

# blenny

## care sheet



Many aquarium species are found in the tropical Indo-Pacific ocean. These close relatives of gobies are intelligent, entertaining and rather territorial. Be careful when placing your hands into an aquarium with a fang blenny, as they have a venomous bite which they may use to defend themselves against a perceived threat.

### facts

average adult size:	3 to 5 inches long, or herbivore depending on species
average life span:	depends on species
diet:	omnivore or herbivore depending on species
minimum aquarium size:	29+ gallons, depending on species
water temperature:	72 to 78°F
specific gravity:	1.020 to 1.025



**Note:** The information on this Care Sheet is not a substitute for veterinary care. If you need additional information, refer to the Sources section or contact your veterinarian as appropriate.

Developed with and approved by a qualified veterinarian.

## diet

- A well-balanced blenny diet consists of:
- Varied diet including mysis shrimp, brine shrimp, flakes, pellets and frozen food.
  - Vary diet to ensure proper nutritional balance.

## feeding

- Things to remember when feeding your blenny:
- Feed 1 to 2 times daily, no more than fish can eat in 1 to 2 minutes.
  - Thaw frozen food before feeding.

## housing

- Keep in an appropriately sized aquarium; provide plants, rock and décor for hiding places and plenty of room for movement.
- Live rock can provide a natural food source and hiding places while also enhancing biological filtration.
- Stable water quality and parameters are critical to the health of aquatic life. If you are unsure of your water quality, Petco provides free water testing.

## normal behavior

- Some can be territorial and need plenty of hiding places; especially like to hide in live rock.
- Many can only swim a short distance at a time, so it looks like they're hopping, not swimming.
- Usually inhabit the bottom of the tank.

## habitat maintenance

- **Daily:** Check filter, water temperature, specific gravity and other equipment.
- **Weekly:** Check water quality at least once a week.
- **Monthly:** Change 10 to 25% of the total volume of water every 2 to 4 weeks, or as needed. Introduce new inhabitants to the aquarium gradually.

## compatibility

- Compatible with dwarf and large angelfish, cardinalfish, clownfish, damselfish, gobies, hawkfish and tangs.
- Unless kept in a breeding pair, keep only one blenny per aquarium.
- Check Petco's Marine Compatibility Care Sheet for more information regarding your specific species.

## signs of a healthy fish

- Clear eyes
- Eats vigorously
- Hides most of the time
- Fins completely intact and undamaged

**Avoid overcrowded conditions, which are a major cause of stress and disease. Maintain good water quality with regular water changes and adequate filtration.**

## red flags

- Loss of color or appetite
- Spots or fungus on body or mouth
- Listlessness
- Labored respiration
- Weight loss
- Cloudy eyes
- Erratic swimming

## common health issues

Health Issue	Symptoms or Causes	Suggested Action
Fin rot	Frayed or disintegrating fins; the base of the fins usually reddens.	Improve water quality; consult your aquatic veterinarian for treatment.
Marine ich	Cysts on fins, gills and skin; labored respiration, excess skin mucus or pale skin.	Treat entire aquarium with a commercial parasite remedy and improve water quality; freshwater dips can dislodge the parasites.

## shopping list for needed supplies

- Appropriately sized aquarium
- Appropriate food, dry and frozen
- Décor
- Water conditioner
- Marine aquarium salt
- Filter
- Water test kit
- Full spectrum lighting
- Net
- Thermometer
- Protein skimmer (recommended)
- Marine substrate
- Heater
- Hydrometer
- Book about blennies

## sources

Ask a store partner about Petco's selection of books on blennies and the variety of private brand products available for the care and happiness of your new pet. All private brand products carry a 100% money-back guarantee.

Because all aquatic life are potential carriers of infectious diseases, such as Atypical *Mycobacterium* and *Salmonella*, always wash your hands before and after handling your aquatic life or habitat contents to help prevent the potential spread of disease.

Pregnant women, children under the age of 5, senior citizens and people with weakened immune systems should contact their physician before purchasing or caring for aquatic life and should consider not having aquatic life as a pet.

Go to [cdc.gov/healthypets](http://cdc.gov/healthypets) and [petco.com/caresheet](http://petco.com/caresheet) for more information about aquatic life and disease.

This Care Sheet can cover the care needs of other species. Go to [petco.com](http://petco.com) for more information.

