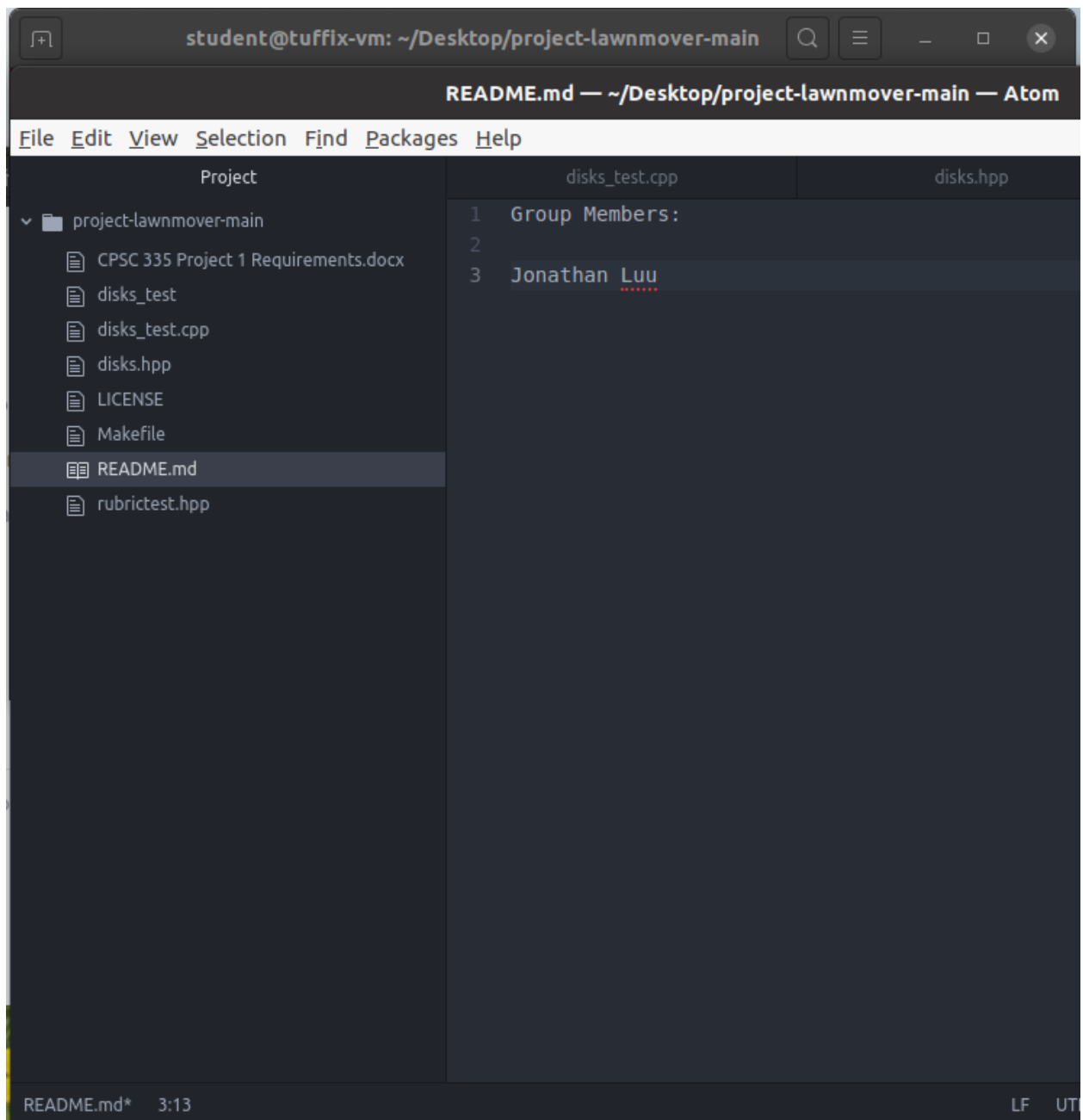


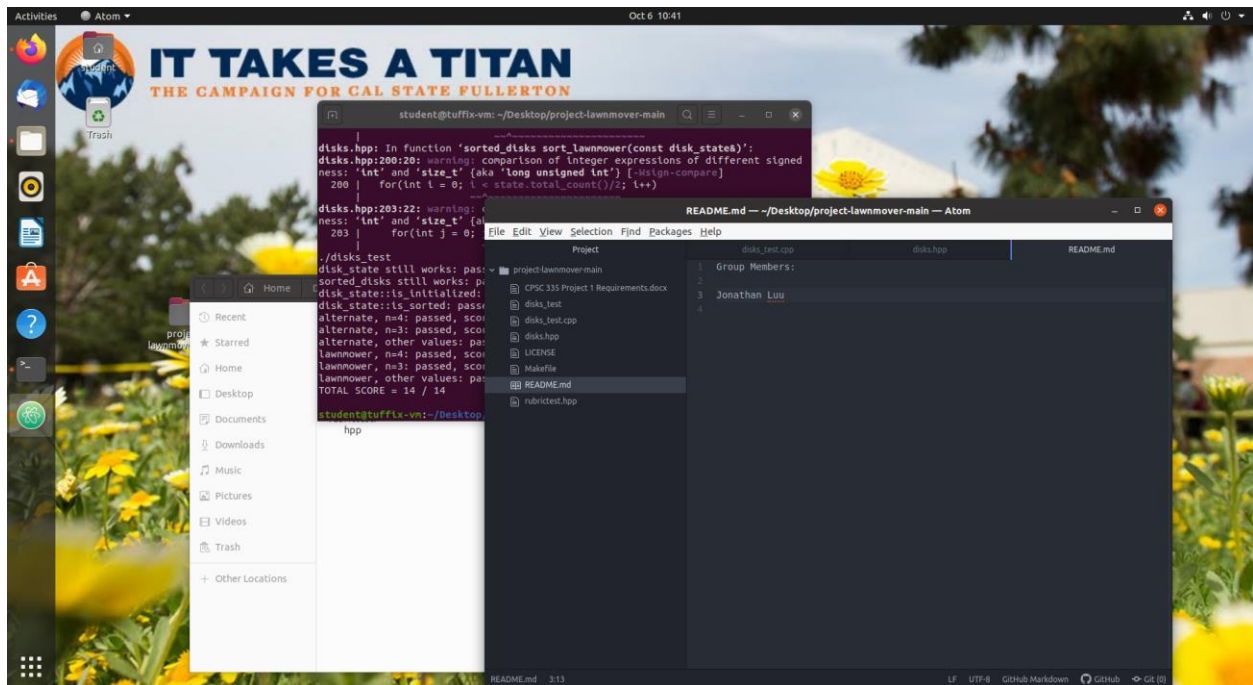
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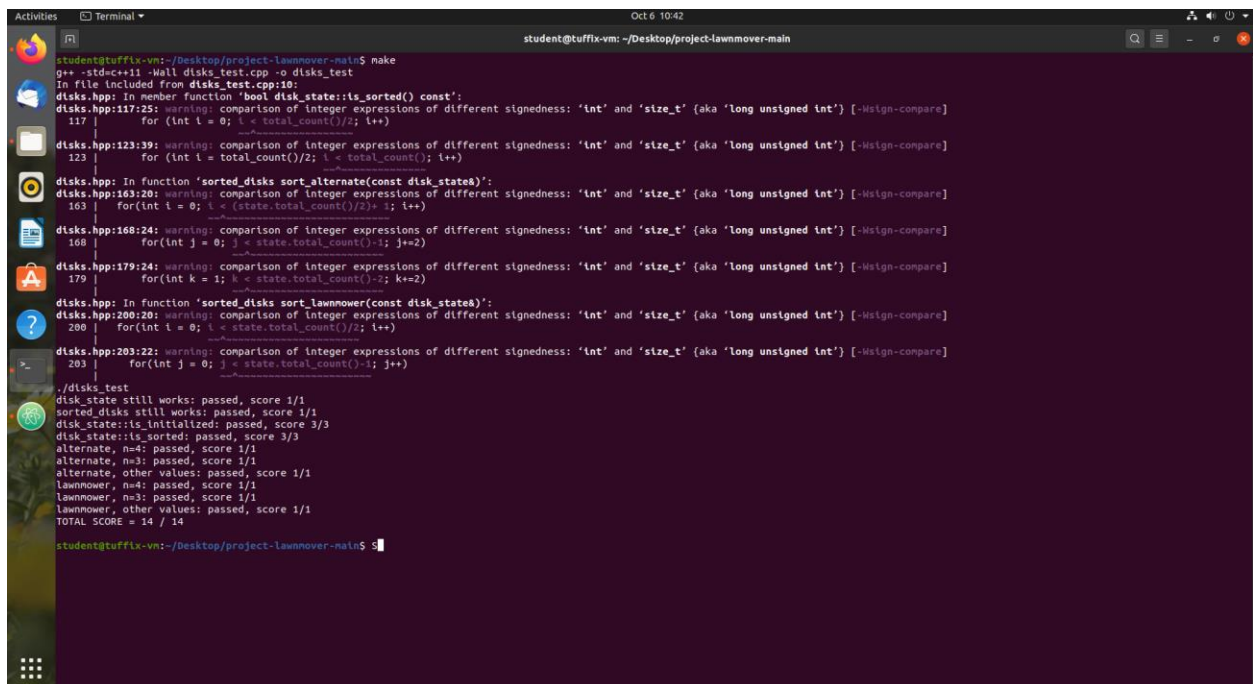
Project 1

2. Tuffix/Atom screenshot





3. Compiling/executing



```
./disks_test
disk_state still works: passed, score 1/1
sorted_disks still works: passed, score 1/1
disk_state::is_initialized: passed, score 3/3
disk_state::is_sorted: passed, score 3/3
alternate, n=4: passed, score 1/1
alternate, n=3: passed, score 1/1
alternate, other values: passed, score 1/1
lawnmower, n=4: passed, score 1/1
lawnmower, n=3: passed, score 1/1
lawnmower, other values: passed, score 1/1
TOTAL SCORE = 14 / 14

student@tuffix-vm:~/Desktop/project-lawnmover-main$
```

4. Pseudocode

def lawnmower (int n, int a[])	
{	Steps
int numSwaps = 0;	1
for(n/2 times)	n/2
{	
current = 0;	1
for (2n-1 times)	2n-1
{	
if (a[i] == black && a[i+1] == white)	6
{	
current = a[i]	2
a[i] = a[i+1]	4
a[i+1] = current	3
numSwaps++	1
}	
}	
for (2n-1 times)	2n-1
{	
if (a[i] == white && a[i-1] == black)	6
{	
current = a[i]	2
a[i] = a[i-1]	4
a[i-1] = current	3
numSwaps++	1
}	
}	
}	
return a[] and numSwaps	1
}	

STEP COUNT:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &1 + n/2 * (1 + 2n-1 * (6 + 2 + 4 + 3 + 1) + 2n-1 * (6 + 2 + 4 + 3 + 1)) + 1 \\
 &= 2 + n/2 * (1 + 2n-1 * (16) + 2n-1 * (16)) \\
 &= 2 + n/2 * (64n - 31)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Step count} = 32n^2 - 31/2n + 2$$

def alternate(int a[], int n)	
{	Steps
int numSwaps = 0	1
for(n+1 times) // 2n is length	n+1
{	
if (curr % 2)	1
{	
for (i = 0, i < 2n-1, i+2)	n
{	
if (a[i] == black && a[i+1] == white)	6
{	
current = a[i]	2
a[i] = a[i+1]	4
a[i+1] = current	3
numSwaps++	1
}	
}	
else //odd	
{	
for (i = 1, i < 2n-1, i+2)	n-1
{	
if (a[i] == black && a[i+1] == white)	6
{	
current = a[i]	2
a[i] = a[i+1]	4
a[i+1] = current	3
numSwaps++	1
}	
}	
}	
}	
return a[] and numSwaps	1
}	

Step Count:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &1 + n+1 * (1 + \max(n+6+2+4+3+1, n-1+6+2+4+3+2+1)) + 1 \\
 &= 2 + n+1 * (n + 17) \\
 &= 2 + n^2 + n + 17 + 17n
 \end{aligned}$$

Step count = $n^2 + 18n + 19$

5. Time complexity proof for algorithms

a. Lawnmower-

The step count for the lawn mower algorithm is $32n^2 - 16n + 2$,

(16 is simplified from $31/2$)

We want to prove that it is **$O(n^2)$**

Assuming that $n > 1$,

$$\frac{f(n)}{g(n)} = \frac{32n^2 - 16n + 2}{n^2} < \frac{32n^2 - 16n^2 + 2n^2}{n^2} = 18$$

$$C = 18$$

Therefore,

$32n^2 - 16n + 2$ is **$O(n^2)$** because

$32n^2 - 16n + 2 \leq 18n^2$, whenever $n > 1$

b. Alternate-

The step count for the alternate algorithm is $n^2 + 18n + 19$

We want to prove that it is **$O(n^2)$**

Assuming that $n > 1$,

$$\frac{f(n)}{g(n)} = \frac{n^2 + 18n + 19}{n^2} < \frac{n^2 + 18n^2 + 19n^2}{n^2} = 38$$

$$C = 38$$

Therefore,

$n^2 + 18n + 19$ is **$O(n^2)$** because

$n^2 + 18n + 19 \leq 38n^2$, whenever $n > 1$