Practical 4 solutions

Jumping Rivers

In this practical we're going to have a go at building a function to automatically create the directory structure we've just talked about in chapter 4.

Question 1

 a) We can use the dir.create() function to create a directory in R. Here's a starter function that will create a project directory depending on the users input

```
create_workflow = function(project_name) {
    dir.create(project_name)
}
```

b) Now we need to create the directories input, R, graphics and output within the main project directory. To do this we'll need to create the filepath for each. file.path() is a handy function that will help.

c) Now we need to create the R scripts load.R, clean.R, func.R, do.R and graphics.R within the R directory. The file.create() function can create files of any extension. So to create an R file we could do

```
file.create("load.R")
```

and this will create an empty R script called load.R. Hint: You can do this with a for loop. Remember your file paths!

```
create_workflow = function(project_name) {
    dir.create(path = project_name)
    for (directory in c("input", "R", "graphics",
        "output")) {
        dir.create(path = file.path(project_name,
            directory))
    }
    for (rfile in c("load", "clean", "func", "do",
        "graphics")) {
        fname = paste0(rfile, ".R")
        fpath = file.path(project_name, "R", fname)
        file.create(fpath)
    }
}
```

Question 2 - Harder

This question is much harder than the first, you have been warned! It would be ideal if we could insert the source commands into the R scripts as well. You can append lines of text to a file using the writeLines(), file() and close() functions. For instance,

```
file.create("clean.R")
fileConn = file("clean.R")
writeLines("source(\"load.R\")", fileConn)
close(fileConn)
```

The contents of each file should look like so:

- load.R empty
- clean.R One line of code: source("project_name/R/load.R")
- func.R One line of code: source("project_name/R/clean.R")
- do.R One line of code: source("project_name/R/func.R")
- graphics.R One line of code: source("project_name/R/do.R")

The idea being that when you call source("do.R") in graphics.R, it will run all 4 previous files.

```
create_workflow = function(project_name) {
   dir.create(path = project_name)
   for (directory in c("input", "R", "graphics",
        "output")) {
        dir.create(path = file.path(project_name,
            directory))
   for (rfile in c("load", "clean", "func", "do",
```

```
"graphics")) {
       fname = paste0(rfile, ".R")
       fpath = file.path(project_name, "R", fname)
       file.create(fpath)
        if (exists("code")) {
            print(exists("code"))
            fileConn = file(fpath)
            writeLines(code, fileConn)
            close(fileConn)
       }
       code = paste0("source(\"", fpath, "\")")
    }
}
```