Arne's transient hypofrontality hypothesis: A bridge between flow and meditation

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Abstract

Recent neuroscience evidence indicates that a particular type of transient hypofrontality, increased synchronization between limbic and cortical brain regions, is a common factor in both flow (optimal experience) and meditation (a contemplative experience). A novel research program is proposed to pinpoint how to cause this synchronization, and in turn, to examine its effects. Crucial is the development of measures of this type of transient hypofrontality. Hypotheses are freely drawn from research on both meditation and flow, breaching traditional categorical boundaries. Preliminary correlational data is presented along with a plan for longitudinal evaluation.





Meditation

Need a crisp theoretical model!

Carrington (1977, pp. 8–9 & 91)

From Delmonte (1987) to Bond et al. (2009) \longrightarrow little progress







Neuroscience to the rescue



Arne Dietrich (2003, 2004) synthesized the evidence

- ▶ Brain anatomy
- ▶ Altered states of consciousness





Theory construction team



- ► Charles Driver (MPI Berlin)
- ▶ Karen Schmidt, Steve Boker, UVa grad students
- ► Ramesh Manocha (University of Sydney)
- ▶ Mom (Joshua's) and colleagues whom I forgot to mention





Don't let me off easy



Challenge me. Ask questions. Play devil's advocate.





Hierarchy of consciousness

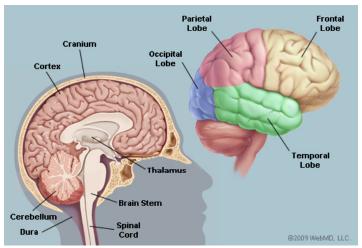


- ▶ Brainstem
- ► Thalamus
- ► Limbic system (hippocampal formation, cingulate cortex, amygdala)
- ► Cortical level (temporal, occipital, and parietal cortex; ventromedial)
- ▶ Dorsolateral prefrontal cortex





Brain anatomy

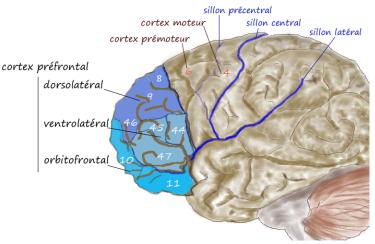


http://www.webmd.com/brain/picture-of-the-brain



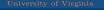


Brain anatomy









Phenomenology

Study of the 1st person









Phenomenology

Study of the 1st person

Phenomenological subtraction







Meditation reconceptualized



http://www.free-meditation.ca/archives/5984





Flow, neuroscience perspective



http://www.dailymail.co.uk/news/article-2054109/Gutsy-gibbon-ditches-monkey-bars-tightrope-walking-skills.html

Explicit processing reduced; implicit processing increased





How?



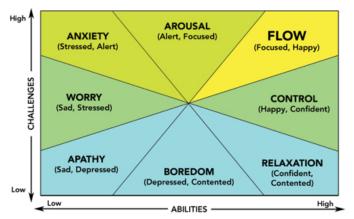
http://bizbraininterpreter.com/when-you-are-over-thinking-it/

Self-actualization, peak experience, optimal human functioning, flow





Flow triggers



http://blog.readytomanage.com/getting-away-from-fight-or-flight-and-into-the-flow/

Flow as related to challenge and ability.¹



Social flow triggers

- ▶ shared clear goals
- serious concentration
- ▶ good communication
- equal participation
- ▶ element of risk
- ► familiarity
- blending egos
- ▶ sense of control
- ► close listening
- ► always say yes²



(Images retrieved from³)





Flow triggers, summary

Individual

- clear goals
- ► challenge/ability ratio
- ▶ immediate feedback



https://www.futurlec.com/SwRocker.shtml

+ maybe more

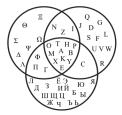
Group

- ▶ shared clear goals
- serious concentration
- ▶ good communication
- equal participation
- element of risk
- familiarity
- blending egos
- sense of control
- close listening
- always say yes





Meditation & flow



https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Venn_diagram

Berkovich-Ohana and Glicksohn (2014) identified common phenomenological and neurological properties:

- 1. greater availability of the implicit system
- 2. integration of implicit and explicit knowledge systems

We name this particular type of prefrontal hypofunction transient implicit-explicit synchronization (TIES).







Reconciliation \longrightarrow TIES



http://www.enoughmagazine.org/the-zone/



http://www.freemeditation.com/news/2011/12/04/sahaja-yoga-meditation-at-schools-in-dubai/





Old model



 $\verb|https://www.healthypetnetwork.org/images/photo_contest/RelaxedCat.jpg|$

meditation (vaguely defined)

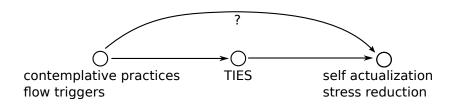


self actualization stress reduction physiological benefits





New model







Candidate measures of TIES

| function | anatomical correlate | absence of the function |
|--|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| interpreter ⁴ | left orbitofrontal cortex | mental silence |
| distinguish self from other ⁵ | right parietal lobe | sense of oneness |
| conscious will ⁶ | frontal lobe | spontaneity |
| duration accounting ⁷ | working memory | timelessness |



http://respect-discussion.blogspot.com/2012_09_01_archive.html





Measures

triggers

- ► contemplative training
- barrier
- spontaneity (intervention)
- ▶ object of attention
- ► social flow triggers

TIES

- mental silence
- ► sense of oneness
- timelessness
- spontaneity (experience)

- ▶ self actualization
- ▶ (mental) health



http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Science





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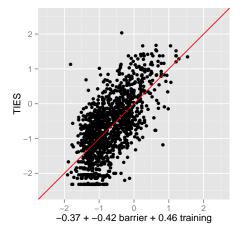


nttp://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Scienc





Training, barrier \longrightarrow mental silence







Measures

${ m triggers}$

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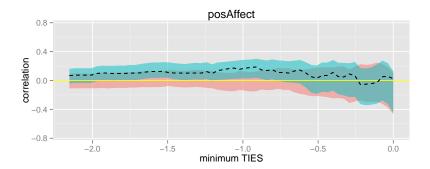


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Training, mental silence \longrightarrow positive affect



The shaded area shows the 95% confidence interval of the correlation. Blue is TIES. Pink is training. Dash line is TIES minus training.





Measures

triggers

► contemplative training

- barrier
- spontaneity (intervention)
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TIES

- mental silence
- sense of oneness
- timelessness
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- ▶ self actualization
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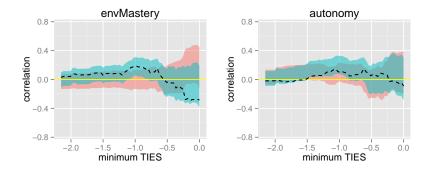


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Training, mental silence \longrightarrow self-actualization



The shaded area shows the 95% confidence interval of the correlation. Blue is TIES. Pink is training. Dash line is TIES minus training.





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nttp://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Science





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http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Science





Sense of oneness

Proposal: "During the session, to what extent were you aware of your physical location?"

Responses:

- ▶ I was sitting in the room and that's how I felt.
- ▶ I lost track of the boundaries of my physical body.
- ▶ I felt a sense of oneness with the whole.
- ▶ The sense of oneness was profound and persisted for a few hours after the session.





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http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Science





Timelessness

Problems:

- ▶ time can compress or elongate
- ▶ individual differences in baseline attention to time
- ► time distortion is commonplace—people don't consider it noteworthy



ttp://www.mascotlaw.com/

Q: "During recent sessions, I think about how much time is remaining in the session ..."

A: continuously, frequently, occasionally, or not at all





Measures

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http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Science





Spontaneity

| | Feeling of doing | No feeling of doing |
|-----------|-------------------------|---------------------|
| Doing | normal voluntary action | spontaneity |
| Not doing | illusion of control | normal inaction |

How to ask about it?

Needs basic research in social psychology?





Measures

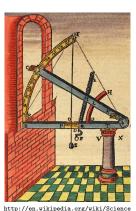
triggers

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nttp://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Science





Object of attention

"attentional resources are used to actively amplify a particular event" ⁸

Which event? Does it matter?

Proposal: "During the session, where is it most important for you to focus your attention?"



http://sceneinadifferentlight.com/shooting-through





Measures

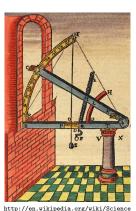
triggers

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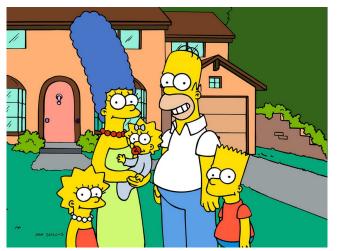


nttp://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Science





Family is an obstacle?



http://tvtastic.files.wordpress.com/2011/10/simpsons-family.jpg





One of Shri Mataji's ideas



http://shrimataji.org/site/in-her-words/shri-mataji-reading-room.html

Maternal scholarship and expression





Conclusion

longitudinal (May/June 2015)

- ► contemplative training
- barrier
- ▶ mental silence
- environmental mastery

short term

- sense of oneness
- ▶ timelessness
- object of attention

long term

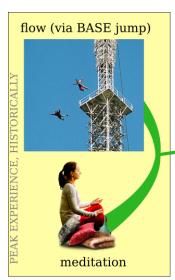
- spontaneity (intervention & experience)
- social flow triggers
- more outcome measures

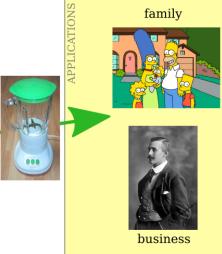


http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Science













Endnotes

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<sup>1</sup>Csikszentmihalyi (1988)
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 $^{^2}$ Sawyer (2007)

³http://aztecpressonline.com/2011/04/arts-briefs-7/ and http://photos.mlive.com/flint-journal/2011/09/pickup_basketball_at_kennedy_p.html

⁴Gazzaniga (1989)

⁵Goldberg, Harel, and Malach (2006); Newberg et al. (2001)

⁶Wegner (2002, pp. 84, 333); Mulla and Krishnan (2006)

⁷Rammsayer (1999)

⁸Dietrich (2003, p. 243)

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 Psychology of Religion and Spirituality, 1(2), 129–137.
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