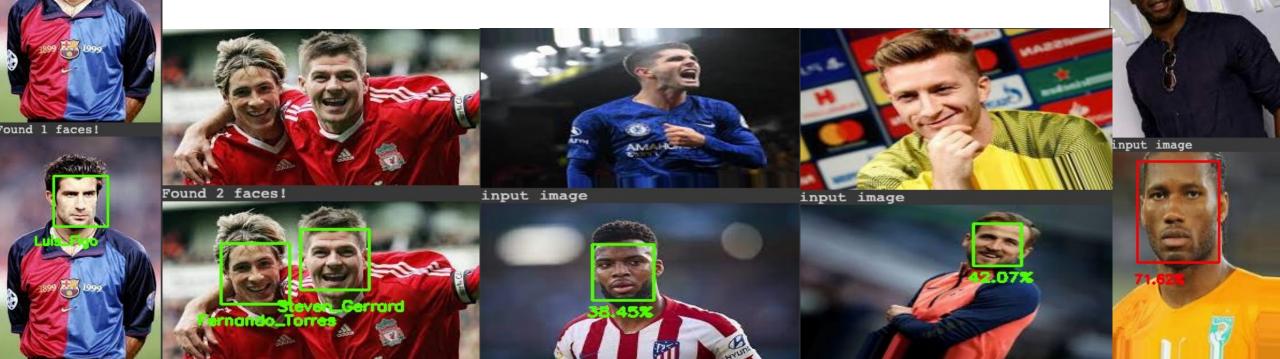
# Fine tuning on VGG16 for Facial Recognition to Identify People of Interest



### **Problem Statement**

As Singapore is building towards a Smart Nation to improve the lives of citizen, the Smart City concept, with intelligent video analytics as one of its essential will become the basis of public security around Singapore.

This project aims to build a facial recognition model to <u>identify people</u> <u>of interest</u> which can be extended to aid law enforcement agencies such as ICA and the Police in identifying

- Missing people
- Criminals/Offenders
- Terrorists

# Objective

- 1. Classification of the image of a face to the correct ID metric used here will be the model accuracy
- 2. Similarity of faces in 2 different images metric used here will be the cosine similarity



### Dataset

- Self-sourced of 20 images each for 100 soccer stars via Google
- Images of each soccer star were splitted into training, validation and test dataset with the ratio of 7:2:1 before image augmentation to prevent data leakage
- Image augmentation were done to expand the size of a training dataset by creating modified versions of images









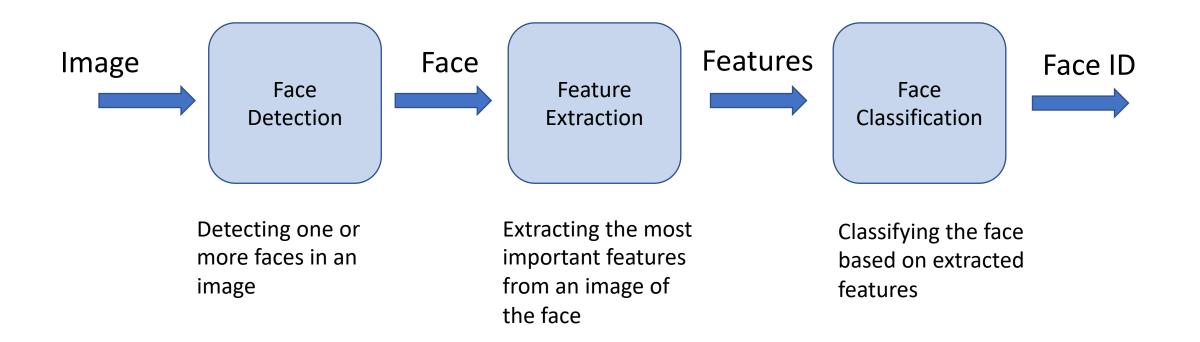




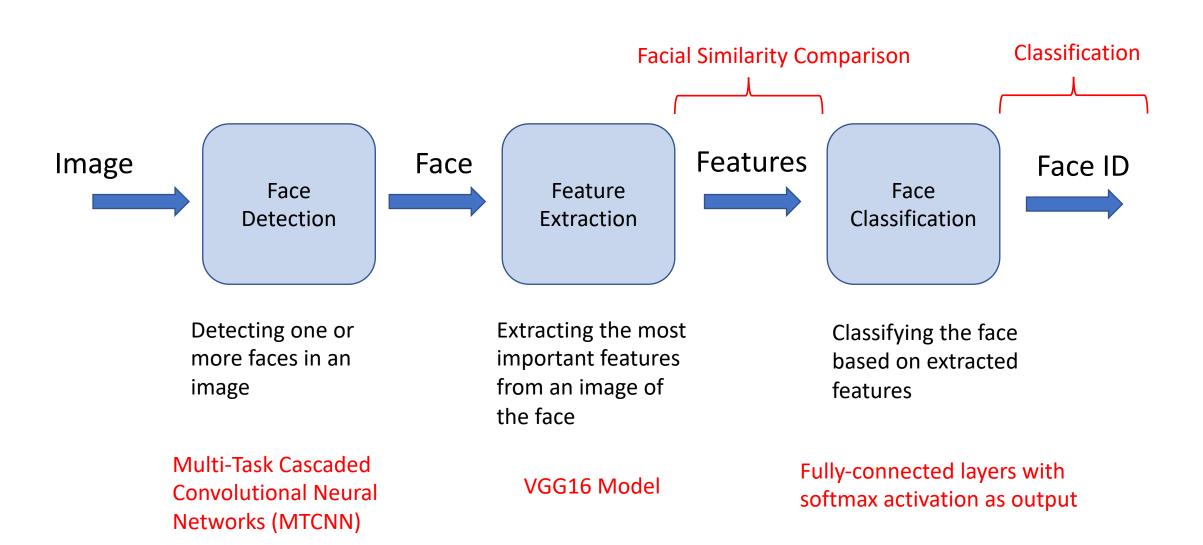


Augmentation

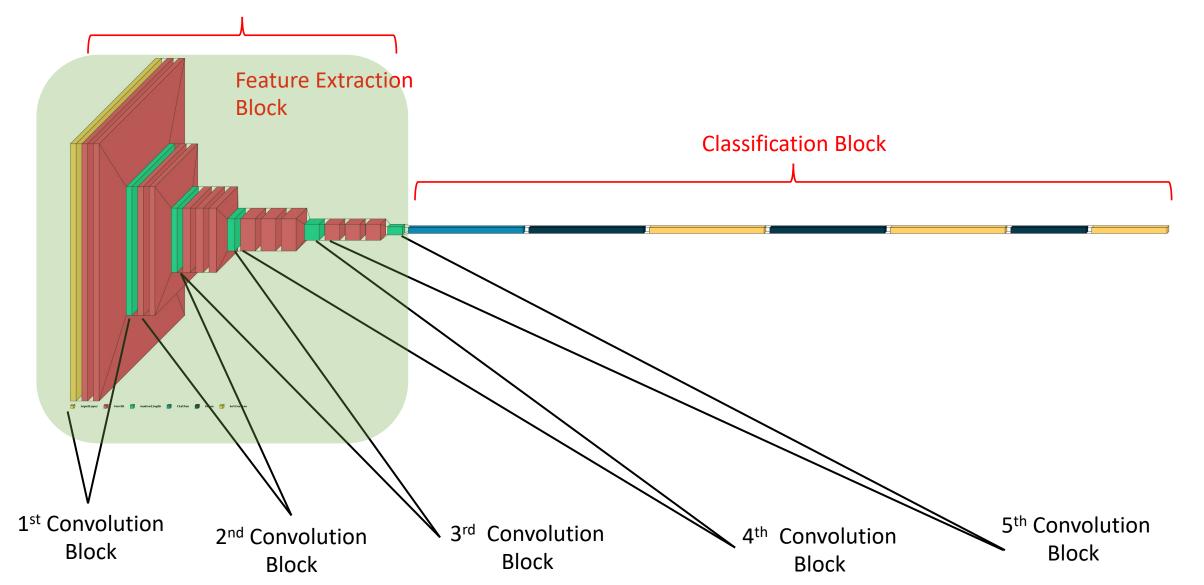
# Methodology for Facial Recognition



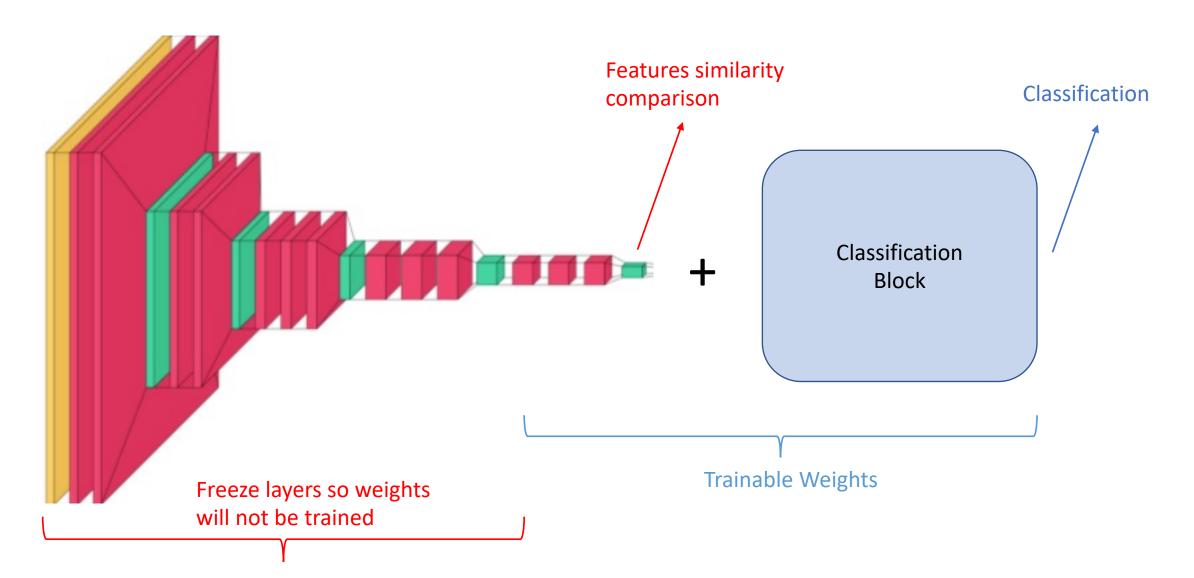
# Methodology for Facial Recognition



# Modeling Process – VGG16 Transfer Learning



# Modeling Process – VGG16 Transfer Learning



# Model Evaluation

Model	Hidden Layer Nodes	Dropout Layers Values	Training Accuracy	Validation Accuracy	Test Accuracy	Remarks
Base Model	[128, 128]	-	99%	73.2%	78.5%	Last layer of VGGFace trained
Base Model 2	[128, 128]	-	99%	64.5%	75.5%	Last 2 layers of VGGFace trained
Model 1	[128, 128]	[0.1, 0.1]	99%	75%	76.3%	Last layer of VGGFace trained
Model 2	[256, 256]	[0.3, 0.3]	97.8%	78.7%	81.5%	Last layer of VGGFace trained
Model 3	[512, 512]	[0.4, 0.4]	96.8%	77.2%	80.2%	Last layer of VGGFace trained
Model 4	[128, 128, 128]	[0.1, 0.1, 0.1]	98.8%	74.3%	78.2%	Last layer of VGGFace trained
Model 5	[256, 256, 256]	[0.3, 0.,3, 0.3]	97.4%	75%	78.4%	Last layer of VGGFace trained
Model 6	[512, 512, 512]	[0.4, 0.4, 0.4]	96.7%	75.3%	77.1%	Last layer of VGGFace trained

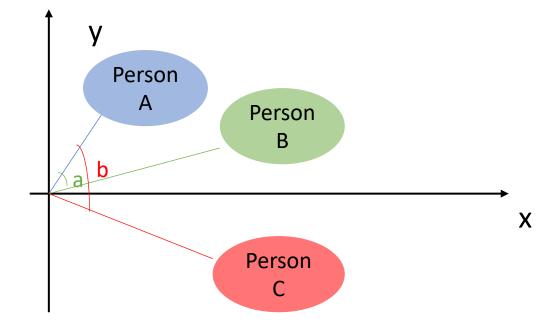
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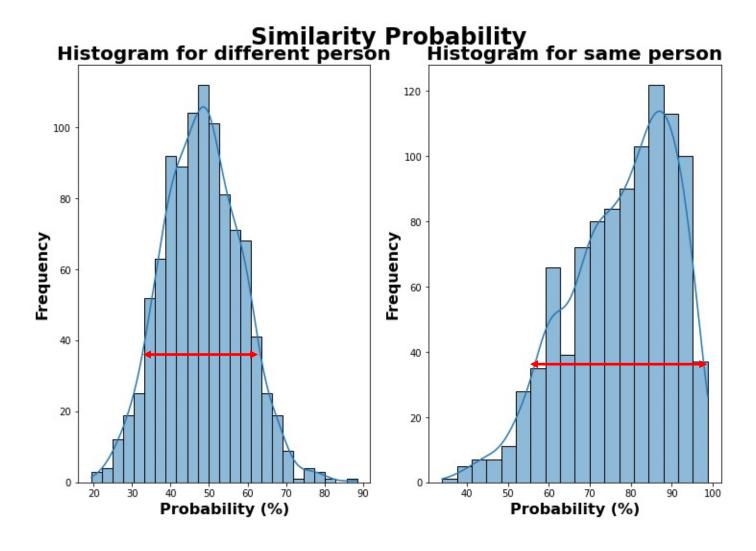
### **MODEL 5 Chosen**

# Facial Features Similarity

- Cosine similarity a metric that measure the cosine angle between 2 vectors in high-dimensional space
- Represent the probability of how similar 2 images are



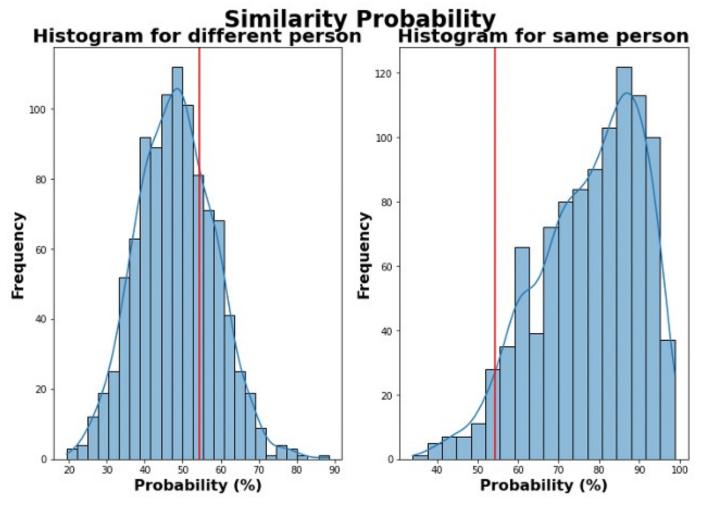
# Facial Features Similarity - Model 5



Cosine similarity for a samples of 1000 pair images

- 2 images of same person
- II. 2 images of different person

# Facial Features Similarity - Model 5



- Threshold set at 54.4%
- 95% of the pair-images to correctly identify the images of the same person

# Demo - Classification

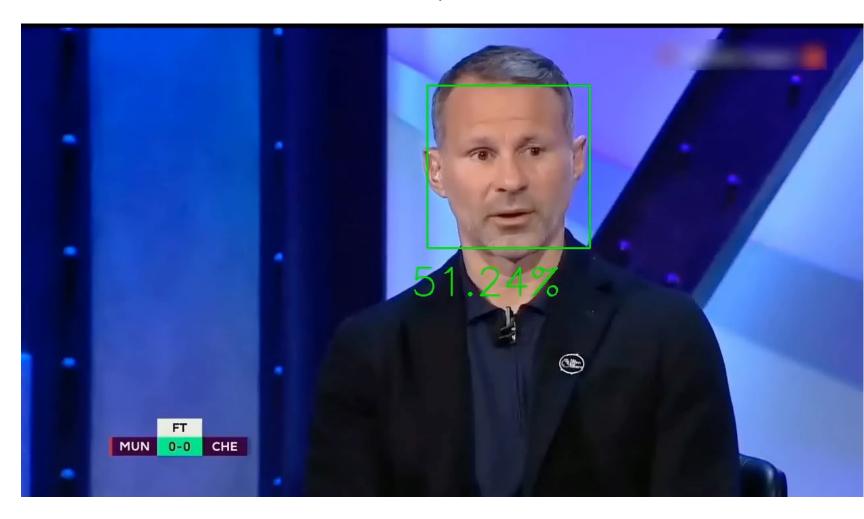


# Demo – Facial Similarity

Output Video



Input Image



# Demo – Facial Similarity

**Output Video** 



Input Image



### Conclusion and Recommendation

- Model 5 chosen with considerably good accuracy of 78.4%
- Best performance for cosine similarity for images of same person and images of different person
- Improve on the face detector to be able to detect fast motion
- Implement Triplet loss as the loss function to improve the accuracy
- Repeat more experiments of the 1000 random samples to be more confident of the threshold being chosen

# THANK YOU!

Q & A?