

Week 14 - Social Network Graphs 2

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Exercise 10.5.1 (section 10.5.5)

Suppose graphs are generated by picking a probability p and choosing each edge independently with probability p , as in Example 10.21. For the graph of Fig. 10.20, what value of p gives the maximum likelihood of seeing that graph? What is the probability this graph is generated?

Answer

There are 6 possible edges, with 4 of them in the graph, between 4 nodes. Therefore, we have probability p for 4 edges, and $1 - p$ for the other 2 missing edges. The probability of the given graph is written as:

$$P(G) = (p^4) * (1 - p)^2$$

To find the p that gives a maximum for this function, we use standard calculus:

$$\begin{aligned} P'(G) &= 4p^3(1 - p)^2 - 2p^4(1 - p) \\ 0 &= 4p^3(1 - p)^2 - 2p^4(1 - p) \end{aligned}$$

Lets factor out a $2p^3$:

$$0 = 2p^3(2(1 - p)^2 - p(1 - p))$$

Lets drop the outer term, since that is only 0 when $p = 0$.

$$\begin{aligned} 0 &= 2(1 - p)^2 - p(1 - p) \\ 0 &= 2(1 - 2p + p^2) - p + p^2 \\ 0 &= 2 - 4p + 2p^2 - p + p^2 \\ 0 &= 3p^2 - 5p + 2 \\ 0 &= (3p - 3)(p - \frac{2}{3}) \end{aligned}$$

This insinuates that $p = 1$ is another place where the function reaches a minimum. Our maximum is therefore $p = \frac{2}{3}$. The probability associated with p is:

$$\begin{aligned} P(G) &= (\frac{2}{3})^4 * (1 - \frac{2}{3})^2 \\ P(G) &= (\frac{2^4}{3^4}) * (\frac{1}{3})^2 \\ P(G) &= (\frac{16}{81}) * (\frac{1}{9}) \\ P(G) &= (\frac{16}{81}) * (\frac{1}{9}) \\ P(G) &\approx 0.02194787 \end{aligned}$$

Use R for 10.7.1 (section 10.7.6)

How many triangles are there in the graphs: (a) Figure 10.1. (b) Figure 10.9. (c) Figure 10.2.

Answer

```
find_triangles <- function(g) {
  edges <- E(g);
  for (i in 1:length(edges)) {
    nodes <- get.edges(g, edges[i]);

    v1 <- nodes[1];
    v2 <- nodes[2];

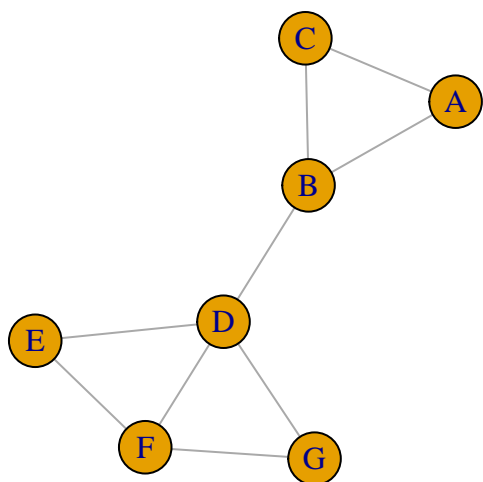
    # This emulates a index lookup to get list of neighboring nodes#
    u <- neighborhood(g, 1, nodes=v1)[[1]];

    # For each potential triable between v1, v2 and ui
    for (ui in u) {
      # Check if ui and v2 do have a link, and make sure ordering is correct
      if(g[ui, v2] == 1 && v1 < ui && v1 < v2 && v2 < ui) {
        print(paste("Triangle found", get.vertex.attribute(g, "name", v1),
                    get.vertex.attribute(g, "name", v2),
                    get.vertex.attribute(g, "name", ui)));
      }
    }
  }
}
```

(a) Fig 10.1

```
input_edges <- c(1,2, 2,3, 1,3, 2,4, 4,5, 4,6, 4,7, 6,7, 5,6);
g <- graph(input_edges, n=max(input_edges), directed=FALSE);
g <- set.vertex.attribute(g, "name", 1, "A");
g <- set.vertex.attribute(g, "name", 2, "B");
g <- set.vertex.attribute(g, "name", 3, "C");
g <- set.vertex.attribute(g, "name", 4, "D");
g <- set.vertex.attribute(g, "name", 5, "E");
g <- set.vertex.attribute(g, "name", 6, "F");
g <- set.vertex.attribute(g, "name", 7, "G");
g <- set.vertex.attribute(g, "name", 8, "H");
g <- set.vertex.attribute(g, "name", 9, "I");
plot(g, layout=layout.kamada.kawai, vertex.size=25);

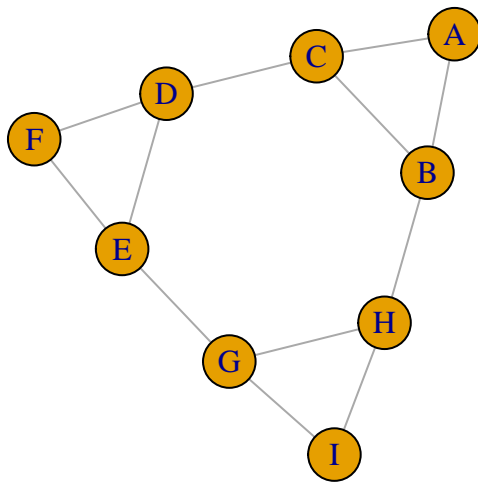
find_triangles(g);
```



```
## [1] "Triangle found A B C"  
## [1] "Triangle found D E F"  
## [1] "Triangle found D F G"
```

(b) Fig 10.9

```
input_edges <- c(1,2, 2,3, 1,3, 3,4, 4,5, 4,6, 5,6, 2,8, 8,9, 7,8, 5,7, 7,9);
g <- graph(input_edges, n=max(input_edges), directed=FALSE);
g <- set.vertex.attribute(g, "name", 1, "A");
g <- set.vertex.attribute(g, "name", 2, "B");
g <- set.vertex.attribute(g, "name", 3, "C");
g <- set.vertex.attribute(g, "name", 4, "D");
g <- set.vertex.attribute(g, "name", 5, "E");
g <- set.vertex.attribute(g, "name", 6, "F");
g <- set.vertex.attribute(g, "name", 7, "G");
g <- set.vertex.attribute(g, "name", 8, "H");
g <- set.vertex.attribute(g, "name", 9, "I");
plot(g, layout=layout.kamada.kawai, vertex.size=25);
```

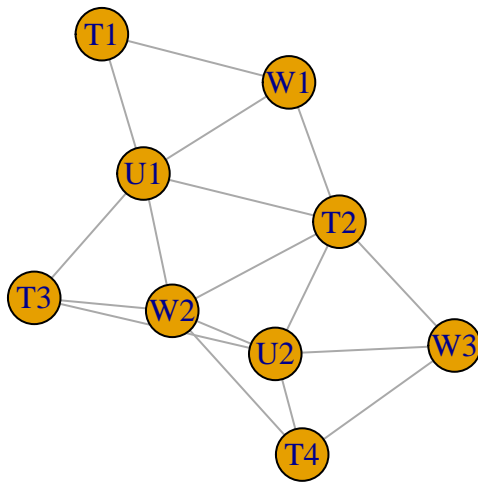


```
find_triangles(g);
```

```
## [1] "Triangle found A B C"
## [1] "Triangle found D E F"
## [1] "Triangle found G H I"
```

(c) Fig 10.2

```
input_edges <- c(1,3, 1,4, 1,5, 1,7, 1,8, 2,4, 2,5, 2,6, 2,8, 2,9, 3,7, 4,7, 4,8, 4,9, 5,8, 6,8, 6,9)
g <- graph(input_edges, n=max(input_edges), directed=FALSE)
g <- set.vertex.attribute(g, "name", 1, "U1")
g <- set.vertex.attribute(g, "name", 2, "U2")
g <- set.vertex.attribute(g, "name", 3, "T1")
g <- set.vertex.attribute(g, "name", 4, "T2")
g <- set.vertex.attribute(g, "name", 5, "T3")
g <- set.vertex.attribute(g, "name", 6, "T4")
g <- set.vertex.attribute(g, "name", 7, "W1")
g <- set.vertex.attribute(g, "name", 8, "W2")
g <- set.vertex.attribute(g, "name", 9, "W3")
plot(g, layout=layout.kamada.kawai, vertex.size=25)
```



```
find_triangles(g);
```

```
## [1] "Triangle found U1 T1 W1"
## [1] "Triangle found U1 T2 W1"
## [1] "Triangle found U1 T2 W2"
## [1] "Triangle found U1 T3 W2"
## [1] "Triangle found U2 T2 W2"
## [1] "Triangle found U2 T2 W3"
## [1] "Triangle found U2 T3 W2"
## [1] "Triangle found U2 T4 W2"
## [1] "Triangle found U2 T4 W3"
```