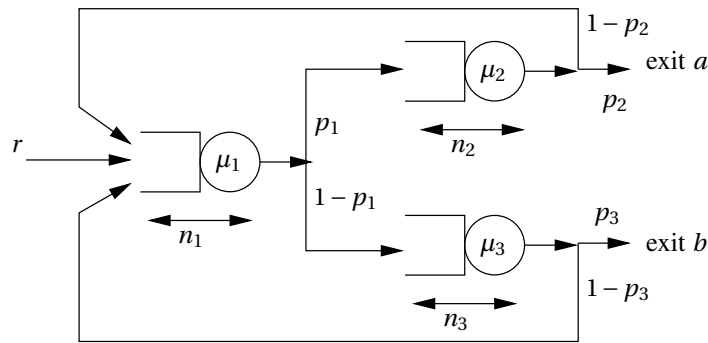
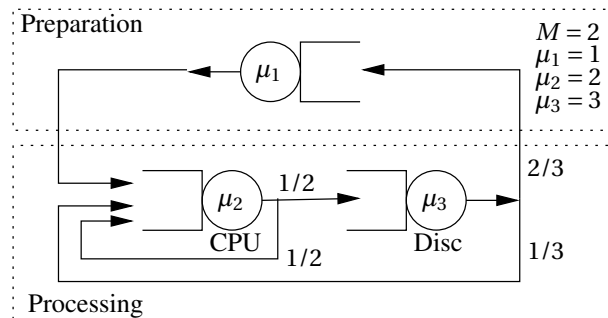


Problem 22.1



- 22.1.A Derive a close formula for the stationary distribution of the network shown in the figure using the general product form for a Jackson network. Suppose that $r = 1$ customers/s, $\mu_1 = \mu_2 = \mu_3 = 2$ customers/s, $p_1 = 0,5$, $p_2 = 0,5$, $p_3 = 0,8$. Check the system stability.
- 22.1.B Compute the average number of customers/s leaving the system at exit a and exit b .
- 22.1.C Compute the average number of customers in the system and the average time in the system.

Problem 22.2



The system of the figure consists of $M = 2$ processes that follow 2 stages: First they are prepared and then executed in a processing unit that consists of a CPU and a Disk. All services in the queues that model these units are exponential with rates μ_i processes/time unit.

- 22.2.A Compute the stationary distribution using the general product form for a Jackson network.
- 22.2.B Can be the throughput (number of processes per time unit dispatched by the preparation stage) higher than 1 process/time unit? Why?
- 22.2.C Compute the throughput.
- 22.2.D Compute the processing time (expected time in the processing stage).
- 22.2.E Compute the expected number of times that each process entering in the processing stage will be run by the CPU.