwt token with authorization to read user data  
const checkScopes = jwtAuthz([ 'read:users' ]);  
  
// get all users  
// Todo: User should have access only to users that are members of same reading circle  
// Current implementation has one global reading circle  
router.get('/', checkJwt, checkScopes, (req, res) => {  
  User.find({}).exec(function(err, docs) {  
    if (!err) {  
      res.send(docs);  
    }  
    else {  
      throw err;  
    }  
  });  
});
```



# ...backend index.js

```
// add routes
const router = express.Router();
app.use('/api/users', require('./routes/api/users'));
app.use('/api/challenges', require('./routes/api/challenges'));
app.use('/api/books', require('./routes/api/books'));

// last function in stack: none of the previous functions has processed the request
app.use(function (req, res) {
  res.status(404);
  res.json({ "message" : "Requested route does not exist" });
} );

//global error handler; if any of the functions in middleware stack throws exception it ends up here
app.use(function (err, req, res, next) {
  console.log("Error message" + err.name + ": " + err.message);
  if (err.name === 'UnauthorizedError') {
    res.status(401);
    res.json({ "message" : err.name + ": " + err.message });
  } else {
    res.status(500);
    res.json({ "message" : err.name + ": " + err.message });
  }
});
```

# Testing

- Backend: nodejs library vulnerabilities were checked with snyk
  - Will send alert emails when new vulnerabilities are found
- App testing with OWASP ZAP
  - Is a proxy server between browser and app

# Dev environment isolation

- Tested Qubes OS: enables running isolated VM's on xen with configurable firewalls for each VM
  - Problem: not enough memory on test laptop to run Windows VM's in order to use Teams efficiently...
  - Will use this with next laptop
- Set up isolated VM for development, no browsing or unnecessary downloads from that