

Homework Assignment #4 (due February 27, 2:00 p.m.)

Written problems:

1. Wooldridge: Chapter 3, Problem 2

In addition to the questions in the book, answer the following:

- (iv) If you drop *feduc* from the regression, how would the slope estimate on the *meduc* variable change (i.e., does it increase or decrease)? Explain. (The new regression is *educ* on *sibs* and *meduc*.)
- (v) If you drop *feduc* from the regression, how would R-squared change?

2. Wooldridge: Chapter 3, Problem 4
3. Wooldridge: Chapter 3, Problem 8

Computer problems (show any relevant Stata output):

1. For this problem, use the **stocks.dta** dataset that was used in class (and can be found on the Blackboard website in the “Datasets” section).
 - a. You own stock in both General Electric (*ge*) and IBM (*ibm*) and want to investigate the relationship between their returns. As a first step, run the simple linear regression of *ge* on *ibm*. Interpret the slope estimate. Are the returns positively or negatively correlated?
 - b. Your friend looks at your simple linear regression results and suggests that the results may just be picking up a “market effect.” To address this issue, run the multiple linear regression of *ge* on *ibm* and *dowjones*.
 - c. How does the MLR slope estimate on *ibm* compare to the SLR slope estimate on *ibm*? Explain why this should have been expected (even before running the MLR).
 - d. Interpret the R-squared from the multiple linear regression.
2. Wooldridge: Chapter 3, Computer Exercise C4
3. Wooldridge: Chapter 3, Computer Exercise C8