

# FLOW PLANNING

## ASSIGNMENT 2

COSC364-19S1 INTERNET TECHNOLOGY AND ENGINEERING

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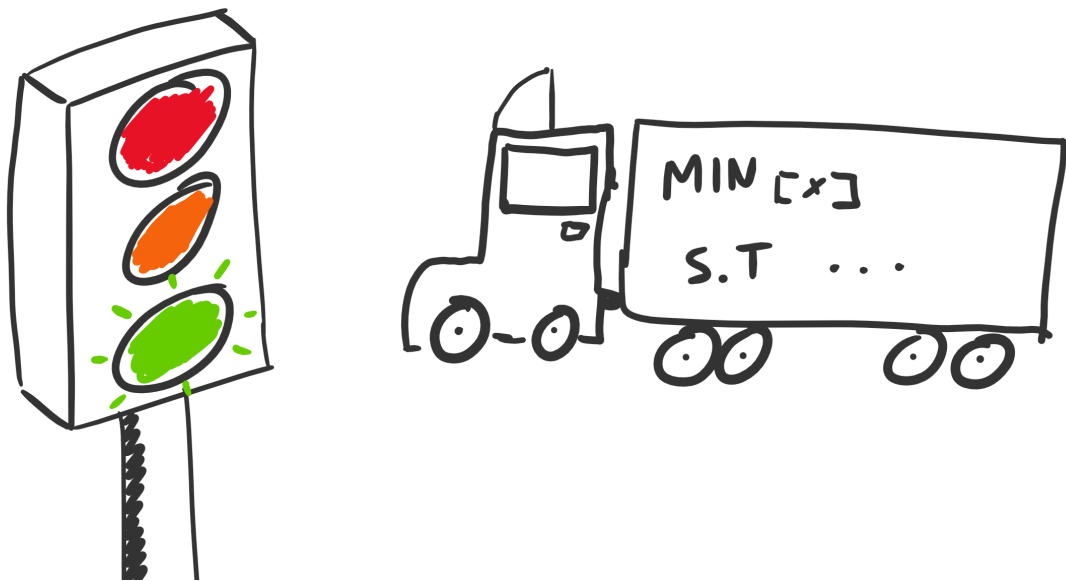


Figure 1: An artist's impression of a traffic problem outside of the Jack Erskine building (J. P. Sheehan, May 2019).

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# 1 Problem Description

Given a network (figure 2) with  $X$  source nodes,  $Y$  transit nodes and  $Z$  destination nodes, a program was designed to generate an LP file that could be used by CPLEX to determine certain network characteristics.

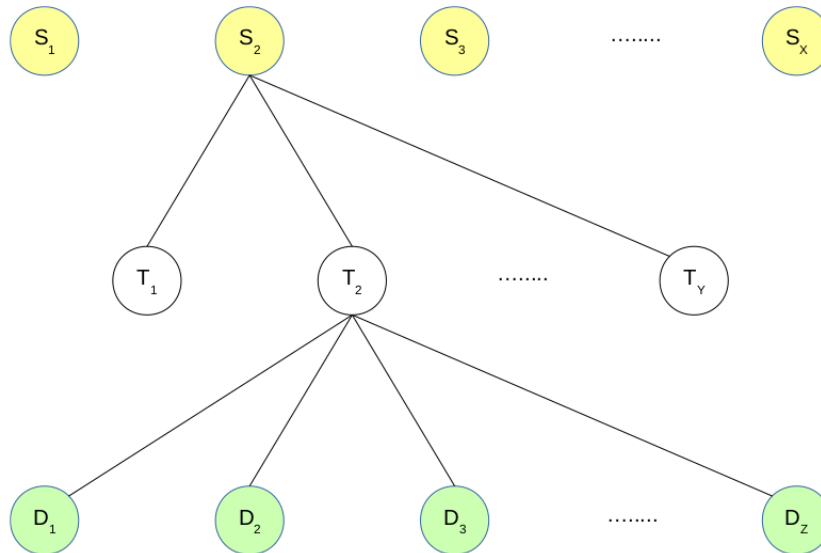


Figure 2: An example network (A. Willig, April 2019).

Traffic travelling from  $S_i$  to  $D_j$  must travel through exactly 2 transit nodes with a total demand volume of  $h_{ij}$  (equation 10). Furthermore, the load upon each transit node must be balanced.

# 2 Problem Formulation

This problem was solved with the use of binary variable constraints (equations 6, 7 and 9) and the minimisation of our objective function (equation 1). All normal non-negativity constraints were applied (equations 11, 12, 13 and 14).

The following network properties were solved for:

- The capacities of each link (equations 3 and 4).
- The load on each transit node (equation 5).
- The value of each flow (equations 2 and 8).

## Notation:

- $X$  is the number of source nodes.
- $Y$  is the number of transit nodes.
- $Z$  is the number of destination nodes.
- $S_i$  is the  $i$ th source node.

- $T_k$  is the  $k$ th transit node.
- $D_j$  is the  $j$ th destination node.
- $h_{ij}$  is the demand flow between  $S_i$  and  $D_j$ . This is equal to  $2i + j$ .
- $c_{ik}$  is the link capacity between  $S_i$  and  $T_k$ .
- $d_{kj}$  is the link capacity between  $T_k$  and  $D_j$ .
- $x_{ikj}$  is the decision variable associated with the path  $S_i$ - $T_k$ - $D_j$ .
- $u_{ikj}$  is the binary decision variable associated with  $x_{ikj}$ . These are required because  $h_{ij}$  must be split across exactly 2 transit nodes.
- $l_k$  is the load on  $T_k$ .

**Note:** Due to the limitations of the LP file format, many of the following equations must be rearranged for use in CPLEX. Most notably, there cannot be any variables on the right hand side of an equality or inequality.

## 2.1 Objective Function

$$\text{minimize}_{[x,c,d,r]} r \quad (1)$$

## 2.2 Constraints

$$\sum_{k=1}^Y x_{ikj} = h_{ij} \quad i \in \{1, \dots, X\}, j \in \{1, \dots, Z\} \quad (2)$$

$$\sum_{j=1}^Z x_{ikj} = c_{ik} \quad i \in \{1, \dots, X\}, k \in \{1, \dots, Y\} \quad (3)$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^X x_{ikj} = d_{kj} \quad k \in \{1, \dots, Y\}, j \in \{1, \dots, Z\} \quad (4)$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^Y x_{ikj} = l_k \quad i \in \{1, \dots, X\}, j \in \{1, \dots, Z\} \quad (5)$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^Y u_{ikj} = 2 \quad i \in \{1, \dots, X\}, j \in \{1, \dots, Z\} \quad (6)$$

$$x_{ikj} = \frac{u_{ikj} h_{ij}}{2} \quad i \in \{1, \dots, X\}, k \in \{1, \dots, Y\}, j \in \{1, \dots, Z\} \quad (7)$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^X \sum_{j=1}^Z x_{ikj} \leq r \quad k \in \{1, \dots, Y\} \quad (8)$$

$$u_{ikj} \in \{0, 1\} \quad i \in \{1, \dots, X\}, k \in \{1, \dots, Y\}, j \in \{1, \dots, Z\} \quad (9)$$

$$h_{ij} = 2i + j \quad i \in \{1, \dots, X\}, j \in \{1, \dots, Z\} \quad (10)$$

## 2.3 Non-Negativity Constraints

$$r \geq 0 \quad (11)$$

$$x_{ikj} \geq 0 \quad i \in \{1, \dots, X\}, k \in \{1, \dots, Y\}, j \in \{1, \dots, Z\} \quad (12)$$

$$c_{ik} \geq 0 \quad i \in \{1, \dots, X\}, k \in \{1, \dots, Y\} \quad (13)$$

$$d_{kj} \geq 0 \quad k \in \{1, \dots, Y\}, j \in \{1, \dots, Z\} \quad (14)$$

### 3 Results

LP files were generated with parameters  $X = Z = 9, Y \in \{3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8\}$ . These were then processed with CPLEX, recording the time taken to solve each problem. Important data points were extracted from the CPLEX output and are listed in table 1.

| ... your table ... |

Table 1: insert caption here, yo!

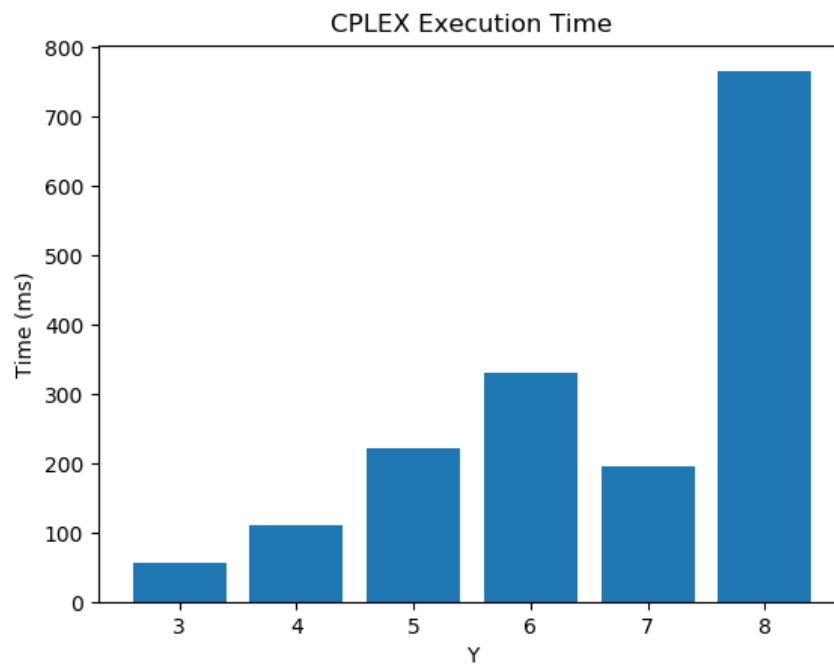


Figure 3: The time taken to execute the LP file in CPLEX for each network.

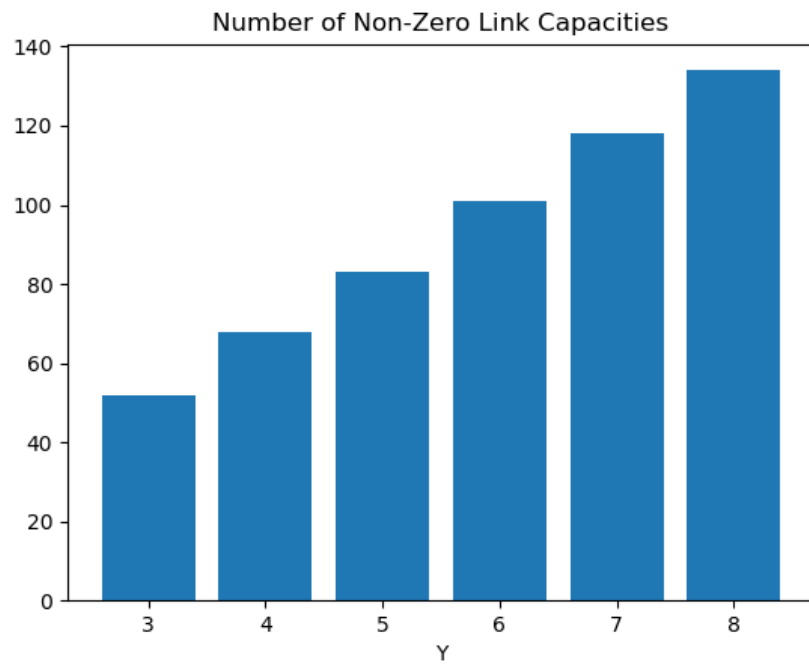


Figure 4: The number of non-zero link capacities in each network.

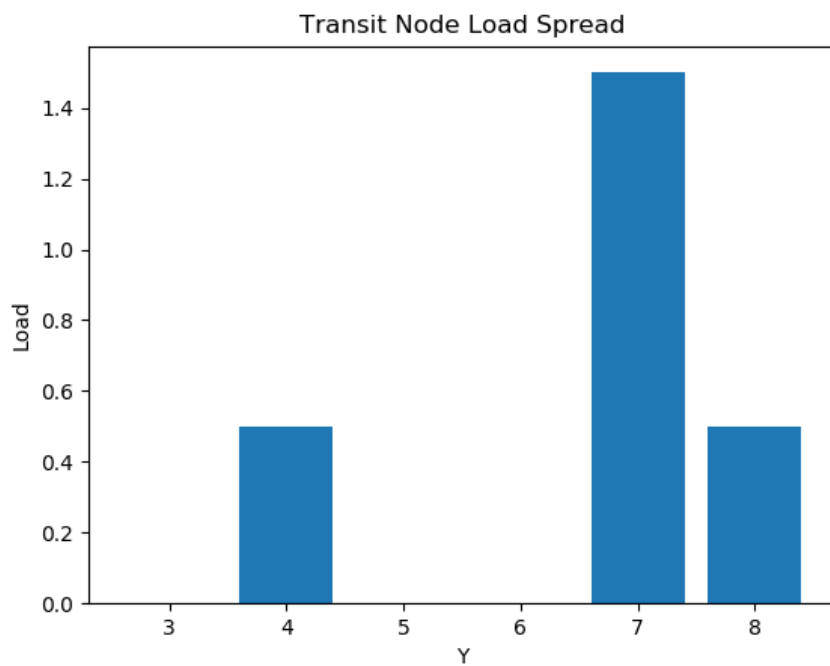


Figure 5: The amount of spread in the load for all transit nodes in each network.

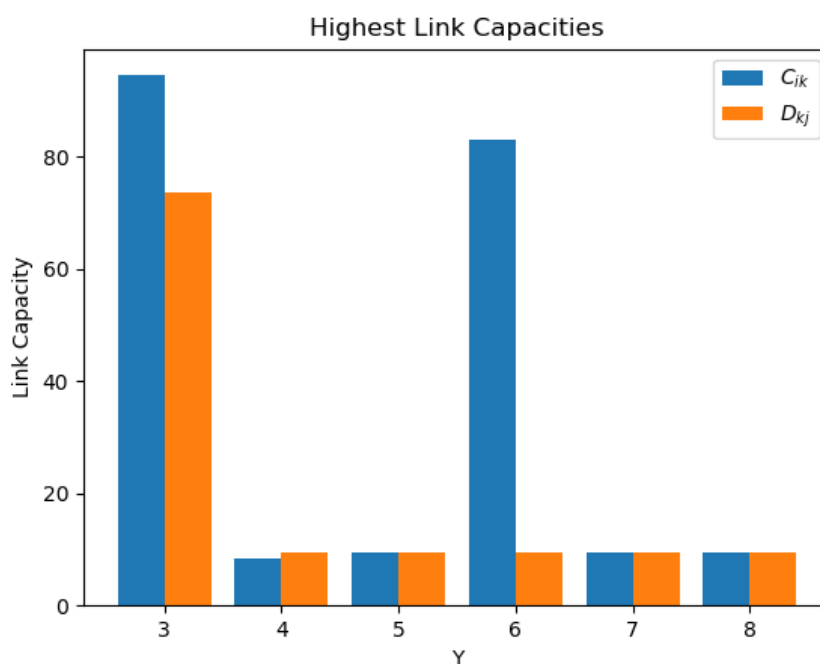


Figure 6: The highest capacity links for each network. Both the  $C_{ik}$  and  $D_{kj}$  links are listed.

## 4 Appendix

### 4.1 Source Code

#### 4.1.1 src/lp\_gen.py

This script is responsible for producing a valid LP file from the given command line parameters.

```
import inspect
import functools
import sys
import os.path

__TITLE__ = "COSC-364 Assignment 2 LP Generator"
__AUTHORS__ = [("Will Cowper", "81163265"), ("Jesse Sheehan", "53366509")]

# Change these variables to alter the behaviour of the LP file generator
PATH_SPLIT = 2

def DEMANDFLOW(i, j): return 2 * i + j

TEMPLATE = """\
\\ {}, LP Output File
\\ Written by {}
\\ Parameters: X={}, Y={}, Z={}, Split={}, Demand={}
MINIMIZE
```



```

22 \tr
24 SUBJECT TO
26 \t\\ DEMAND CONSTRAINTS
   \t{}
28 \t\\ CAPACITY CONSTRAINTS FOR LINKS BETWEEN SOURCE AND TRANSIT NODES
30 \t{}
32 \t\\ CAPACITY CONSTRAINTS FOR LINKS BETWEEN TRANSIT AND DESTINATION NODES
   \t{}
34 \t\\ OBJECTIVE FUNCTION LOAD CONSTRAINTS
36 \t{}
38 \t\\ TRANSIT NODE LOAD CONSTRAINTS
   \t{}
40 \t\\ BINARY VARIABLE AND DECISION VARIABLE CONSTRAINTS
42 \t{}
44 \t\\ BINARY VARIABLE CONSTRAINTS (ONLY 2 ACTIVE TRANSIT NODES)
   \t{}
46 BOUNDS
48 \t\\ NON-NEGATIVITY CONSTRAINTS
50 \tr >= 0
   \t{}
52 BIN
54 \t\\ BINARY VARIABLES
56 \t{}
58 END
   """
60 # DEFINE SOME UTILITY FUNCTIONS
62
64 def get_lp_filename(x, y, z):
66     """ Returns the filename that the LP data should be saved to. """
68     return "problem-{}-{}-{}.lp".format(x, y, z)
70
72 def crange(first, last):
74     """ Returns a list of characters between the two characters passed in (
       inclusive).
       >>> crange('A', 'C')
       ['A', 'B', 'C']
       >>> crange('A', 'A')
       ['A']
       """
76     if ord(first) > ord(last):
78         raise ValueError("last must come after first")

```

```

else:
    return [chr(i) for i in range(ord(first), ord(last) + 1)]

def repeat(obj, n):
    """ Returns a list with obj repeated n times.
    >>> repeat(1, 1)
    [1]
    >>> repeat(42, 0)
    []
    >>> repeat(5, 4)
    [5, 5, 5, 5]
    >>> repeat([1, 2], 2)
    [[1, 2], [1, 2]]
    """
    return [obj for _ in range(n)]

def perms(lists):
    """ Returns all the permutations of the elements.
    >>> perms([])
    []
    >>> perms(['a', 'b', 'c'])
    [('a',), ('b',), ('c',)]
    >>> perms(['a', 'b', 'c'], ['x', 'y', 'z'])
    [('a', 'x'), ('a', 'y'), ('a', 'z'), ('b', 'x'), ('b', 'y'), ('b', 'z'),
    ('c', 'x'), ('c', 'y'), ('c', 'z')]
    """
    if len(lists) == 0:
        return []

    elif (len(lists) == 1):
        return [(x,) for x in lists[0]]

    else:
        return [(x,) + y for x in lists[0] for y in perms(lists[1:])]

def concat(permutations):
    """ Returns the permutations concatenated as strings.
    >>> concat(perms(['a', 'b', 'c']))
    ['a', 'b', 'c']
    >>> concat(perms(['a', 'b', 'c'], ['x', 'y', 'z']))
    ['ax', 'ay', 'az', 'bx', 'by', 'bz', 'cx', 'cy', 'cz']
    """
    return [functools.reduce(lambda x, y: x + str(y), p, '') for p in
permutations]

def get_function_source(fn):
    src = inspect.getsource(fn)
    return src[src.index('return')+7:]

def get_lines(strings):
    return '\n\t'.join(strings)

# DEFINE SOME FUNCTIONS SPECIFIC TO THE PROBLEM

```

```

136 def get_nodes(x, y, z):
137     """ Returns a tuple containing the source, transit and destination node
138     ids as integers. """
139     s = list(range(1, x + 1))
140     t = list(range(1, y + 1))
141     d = list(range(1, z + 1))
142     return s, t, d
143
144 def get_demand_constraints(s, t, d):
145     """ Returns a list of demand constraints. """
146     return [ ' + '.join(["x-{}{}{}2".format(i, k, j) for k in t]) + ' =
147     {}'.format(DEMANDFLOW(i, j))
148             for (i, j) in perms([s, d])]
149
150 def get_source_transit_capacity_constraints(s, t, d):
151     """ Returns a list of capacity constraints for the links between the
152     source and transit nodes. """
153     return \
154         [ ' + '.join(["x-{}{}{}2".format(i, k, j) for j in d]) +
155           ' - c-{}{}1 = 0'.format(i, k) for (i, k) in perms([s, t])]
156
157 def get_transit_destination_capacity_constraints(s, t, d):
158     """ Returns a list of capacity constraints for the links between the
159     transit and destination nodes. """
160     return \
161         [ ' + '.join(["x-{}{}{}2".format(i, k, j) for i in s]) +
162           ' - d-{}{}1 = 0'.format(k, j) for (k, j) in perms([t, d])]
163
164 def get_transit_load_constraints(s, t, d):
165     """ Returns the list of transit load constraints. """
166     return [ ' + '.join(["x-{}{}{}2".format(i, k, j) for (i, j) in perms([
167     s, d])]) +
168             ' - l-{} = 0'.format(k) for k in t]
169
170 def get_objective_function_load_constraints(s, t, d):
171     """ Returns the list of objective function load constraints. """
172     return [ ' + '.join(["c-{}{}1".format(i, j) for i in s]) +
173             ' - r <= 0' for j in d]
174
175 def get_binary_and_decision_variable_constraints(s, t, d):
176     """ Returns the binary and decision variable constraints. """
177     return [ '{3} x-{}{}{}2 - {4} u-{}{}{}2 = 0'.format(i, k, j,
178     PATHSPLIT, DEMANDFLOW(i, j)) for (i, k, j) in perms([s, t, d])]
179
180 def get_binary_constraints(s, t, d):
181     """ Returns a list of binary variable constraints. """
182     return [ ' + '.join(["u-{}{}{}2".format(i, k, j) for k in t]) + ' = {}
183     '.format(PATHSPLIT)
184             for (i, j) in perms([s, d])]

```

```

186
188 def get_binary_variables(s, t, d):
189     """ Returns a list of binary variables. """
190     return ["u-{}{}{}{}".format(i, k, j) for (i, k, j) in perms([s, t, d])
191 ]
192
193 def get_non_negativity_constraints(s, t, d):
194     """ Returns a list of non-negativity constraints. """
195     return ["x-{}{}{} >= 0".format(i, k, j) for (i, k, j) in perms([s, t
196 , d])] + ["c-{}{} >= 0".format(i, k) for (i, k) in perms([s, t])] + ["
197 d-{}{} >= 0".format(k, j) for (k, j) in perms([t, d])]
198
199 def generate_lp_file(title, authors, x, y, z):
200     """ Returns the LP file contents as per the project specification. """
201     s, t, d = get_nodes(x, y, z)
202
203     demand_constraints = get_lines(get_demand_constraints(s, t, d))
204     source_transit_capacity_constraints = get_lines(
205         get_source_transit_capacity_constraints(s, t, d))
206     transit_destination_capacity_constraints = get_lines(
207         get_transit_destination_capacity_constraints(s, t, d))
208     non_negativity_constraints = get_lines(get_non_negativity_constraints(
209         s, t, d))
210     objective_function_load_constraints = get_lines(
211         get_objective_function_load_constraints(s, t, d))
212     transit_load_constraints = get_lines(
213         get_transit_load_constraints(s, t, d))
214     binary_and_decision_constraints = get_lines(
215         get_binary_and_decision_variable_constraints(s, t, d))
216     binary_variable_constraints = get_lines(get_binary_constraints(s, t, d)
217 )
218     binary_variables = get_lines(get_binary_variables(s, t, d))
219
220     return TEMPLATE.format(
221         title,
222         authors,
223         x,
224         y,
225         z,
226         PATH_SPLIT,
227         get_function_source(DEMANDFLOW),
228         demand_constraints,
229         source_transit_capacity_constraints,
230         transit_destination_capacity_constraints,
231         objective_function_load_constraints,
232         transit_load_constraints,
233         binary_and_decision_constraints,
234         binary_variable_constraints,
235         non_negativity_constraints,
236         binary_variables)
237
238 # DEFINE SOME HELPERS FOR GETTING THE THING RUNNING
239
240 def print_version():

```

```
240     print( '{0} by {1}'.format(__TITLE__, get_author_string()))
242
243 def print_usage():
244     print( 'Usage: {0} <x> <y> <z> [output directory]'.format(sys.argv[0]))
246
247 def get_problem_parameters():
248     """ Returns a tuple containing the x, y and z parameters. """
249     try:
250         x = int(sys.argv[1])
251         y = int(sys.argv[2])
252         z = int(sys.argv[3])
253     except:
254         print_usage()
255         exit(-1)
256
257     if x <= 0:
258         print("Error: x must be strictly positive")
259         exit(-1)
260
261     if x >= 10:
262         print("Error: x must be less than ten")
263         exit(-1)
264
265     if y <= 0:
266         print("Error: y must be strictly positive")
267         exit(-1)
268
269     if y >= 10:
270         print("Error: y must be less than ten")
271         exit(-1)
272
273     if z <= 0:
274         print("Error: z must be strictly positive")
275         exit(-1)
276
277     if z >= 10:
278         print("Error: z must be less than ten")
279         exit(-1)
280
281     return x, y, z
282
283
284 def save_lp_file(filename, data):
285     try:
286         f = open(filename, 'w')
287         f.write(data)
288         f.close()
289     except:
290         print("Error: could not save file '{0}'".format(filename))
291         exit(-1)
292
293
294 def get_author_string():
295     return ', '.join(
296         ["{0} ({1})".format(name, sid) for (name, sid) in __AUTHORS__])
```

```

298 def main():
300     print_version()
302     if len(sys.argv) != 4 and len(sys.argv) != 5:
304         print_usage()
306         exit(-1)
308     else:
310         output_dir = '.'
312         if len(sys.argv) == 5:
314             output_dir = sys.argv[4]

316         x, y, z = get_problem_parameters()
318         data = generate_lp_file(--TITLE--, get_author_string(), x, y, z)
320         filename = os.path.join(output_dir, get_lp_filename(x, y, z))
322         save_lp_file(filename, data)
324         print("Success: saved as '{0}'".format(filename))

326 if __name__ == "__main__":
328     main()

```

../src/lp\_gen.py

#### 4.1.2 src/lp\_csv.py

This script is responsible for converting the output of the CPLEX log files into a single CSV file for further processing.

```

1 import csv
2 import sys
3 import os.path
4
5
6 def csvWrite(data):
7     with open(sys.argv[2], 'a', newline='') as csvFile:
8         writer = csv.writer(csvFile)
9         writer.writerow(data)
10
11
12 def floatmap(enumerable):
13     return list(map(lambda x: float(x), enumerable))
14
15
16 def openFile(Y):
17     with open(os.path.join(sys.argv[1], '{0}.txt'.format(Y)), 'r') as
18         in_file:
19         stripped = [line.strip() for line in in_file.readlines()]
20         lines = [line for line in stripped if line]
21         data = []
22         # Y
23         data.append(Y)
24         # elapsed time
25         data.append(max(parseFile("elapsed_", lines)))
26         # no of non-zero c and d links
27         data.append(len(parseFile("c_", lines)) + len(parseFile("d_", lines
28         )))
29         # transit load spread (largest_transit_node_load -
30         smallest_transit_node_load)

```

```

28         data.append(max(floatmap(parseFile("l_", lines))) -
30                        min(floatmap(parseFile("l_", lines))))
31     # highest cap c network
32     data.append(max(parseFile("c_", lines)))
33     # highest cap d network
34     data.append(max(parseFile("d_", lines)))
35     csvWrite(data)
36
37     '''Returns a list of all values that start with the given string'''
38
39
40 def parseFile(string, lines):
41     values = []
42     for line in lines:
43         if line.startswith(string):
44             values.append(line.split()[1])
45
46     return values
47
48
49 if __name__ == "__main__":
50     if len(sys.argv) != 3:
51         print("Usage: {0} <input directory> <csv file>".format(sys.argv[0])
52       )
53         exit(-1)
54
55     # delete the CSV, otherwise we will append to it
56     os.unlink(sys.argv[2])
57
58     openFile(3)
59     openFile(4)
60     openFile(5)
61     openFile(6)
62     openFile(7)
63     openFile(8)
64
65     print("Saved CSV data to '{}'".format(sys.argv[2]))

```

../src/lp\_csv.py

#### 4.1.3 src/lp\_graph.py

This script is responsible for reading the CSV file and producing several graphs.

```

1 import csv
2 import sys
3 import os.path
4 import numpy as np
5
6 try:
7     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
8 except:
9     print("Error: could not load 'matplotlib'. Install with 'pip install
10 matplotlib' and then try again.")
11     exit(-1)
12

```

```

14 def get_data(data, key):
    return list(map(lambda d: d[key], data))

16
18 def get_time(data):
    return get_data(data, "time")

20
22 def get_len_nonzero_links(data):
    return get_data(data, "len_links")

24
26 def get_transit_load_spread(data):
    return get_data(data, "load_spread")

28
30 def get_max_cap_c(data):
    return get_data(data, "max_cap_c")

32
34 def get_max_cap_d(data):
    return get_data(data, "max_cap_d")

36
38 def get_Y(data):
    return get_data(data, "Y")

40
42 def save_execution_time_plot(filename, data):
    """ Saves a plot of execution time. """
    plt.bar(get_Y(data), get_time(data))
    plt.xlabel("Y")
    plt.ylabel("Time (ms)")
    plt.title("CPLEX Execution Time")
    plt.savefig(filename)
    plt.close()
    print("Saved '{}'".format(filename))

50
52 def save_num_nonzero_links_plot(filename, data):
    """ Saves a plot of the number of non-zero links. """
    plt.bar(get_Y(data), get_len_nonzero_links(data))
    plt.xlabel("Y")
    plt.ylabel("")
    plt.title("Number of Non-Zero Link Capacities")
    plt.savefig(filename)
    plt.close()
    print("Saved '{}'".format(filename))

62
64 def save_transit_load_spread_plot(filename, data):
    """ Saves a plot of the transit load spread. """
    plt.bar(get_Y(data), get_transit_load_spread(data))
    plt.xlabel("Y")
    plt.ylabel("Load")
    plt.title("Transit Node Load Spread")
    plt.savefig(filename)
    plt.close()
70

```



```

    print("Saved '{}'".format(filename))
72
74 def save_highest_capacity_links_plot(filename, data):
    """ Saves a plot of the transit load spread. """
76     width = 0.4
    Ys = np.array(get_Y(data))
78     cs = plt.bar(Ys, get_max_cap_c(data), width, label="$C_{ik}$")
    ds = plt.bar(Ys + width, get_max_cap_d(data), width, label="$D_{kj}$")
80     plt.xticks(Ys + width / 2, map(lambda x: int(x), Ys))
    plt.legend(handles=[cs, ds])
82     plt.xlabel("Y")
    plt.ylabel("Link Capacity")
84     plt.title("Highest Link Capacities")
    plt.savefig(filename)
86     plt.close()
    print("Saved '{}'".format(filename))
88
90 def get_data_from_csv(csv_filename):
    """ Returns an array of dictionaries containing the CSV data. """
92     with open(csv_filename, newline='') as csv_file:
        csv_reader = csv.DictReader(csv_file, fieldnames=[
94                                     "Y", "time", "len-links", "load-spread"
        , "max_cap_c", "max_cap_d"])
        rows = []
96         for row in csv_reader:
            d = {}
98             for key in row:
                d[key] = float(row[key])
100             rows.append(d)
        return rows
102
104 def convert_csv_to_images(csv_filename, output_folder):
    """ Converts the data from the CSV into a set of graphs. """
106     data = get_data_from_csv(csv_filename)
    base_filename = os.path.splitext(os.path.join(
108         output_folder, os.path.basename(csv_filename)))[0]

    save_execution_time_plot(base_filename + "_time.png", data)
    save_num_nonzero_links_plot(base_filename + "_num_nonzero_links.png",
110     data)
    save_transit_load_spread_plot(
112         base_filename + "_transit_load_spread.png", data)
    save_highest_capacity_links_plot(
114         base_filename + "_highest_capacity_links.png", data)
116
118 def print_usage():
    print("Usage: {0} <csv file> <output folder>")
120
122 if __name__ == "__main__":
    if len(sys.argv) != 3:
124         print_usage()
        exit(-1)
126

```

```
convert_csv_to_images(sys.argv[1], sys.argv[2])
```

```
../src/lp_graph.py
```

#### 4.1.4 output.sh

This BASH script is responsible for executing the other scripts as well as timing and running CPLEX (under the Linux operating system).

```
#!/bin/bash
2 for y in 3 4 5 6 7 8
do
4   python3 src/lp_gen.py 9 $y 9 lp_files
   start=$(date +%s%N)
6   cplex -c "read lp_files/problem_9-{$y}_9.lp" "optimize" "display
   solution variables -" > cplex_logs/$y.txt
   end=$(date +%s%N)
8   duration=$(expr $end - $start)
   duration=$(expr $duration / 1000000)
10  echo -e "\nelapsed_time: $duration ms" >> cplex_logs/$y.txt
done
12 python3 src/lp_csv.py cplex_logs cplex_data.csv
14 python3 src/lp_graph.py cplex_data.csv graphs
```

```
../output.sh
```

#### 4.1.5 output.ps1

This PowerShell script is responsible for executing the other scripts as well as timing and running CPLEX (under the Windows operating system).

```
For ($i=3; $i -le 8; $i++) {
2   python src/lp_gen.py 9 $i 9 lp_files
   $perf = Measure-Command -Expression {$data = cplex -c ("read lp_files/
   problem_9-" + $i + "_9.lp") "optimize" "display solution variables -"}
4   $ms = $perf.TotalMilliseconds
   [System.IO.File]::WriteAllLines("cplex_logs/$i.txt", $data + "
   elapsed_time: $ms ms")
6 }
8 python src/lp_csv.py cplex_logs lp_files/cplex_data.csv
python src/lp_graph.py lp_files/cplex_data.csv graphs
```

```
../output.ps1
```

## 4.2 Generated LP File

### 4.2.1 lp\_files/problem.3.2.4.lp

```
\ COSC-364 Assignment 2 LP Generator, LP Output File
2 \ Written by Will Cowper (81163265), Jesse Sheehan (53366509)
\ Parameters: X=3, Y=2, Z=4, Split=2, Demand=2 * i + j
4
```

```

6 MINIMIZE
  r
8
10 SUBJECT TO
  \ DEMAND CONSTRAINTS
12 x_111 + x_121 = 3
13 x_112 + x_122 = 4
14 x_113 + x_123 = 5
15 x_114 + x_124 = 6
16 x_211 + x_221 = 5
17 x_212 + x_222 = 6
18 x_213 + x_223 = 7
19 x_214 + x_224 = 8
20 x_311 + x_321 = 7
21 x_312 + x_322 = 8
22 x_313 + x_323 = 9
23 x_314 + x_324 = 10
24
25 \ CAPACITY CONSTRAINTS FOR LINKS BETWEEN SOURCE AND TRANSIT NODES
26 x_111 + x_112 + x_113 + x_114 - c_11 = 0
27 x_121 + x_122 + x_123 + x_124 - c_12 = 0
28 x_211 + x_212 + x_213 + x_214 - c_21 = 0
29 x_221 + x_222 + x_223 + x_224 - c_22 = 0
30 x_311 + x_312 + x_313 + x_314 - c_31 = 0
31 x_321 + x_322 + x_323 + x_324 - c_32 = 0
32
33 \ CAPACITY CONSTRAINTS FOR LINKS BETWEEN TRANSIT AND DESTINATION NODES
34 x_111 + x_211 + x_311 - d_11 = 0
35 x_112 + x_212 + x_312 - d_12 = 0
36 x_113 + x_213 + x_313 - d_13 = 0
37 x_114 + x_214 + x_314 - d_14 = 0
38 x_121 + x_221 + x_321 - d_21 = 0
39 x_122 + x_222 + x_322 - d_22 = 0
40 x_123 + x_223 + x_323 - d_23 = 0
41 x_124 + x_224 + x_324 - d_24 = 0
42
43 \ OBJECTIVE FUNCTION LOAD CONSTRAINTS
44 c_11 + c_21 + c_31 - r <= 0
45 c_12 + c_22 + c_32 - r <= 0
46 c_13 + c_23 + c_33 - r <= 0
47 c_14 + c_24 + c_34 - r <= 0
48
49 \ TRANSIT NODE LOAD CONSTRAINTS
50 x_111 + x_112 + x_113 + x_114 + x_211 + x_212 + x_213 + x_214 + x_311 +
   x_312 + x_313 + x_314 - l_1 = 0
51 x_121 + x_122 + x_123 + x_124 + x_221 + x_222 + x_223 + x_224 + x_321 +
   x_322 + x_323 + x_324 - l_2 = 0
52
53 \ BINARY VARIABLE AND DECISION VARIABLE CONSTRAINTS
54 2 x_111 - 3 u_111 = 0
55 2 x_112 - 4 u_112 = 0
56 2 x_113 - 5 u_113 = 0
57 2 x_114 - 6 u_114 = 0
58 2 x_121 - 3 u_121 = 0
59 2 x_122 - 4 u_122 = 0
60 2 x_123 - 5 u_123 = 0
61 2 x_124 - 6 u_124 = 0

```

```

62  2 x_211 - 5 u_211 = 0
    2 x_212 - 6 u_212 = 0
64  2 x_213 - 7 u_213 = 0
    2 x_214 - 8 u_214 = 0
66  2 x_221 - 5 u_221 = 0
    2 x_222 - 6 u_222 = 0
68  2 x_223 - 7 u_223 = 0
    2 x_224 - 8 u_224 = 0
70  2 x_311 - 7 u_311 = 0
    2 x_312 - 8 u_312 = 0
72  2 x_313 - 9 u_313 = 0
    2 x_314 - 10 u_314 = 0
74  2 x_321 - 7 u_321 = 0
    2 x_322 - 8 u_322 = 0
76  2 x_323 - 9 u_323 = 0
    2 x_324 - 10 u_324 = 0
78
    \ BINARY VARIABLE CONSTRAINTS (ONLY 2 ACTIVE TRANSIT NODES)
80  u_111 + u_121 = 2
    u_112 + u_122 = 2
82  u_113 + u_123 = 2
    u_114 + u_124 = 2
84  u_211 + u_221 = 2
    u_212 + u_222 = 2
86  u_213 + u_223 = 2
    u_214 + u_224 = 2
88  u_311 + u_321 = 2
    u_312 + u_322 = 2
90  u_313 + u_323 = 2
    u_314 + u_324 = 2
92
BOUNDS
94
    \ NON-NEGATIVITY CONSTRAINTS
96  r >= 0
    x_111 >= 0
98  x_112 >= 0
    x_113 >= 0
100 x_114 >= 0
    x_121 >= 0
102 x_122 >= 0
    x_123 >= 0
104 x_124 >= 0
    x_211 >= 0
106 x_212 >= 0
    x_213 >= 0
108 x_214 >= 0
    x_221 >= 0
110 x_222 >= 0
    x_223 >= 0
112 x_224 >= 0
    x_311 >= 0
114 x_312 >= 0
    x_313 >= 0
116 x_314 >= 0
    x_321 >= 0
118 x_322 >= 0
    x_323 >= 0

```

```
120  x_324 >= 0
      c_11 >= 0
122  c_12 >= 0
      c_21 >= 0
124  c_22 >= 0
      c_31 >= 0
126  c_32 >= 0
      d_11 >= 0
128  d_12 >= 0
      d_13 >= 0
130  d_14 >= 0
      d_21 >= 0
132  d_22 >= 0
      d_23 >= 0
134  d_24 >= 0

136  BIN

138  \  BINARY VARIABLES
      u_111
140  u_112
      u_113
142  u_114
      u_121
144  u_122
      u_123
146  u_124
      u_211
148  u_212
      u_213
150  u_214
      u_221
152  u_222
      u_223
154  u_224
      u_311
156  u_312
      u_313
158  u_314
      u_321
160  u_322
      u_323
162  u_324

164  END
```

../lp\_files/problem\_3\_2\_4.lp