Dynamic Programming

NÚMERO TOTAL DE PONTOS 10		
1.	The value of any state under an optimal policy is the value of that state under a non-optimal policy. [Select all that apply] Strictly greater than Greater than or equal to Correto Correctl This follows from the policy improvement theorem. Strictly less than Less than or equal to	1/1 ponto
2.	If a policy π is greedy with respect to its own value function v_{π} , then it is an optimal policy. True False Correte Correte Correct if a policy is greedy with respect to its own value function, it follows from the policy improvement	1/1 ponto
3.	theorem and the Bellman optimality equation that it must be an optimal policy. Let v_π be the state-value function for the policy π . Assume $v_\pi=v_\pi'$. Then this means that $\pi=\pi'$. $\bigcirc \ \text{True}$	1/1 ponto
4.	Correct Correctl For example, two policies might share the same value function, but differ due to random tie breaking. What is the relationship between value iteration and policy iteration? [Select all that apply] Value iteration is a special case of policy iteration. Value iteration and policy iteration are both special cases of generalized policy iteration.	1/1 ponto
5.	Correto Correct Policy Iteration is a special case of value Iteration. The word synchronous means "at the same time". The word asynchronous means "not at the same time". A dynamic programming algorithm is: [Select all that apply]	1/1ponto
	 ✓ Synchronous, if it systematically sweeps the entire state space at each iteration. ✓ Correto Correct! Only algorithms that update every state exactly once at each iteration are synchronous. ✓ Asynchronous, if it does not update all states at each iteration. ✓ Correto Correct! Only algorithms that update every state exactly once at each iteration are synchronous. 	
	Asynchronous, if it updates some states more than others. Correct Correctl Only algorithms that update every state exactly once at each Iteration are synchronous.	
6.	All Generalized Policy Iteration algorithms are synchronous. True False Correto Correct A Generalized Policy Iteration algorithm can update states in a non-systematic fashion.	1/1 ponto
7.	Which of the following is true?	1/1 ponto

O Synchronous methods generally scale to large state spaces better than asynchronous methods.

second term corresponds to taking one of the other three actions, incurring a reward of -1 and staying in

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