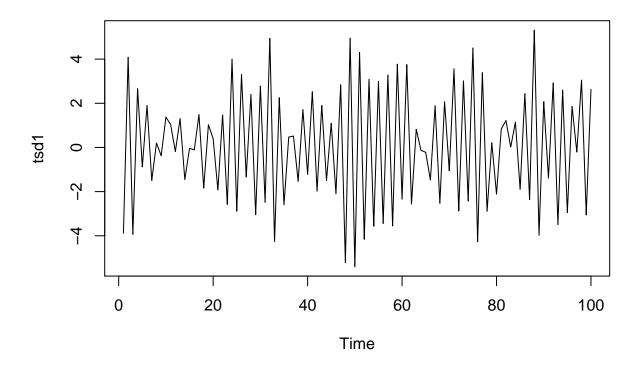
Timeseries

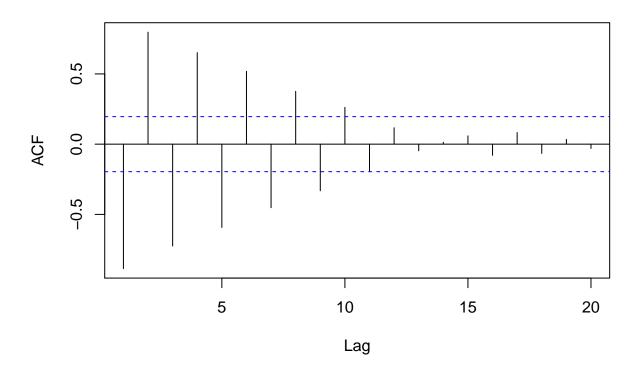
Manda Sai Prabha Reddy

01/12/2020

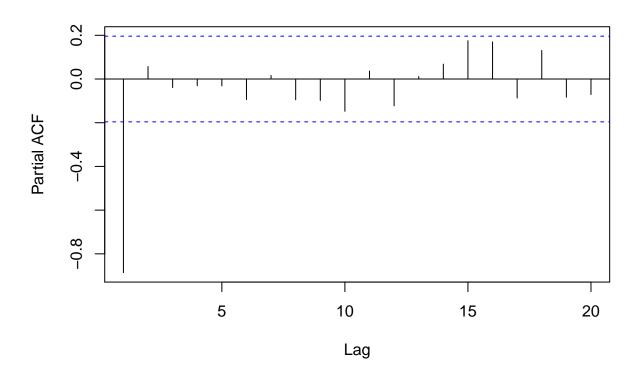
```
# Time Series
# 1.Generate a simulated two-class data set with 100 observations and two features in which there
# is a visible but non-linear seperation between the classes. Show that in this setting, a support
# vector machine with a polynomial kernal (with degree greater than 1) or a radial kernal will
# outperform a support vector classifier on the training data. Which technique performs best
# on the test data? Make plots and report training and test error rates in order to back up your
# assertions.
#a.TSD1
library('TSA')
## Warning: package 'TSA' was built under R version 3.6.3
## Attaching package: 'TSA'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       acf, arima
## The following object is masked from 'package:utils':
##
##
       tar
library(forecast)
## Warning: package 'forecast' was built under R version 3.6.3
## Registered S3 method overwritten by 'quantmod':
##
    method
                       from
##
     as.zoo.data.frame zoo
## Registered S3 methods overwritten by 'forecast':
    method
                  from
##
     fitted.Arima TSA
##
    plot.Arima
                  TSA
tsd1<-read.table("F:/TSD1.txt")</pre>
tsd1<-as.matrix(tsd1)
ts.plot(tsd1)
```



#to estimate p and q in arima(p,d,q) we require pacf,acf and eacf #acf of tsd1 acf(tsd1)



pacf(tsd1)

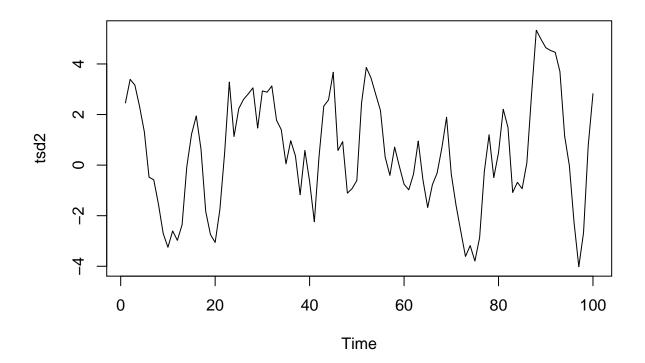


```
eacf(tsd1)
## AR/MA
   0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13
## 0 x x x x x x x x x o
## 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
## 2 x o o o o o o o o o
## 3 x x o o o o o o o o
## 4 o x o o o o o o o o
## 5 o x o o o o o o o o
## 6 o x o o o o o o o o
## 7 o x x x o o o o o o
arima(tsd1,order=c(1,0,0))
##
## Call:
## arima(x = tsd1, order = c(1, 0, 0))
##
## Coefficients:
##
                 intercept
            ar1
##
         -0.9043
                    0.0681
## s.e.
         0.0422
                    0.0617
```

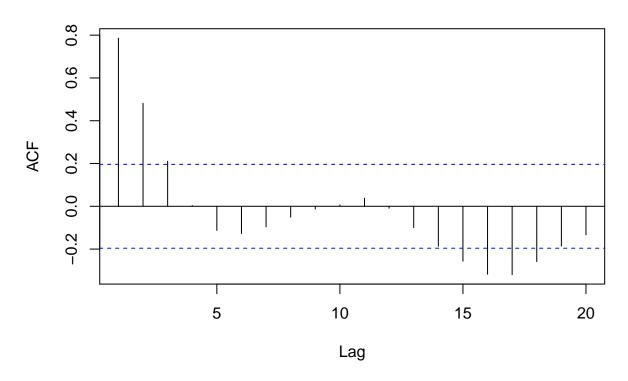
$sigma^2$ estimated as 1.369: log likelihood = -158.46, aic = 320.93

auto.arima(tsd1)

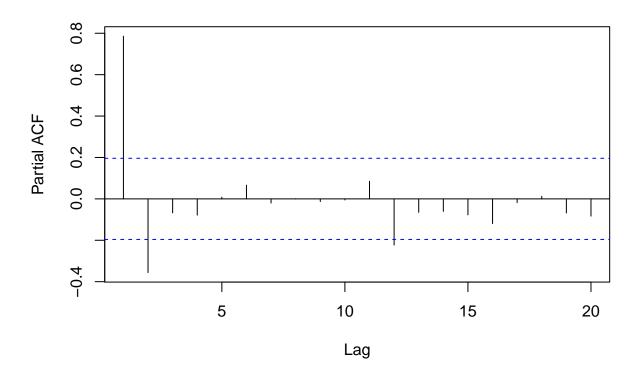
```
## Series: tsd1
## ARIMA(1,0,0) with zero mean
##
## Coefficients:
##
         -0.9030
##
## s.e.
         0.0424
##
## sigma^2 estimated as 1.4: log likelihood=-159.07
## AIC=322.13 AICc=322.26
                               BIC=327.35
#TSD2
tsd2<-read.table("F:/TSD2.txt")</pre>
tsd2<-as.matrix(tsd2)</pre>
ts.plot(tsd2)
```



#to estimate p and q in arima(p, d, q) we require pacf, acf and eacf #acf of tsd1 acf(tsd2)



pacf(tsd2)



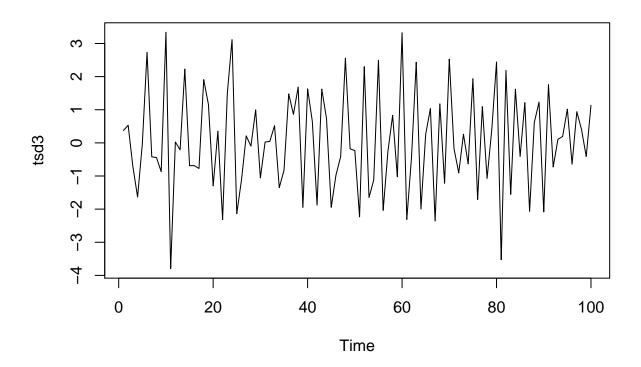
```
eacf(tsd2)
```

arima(tsd2)

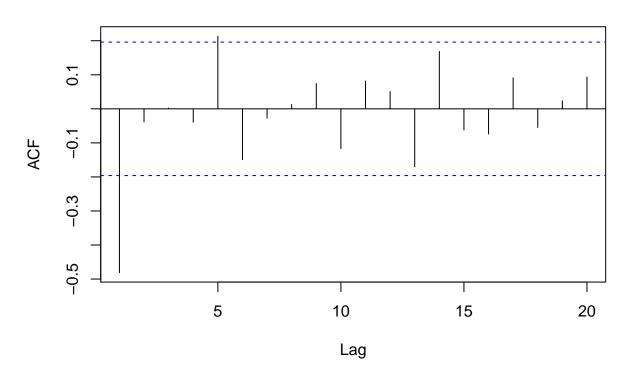
```
##
## Call:
## arima(x = tsd2)
##
## Coefficients:
## intercept
## 0.4906
## s.e. 0.2220
##
## sigma^2 estimated as 4.929: log likelihood = -221.65, aic = 445.3
```

auto.arima(tsd2)

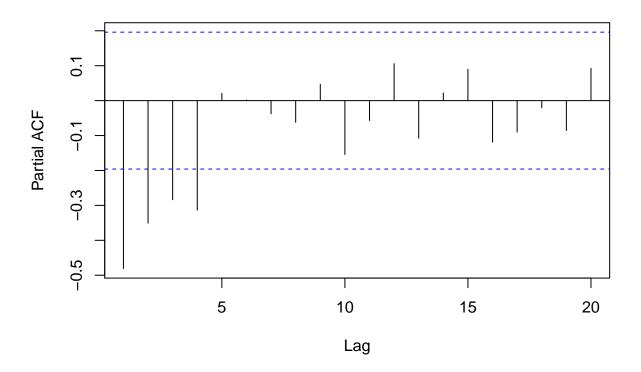
```
## Series: tsd2
## ARIMA(2,0,0) with zero mean
##
## Coefficients:
##
            ar1
                     ar2
         1.1051 -0.3747
##
## s.e. 0.0932
                  0.0939
##
## sigma^2 estimated as 1.619: log likelihood=-165.64
## AIC=337.28 AICc=337.53
                             BIC=345.09
#TSD3
tsd3<-read.table("F:/TSD3.txt")</pre>
tsd3<-as.matrix(tsd3)</pre>
ts.plot(tsd3)
```



#to estimate p and q in arima(p, d, q) we require pacf, acf and eacf #acf of tsd1 acf(tsd3)



pacf(tsd3)



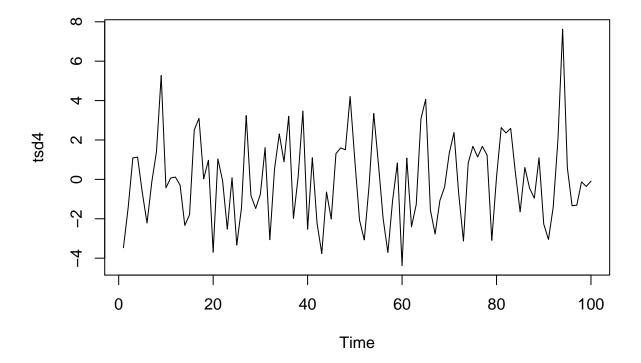
eacf(tsd3)

arima(tsd3)

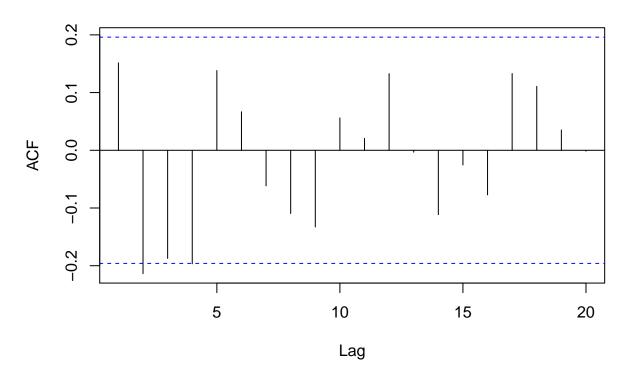
```
##
## Call:
## arima(x = tsd3)
##
## Coefficients:
## intercept
## 0.0457
## s.e. 0.1541
##
## sigma^2 estimated as 2.374: log likelihood = -185.12, aic = 372.23
```

auto.arima(tsd3)

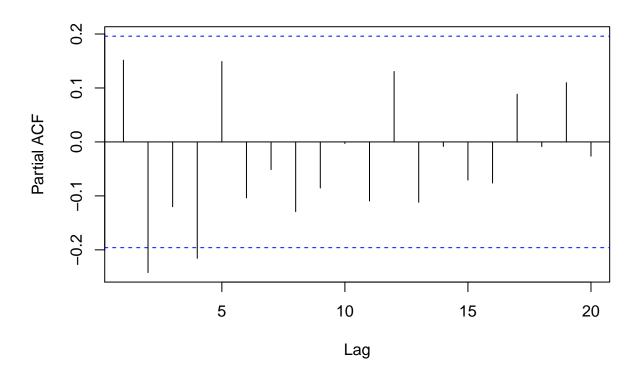
```
## Series: tsd3
## ARIMA(0,0,1) with non-zero mean
##
## Coefficients:
##
             ma1
                     {\tt mean}
                  0.0312
##
         -0.8675
        0.0666 0.0168
## s.e.
##
## sigma^2 estimated as 1.373: log likelihood=-157.44
## AIC=320.89
               AICc=321.14
                              BIC=328.7
#TSD4
#TSD2
tsd4<-read.table("F:/TSD4.txt")</pre>
tsd4<-as.matrix(tsd4)</pre>
ts.plot(tsd4)
```



```
#to estimate p and q in arima(p,d,q) we require pacf,acf and eacf #acf of tsd1 acf(tsd4)
```



pacf(tsd4)



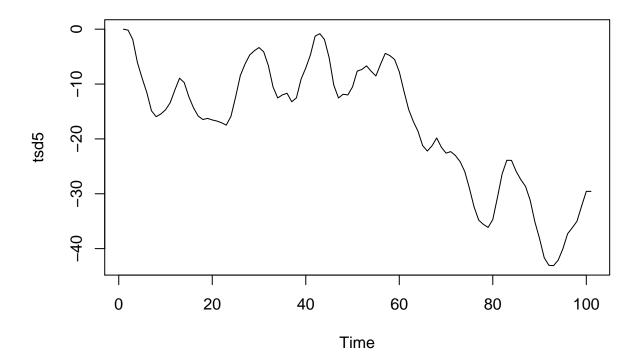
eacf(tsd4)

arima(tsd4)

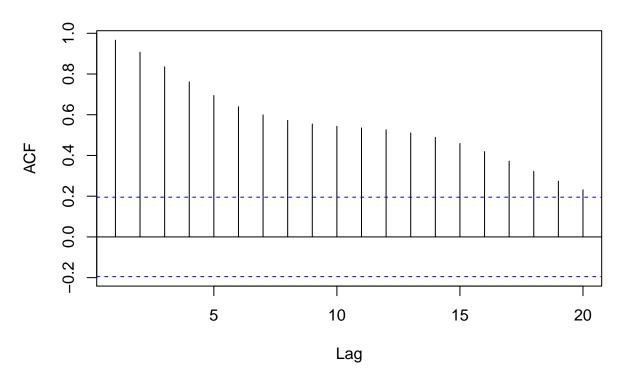
```
##
## Call:
## arima(x = tsd4)
##
## Coefficients:
## intercept
## -0.0305
## s.e. 0.2193
##
## sigma^2 estimated as 4.811: log likelihood = -220.44, aic = 442.88
```

auto.arima(tsd4)

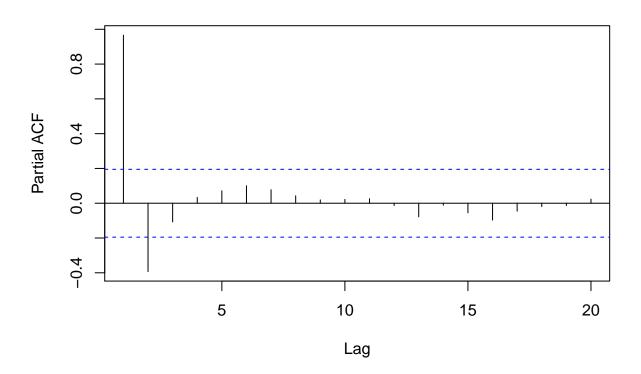
```
## Series: tsd4
## ARIMA(1,0,2) with zero mean
##
## Coefficients:
##
                              ma2
            ar1
                     ma1
         0.5705 -0.4299 -0.3929
##
## s.e. 0.2110 0.2212 0.1175
## sigma^2 estimated as 4.301: log likelihood=-213.56
## AIC=435.12 AICc=435.54 BIC=445.54
#TSD5
#TSD2
tsd5<-read.table("F:/TSD5.txt")</pre>
tsd5<-as.matrix(tsd5)</pre>
ts.plot(tsd5)
```



```
#to estimate p and q in arima(p,d,q) we require pacf,acf and eacf #acf of tsd1 acf(tsd5)
```



pacf(tsd5)



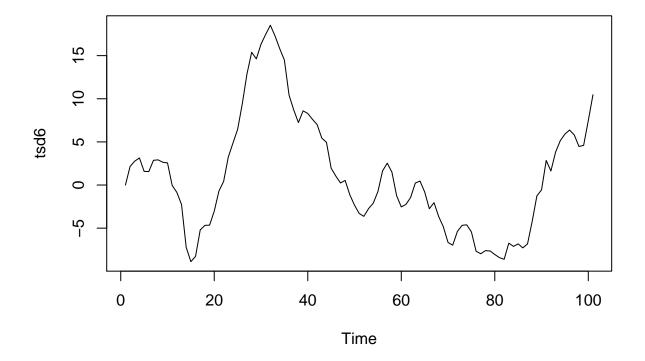
```
eacf(tsd5)
```

arima(tsd5)

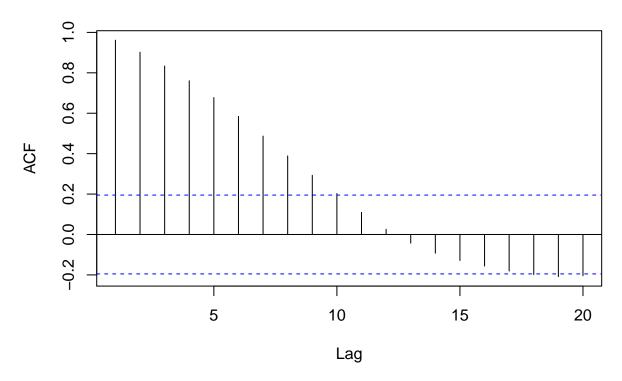
```
##
## Call:
## arima(x = tsd5)
##
## Coefficients:
## intercept
## -17.3970
## s.e. 1.1423
##
## sigma^2 estimated as 131.8: log likelihood = -389.82, aic = 781.64
```

auto.arima(tsd5)

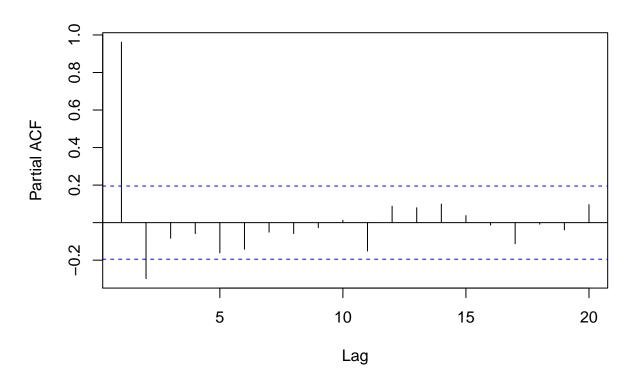
```
## Series: tsd5
## ARIMA(2,1,2) with drift
##
## Coefficients:
##
                                              drift
            ar1
                     ar2
                                       ma2
                              ma1
         1.4339 -0.5827 -0.2787 -0.5223 -0.3061
##
                                    0.1132
## s.e. 0.1060
                  0.0941
                           0.1174
                                             0.1692
## sigma^2 estimated as 1.52: log likelihood=-161.13
## AIC=334.26 AICc=335.16
                            BIC=349.89
#TSD6
tsd6<-read.table("F:/TSD6.txt")</pre>
tsd6<-as.matrix(tsd6)</pre>
ts.plot(tsd6)
```



#to estimate p and q in arima(p,d,q) we require pacf,acf and eacf #acf of tsd1 acf(tsd6)



pacf(tsd6)



eacf(tsd6)

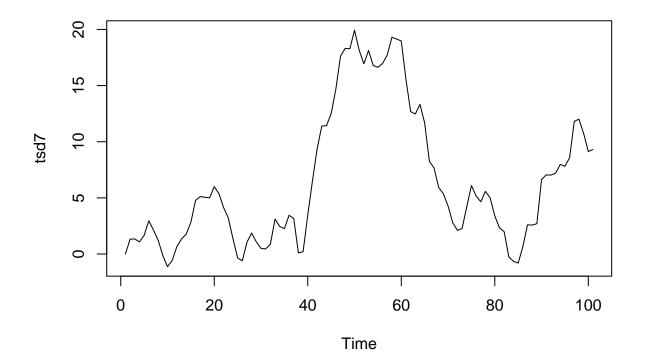
arima(tsd6)

```
##
## Call:
## arima(x = tsd6)
##
## Coefficients:
## intercept
## 1.1125
## s.e. 0.6723
##
## sigma^2 estimated as 45.65: log likelihood = -336.27, aic = 674.54
```

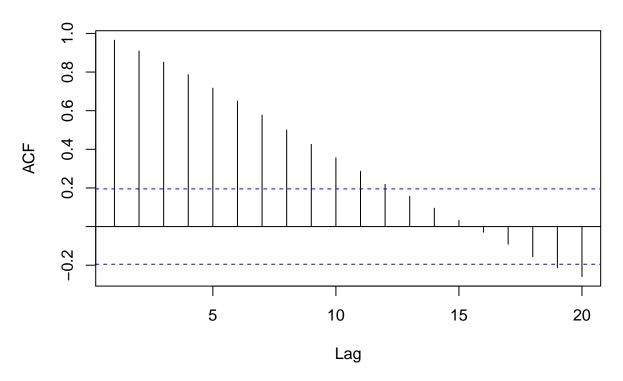
```
auto.arima(tsd6)
```

```
## Series: tsd6
## ARIMA(1,1,0)
##
## Coefficients:
## ar1
## 0.4993
## s.e. 0.0886
##
## sigma^2 estimated as 2.037: log likelihood=-177.11
## AIC=358.23 AICc=358.35 BIC=363.44

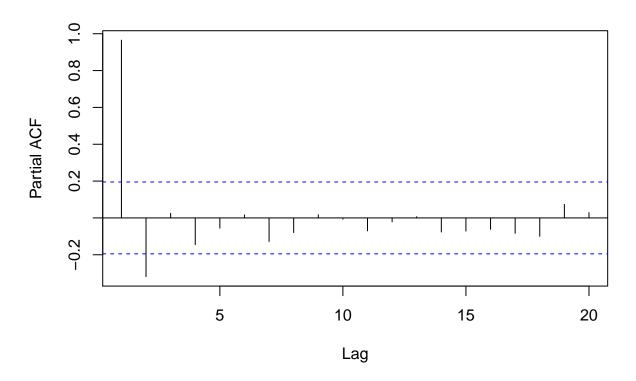
#TSD7
tsd7<-read.table("F:/TSD7.txt")
tsd7<-as.matrix(tsd7)
ts.plot(tsd7)</pre>
```



```
#to estimate p and q in arima(p,d,q) we require pacf, acf and eacf #acf of tsd1 acf(tsd7)
```



pacf(tsd7)



```
## AR/MA
## 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13
## 0 x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x 0 0
## 1 x 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
## 2 x x 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
## 3 x x x 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
## 4 0 x 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
## 5 x 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
## 6 x x 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
```

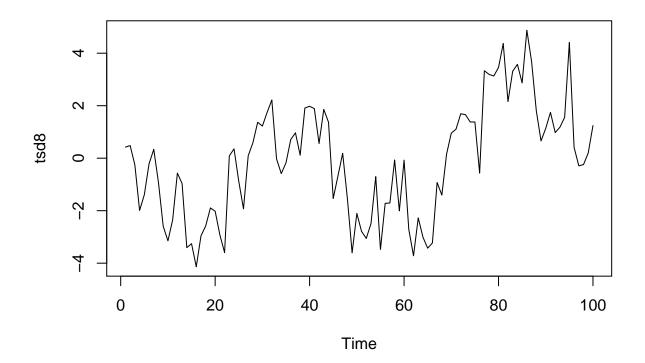
arima(tsd7)

7 x o x x o x o o o o

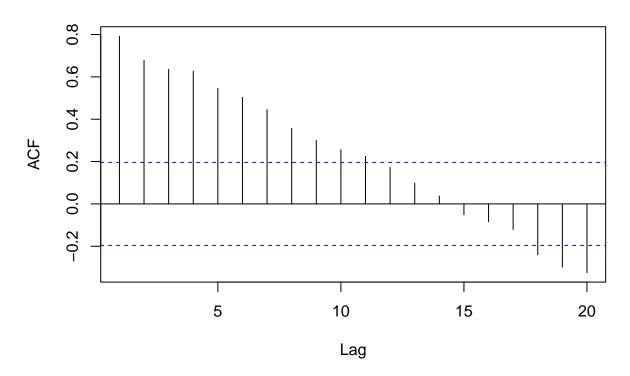
```
##
## Call:
## arima(x = tsd7)
##
## Coefficients:
## intercept
## 6.4674
## s.e. 0.6002
##
## sigma^2 estimated as 36.38: log likelihood = -324.82, aic = 651.63
```

```
auto.arima(tsd7)
```

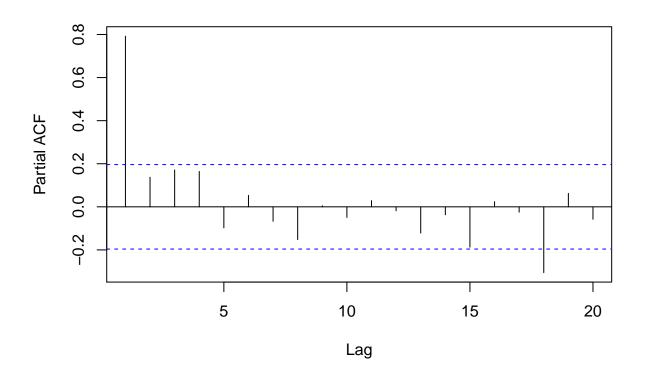
```
## Series: tsd7
## ARIMA(0,1,1)
##
## Coefficients:
##
            ma1
         0.5397
##
## s.e. 0.0875
##
## sigma^2 estimated as 1.63: log likelihood=-165.98
## AIC=335.96 AICc=336.09
                              BIC=341.18
#TSD8
tsd8<-read.table("F:/TSD8.txt")</pre>
tsd8<-as.matrix(tsd8)</pre>
ts.plot(tsd8)
```



```
#to estimate p and q in arima(p,d,q) we require pacf,acf and eacf #acf of tsd1 acf(tsd8)
```



pacf(tsd8)



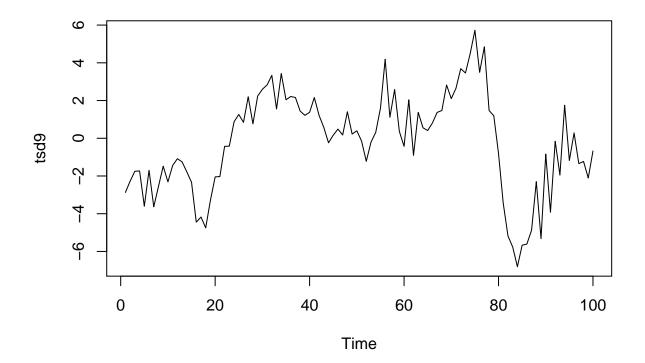
eacf(tsd8)

arima(tsd8)

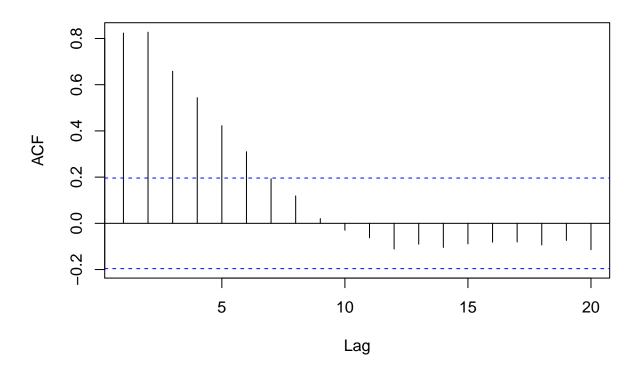
```
##
## Call:
## arima(x = tsd8)
##
## Coefficients:
## intercept
## -0.1206
## s.e. 0.2143
##
## sigma^2 estimated as 4.592: log likelihood = -218.11, aic = 438.22
```

auto.arima(tsd8)

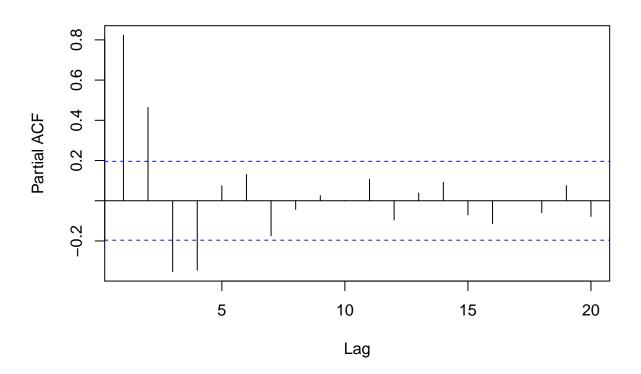
```
## Series: tsd8
## ARIMA(0,1,2)
##
## Coefficients:
##
                      ma2
             ma1
         -0.3202 -0.1596
##
## s.e.
        0.0962
                   0.0882
##
## sigma^2 estimated as 1.716: log likelihood=-166.31
## AIC=338.62
              AICc=338.87
                             BIC=346.41
#TSD9
tsd9<-read.table("F:/TSD9.txt")</pre>
tsd9<-as.matrix(tsd9)</pre>
ts.plot(tsd9)
```



```
#to estimate p and q in arima(p,d,q) we require pacf, acf and eacf #acf of tsd1 acf(tsd9)
```



pacf(tsd9)



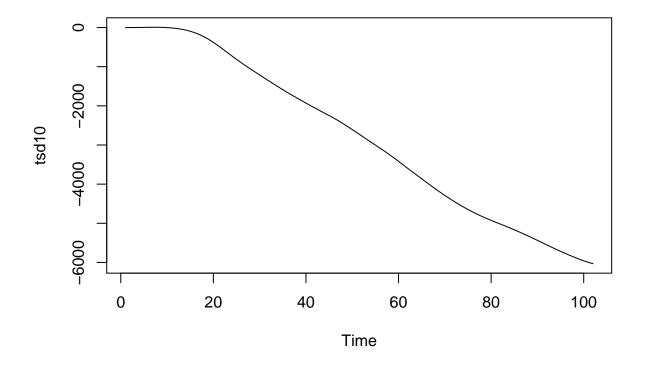
```
eacf(tsd9)
```

arima(tsd9)

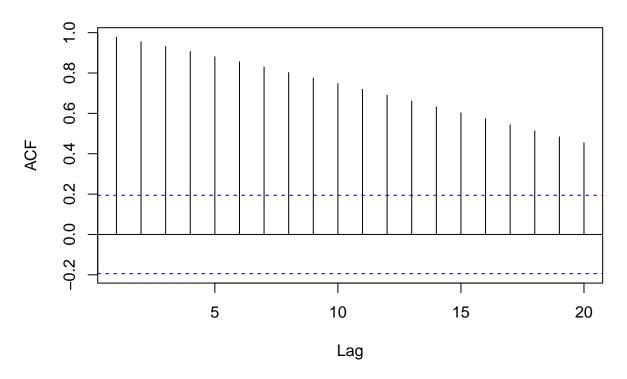
```
##
## Call:
## arima(x = tsd9)
##
## Coefficients:
## intercept
## -0.2035
## s.e. 0.2616
##
## sigma^2 estimated as 6.846: log likelihood = -238.08, aic = 478.15
```

auto.arima(tsd9)

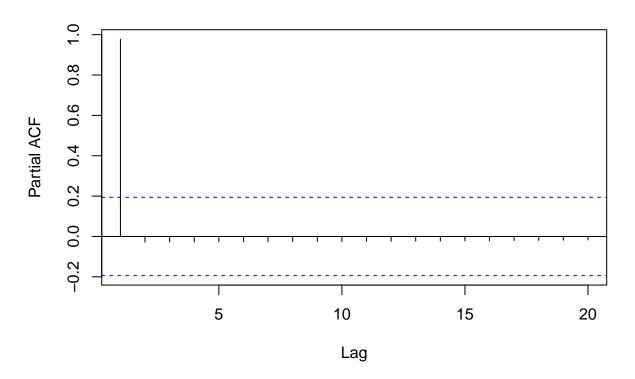
```
## Series: tsd9
## ARIMA(1,0,2) with zero mean
##
## Coefficients:
##
                             ma2
            ar1
                     ma1
##
         0.7837 -0.1952 0.9232
## s.e. 0.0621 0.0405 0.0620
## sigma^2 estimated as 1.088: log likelihood=-147.34
## AIC=302.69 AICc=303.11 BIC=313.11
#TSD10
tsd10<-read.table("F:/TSD10.txt")</pre>
tsd10<-as.matrix(tsd10)</pre>
ts.plot(tsd10)
```



#to estimate p and q in arima(p,d,q) we require pacf,acf and eacf #acf of tsd1 acf(tsd10)



pacf(tsd10)



arima(tsd10)

```
##
## Call:
## arima(x = tsd10)
##
## Coefficients:
## intercept
## -2808.5121
## s.e. 200.7082
##
## sigma^2 estimated as 4108940: log likelihood = -921.39, aic = 1844.79

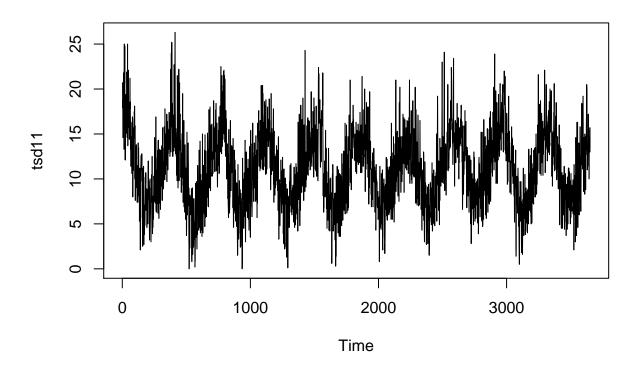
auto.arima(tsd10)
```

```
## Series: tsd10
## ARIMA(1,2,3)
##
## Coefficients:
## ar1 ma1 ma2 ma3
## 0.8097 -0.1776 0.8333 0.1985
## s.e. 0.0691 0.1144 0.0702 0.1120
##
## sigma^2 estimated as 1.346: log likelihood=-157.45
## AIC=324.89 AICc=325.53 BIC=337.92
```

```
#TSD11
tsd11<-read.delim("F:/TSD11.txt",header =FALSE,sep = ",")
tsd11<-tsd11[-c(1)]
tsd11<-as.matrix(tsd11)
ts.plot(tsd11)

## Warning in xy.coords(x = matrix(rep.int(tx, k), ncol = k), y = x, log = log, :
## NAs introduced by coercion</pre>
```

Warning in xy.coords(x, y): NAs introduced by coercion



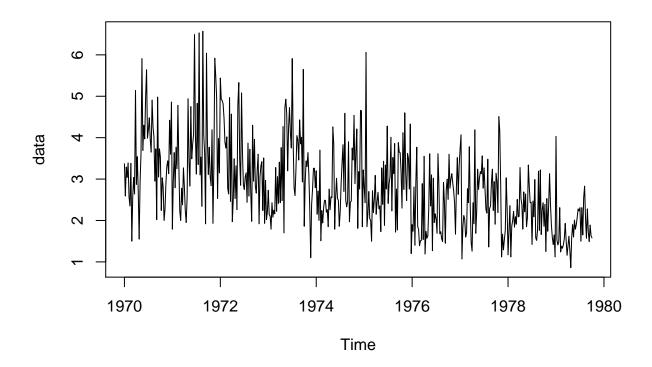
```
#to estimate p and q in arima(p,d,q) we require pacf,acf and eacf #acf of tsd1 #acf(tsd11)
```

```
## Warning: package 'astsa' was built under R version 3.6.3
##
## Attaching package: 'astsa'
## The following object is masked from 'package:forecast':
##
## gas
```

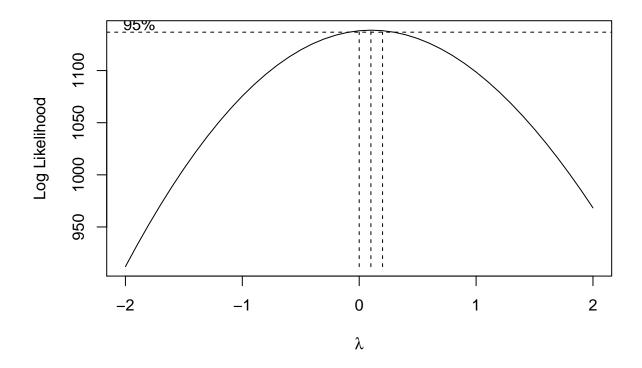
library('astsa')

```
library("TSA")
library("MASS")

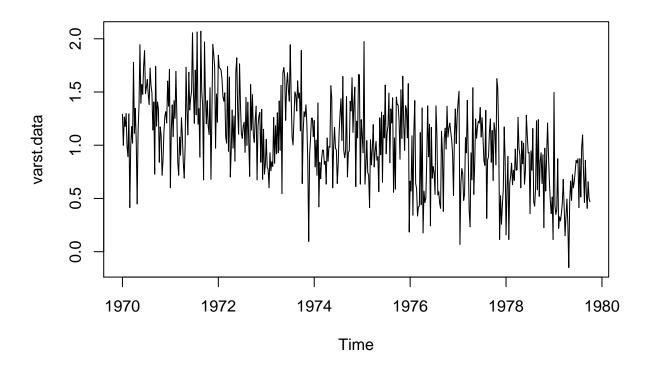
data <-so2
ts.plot(data)</pre>
```



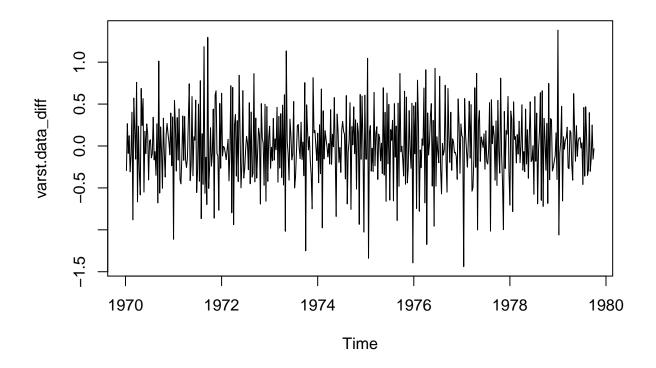
library(forecast)
#we can see from the plot that there is not any variance stabilizing thing.
#lets Use box cox for variance stabilization.
boxcox <-BoxCox.ar(data)</pre>



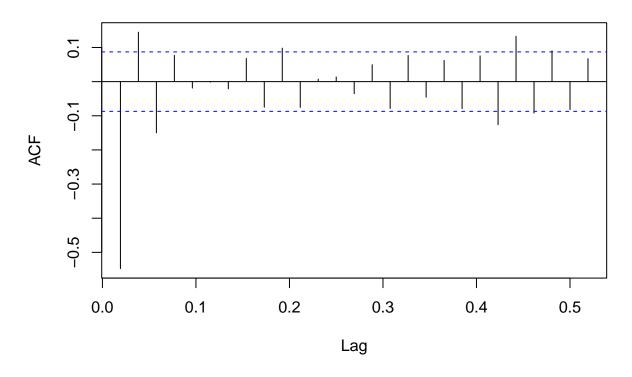
#we use that lambda as mle for vaiance stabilization using box cox transformation
varst.data <- BoxCox(data,lambda =boxcox \$mle)
ts.plot(varst.data)</pre>



#we see variance is stabilized but we see that there is a linear trend in negative direction
varst.data_diff<-diff(varst.data)
ts.plot(varst.data_diff)</pre>

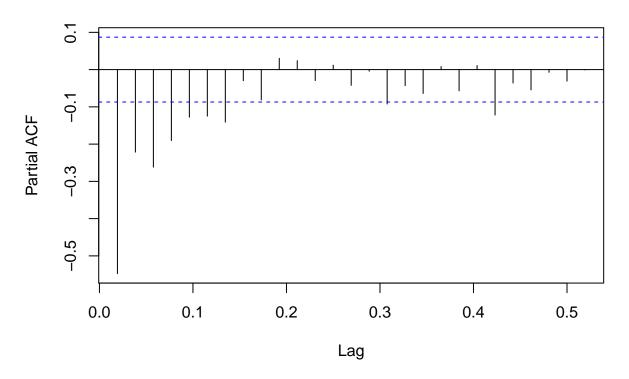


Series varst.data_diff



pacf(varst.data_diff)

Series varst.data_diff



```
eacf(varst.data_diff)
## AR/MA
   0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13
## 0 x x x o o o o o o x o
## 1 x x x o o o o o o o
## 2 x x x o o o o o o o
## 3 x o x o o o o o o o
## 4 x x x x o o o o o o
## 5 x x x x o x o o o o
## 6 x o x x x x o o o o
## 7 x x x x x x x o o o o
# from the Plot We can see that it is ARMA(1,3)Process and one unit root as we applied 1 differnecing
model<-arima(varst.data,order = c(1,1,3))</pre>
model$x<-data
print(model)
##
## Call:
## arima(x = varst.data, order = c(1, 1, 3))
## Coefficients:
```

##

##

ar1

ma1

-0.5199 -0.3254 -0.3376 -0.1137

ma2

```
## s.e.
         0.2360 0.2345 0.2114 0.0558
##
## sigma^2 estimated as 0.1134: log likelihood = -168.31, aic = 344.62
#forecast for 4 levels
forecast.data<-forecast(model, h=4, levels=95)</pre>
## Warning in forecast.Arima(model, h = 4, levels = 95): The non-existent levels
## arguments will be ignored.
print(forecast.data)
           Point Forecast
                               Lo 80
                                        Hi 80
                                                    Lo 95
                                                             Hi 95
## 1979.769
                 0.5868064 0.1551639 1.018449 -0.07333383 1.246947
## 1979.788
                 0.6025216 0.1657424 1.039301 -0.06547452 1.270518
                 0.6151187 0.1645173 1.065720 -0.07401666 1.304254
## 1979.808
## 1979.827
                 0.6085696 0.1562997 1.060840 -0.08311760 1.300257
#The 4 forecasts with confindece 95% are
CI_1<-paste("The first forecast mean value", as.character(forecast.data$mean[1]), "with 95% Confidence", "
print(CI_1)
## [1] "The first forecast mean value 0.58680639446961 with 95% Confidence ( 0.15516390401314 , 1.01844
CI_2<-paste("The second forecast mean value",as.character(forecast.data$mean[2]), "with 95% Confidence",
print(CI_2)
## [1] "The second forecast mean value 0.602521624107291 with 95% Confidence ( 0.16574242079633 , 1.039
CI_3<-paste("The third forecast mean value", as.character(forecast.data$mean[3]), "with 95% Confidence", "
print(CI_3)
## [1] "The third forecast mean value 0.615118663038797 with 95% Confidence ( 0.16451729226916 , 1.0657
CI_4<-paste("The first forecast mean value", as.character(forecast.data$mean[4]), "with 95% Confidence", "
```

[1] "The first forecast mean value 0.608569624169606 with 95% Confidence (0.15629965782298 , 1.0608

print(CI_4)