

Equitable Fire Hydrant Placement



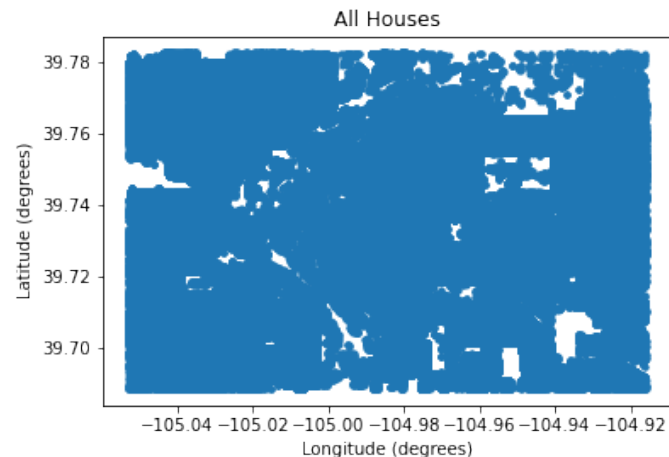
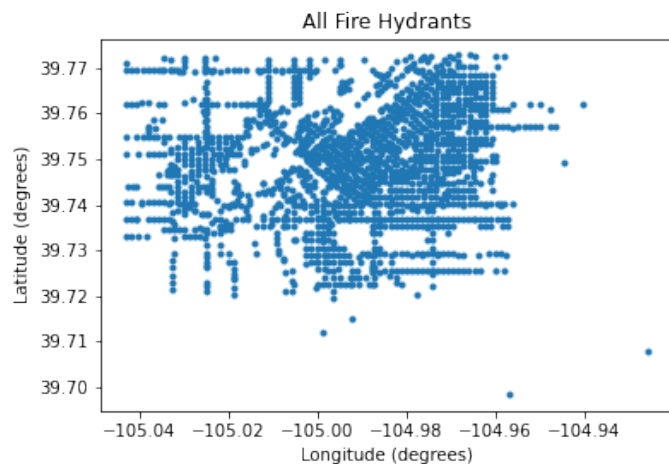
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Motivation

- Building new housing incurs more costs than just the construction of the building itself
- Safety of inhabitants is important
- Can affect home insurance rates

Limitations

- A LOT of buildings in our data set
- Hard to access official data
- Sparse crowd sourced data outside Denver-Metro area



Design Decisions

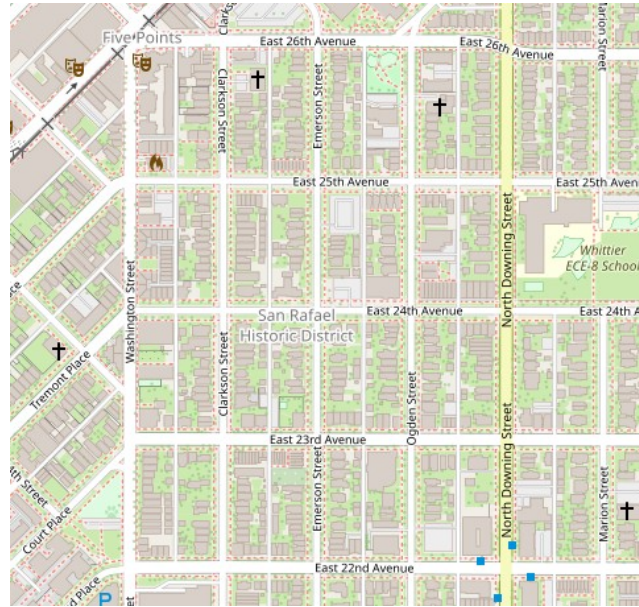
- Precompute all distances
- Close proximity means euclidean distance is sufficient

Clustering Program (LP with Integer Solution)

```
File: Clustering.mod
1  param numHydrant integer >= 0;
2  param numHouses integer >= 0;
3  set hydrants := 1..numHydrant;
4  set houses := 1..numHouses;
5  param distances{houses,hydrants} >= 0;
6
7  # Determines if we have a particular house i to a hydrant j
8  var choose {houses,hydrants} >= 0;
9  var cost{hydrants} >= 0; # Exists due to a hacky way of me creating data files
10
11 minimize distanceFunc: sum {i in houses, j in hydrants} distances[i,j] * choose[i,j];
12
13 subject to one_hydrant_per_house {i in houses}:
14     sum {j in hydrants} choose[i,j] = 1;
15
```

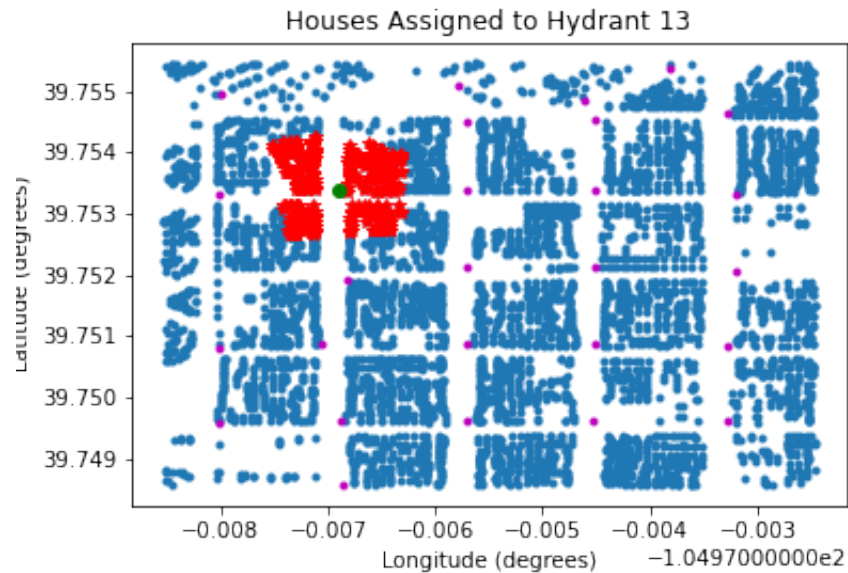
Region Selection Methods

- Selecting varying size regions distributed throughout our data set
- Could be refined based on other factors



Current State

- Assigning every house to its closest hydrant



Facility Location Program

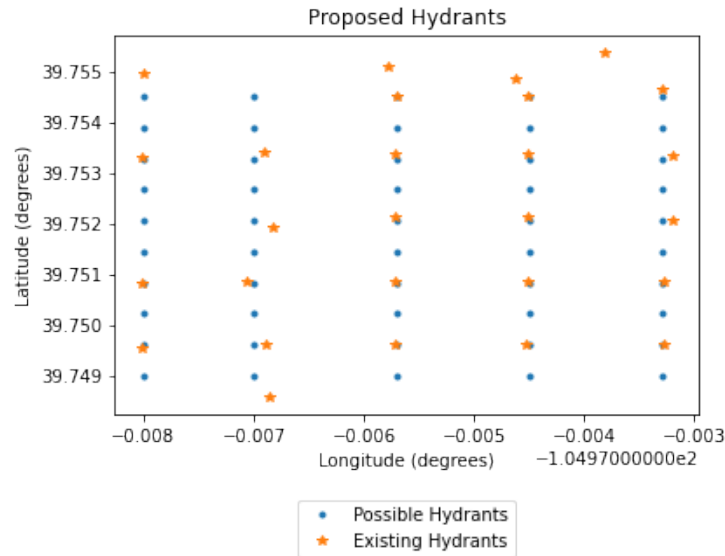
```
File: Location.mod
1  param numHydrant integer >= 0;
2  param numHouses integer >= 0;
3  set hydrants := 1..numHydrant;
4  set houses := 1..numHouses;
5  param distances{houses,hydrants} >= 0;
6  param cost{hydrants} >= 0;
7
8  # Determines if we have a particular house i to a hydrant j
9  var choose {houses,hydrants} >= 0;
10 # Determines if we use a particular hydrant
11 var makeHydrant {hydrants} binary;
12
13 minimize distanceFunc: sum {i in houses, j in hydrants} distances[i,j] * choose[i,j] + sum {j in hydrants} 10000 * makeHydrant[j] * cost[j];
14
15 subject to one_hydrant_per_house {i in houses}:
16     sum {j in hydrants} choose[i,j] = 1;
17
18 subject to needMadeFirst { i in houses, j in hydrants }:
19     choose[i,j] <= makeHydrant[j];
20
21 #subject to maxPerHydrant { j in hydrants }:
22     # sum { i in houses } choose[i,j] <= 200
```


Homes Per Hydrant

- Needs refinement
 - Empirical evidence on choice desired

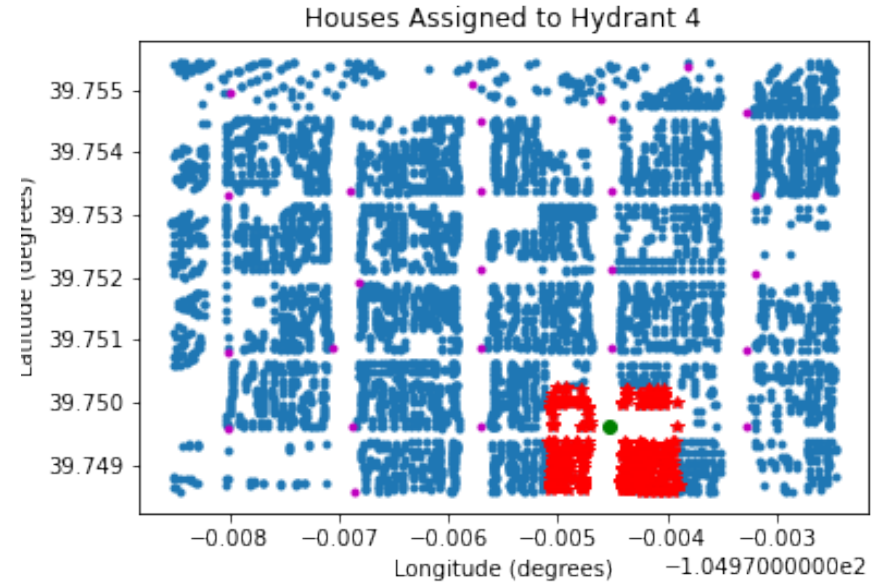
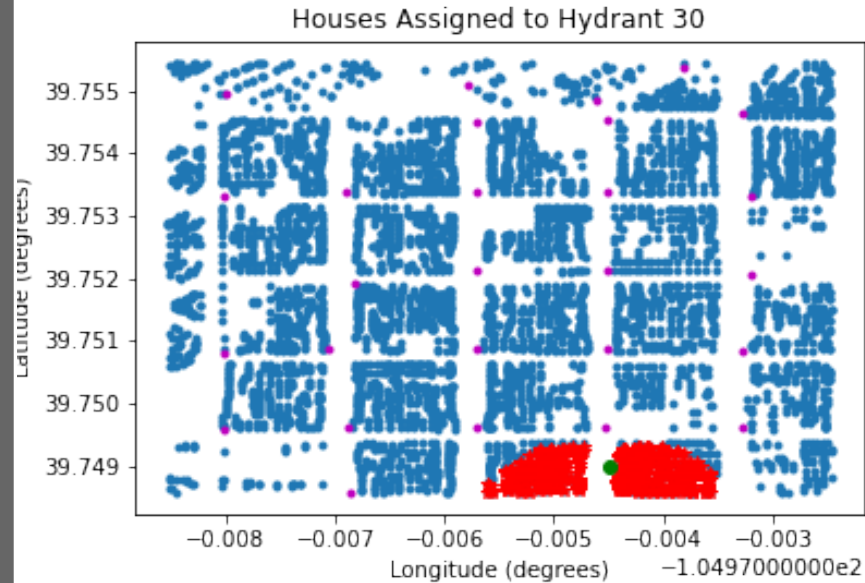
Methods

- In each region, determine placement of hydrants to minimize the distance from each building to its hydrant.
- Penalize creating new hydrants



Proposed Placement

- Very few differences in our testing



Analysis

- No real difference between “ideal” and actual
- Consider different penalization for adding new hydrants

Future work

- Better data: Clear distinction for homes and businesses
- Look at regions with clear disparities in socioeconomic status
- Better measure of equitability: Treat higher density apartments as more expensive than homes due to more people
- Consider fire risk

Citations

- Denver Fire code
- Overpass Turbo (Used for getting our data)
- Insurance rate increases
- Source Code