

Exercises

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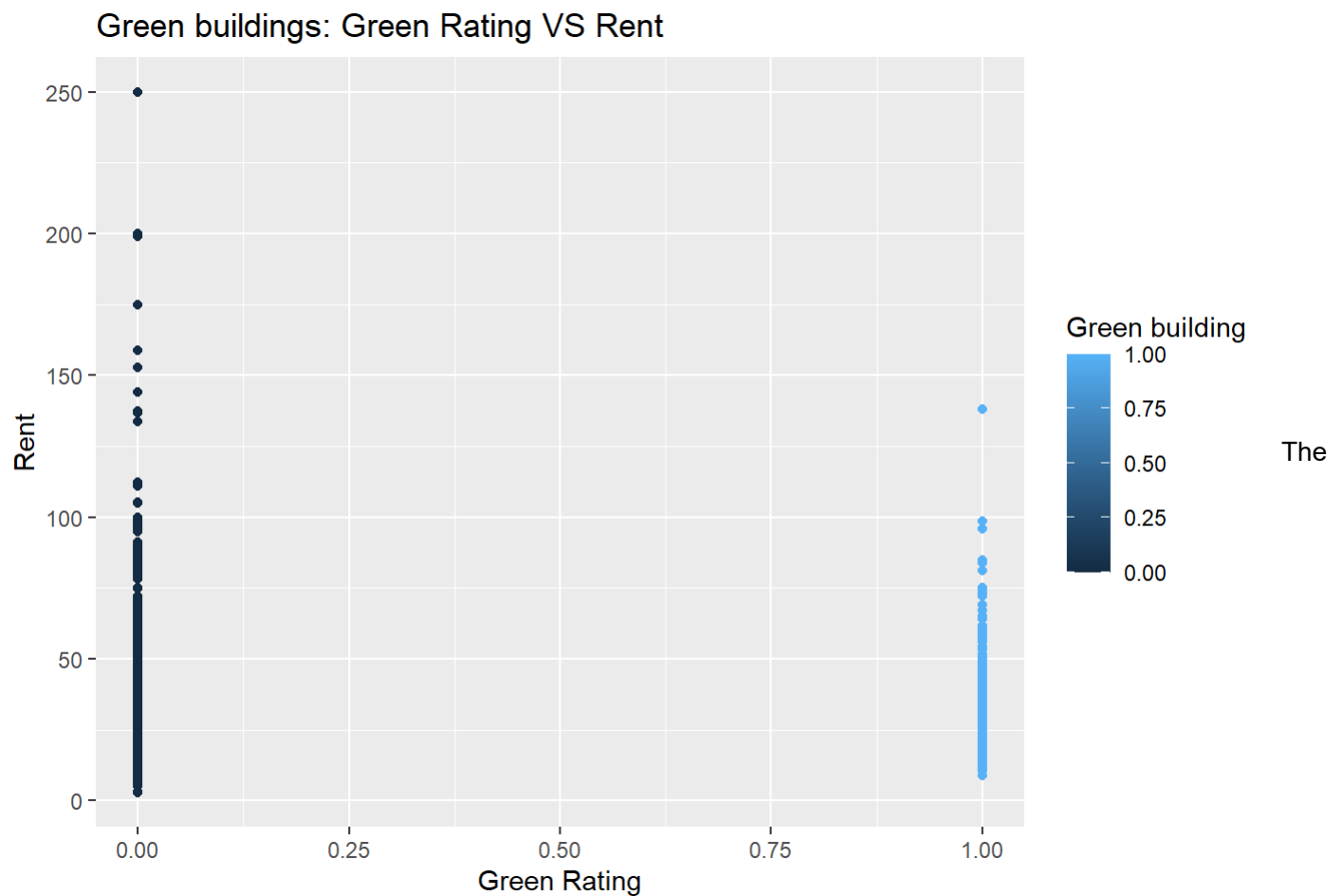
Visual story telling part 1: green buildings

```

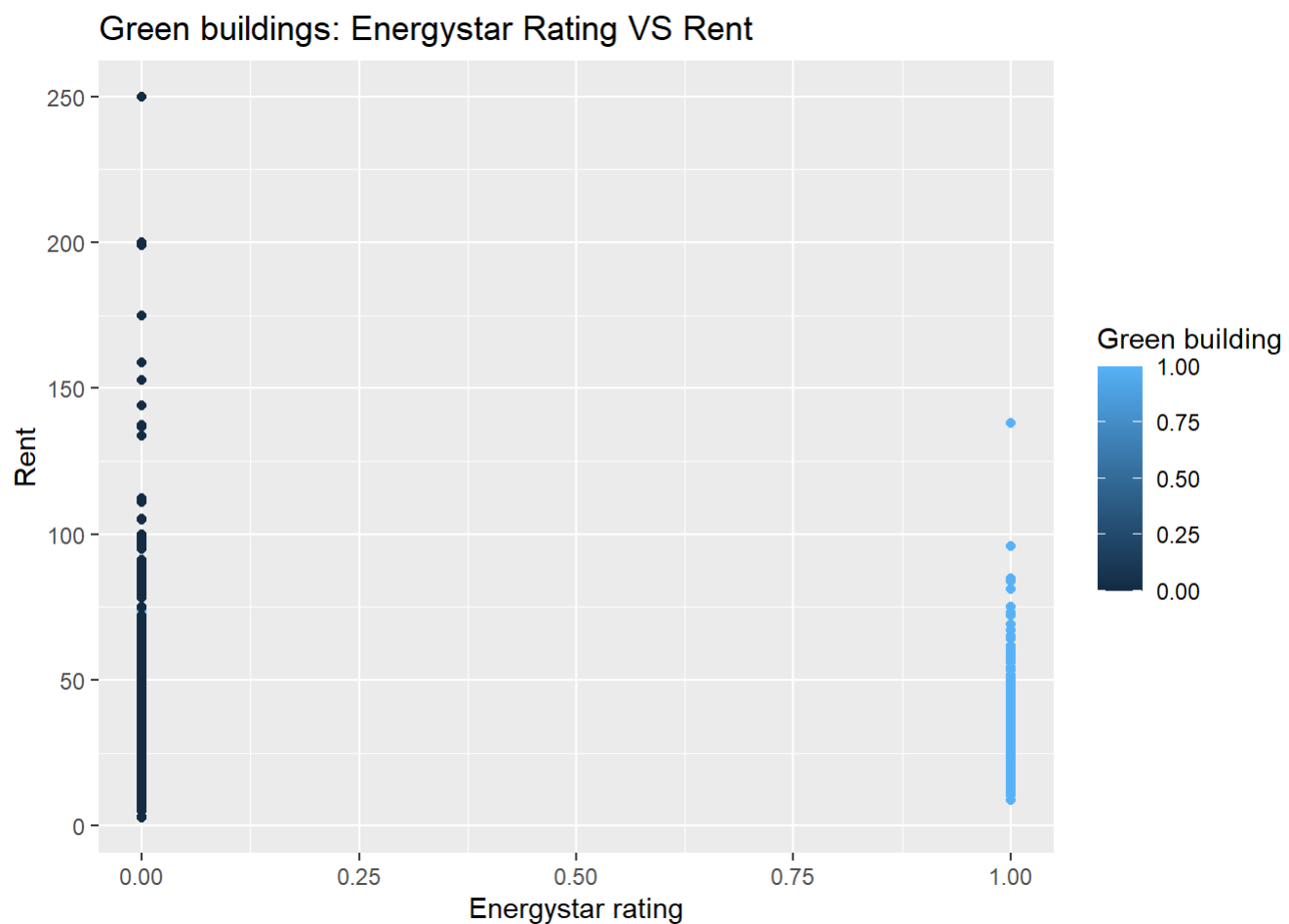
## CS_PropertyID      cluster      size      empl_gr
## Min.   :      1    Min.   :  1.0    Min.   : 1624    Min.   : -24.950
## 1st Qu.: 157452    1st Qu.: 272.0    1st Qu.: 50891    1st Qu.:  1.740
## Median : 313253    Median :  476.0    Median : 128838    Median :  1.970
## Mean   : 453003    Mean   :  588.6    Mean   : 234638    Mean   :  3.207
## 3rd Qu.: 441188    3rd Qu.:1044.0    3rd Qu.: 294212    3rd Qu.:  2.380
## Max.   :6208103    Max.   :1230.0    Max.   :3781045    Max.   : 67.780
##                                     NA's   :74
##      Rent      leasing_rate      stories      age
## Min.   :  2.98    Min.   :  0.00    Min.   :  1.00    Min.   :  0.00
## 1st Qu.: 19.50    1st Qu.: 77.85    1st Qu.:  4.00    1st Qu.: 23.00
## Median : 25.16    Median : 89.53    Median : 10.00    Median : 34.00
## Mean   : 28.42    Mean   : 82.61    Mean   : 13.58    Mean   : 47.24
## 3rd Qu.: 34.18    3rd Qu.: 96.44    3rd Qu.: 19.00    3rd Qu.: 79.00
## Max.   :250.00    Max.   :100.00    Max.   :110.00    Max.   :187.00
##
##      renovated      class_a      class_b      LEED
## Min.   :0.0000    Min.   :0.0000    Min.   :0.0000    Min.   :0.000000
## 1st Qu.:0.0000    1st Qu.:0.0000    1st Qu.:0.0000    1st Qu.:0.000000
## Median :0.0000    Median :0.0000    Median :0.0000    Median :0.000000
## Mean   :0.3795    Mean   :0.3999    Mean   :0.4595    Mean   :0.006841
## 3rd Qu.:1.0000    3rd Qu.:1.0000    3rd Qu.:1.0000    3rd Qu.:0.000000
## Max.   :1.0000    Max.   :1.0000    Max.   :1.0000    Max.   :1.000000
##
##      Energystar      green_rating      net      amenities
## Min.   :0.00000    Min.   :0.00000    Min.   :0.00000    Min.   :0.0000
## 1st Qu.:0.00000    1st Qu.:0.00000    1st Qu.:0.00000    1st Qu.:0.0000
## Median :0.00000    Median :0.00000    Median :0.00000    Median :1.0000
## Mean   :0.08082    Mean   :0.08677    Mean   :0.03471    Mean   :0.5266
## 3rd Qu.:0.00000    3rd Qu.:0.00000    3rd Qu.:0.00000    3rd Qu.:1.0000
## Max.   :1.00000    Max.   :1.00000    Max.   :1.00000    Max.   :1.0000
##
##      cd_total_07      hd_total07      total_dd_07      Precipitation
## Min.   :  39    Min.   :  0    Min.   :2103    Min.   :10.46
## 1st Qu.: 684    1st Qu.:1419    1st Qu.:2869    1st Qu.:22.71
## Median : 966    Median :2739    Median :4979    Median :23.16
## Mean   :1229    Mean   :3432    Mean   :4661    Mean   :31.08
## 3rd Qu.:1620    3rd Qu.:4796    3rd Qu.:6413    3rd Qu.:43.89
## Max.   :5240    Max.   :7200    Max.   :8244    Max.   :58.02
##
##      Gas_Costs      Electricity_Costs      cluster_rent
## Min.   :0.009487    Min.   :0.01780    Min.   : 9.00
## 1st Qu.:0.010296    1st Qu.:0.02330    1st Qu.:20.00
## Median :0.010296    Median :0.03274    Median :25.14
## Mean   :0.011336    Mean   :0.03096    Mean   :27.50
## 3rd Qu.:0.011816    3rd Qu.:0.03781    3rd Qu.:34.00
## Max.   :0.028914    Max.   :0.06280    Max.   :71.44
##

```

Above are the summary statistics for the buildings data set. Rent will be a primary projection and we must declare the relationships between rent and other features of this data set. Rent ranges from a low end of \$2.98 to \$250.00. This is a large difference. There should be other factors for these properties that determine this wide variety.



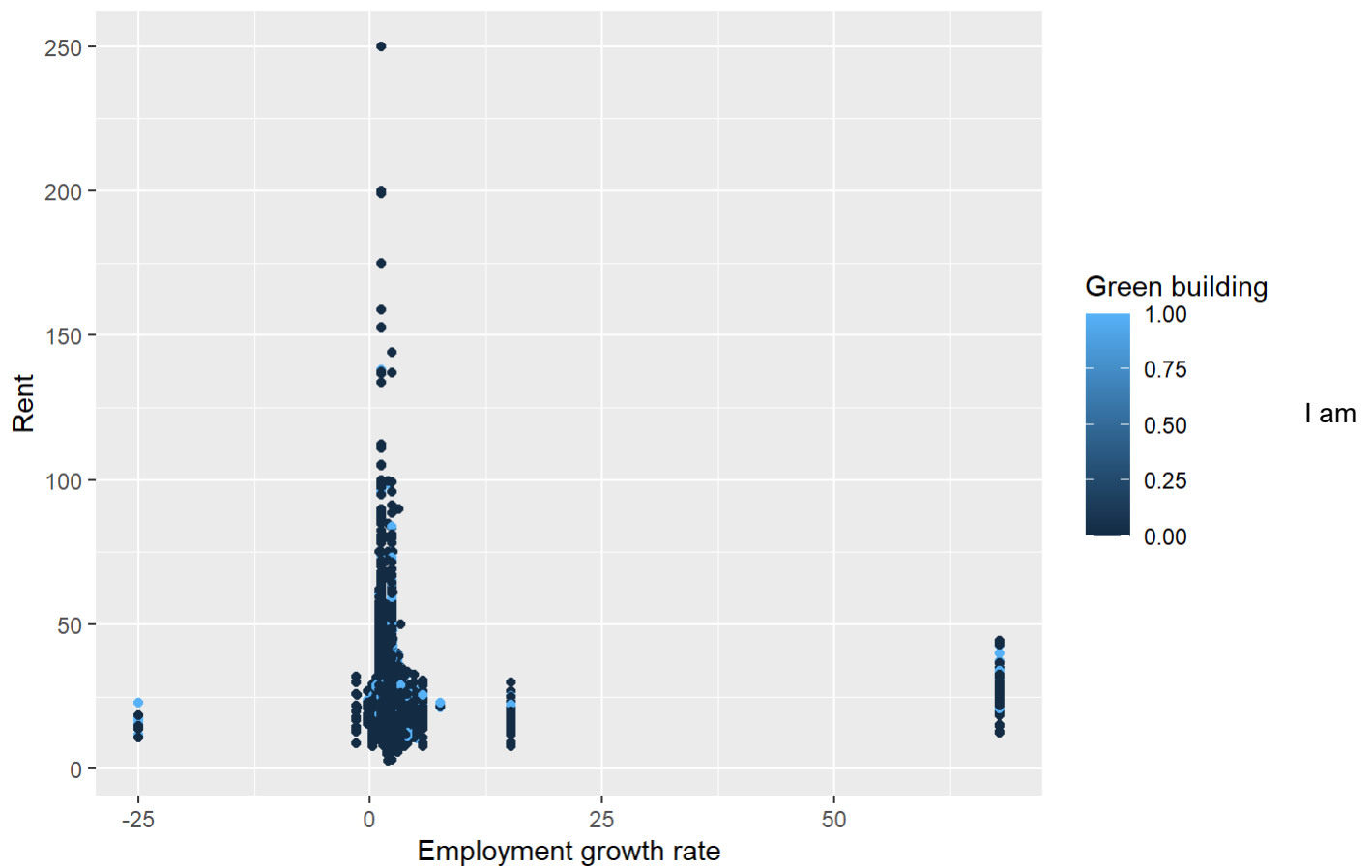
preliminary analysis declared in the case begs the question: is there an apparent relationship between rent and the green rating. Above, it seems that the variance of rent charged is much lower than non-green buildings. Additionally, the average rent is situated lower for green rated buildings than normal buildings.



Above, it appears as before. Energystar rated buildings are situated lower than non-energystar rated buildings in terms of rent.

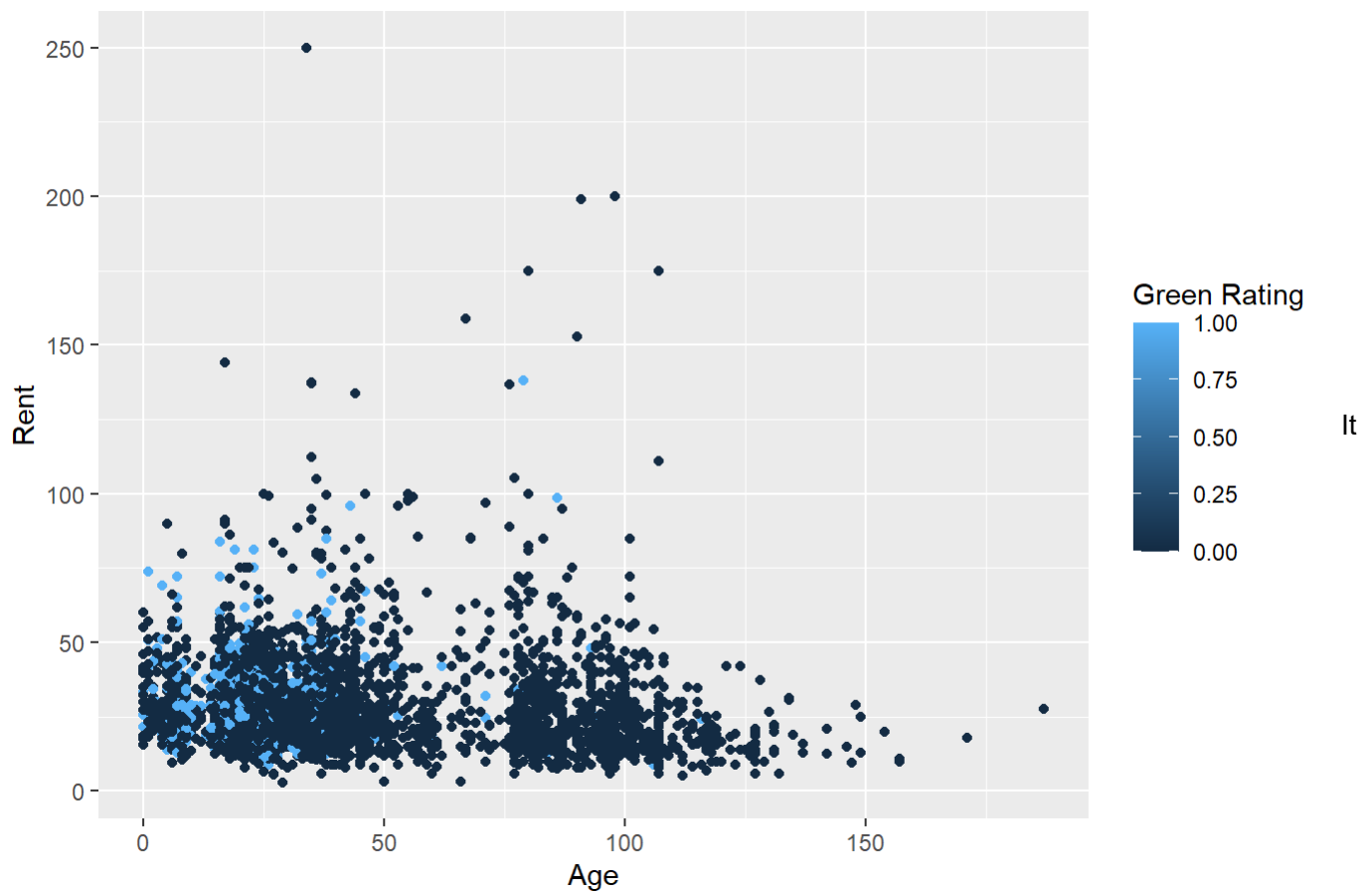
```
## Warning: Removed 74 rows containing missing values (geom_point).
```

Green buildings: Employment growth VS Rent



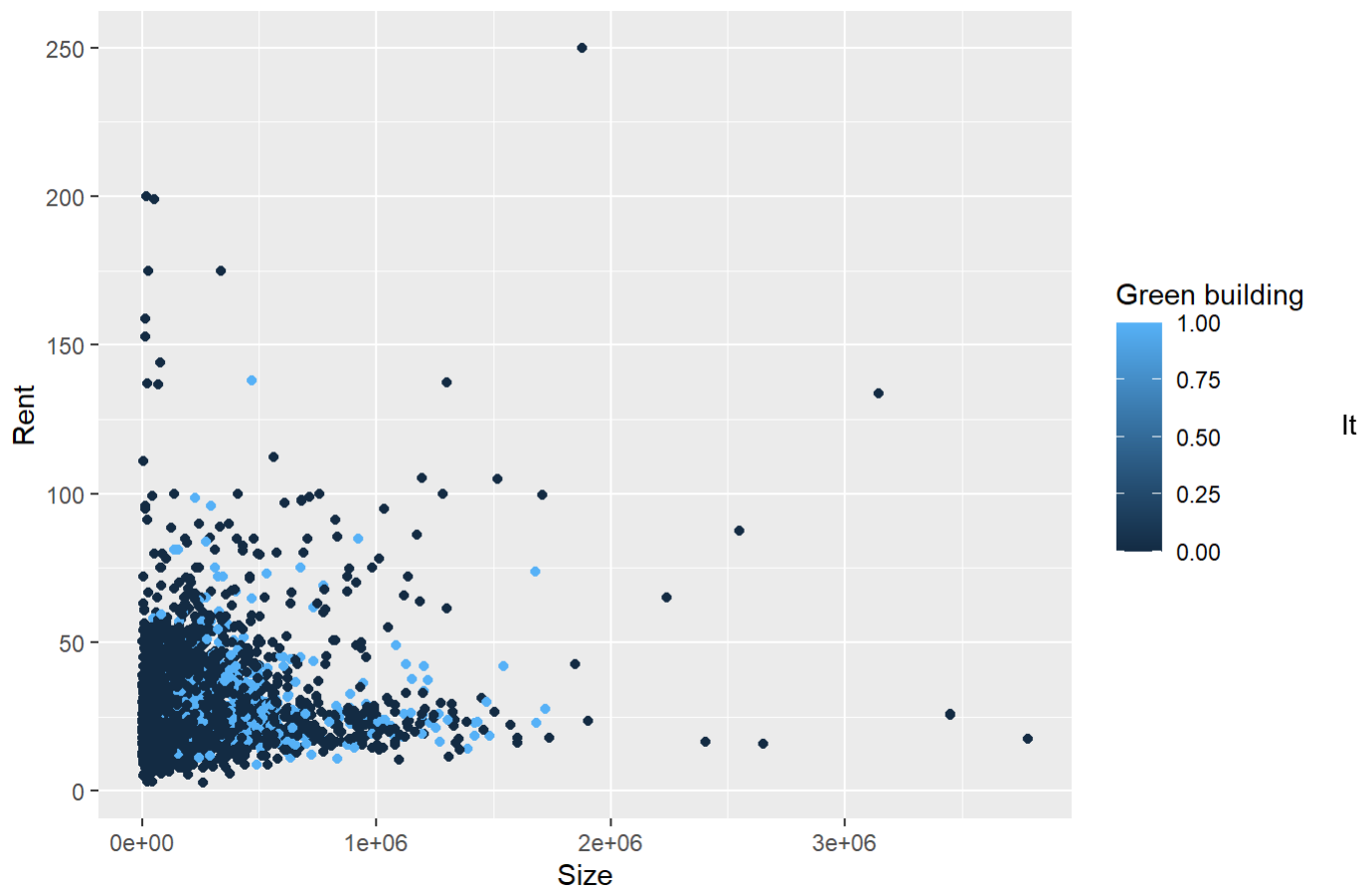
searching for a feature that would increase rent premiums. It does not appear that markets of higher growth influence rent.

Green buildings: Age VS Rent



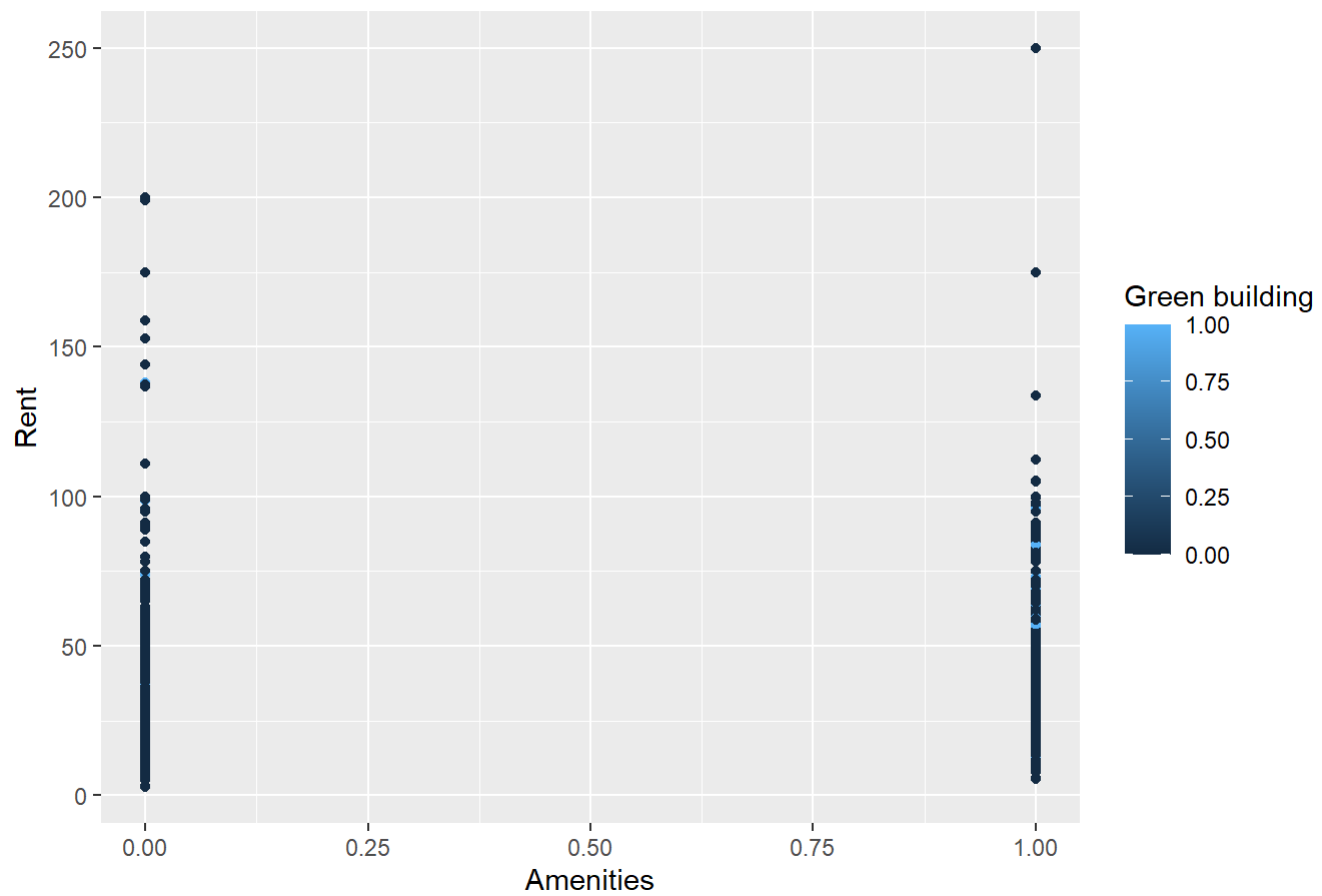
appears that age does not influence rent all that much. As shown by the light blue dots, most energy efficient buildings are much newer.

Green buildings: Size VS Rent



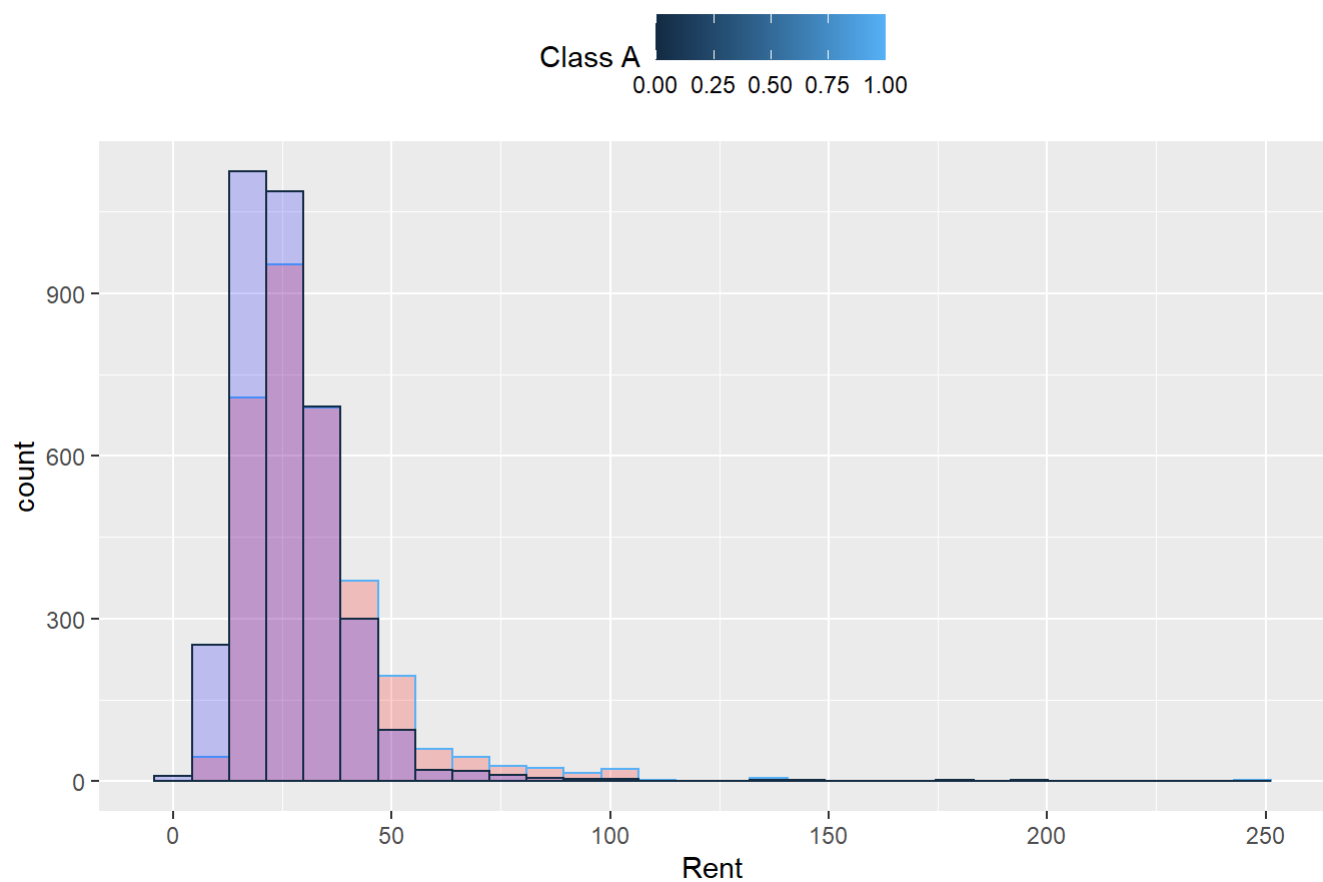
does not seem very conclusive that size of the building is that influential on rent price.

Green buildings: Amenities VS Rent



```
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.  
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
```

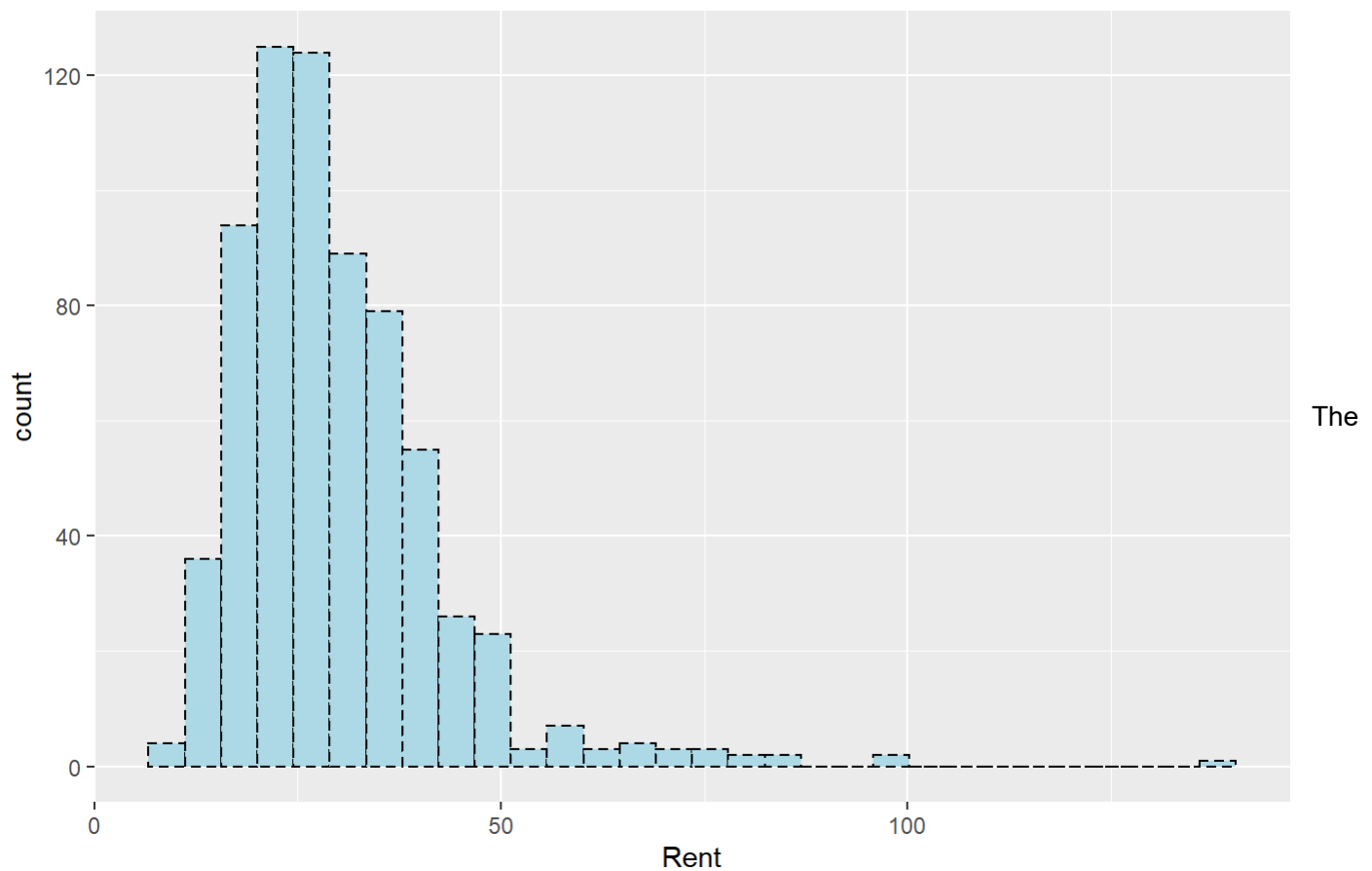

Class vs Rent



Above, the red bars are class A buildings. The blue are class B buildings. AS you can see, there are premiums for buildings regarded as class A due to the slight skew on the right tail.

```
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
```

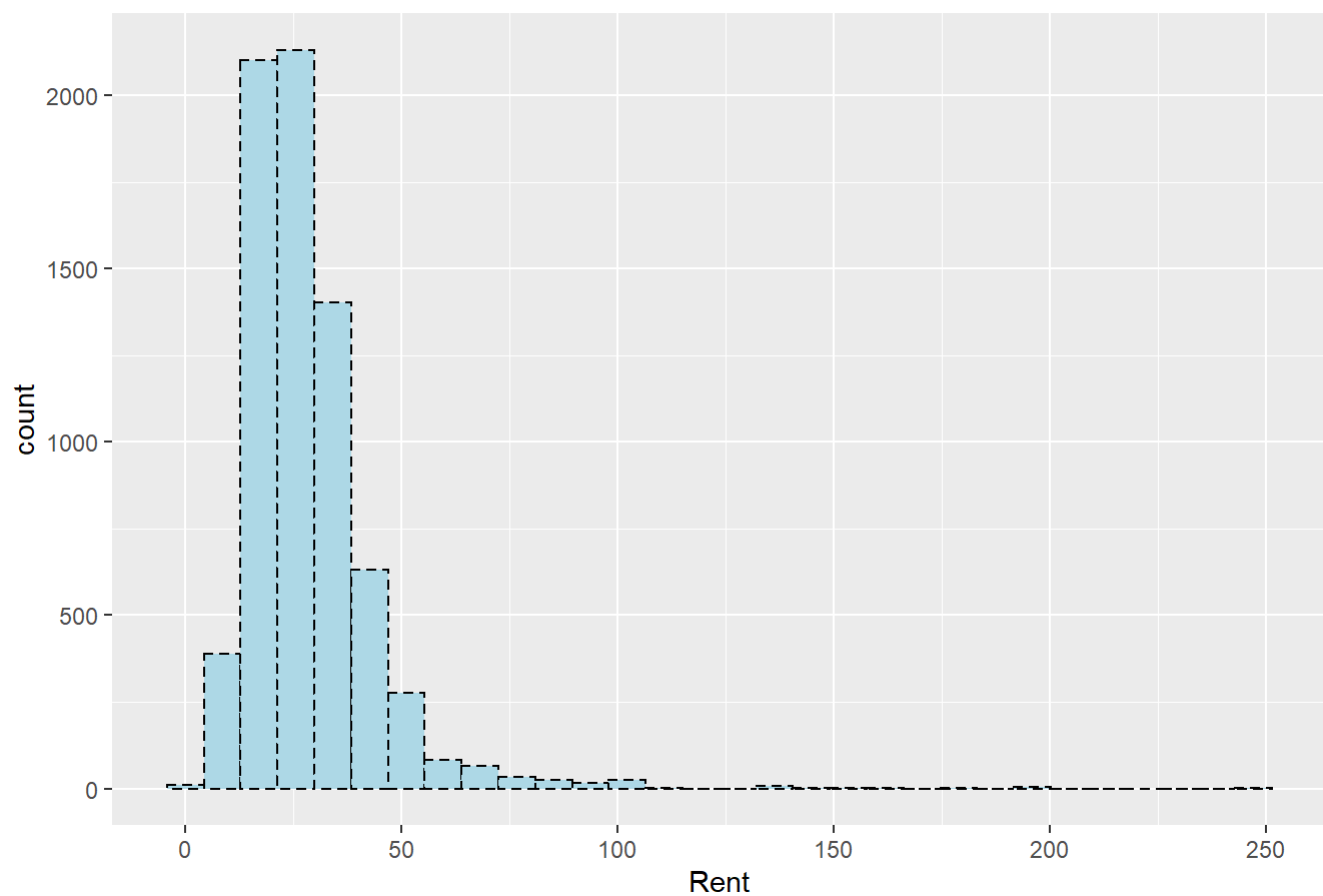
Green buildings: Frequency of Rent



above chart shows the frequency distribution of rents. This is the primary research the Excel guru used. This individual disregarded the many factors that can influence rents paid. For example, the market that they are in could allow premium rents to be charged. Simply looking at a median value disregards external factors.

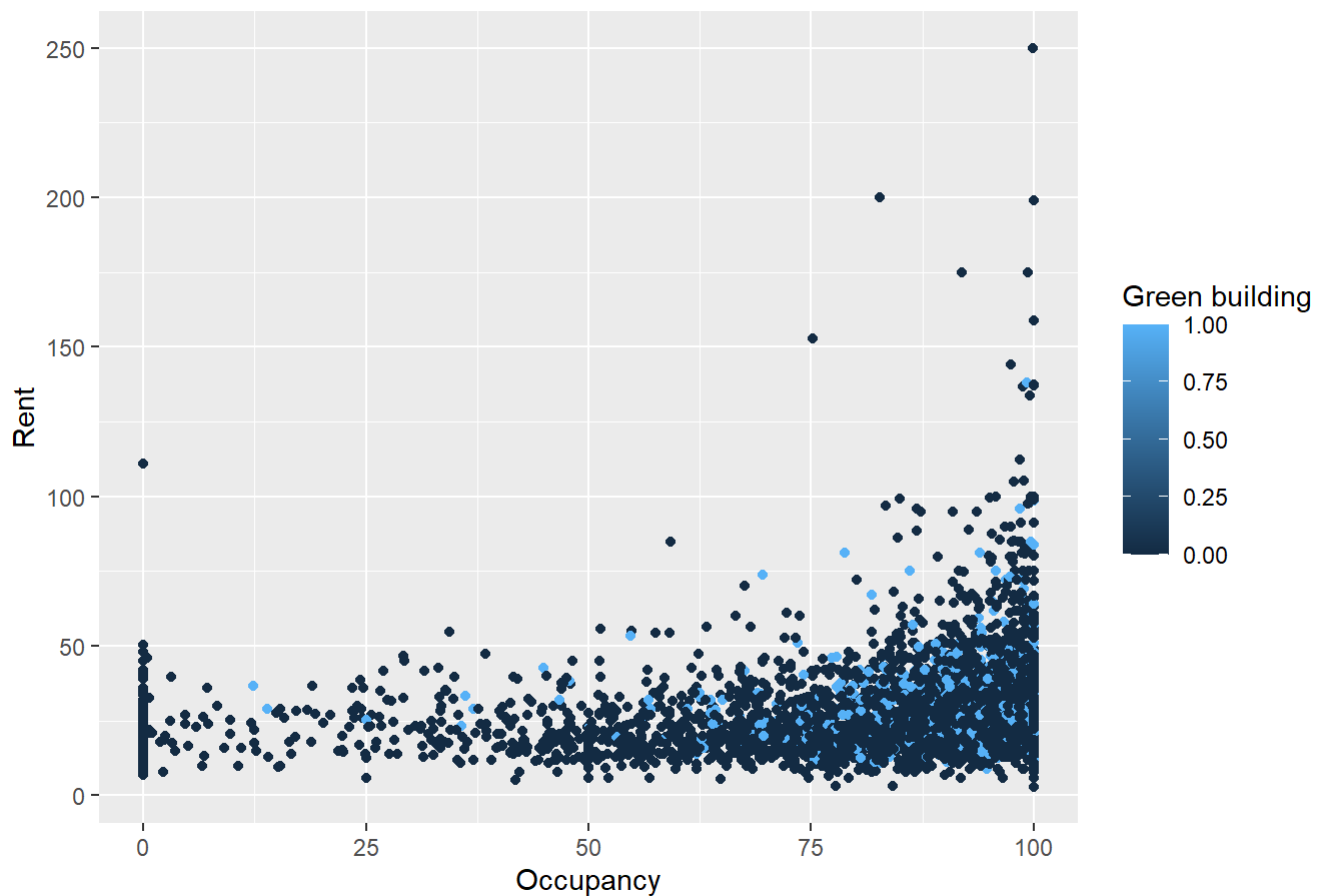
```
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
```

Non-Green buildings: Frequency of Rent



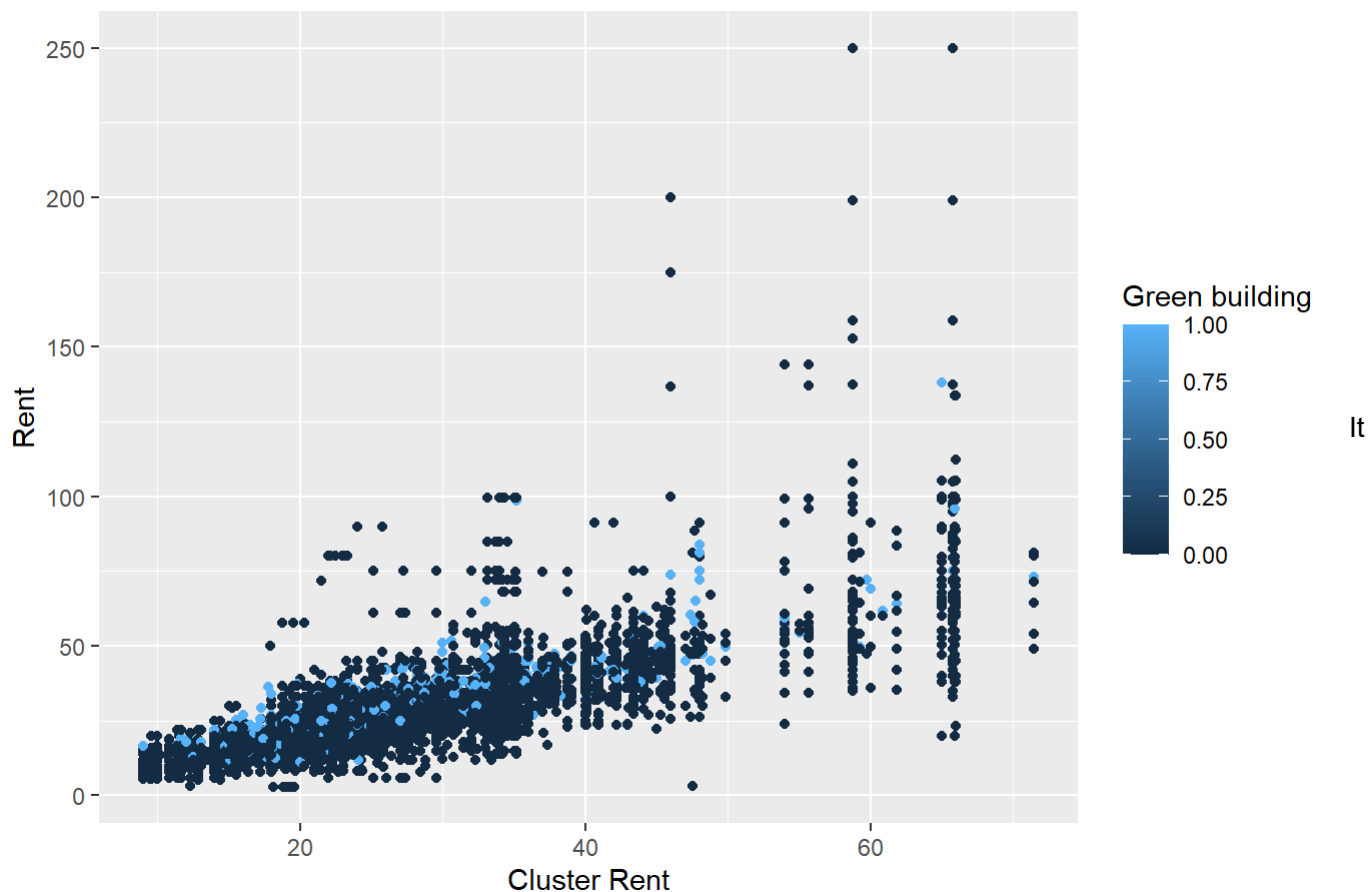
Above, the Non-Green buildings frequency by rent is showed. There is significant variation. It would be foolish to aggregate and take a median value across these properties to determine what rents could be charged in their area.

Green buildings: Occupancy VS Rent



Looking at occupancy versus rent, it seems that properties with higher occupancy have higher rent. This is perhaps a confounding variable because a high occupancy could imply there is high demand for a property as such. We should explore those properties with high occupancy. Clearly these properties are in demand, and we should identify these properties as ideals.

Green buildings: Cluster Rent VS Rent



seems that the most significant relationship between rent and a factor is what the average market rent in the area is currently at. This makes sense as you will want to charge the market going rate. Additionally, it does seem that the green buildings, colored in light blue, sit at a premium, on average, to their inefficient counterparts.

So the excel guru really missed out on key factors like understanding what market rents are across different markets. This is the most influential factor that goes into rent expectations. Without running regressions, we cannot be completely sure exactly how the relationship between the variables and rents. Simply grabbing median values as your rent expectation disregards many other factors that influence what a building could charge in rent.

Additionally, the fact that green buildings are typically newer, the comparison between average non-green buildings is a bad comparison. The analyst needs to go into more granular detail and identify properties within her market and similar ages of properties of similar class rating.

#Visual story telling part 2: flights at ABIA

```

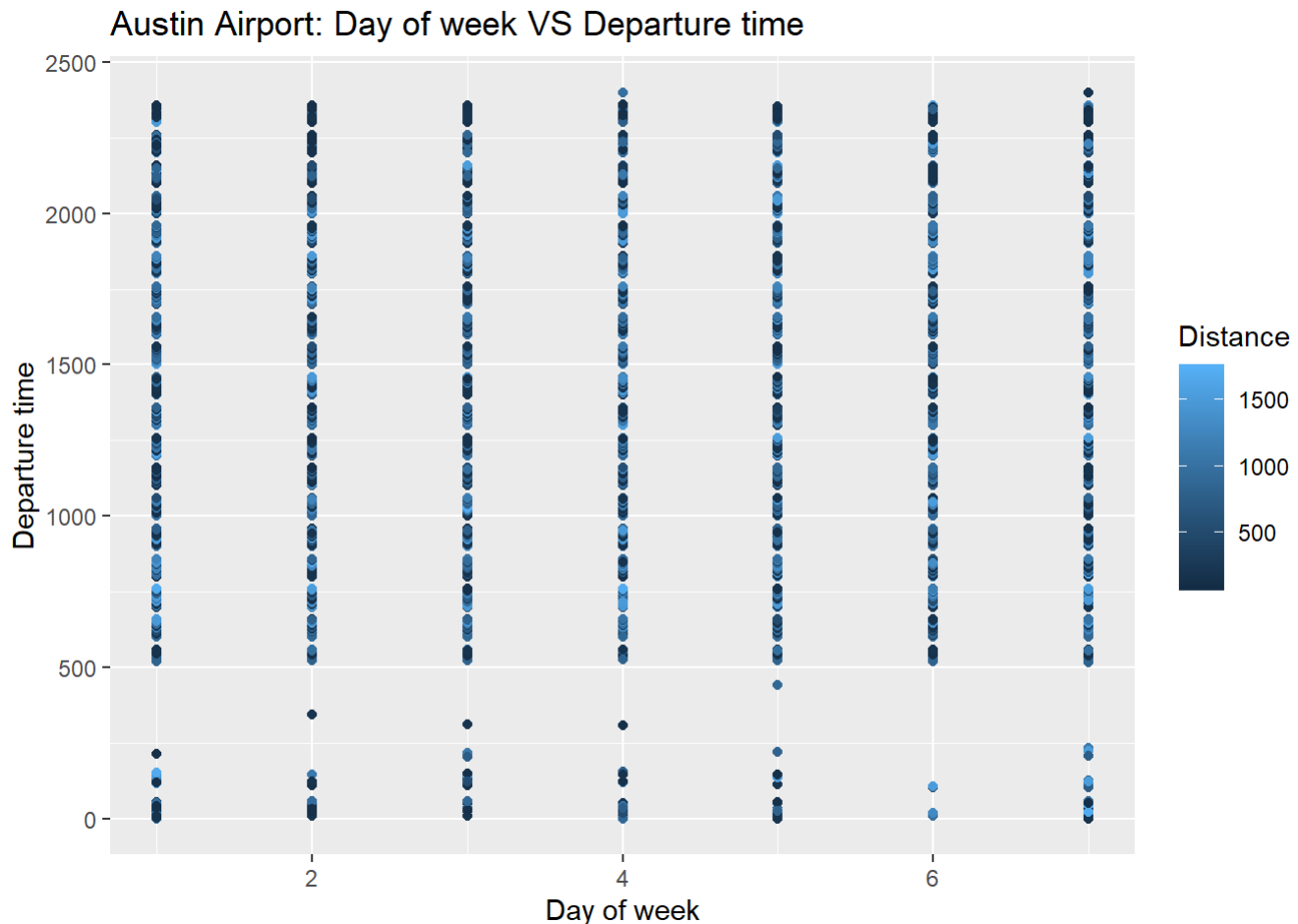
##      Year      Month      DayOfMonth      DayOfWeek      DepTime
## Min.   :2008   Min.   : 1.00   Min.   : 1.00   Min.   :1.000   Min.   : 1
## 1st Qu.:2008   1st Qu.: 3.00   1st Qu.: 8.00   1st Qu.:2.000   1st Qu.: 917
## Median :2008   Median : 6.00   Median :16.00   Median :4.000   Median :1329
## Mean   :2008   Mean   : 6.29   Mean   :15.73   Mean   :3.902   Mean   :1329
## 3rd Qu.:2008   3rd Qu.: 9.00   3rd Qu.:23.00   3rd Qu.:6.000   3rd Qu.:1728
## Max.   :2008   Max.   :12.00   Max.   :31.00   Max.   :7.000   Max.   :2400
##                                     NA's   :1413
##      CRSDepTime      ArrTime      CRSArrTime      UniqueCarrier      FlightNum
## Min.   : 55   Min.   : 1   Min.   : 5   Length:99260   Min.   : 1
## 1st Qu.: 915   1st Qu.:1107   1st Qu.:1115   Class :character   1st Qu.: 640
## Median :1320   Median :1531   Median :1535   Mode  :character   Median :1465
## Mean   :1320   Mean   :1487   Mean   :1505                                     Mean   :1917
## 3rd Qu.:1720   3rd Qu.:1903   3rd Qu.:1902                                     3rd Qu.:2653
## Max.   :2346   Max.   :2400   Max.   :2400                                     Max.   :9741
##                                     NA's   :1567
##      TailNum      ActualElapsedTime      CRSElapsedTime      AirTime
## Length:99260   Min.   : 22.0   Min.   : 17.0   Min.   : 3.00
## Class :character   1st Qu.: 57.0   1st Qu.: 58.0   1st Qu.: 38.00
## Mode  :character   Median :125.0   Median :130.0   Median :105.00
##                                     Mean   :120.2   Mean   :122.1   Mean   : 99.81
##                                     3rd Qu.:164.0   3rd Qu.:165.0   3rd Qu.:142.00
##                                     Max.   :506.0   Max.   :320.0   Max.   :402.00
##                                     NA's   :1601   NA's   :11   NA's   :1601
##      ArrDelay      DepDelay      Origin      Dest
## Min.   : -129.000   Min.   : -42.000   Length:99260   Length:99260
## 1st Qu.: -9.000   1st Qu.: -4.000   Class :character   Class :character
## Median : -2.000   Median : 0.000   Mode  :character   Mode  :character
## Mean   : 7.065   Mean   : 9.171
## 3rd Qu.: 10.000   3rd Qu.: 8.000
## Max.   : 948.000   Max.   :875.000
## NA's   :1601   NA's   :1413
##      Distance      TaxiIn      TaxiOut      Cancelled
## Min.   : 66   Min.   : 0.000   Min.   : 1.00   Min.   :0.00000
## 1st Qu.: 190   1st Qu.: 4.000   1st Qu.: 9.00   1st Qu.:0.00000
## Median : 775   Median : 5.000   Median : 12.00   Median :0.00000
## Mean   : 705   Mean   : 6.413   Mean   : 13.96   Mean   :0.01431
## 3rd Qu.:1085   3rd Qu.: 7.000   3rd Qu.: 16.00   3rd Qu.:0.00000
## Max.   :1770   Max.   :143.000   Max.   :305.00   Max.   :1.00000
##                                     NA's   :1567   NA's   :1419
##      CancellationCode      Diverted      CarrierDelay      WeatherDelay
## Length:99260   Min.   :0.000000   Min.   : 0.00   Min.   : 0.00
## Class :character   1st Qu.:0.000000   1st Qu.: 0.00   1st Qu.: 0.00
## Mode  :character   Median :0.000000   Median : 0.00   Median : 0.00
##                                     Mean   :0.001824   Mean   : 15.39   Mean   : 2.24
##                                     3rd Qu.:0.000000   3rd Qu.: 16.00   3rd Qu.: 0.00
##                                     Max.   :1.000000   Max.   :875.00   Max.   :412.00
##                                     NA's   :79513   NA's   :79513
##      NASDelay      SecurityDelay      LateAircraftDelay
## Min.   : 0.00   Min.   : 0.00   Min.   : 0.00
## 1st Qu.: 0.00   1st Qu.: 0.00   1st Qu.: 0.00
## Median : 2.00   Median : 0.00   Median : 6.00
## Mean   : 12.47   Mean   : 0.07   Mean   : 22.97

```

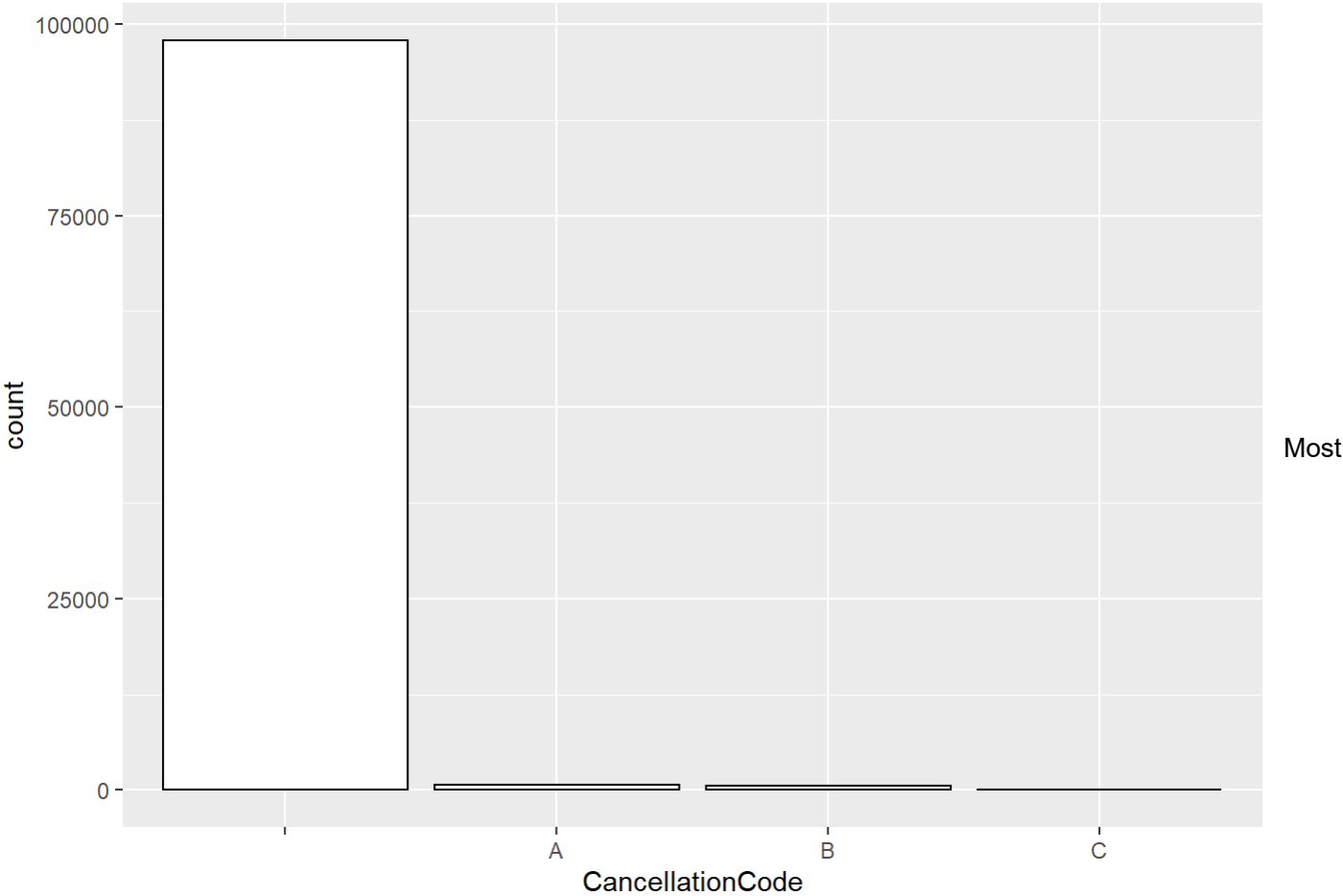
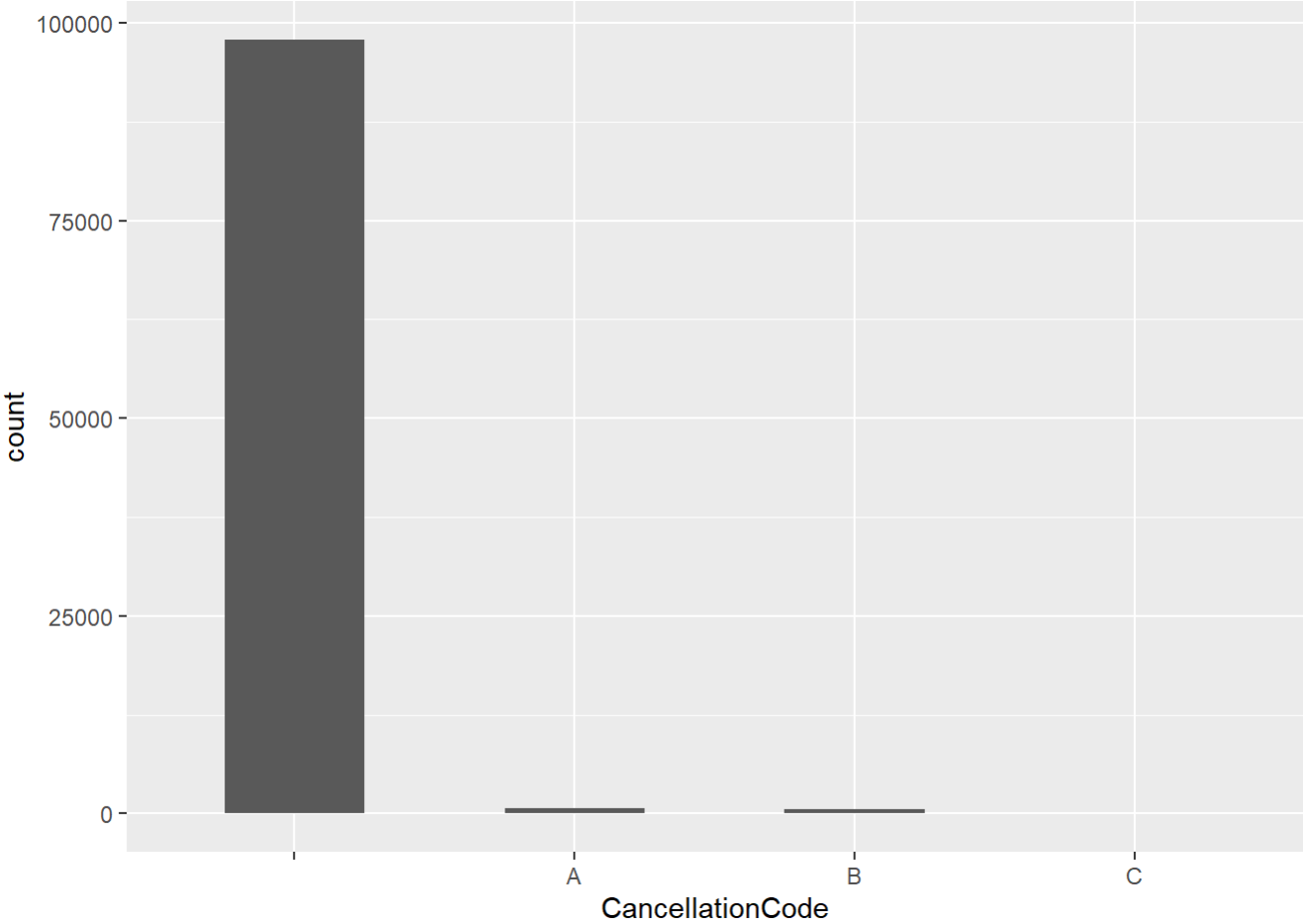
```
## 3rd Qu.: 16.00    3rd Qu.:  0.00    3rd Qu.: 30.00
## Max.    :367.00    Max.    :199.00    Max.    :458.00
## NA's    :79513     NA's    :79513     NA's    :79513
```

The above output are summary statistics for all features of the ABIA data set. There is a mix between categorical variables and quantitative variables.

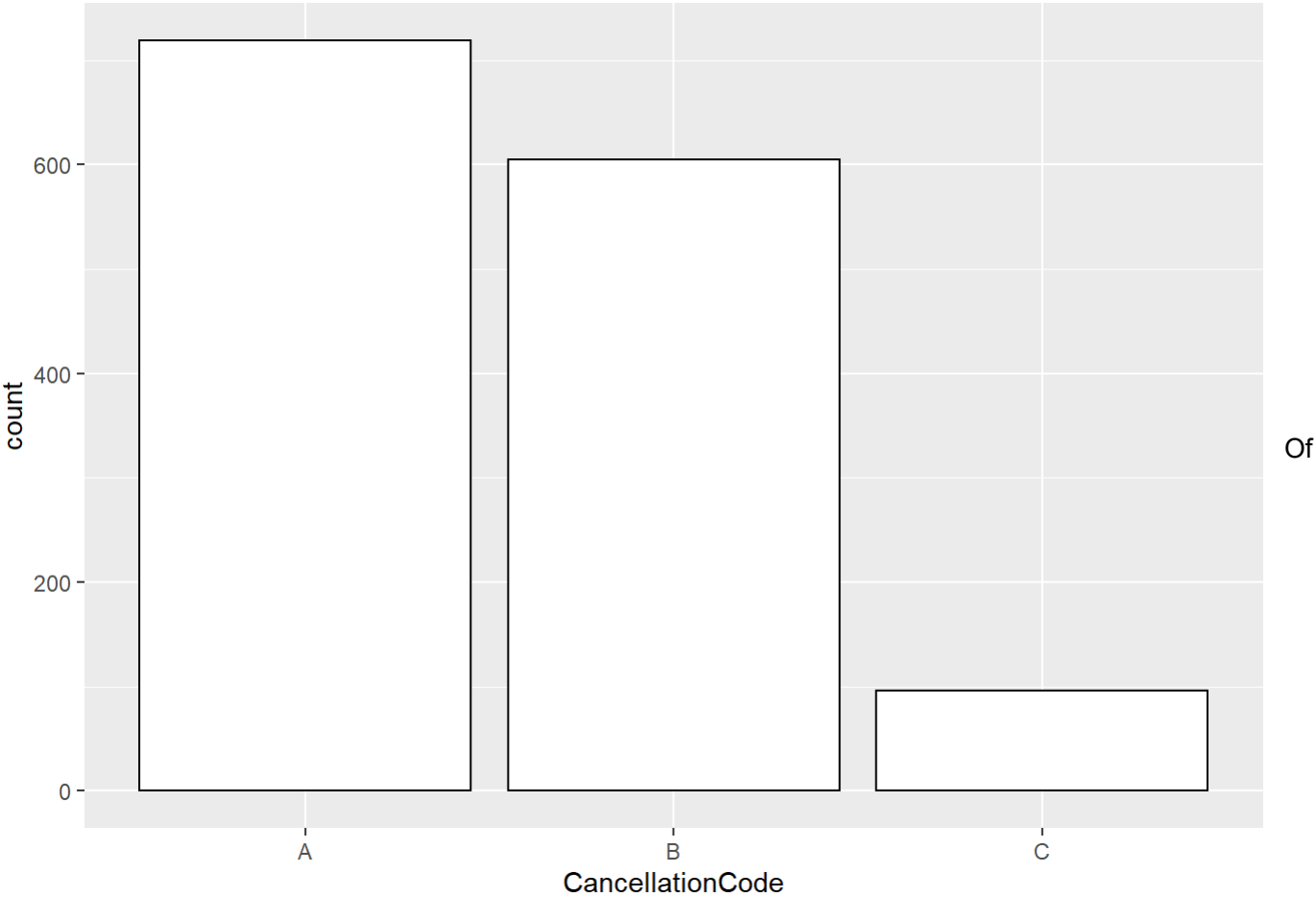
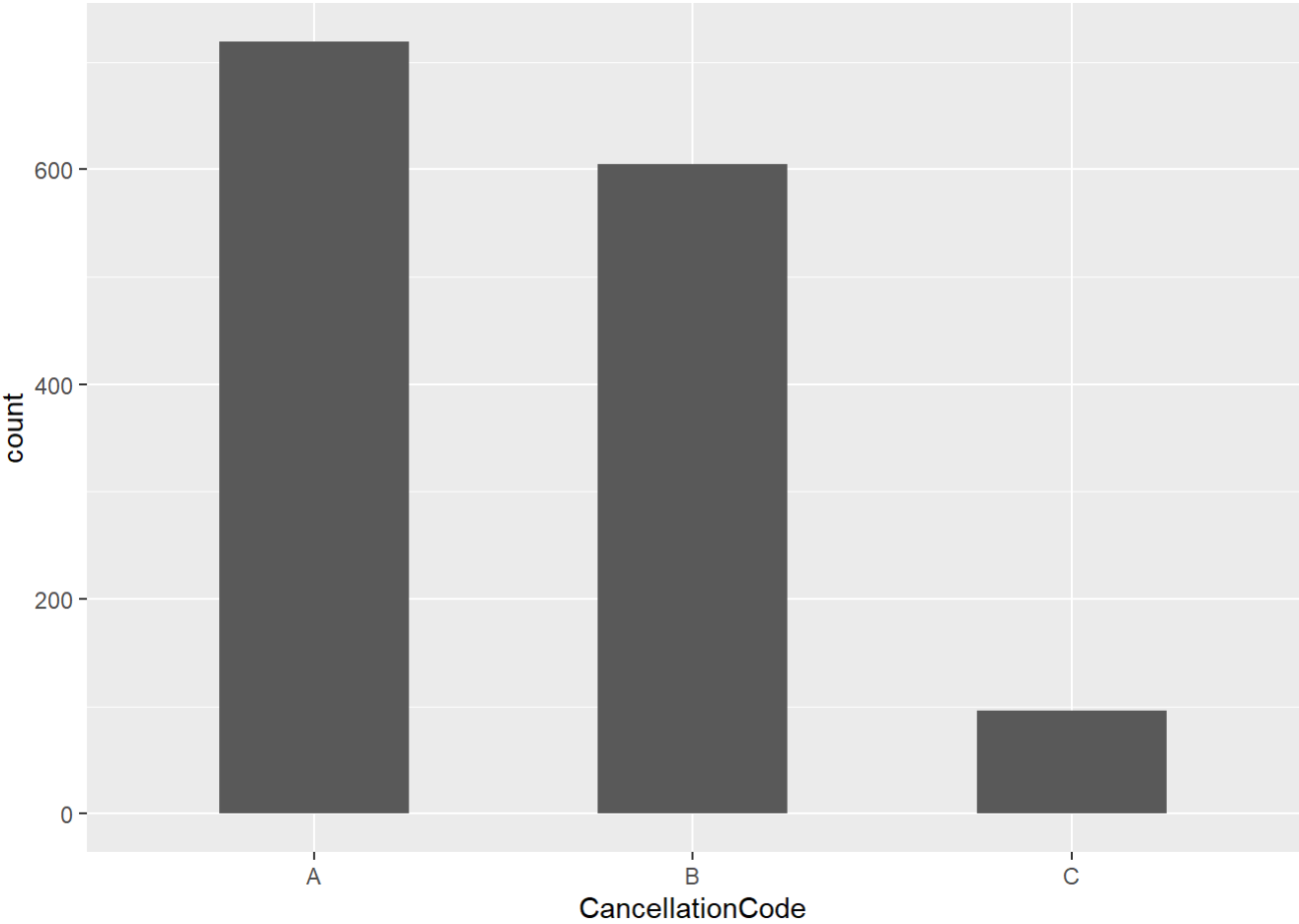
```
## Warning: Removed 1413 rows containing missing values (geom_point).
```



Looking at the chart above, the Austin Airport has many flights that occur daily. With the color mapping to the distance of the flight, it does not appear that there is any apparent relationship between the day, time, and distance of the flight.



planes do not have cancellation codes.



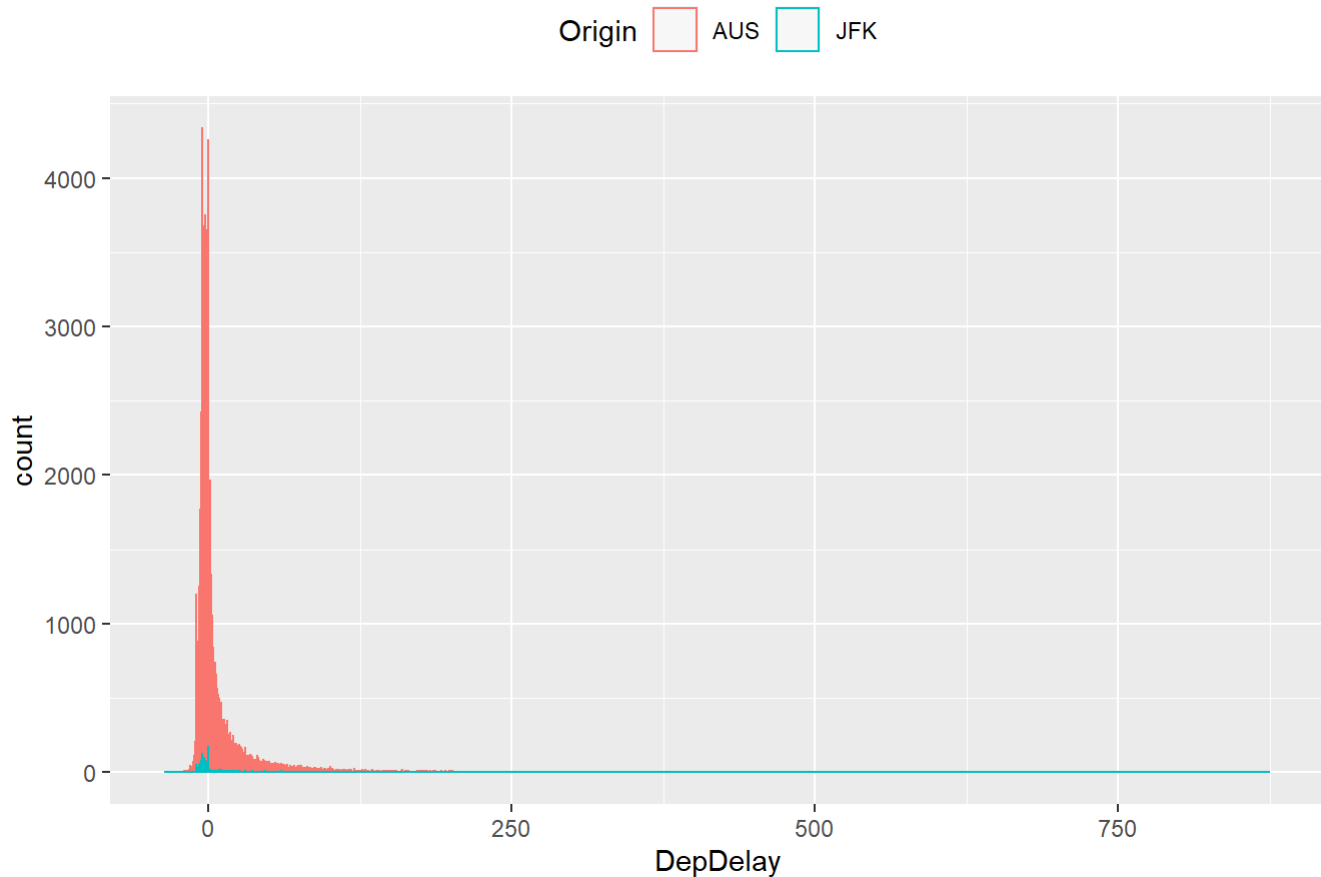
the flights that were canceled, the primary reason was due to carrier issues. In close second, flights are canceled

due to weather. In third, flights are canceled due to NAS. There were no instances of “D” security cancellations.

```
## Warning: Removed 730 rows containing non-finite values (stat_bin).
```

```
## Warning: Removed 33 rows containing non-finite values (stat_bin).
```

Austin airport vs. JFK Departure Delay

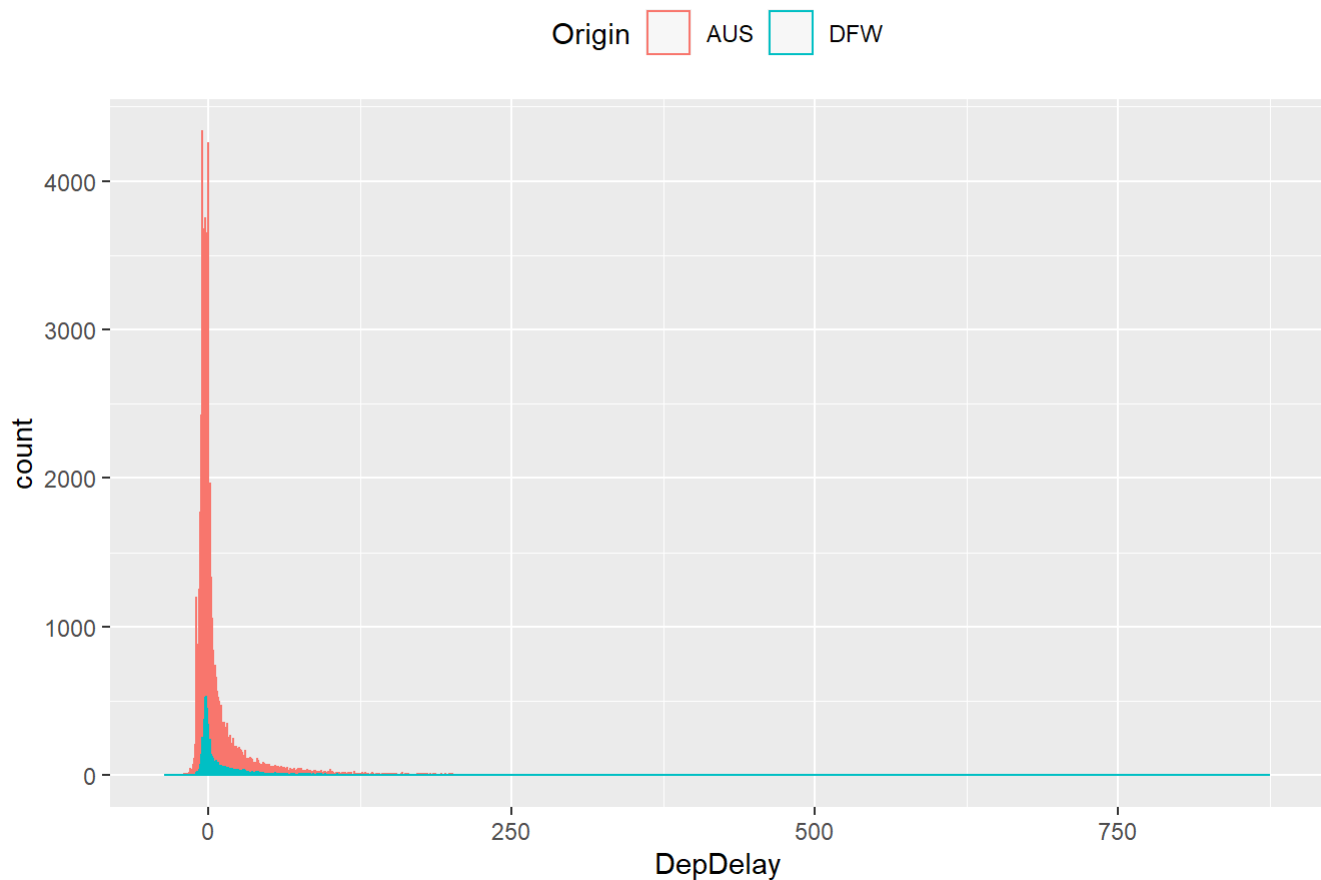


Compared to JFK, the Austin airport has significantly more departure delays than that of JFK. Expect delays if you are going anywhere from Austin. This could likely be due to the weather difference in Austin to New York.

```
## Warning: Removed 730 rows containing non-finite values (stat_bin).
```

```
## Warning: Removed 158 rows containing non-finite values (stat_bin).
```

Austin airport vs. JFK Departure Delay



Interestingly, the Dallas-Fort Worth airport has a similar distribution to Austin's. Perhaps this is due to shared weather delays.

#Portfolio modeling

```
## 'getSymbols' currently uses auto.assign=TRUE by default, but will
## use auto.assign=FALSE in 0.5-0. You will still be able to use
## 'loadSymbols' to automatically load data. getOption("getSymbols.env")
## and getOption("getSymbols.auto.assign") will still be checked for
## alternate defaults.
##
## This message is shown once per session and may be disabled by setting
## options("getSymbols.warning4.0"=FALSE). See ?getSymbols for details.
```

```
## [1] "VGK"
```

```
## [1] "EWU"
```

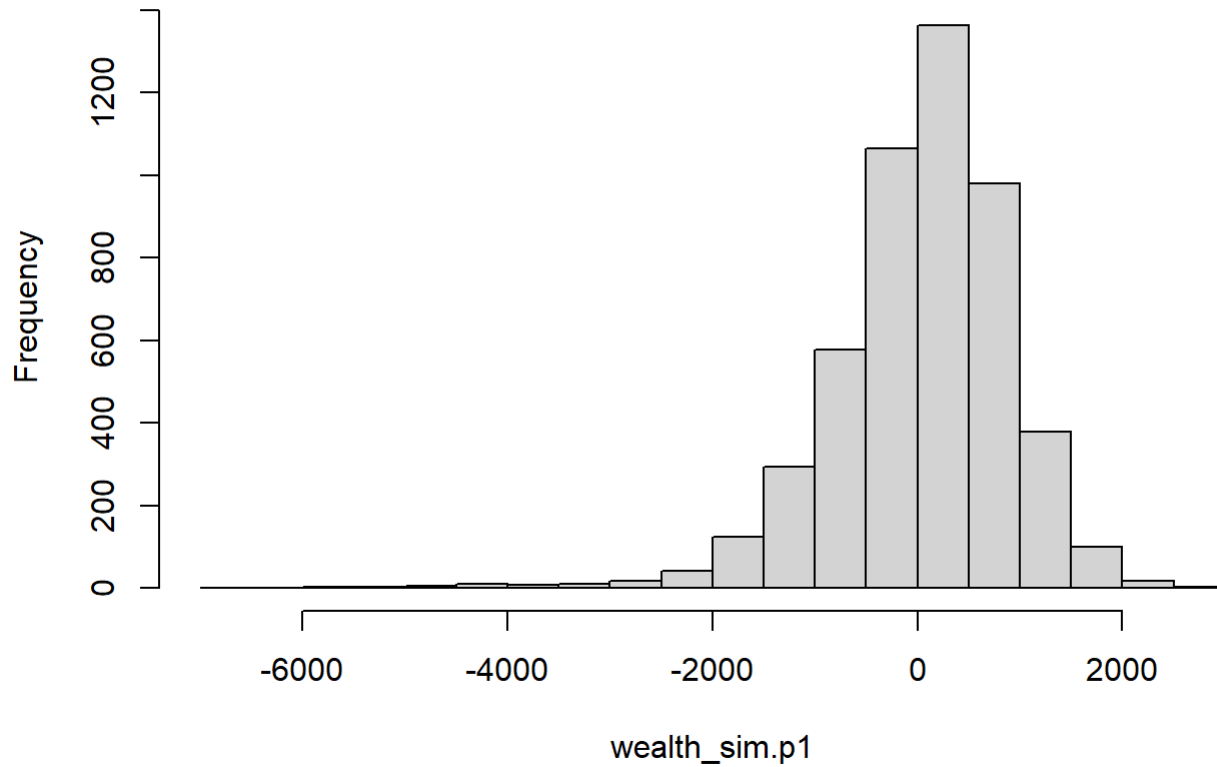
```
## [1] "SHYG"
```

```
## [1] "URE"
```

```
## [1] "SVXY"
```

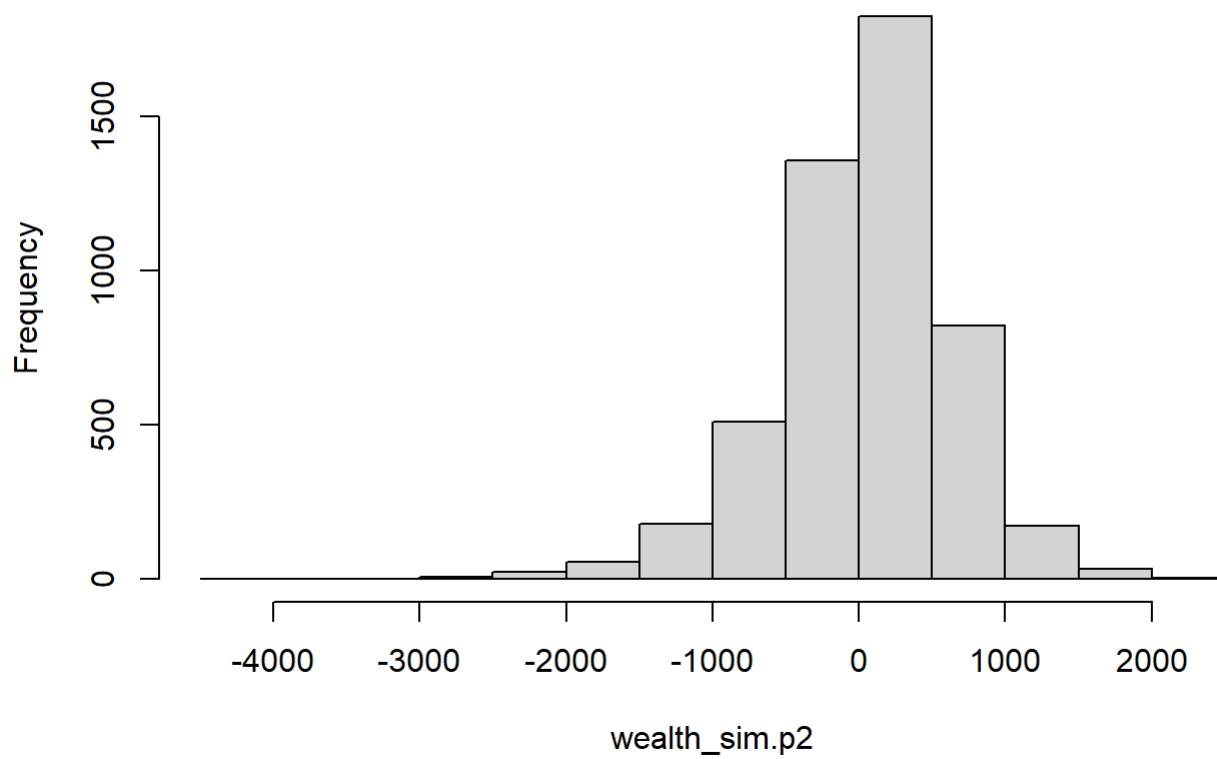
```
##          5%  
## -1431.915
```

Histogram of wealth_sim.p1



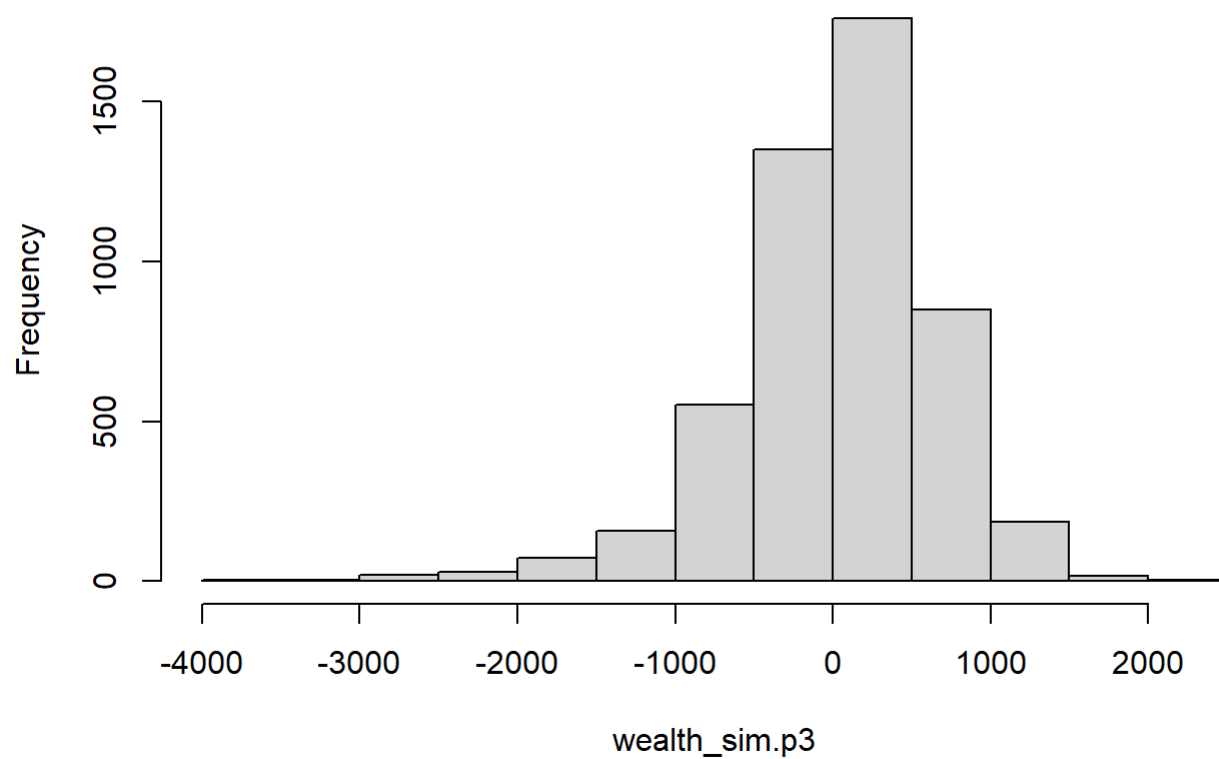
```
##          5%  
## -1029.164
```

Histogram of wealth_sim.p2



```
##      5%  
## -1078.14
```

Histogram of wealth_sim.p3



Some of these portfolio returns are very skewed! Asset returns appear to be non-normal in many cases.

#Market segmentation

```

##           X           chatter      current_events      travel
## Length:7882      Min.   : 0.000      Min.   :0.000      Min.   : 0.000
## Class :character  1st Qu.: 2.000      1st Qu.:1.000      1st Qu.: 0.000
## Mode  :character  Median : 3.000      Median :1.000      Median : 1.000
##                               Mean  : 4.399      Mean   :1.526      Mean   : 1.585
##                               3rd Qu.: 6.000      3rd Qu.:2.000      3rd Qu.: 2.000
##                               Max.   :26.000      Max.   :8.000      Max.   :26.000
## photo_sharing      uncategorized      tv_film      sports_fandom
## Min.   : 0.000      Min.   :0.000      Min.   : 0.00      Min.   : 0.000
## 1st Qu.: 1.000      1st Qu.:0.000      1st Qu.: 0.00      1st Qu.: 0.000
## Median : 2.000      Median :1.000      Median : 1.00      Median : 1.000
## Mean   : 2.697      Mean   :0.813      Mean   : 1.07      Mean   : 1.594
## 3rd Qu.: 4.000      3rd Qu.:1.000      3rd Qu.: 1.00      3rd Qu.: 2.000
## Max.   :21.000      Max.   :9.000      Max.   :17.00      Max.   :20.000
## politics           food           family           home_and_garden
## Min.   : 0.000      Min.   : 0.000      Min.   : 0.0000      Min.   :0.0000
## 1st Qu.: 0.000      1st Qu.: 0.000      1st Qu.: 0.0000      1st Qu.:0.0000
## Median : 1.000      Median : 1.000      Median : 1.0000      Median :0.0000
## Mean   : 1.789      Mean   : 1.397      Mean   : 0.8639      Mean   :0.5207
## 3rd Qu.: 2.000      3rd Qu.: 2.000      3rd Qu.: 1.0000      3rd Qu.:1.0000
## Max.   :37.000      Max.   :16.000      Max.   :10.0000      Max.   :5.0000
## music             news           online_gaming      shopping
## Min.   : 0.0000      Min.   : 0.000      Min.   : 0.000      Min.   : 0.000
## 1st Qu.: 0.0000      1st Qu.: 0.000      1st Qu.: 0.000      1st Qu.: 0.000
## Median : 0.0000      Median : 0.000      Median : 0.000      Median : 1.000
## Mean   : 0.6793      Mean   : 1.206      Mean   : 1.209      Mean   : 1.389
## 3rd Qu.: 1.0000      3rd Qu.: 1.000      3rd Qu.: 1.000      3rd Qu.: 2.000
## Max.   :13.0000      Max.   :20.000      Max.   :27.000      Max.   :12.000
## health_nutrition  college_uni      sports_playing      cooking
## Min.   : 0.000      Min.   : 0.000      Min.   :0.0000      Min.   : 0.000
## 1st Qu.: 0.000      1st Qu.: 0.000      1st Qu.:0.0000      1st Qu.: 0.000
## Median : 1.000      Median : 1.000      Median :0.0000      Median : 1.000
## Mean   : 2.567      Mean   : 1.549      Mean   :0.6392      Mean   : 1.998
## 3rd Qu.: 3.000      3rd Qu.: 2.000      3rd Qu.:1.0000      3rd Qu.: 2.000
## Max.   :41.000      Max.   :30.000      Max.   :8.0000      Max.   :33.000
## eco              computers          business          outdoors
## Min.   :0.0000      Min.   : 0.0000      Min.   :0.0000      Min.   : 0.0000
## 1st Qu.:0.0000      1st Qu.: 0.0000      1st Qu.:0.0000      1st Qu.: 0.0000
## Median :0.0000      Median : 0.0000      Median :0.0000      Median : 0.0000
## Mean   :0.5123      Mean   : 0.6491      Mean   :0.4232      Mean   : 0.7827
## 3rd Qu.:1.0000      3rd Qu.: 1.0000      3rd Qu.:1.0000      3rd Qu.: 1.0000
## Max.   :6.0000      Max.   :16.0000      Max.   :6.0000      Max.   :12.0000
## crafts           automotive          art           religion
## Min.   :0.0000      Min.   : 0.0000      Min.   : 0.0000      Min.   : 0.000
## 1st Qu.:0.0000      1st Qu.: 0.0000      1st Qu.: 0.0000      1st Qu.: 0.000
## Median :0.0000      Median : 0.0000      Median : 0.0000      Median : 0.000
## Mean   :0.5159      Mean   : 0.8299      Mean   : 0.7248      Mean   : 1.095
## 3rd Qu.:1.0000      3rd Qu.: 1.0000      3rd Qu.: 1.0000      3rd Qu.: 1.000
## Max.   :7.0000      Max.   :13.0000      Max.   :18.0000      Max.   :20.000
## beauty           parenting          dating          school
## Min.   : 0.0000      Min.   : 0.0000      Min.   : 0.0000      Min.   : 0.0000
## 1st Qu.: 0.0000      1st Qu.: 0.0000      1st Qu.: 0.0000      1st Qu.: 0.0000
## Median : 0.0000      Median : 0.0000      Median : 0.0000      Median : 0.0000

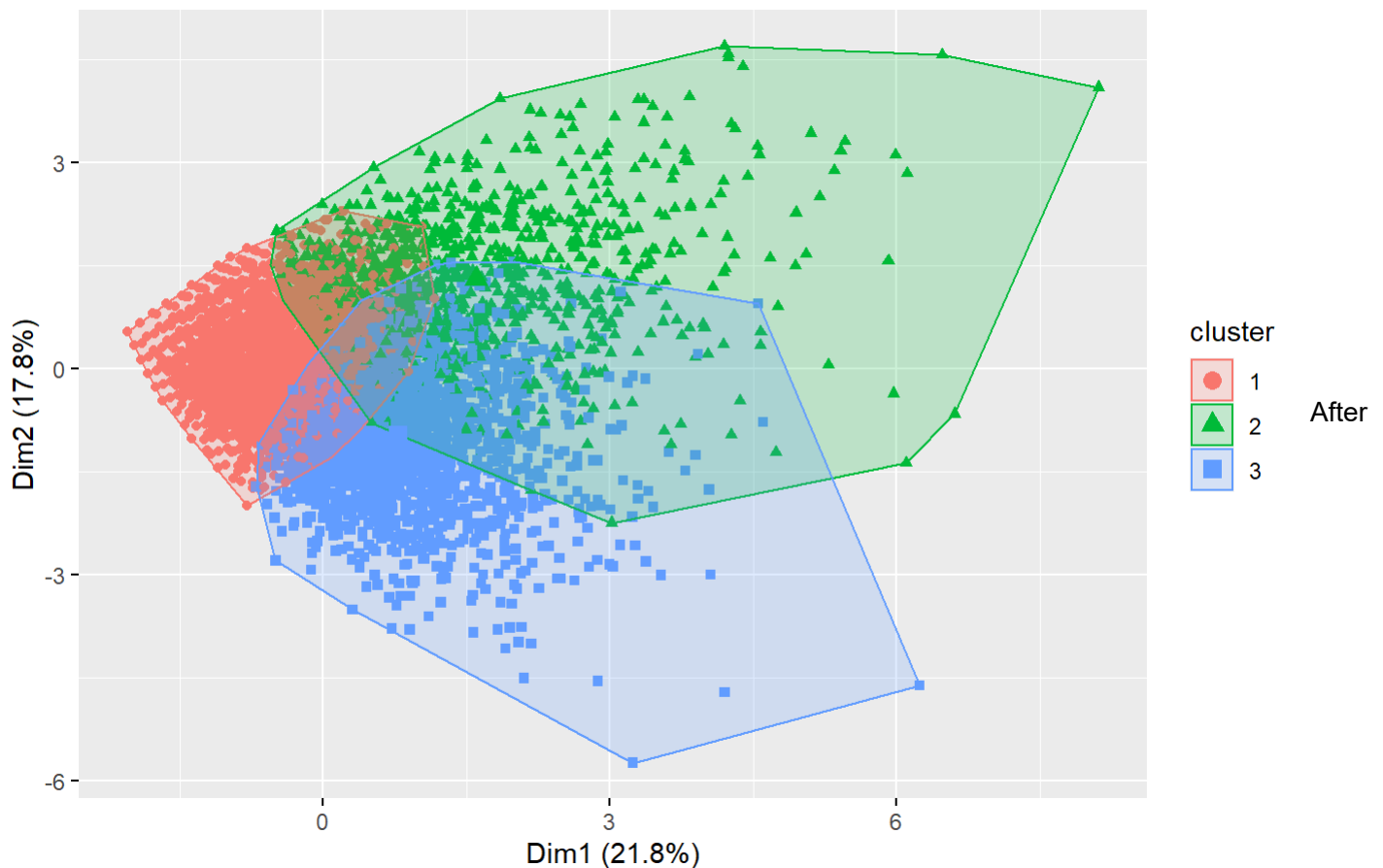
```

```

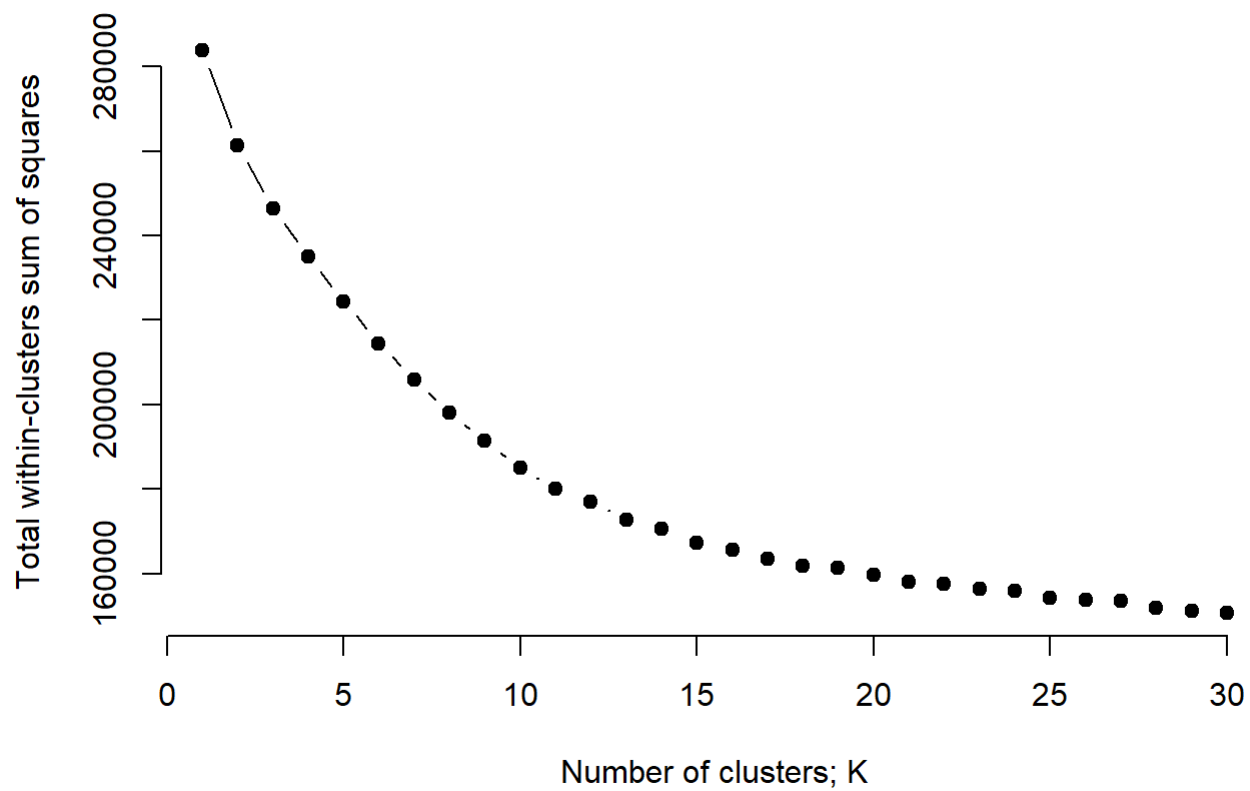
## Mean   : 0.7052   Mean   : 0.9213   Mean   : 0.7109   Mean   : 0.7677
## 3rd Qu.: 1.0000   3rd Qu.: 1.0000   3rd Qu.: 1.0000   3rd Qu.: 1.0000
## Max.   :14.0000   Max.   :14.0000   Max.   :24.0000   Max.   :11.0000
## personal_fitness  fashion      small_business      spam
## Min.    : 0.000    Min.    : 0.0000    Min.    :0.0000    Min.    :0.00000
## 1st Qu.: 0.000    1st Qu.: 0.0000    1st Qu.:0.0000    1st Qu.:0.00000
## Median : 0.000    Median : 0.0000    Median :0.0000    Median :0.00000
## Mean    : 1.462    Mean    : 0.9966    Mean    :0.3363    Mean    :0.00647
## 3rd Qu.: 2.000    3rd Qu.: 1.0000    3rd Qu.:1.0000    3rd Qu.:0.00000
## Max.    :19.000    Max.    :18.0000    Max.    :6.0000    Max.    :2.00000
##
## adult
## Min.    : 0.0000
## 1st Qu.: 0.0000
## Median : 0.0000
## Mean    : 0.4033
## 3rd Qu.: 0.0000
## Max.    :26.0000

```

Cluster plot

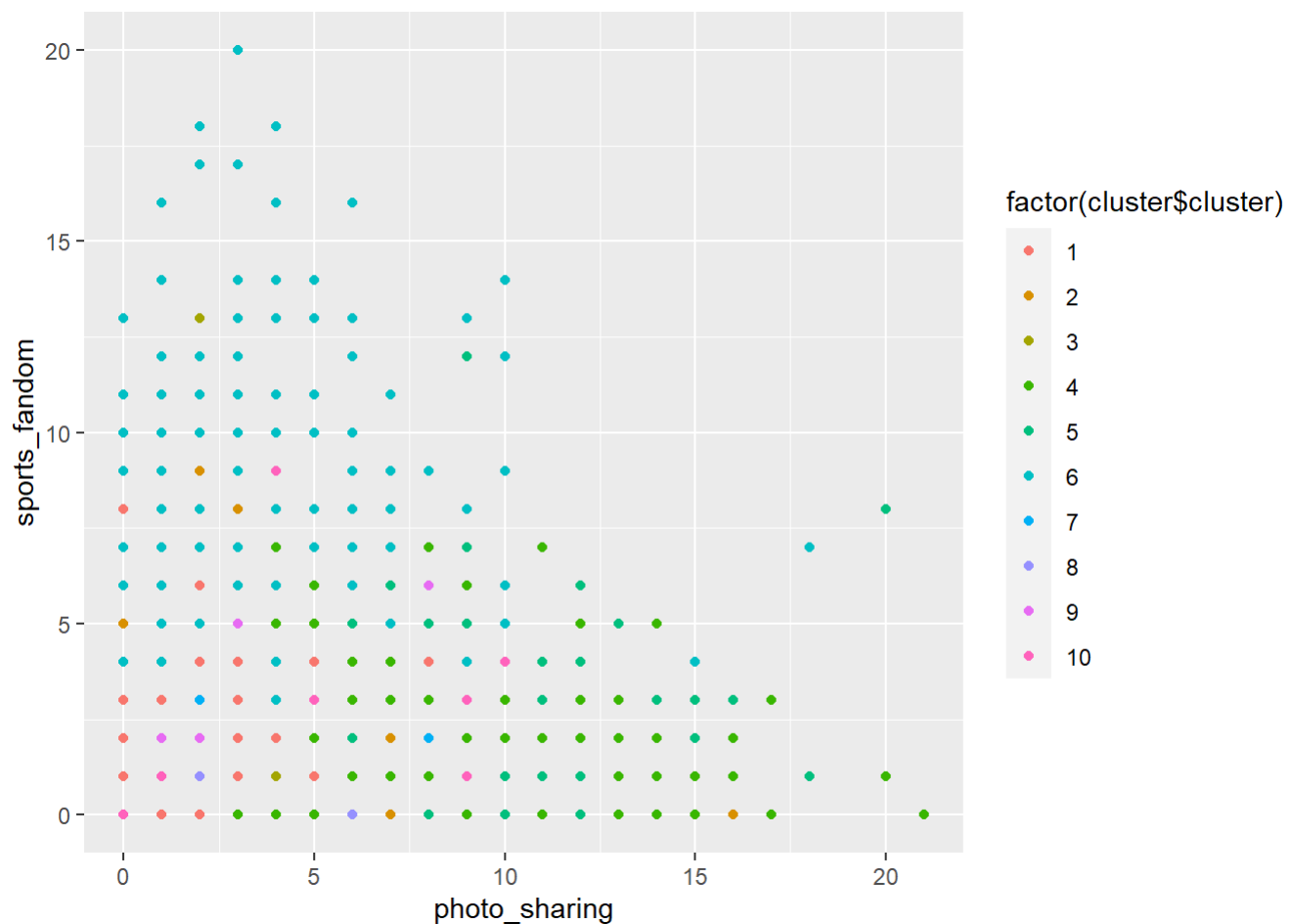


broadly applying a k-means clustering algorithm to all the features, we achieve the previously shown chart. There is a lot of overlap with three clusters. I attempted to determine what is the optimal number of clusters.



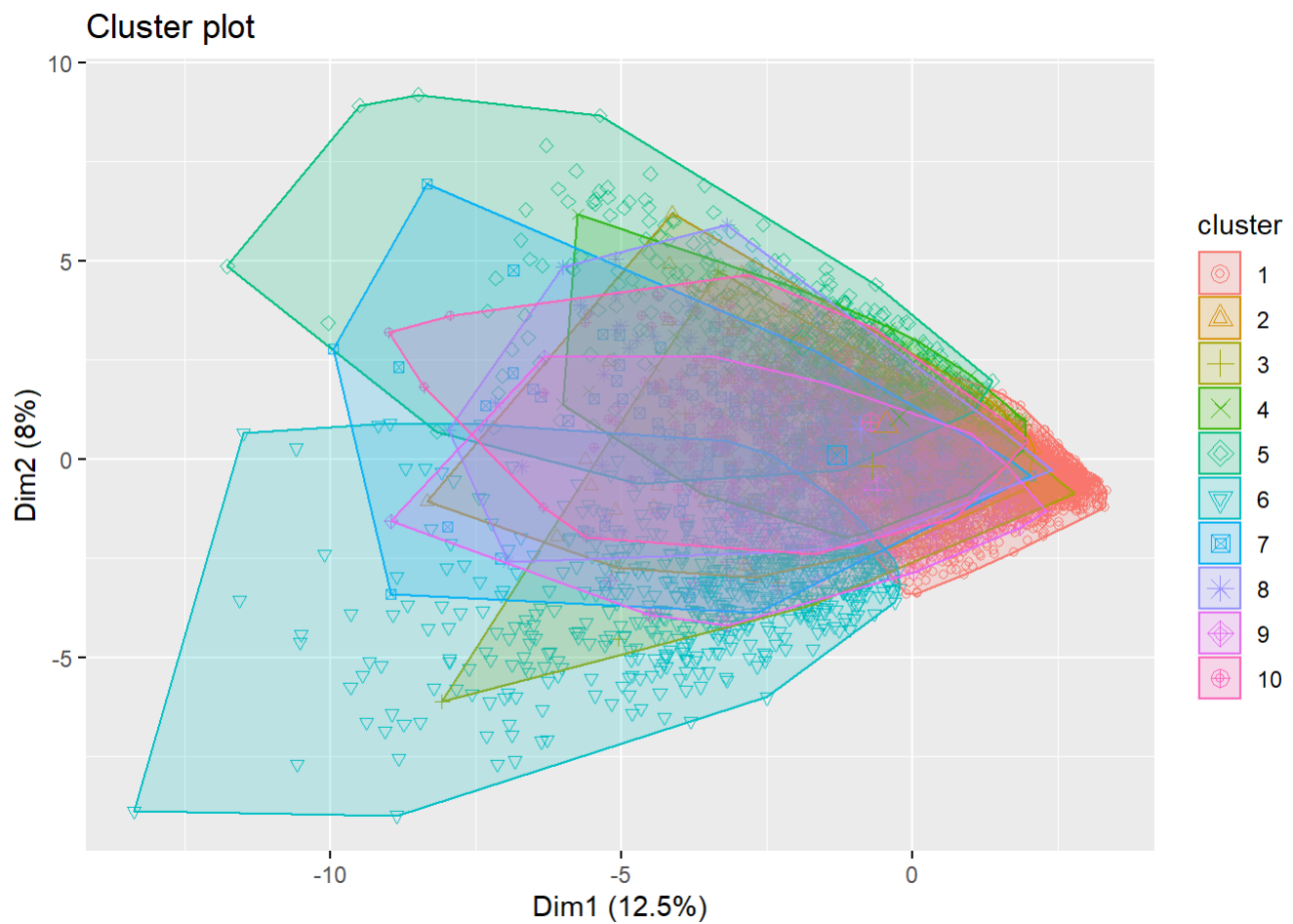
The

chart above shows the total within-clusters sum of squares for given K values. K is the number of clusters to used to group the data. As the total within-clusters sum of squares values begin to level off around 20 total clusters, I will proceed with this quantity of clusters.

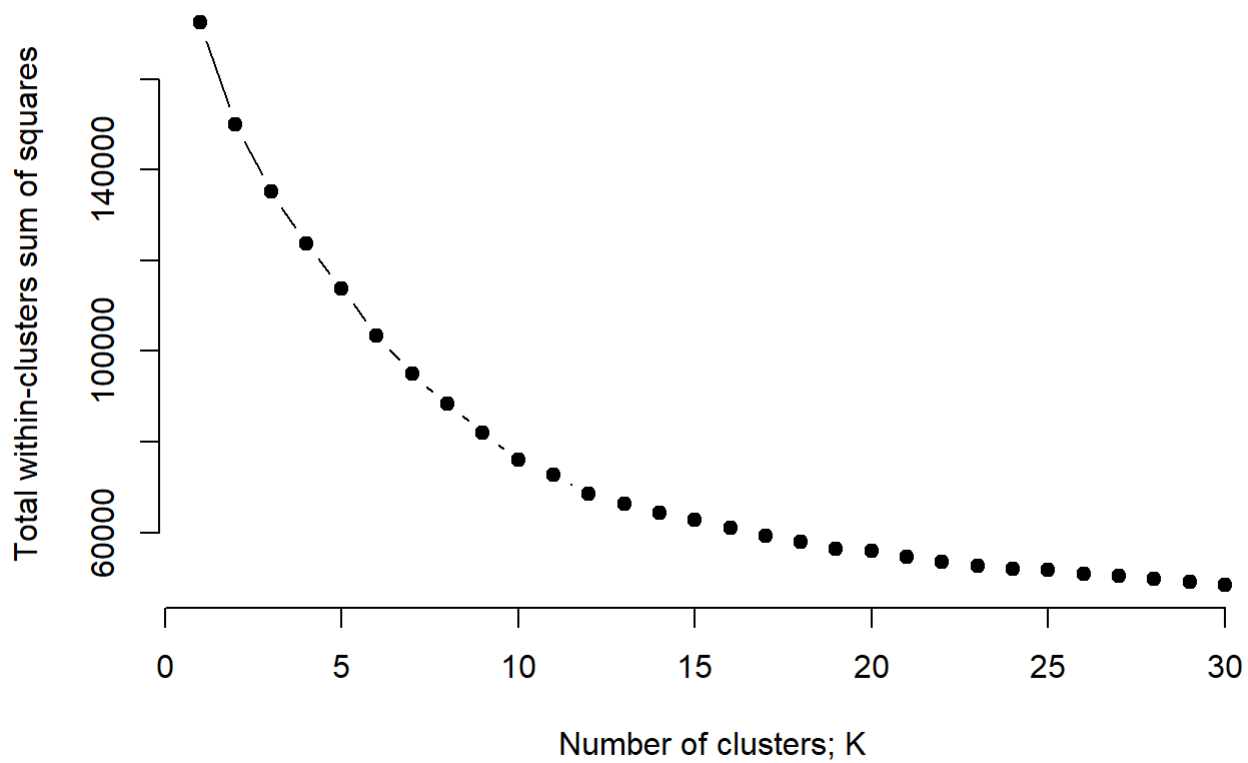


The

chart above shows some of the Twitter accounts and their respective cluster classifications. The clustering with 10 clusters does not seem too great. However, we can still see that there are two main clusters I like to think that this clustering model identified subsets of people that enjoy sports or sharing photos.

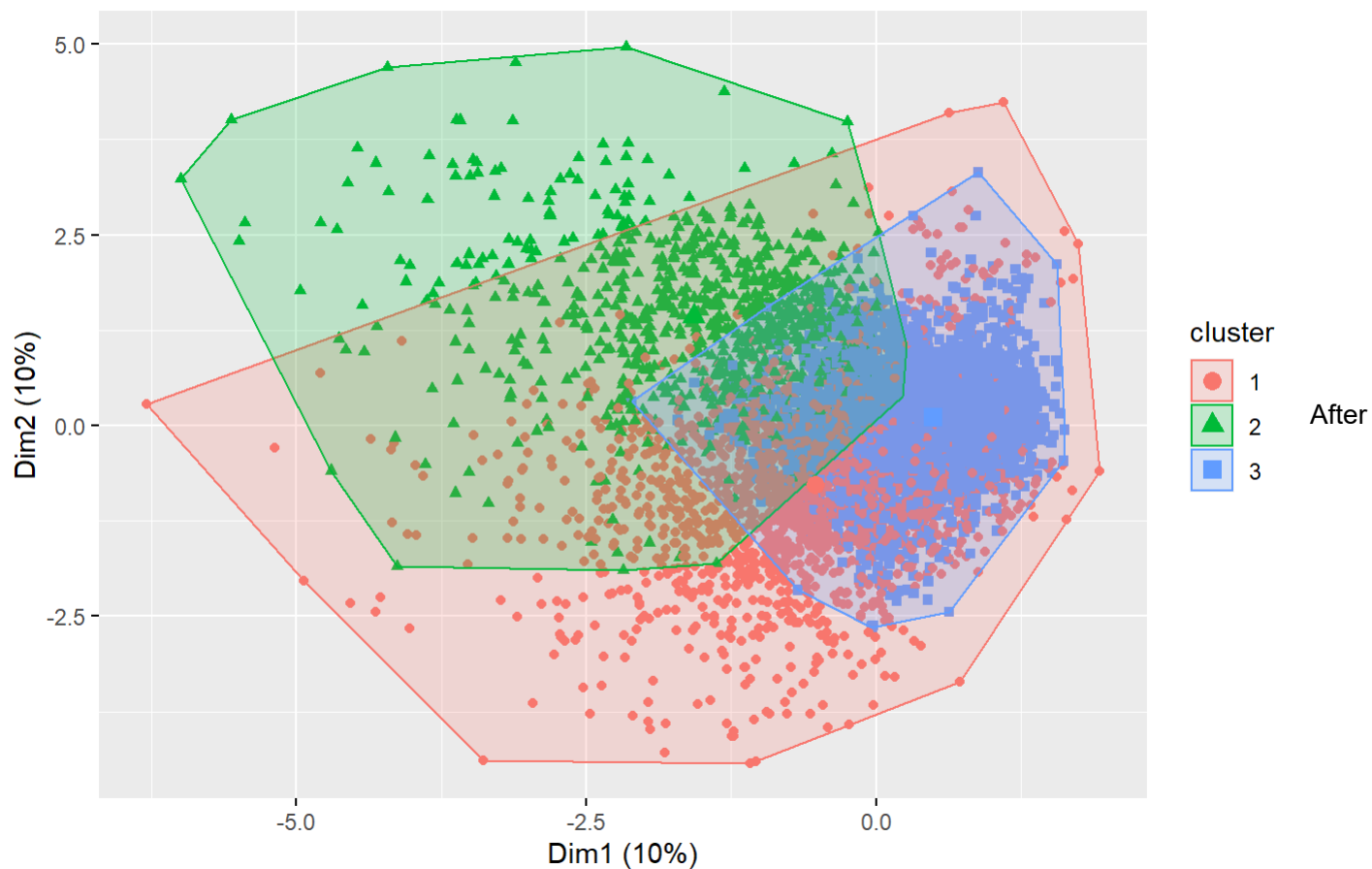


Plotting the clusters overall do not seem very good at 10 clusters. Therefore, I have attempted to reduce dimensionality through principal components analysis.



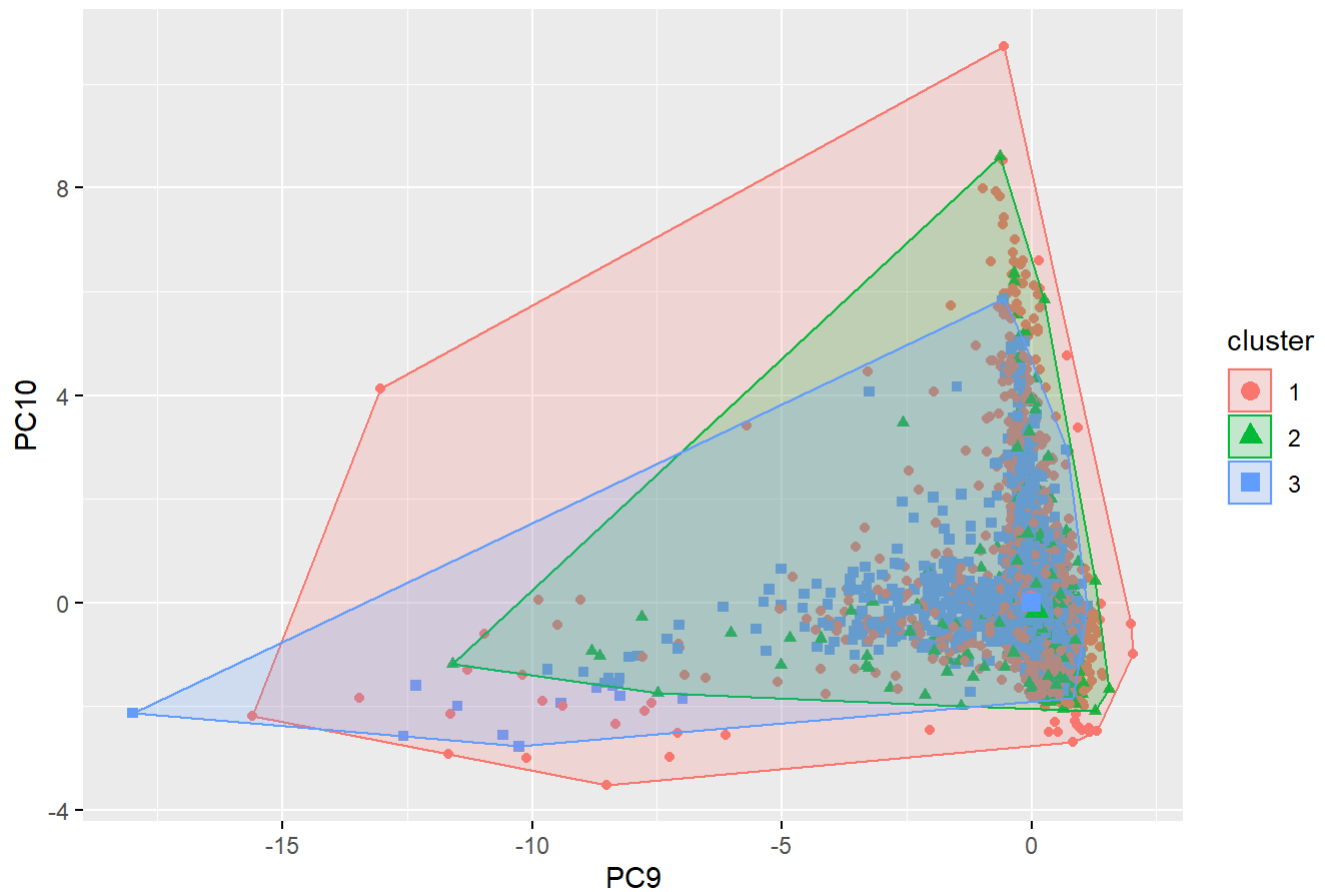
Because the previous cluster did not look too convincing, I have applied principal components analysis to reduce the dimensionality and obtain slightly better results. In the graphic above, the total within-clusters sum of squares has decreased. It appears that the models begin leveling off at a cluster amount of 10, as before. However, the total within-cluster sum of squares is much lower than the data used without principal components analysis.

Cluster plot



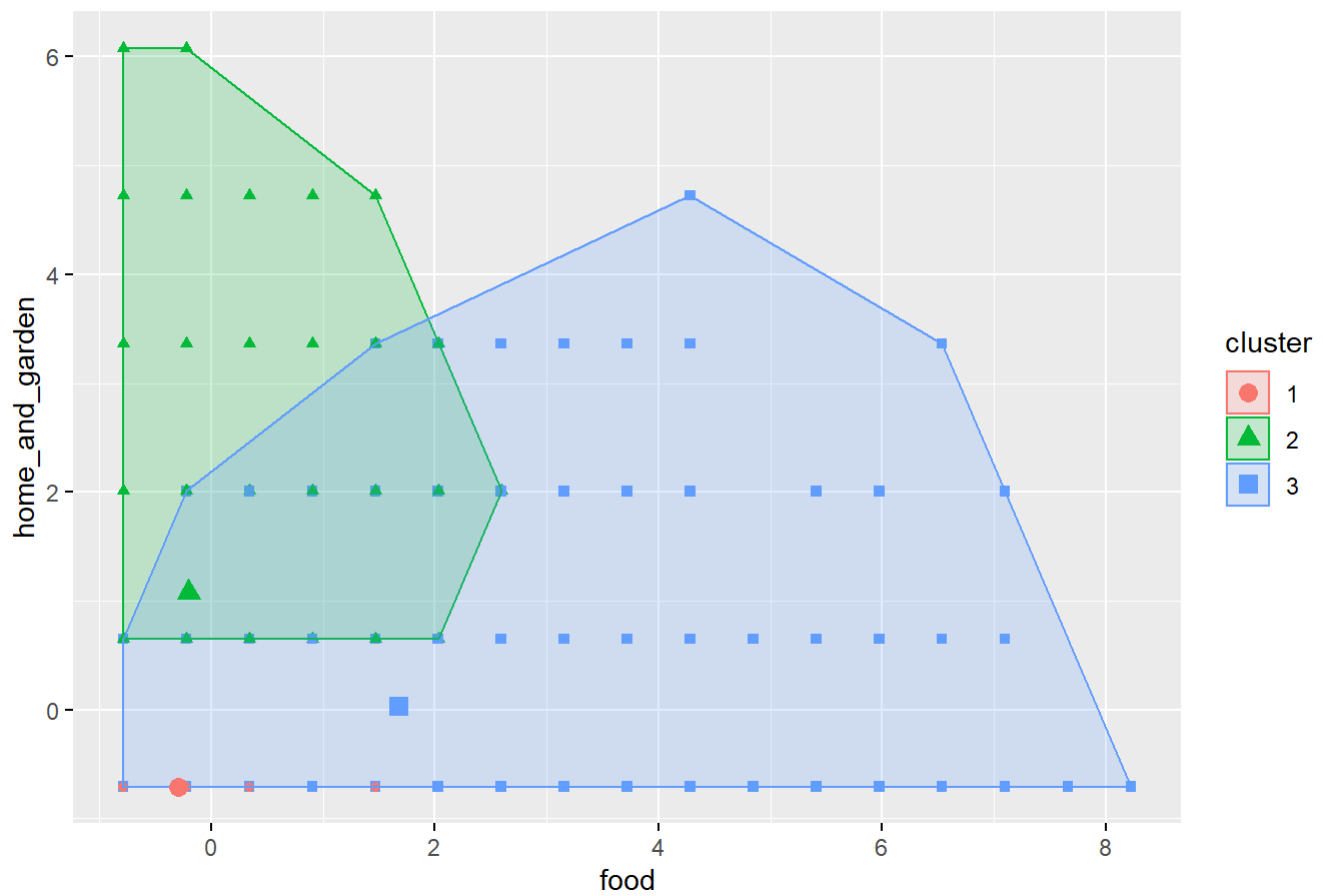
applying principal components analysis, the clusters seem to look a bit more separated. The previous chart looked very skewed and contained far more overlaps.

Cluster plot

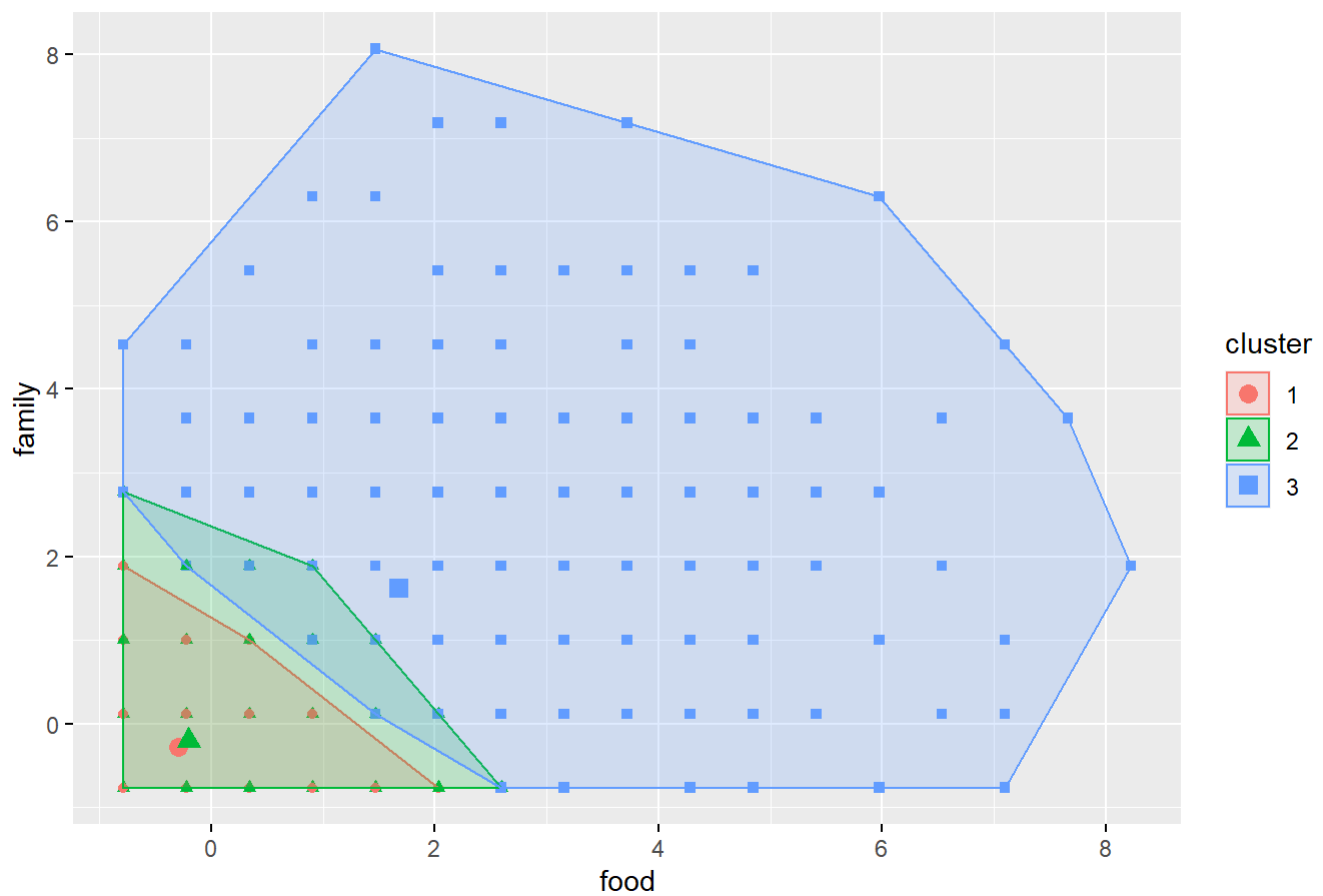


However, after attempting to reduce dimensionality, the results do not look convincing. With this understanding, I should attempt to simply use less features in the k-means clustering model.

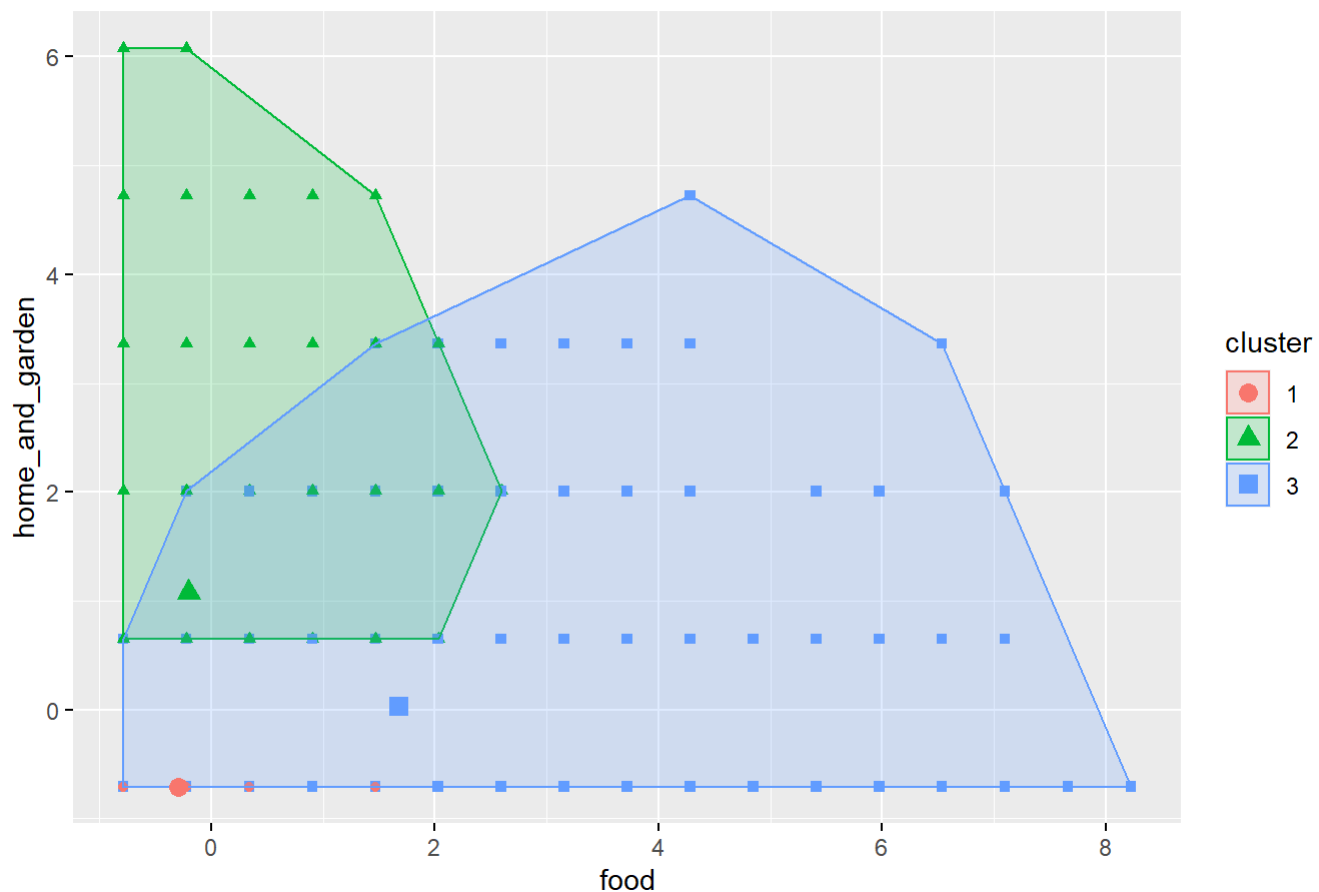
Cluster plot



Cluster plot



Cluster plot



I chose to cluster a close market group: those who tweet about food, home and garden, and family. I think attributes such as these could be beneficial for future marketing efforts. Those that like both food and home and garden will likely enjoy organic and nutritional foods. I assume that these individuals are likely tweeting about their gardens and crop yields. The food category was also looked at as these individuals would enjoy food of different kinds. I thought it was also important to add the family category to this cluster analysis. If we can understand the subsets of those who like food, family, and nutritious foods, then we could identify a target market for this product. If I were to understand more about the product itself, then this analysis could be highly tailored to the brand positioning of this product.

#Author attribution

##Collect raw training data

```
## Warning in tm_map.SimpleCorpus(my_corpus, content_transformer(tolower)):  
## transformation drops documents
```

```
## Warning in tm_map.SimpleCorpus(my_corpus, content_transformer(removeNumbers)):  
## transformation drops documents
```

```
## Warning in tm_map.SimpleCorpus(my_corpus,  
## content_transformer(removePunctuation)): transformation drops documents
```

```
## Warning in tm_map.SimpleCorpus(my_corpus, content_transformer(stripWhitespace)):  
## transformation drops documents
```



```
## Warning in tm_map.SimpleCorpus(my_corpus, content_transformer(removeWords), :
## transformation drops documents
```

##Collect testing data

```
## Warning in tm_map.SimpleCorpus(my_corpus, content_transformer(tolower)):
## transformation drops documents
```

```
## Warning in tm_map.SimpleCorpus(my_corpus, content_transformer(removeNumbers)):
## transformation drops documents
```

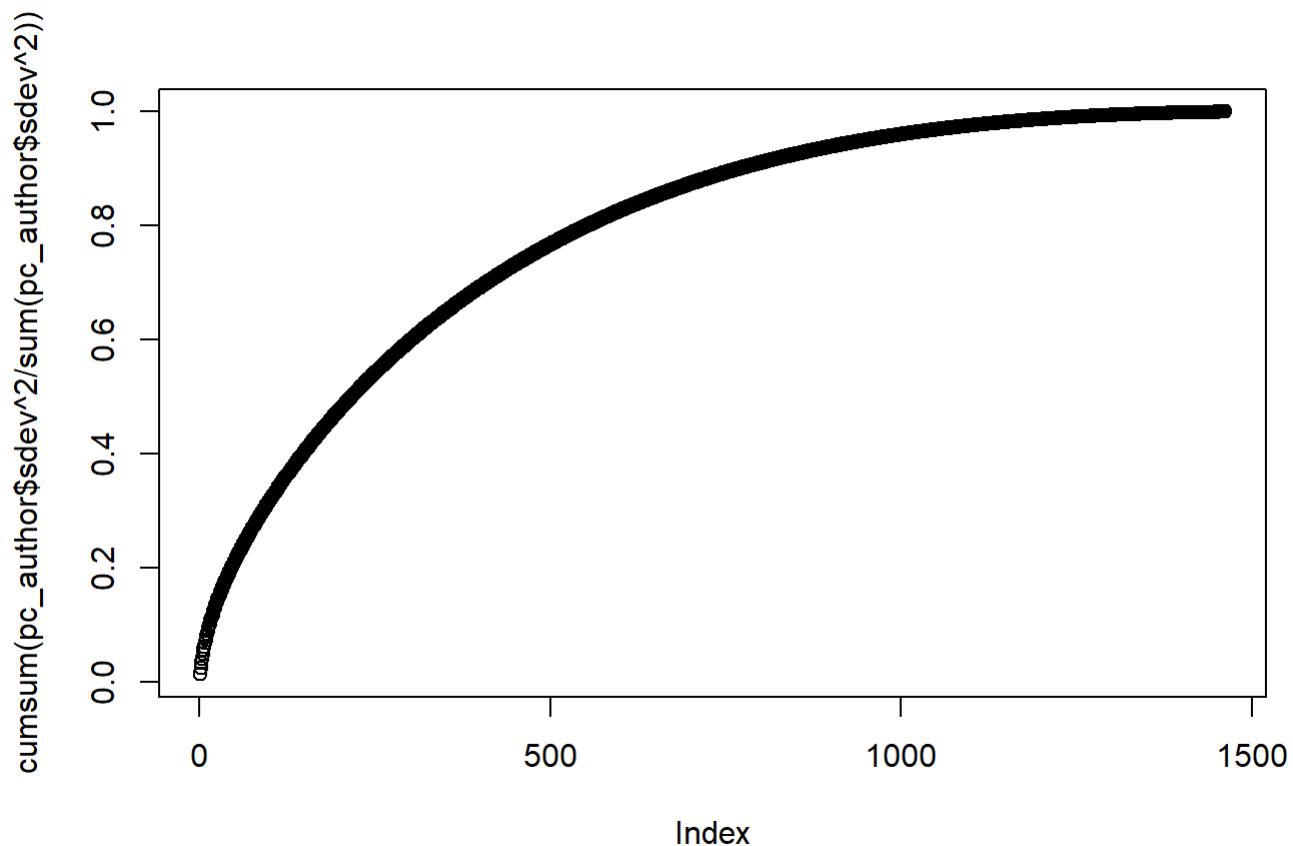
```
## Warning in tm_map.SimpleCorpus(my_corpus,
## content_transformer(removePunctuation)): transformation drops documents
```

```
## Warning in tm_map.SimpleCorpus(my_corpus, content_transformer(stripWhitespace)):
## transformation drops documents
```

```
## Warning in tm_map.SimpleCorpus(my_corpus, content_transformer(removeWords), :
## transformation drops documents
```

I assumed that I will simply grab the intersection of shared words between the training and testing sample.

##Principal Components Analysis



```
## [1] 0.516
```

```
## [1] 0.6384
```

This test accuracy of 51% is not very good. I am going to attempt to try a different model.

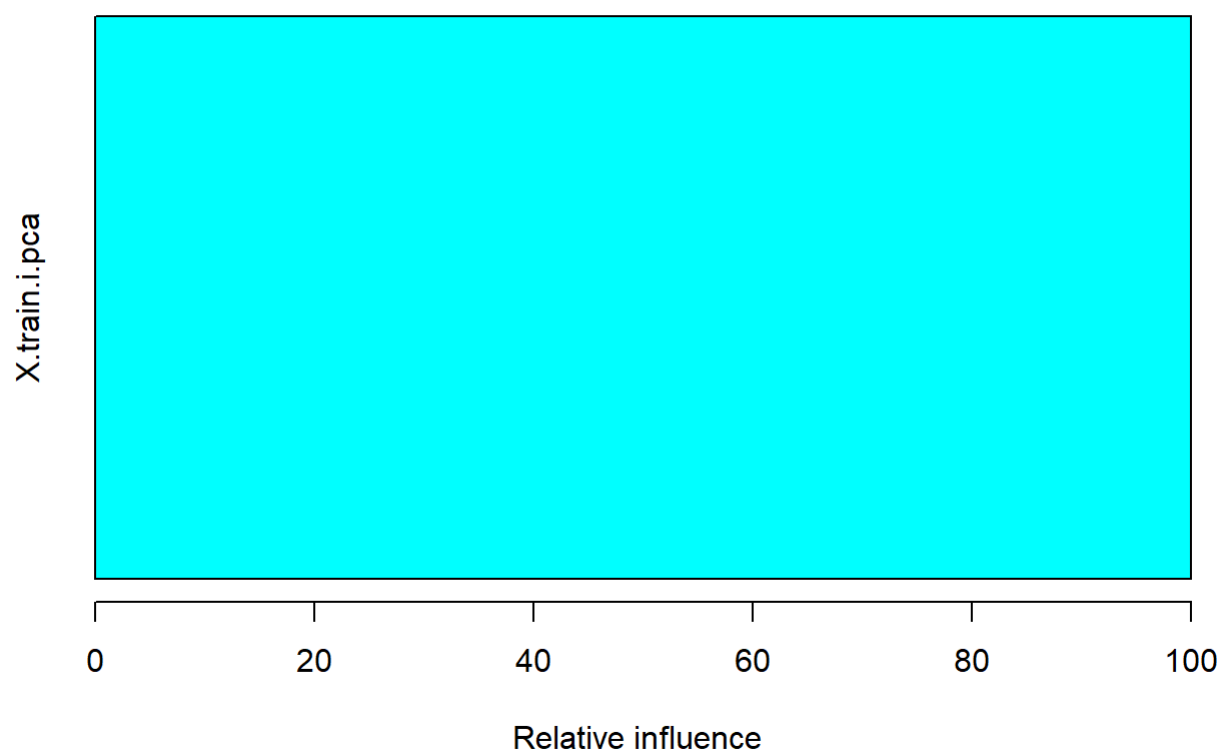
```
##   ObservedAuthor   PredictedAuthor
## 1   AaronPressman   AaronPressman
## 2   AaronPressman   AaronPressman
## 3   AaronPressman     JimGilchrist
## 4   AaronPressman   AaronPressman
## 5   AaronPressman KouroshKarimkhany
## 6   AaronPressman     JimGilchrist
```

```
##   ObservedAuthor   PredictedAuthor
## 1   AaronPressman   AaronPressman
## 2   AaronPressman   AaronPressman
## 3   AaronPressman     JimGilchrist
## 4   AaronPressman   AaronPressman
## 5   AaronPressman KouroshKarimkhany
## 6   AaronPressman     JimGilchrist
```

```
## [1] 0.118
```

The KNN did not run very well. Above, I achieved a 11.8% test accuracy—not good! I played with many different values for the KNN parameters, but did not have great results. This was an attempt at cross validation of model parameters. No luck.

```
## Warning: Setting `distribution = "multinomial"` is ill-advised as it is
## currently broken. It exists only for backwards compatibility. Use at your own
## risk.
```



```
##                var rel.inf
## X.train.i.pca X.train.i.pca    100
```

```
## [1] 0.5352
```

After running a KNN and having little positive result, I ran a boosting forest model. I achieved a slightly higher test accuracy of 52.8%.

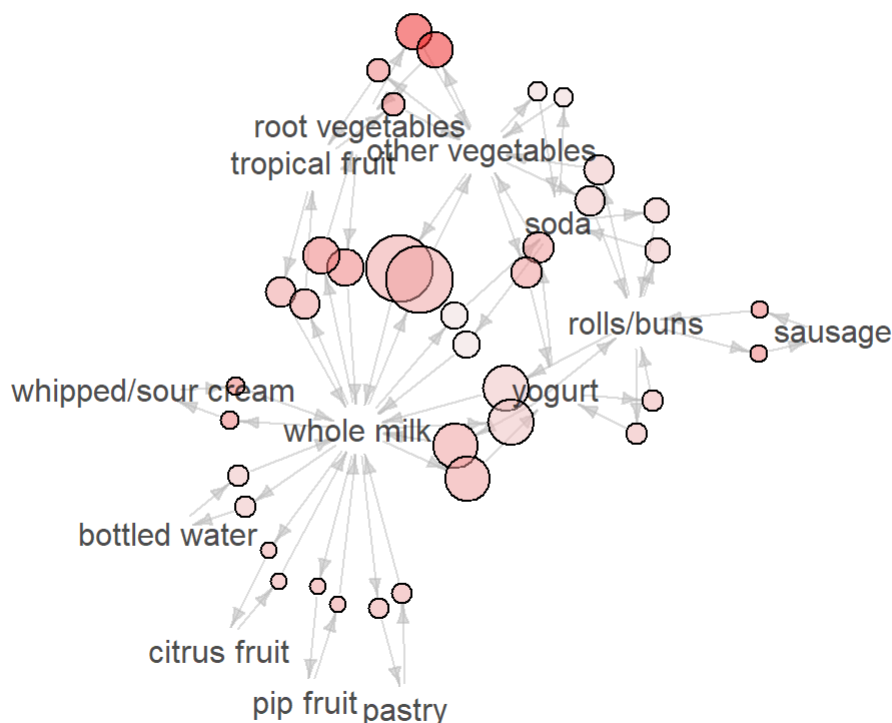
#Association rule mining

```
## [1] "citrus fruit,semi-finished bread,margarine,ready soups"
## [2] "tropical fruit,yogurt,coffee"
## [3] "whole milk"
## [4] "pip fruit,yogurt,cream cheese ,meat spreads"
## [5] "other vegetables,whole milk,condensed milk,long life bakery product"
## [6] "whole milk,butter,yogurt,rice,abrasive cleaner"
```

```
## Apriori
##
## Parameter specification:
## confidence minval smax arem aval originalSupport maxtime support minlen
##      0.05      0.1      1 none FALSE          TRUE      5      0.03      2
## maxlen target  ext
##      10 rules TRUE
##
## Algorithmic control:
## filter tree heap memopt load sort verbose
##      0.1 TRUE TRUE  FALSE TRUE      2      TRUE
##
## Absolute minimum support count: 295
##
## set item appearances ...[0 item(s)] done [0.00s].
## set transactions ...[169 item(s), 9835 transaction(s)] done [0.01s].
## sorting and recoding items ... [44 item(s)] done [0.00s].
## creating transaction tree ... done [0.00s].
## checking subsets of size 1 2 3 done [0.00s].
## writing ... [38 rule(s)] done [0.00s].
## creating S4 object ... done [0.00s].
```

Graph for 38 rules

size: support (0.03 - 0.075)
color: lift (0.899 - 2.247)



The

chart above shows some association rules among common purchases when at the grocery store. Looking at the chart, whole milk is located at the center of many other purchases. To me personally, this makes sense. There are very few times where I would go to the store and not buy milk. Therefore, it is rational to me that whole milk is associated with purchases of many other items. Another interesting relationship is the rolls/buns item and sausage

and soda relationships at the left side of the chart. When buying rolls/buns, you are likely buying them to put a sausage inside (at least in my personal life). Nearby is the soda item. To me, soda and these other items seem to go together very well.