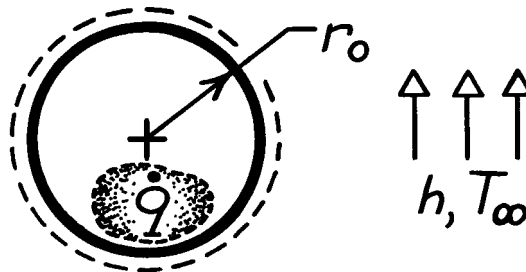


PROBLEM 3.93

KNOWN: Radius, thermal conductivity, heat generation and convection conditions associated with a solid sphere.

FIND: Temperature distribution.

SCHEMATIC:



ASSUMPTIONS: (1) Steady-state conditions, (2) One-dimensional radial conduction, (3) Constant properties, (4) Uniform heat generation.

ANALYSIS: Integrating the appropriate form of the heat diffusion equation,

$$\frac{1}{r^2} \frac{d}{dr} \left[kr^2 \frac{dT}{dr} \right] + \dot{q} = 0 \quad \text{or} \quad \frac{d}{dr} \left[r^2 \frac{dT}{dr} \right] = -\frac{\dot{q} r^2}{k}$$

$$r^2 \frac{dT}{dr} = -\frac{\dot{q} r^3}{3k} + C_1 \quad \frac{dT}{dr} = -\frac{\dot{q} r}{3k} + \frac{C_1}{r^2}$$

$$T(r) = -\frac{\dot{q} r^2}{6k} - \frac{C_1}{r} + C_2.$$

The boundary conditions are: $\left. \frac{dT}{dr} \right|_{r=0} = 0$ hence $C_1 = 0$, and

$$\left. -k \frac{dT}{dr} \right|_{r=r_o} = h [T(r_o) - T_\infty].$$

Substituting into the second boundary condition ($r = r_o$), find

$$\frac{\dot{q} r_o}{3} = h \left[-\frac{\dot{q} r_o^2}{6k} + C_2 - T_\infty \right] \quad C_2 = \frac{\dot{q} r_o}{3h} + \frac{\dot{q} r_o^2}{6k} + T_\infty.$$

The temperature distribution has the form

$$T(r) = \frac{\dot{q}}{6k} (r_o^2 - r^2) + \frac{\dot{q} r_o}{3h} + T_\infty.$$

COMMENTS: To verify the above result, obtain $T(r_o) = T_s$,

$$T_s = \frac{\dot{q} r_o}{3h} + T_\infty$$

Applying energy balance to the control volume about the sphere,

$$\dot{q} \left[\frac{4}{3} \pi r_o^3 \right] = h 4 \pi r_o^2 (T_s - T_\infty) \quad \text{find} \quad T_s = \frac{\dot{q} r_o}{3h} + T_\infty.$$

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