

Test of Association

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1 Load required and new packages

```
if (!require("pacman")) install.packages("pacman")
```

```
## Loading required package: pacman
```

```
library(pacman)  
pacman::p_load("here", "glue", "crayon", "readxl", "writexl", "dplyr", "tidyr", "rstatix")  
pacman::p_load("vcd")
```

2 Set data paths and details

```
main.path = here::here()  
data.path = file.path(main.path, "02 Data")  
output.path = file.path(main.path, "04 Outputs")  
  
file.name = "030625_Peralta_Final_Data.xlsx"  
sheet.name = "FINAL"  
client.surname = "PERALTA"  
output.name = glue::glue(paste0(format(Sys.Date(), "%m%d%y"), "_{client.surname}.xlsx"))
```

3 Load dataset

```
df.raw = readxl::read_excel(file.path(data.path, file.name),  
                             sheet = sheet.name)
```

4 Process data

```
df.proc = df.raw
```

5 Implement methodology

5.1 Function for reporting

```
get.chi.sq = function(vector1, vector2){  
  get.table = table(vector1, vector2)  
  print(get.table)  
  
  chi.sq.results = stats::chisq.test(get.table)  
  print(chi.sq.results)  
  
  chi.sq = chi.sq.results$statistic  
  print(chi.sq)  
  
  cramers.v = vcd::assocstats(get.table)$cramer  
  print(cramers.v)  
}
```

5.2 All reports

```
df = df.proc  
get.chi.sq(df$AGE_GROUP, df$SEX_FINAL)
```

```
##                               vector2  
## vector1                    Female Male  
## CHILDREN (3-16 yo)              2    5  
## MIDDLE-AGED ADULTS (31-45 yo)    8    7  
## OLD ADULTS (>45 yo)             87   69  
## YOUNG ADULTS (17-30 yo)          6    7
```

```
## Warning in stats::chisq.test(get.table): Chi-squared approximation may be  
## incorrect
```

```
##  
## Pearson's Chi-squared test  
##  
## data:  get.table  
## X-squared = 2.3427, df = 3, p-value = 0.5044  
##  
## X-squared  
## 2.342665  
## [1] 0.1107486
```

```
df = df.proc  
get.chi.sq(df$SEX_FINAL, df$MOI_FINAL)
```

```
##           vector2
## vector1  BLUNT/HEAD TRAUMA FALL MVA
##   Female                11   82  10
##   Male                   9   59  20
##
## Pearson's Chi-squared test
##
## data:  get.table
## X-squared = 6.145, df = 2, p-value = 0.04631
##
## X-squared
## 6.144996
## [1] 0.1793676
```

```
df = df.proc %>%
  dplyr::filter(AGE_GROUP != "CHILDREN (3-16 yo)")
get.chi.sq(df$AGE_GROUP, df$MOI_FINAL)
```

```
##           vector2
## vector1          BLUNT/HEAD TRAUMA FALL MVA
## MIDDLE-AGED ADULTS (31-45 yo)           1   6   8
## OLD ADULTS (>45 yo)                   15  125  16
## YOUNG ADULTS (17-30 yo)                1   6   6
```

```
## Warning in stats::chisq.test(get.table): Chi-squared approximation may be
## incorrect
```

```
##
## Pearson's Chi-squared test
##
## data:  get.table
## X-squared = 27.848, df = 4, p-value = 1.339e-05
##
## X-squared
## 27.84789
## [1] 0.2750884
```

```
df = df.proc
get.chi.sq(df$SEX_FINAL, df$GCS_FINAL)
```

```
##          vector2
## vector1  MILD MODERATE SEVERE
##   Female   80       18       5
##   Male    62       20       6
##
## Pearson's Chi-squared test
##
## data:  get.table
## X-squared = 1.3079, df = 2, p-value = 0.52
##
## X-squared
## 1.307919
## [1] 0.08275108
```

```
df = df.proc
get.chi.sq(df$SEX_FINAL, df$CT_FINAL)
```

```
##          vector2
## vector1  Negative Positive
##   Female       69       34
##   Male        52       36
##
## Pearson's Chi-squared test with Yates' continuity correction
##
## data:  get.table
## X-squared = 0.95789, df = 1, p-value = 0.3277
##
## X-squared
## 0.9578856
## [1] 0.0817168
```

```
df = df.proc
get.chi.sq(df$AGE_GROUP, df$CT_FINAL)
```

```
##          vector2
## vector1      Negative Positive
## CHILDREN (3-16 yo)           5       2
## MIDDLE-AGED ADULTS (31-45 yo) 10       5
## OLD ADULTS (>45 yo)          97      59
## YOUNG ADULTS (17-30 yo)       9       4
```

```
## Warning in stats::chisq.test(get.table): Chi-squared approximation may be
## incorrect
```

```
##
## Pearson's Chi-squared test
##
## data:  get.table
## X-squared = 0.55353, df = 3, p-value = 0.907
##
## X-squared
## 0.5535325
## [1] 0.05383378
```

```
df = df.proc %>%
  dplyr::filter(GCS_FINAL != "SEVERE")
get.chi.sq(df$MOI_FINAL, df$GCS_FINAL)
```

```
##                vector2
## vector1      MILD MODERATE
## BLUNT/HEAD TRAUMA    18      2
## FALL                102     29
## MVA                  22      7
```

```
## Warning in stats::chisq.test(get.table): Chi-squared approximation may be
## incorrect
```

```
##
## Pearson's Chi-squared test
##
## data:  get.table
## X-squared = 1.725, df = 2, p-value = 0.4221
##
## X-squared
## 1.724959
## [1] 0.09789335
```

```
df = df.proc %>%
  dplyr::filter(GCS_FINAL != "SEVERE")
get.chi.sq(df$CLINFIND_FINAL, df$GCS_FINAL)
```

```
##                vector2
## vector1      MILD MODERATE
## DIZZINESS          4      5
## HEADACHE           9      4
## LOSS OF CONSCIOUSNESS 3      1
## NAUSEA AND VOMITING  2      1
## NONE              121     19
## WEAKNESS           3      8
```

```
## Warning in stats::chisq.test(get.table): Chi-squared approximation may be
## incorrect
```

```
##
## Pearson's Chi-squared test
##
## data:  get.table
## X-squared = 29.821, df = 5, p-value = 1.6e-05
##
## X-squared
## 29.82056
## [1] 0.4070255
```

```
df = df.proc
get.chi.sq(df$NO_FINDINGS, df$GCS_FINAL)
```

```
##          vector2
## vector1 MILD MODERATE SEVERE
##      0   35      25    10
##      1  107      13     1
```

```
## Warning in stats::chisq.test(get.table): Chi-squared approximation may be
## incorrect
```

```
##
## Pearson's Chi-squared test
##
## data:  get.table
## X-squared = 36.656, df = 2, p-value = 1.097e-08
##
## X-squared
## 36.65582
## [1] 0.4380813
```

```
df = df.proc
get.chi.sq(df$BRAIN_CONTUSION, df$GCS_FINAL)
```

```
##          vector2
## vector1 MILD MODERATE SEVERE
##      0  122      27     3
##      1   20      11     8
```

```
## Warning in stats::chisq.test(get.table): Chi-squared approximation may be
## incorrect
```

```
##
## Pearson's Chi-squared test
##
## data:  get.table
## X-squared = 23.73, df = 2, p-value = 7.034e-06
##
## X-squared
## 23.72953
## [1] 0.3524746
```

```
df = df.proc
get.chi.sq(df$SUBDURAL_HEMATOMA, df$GCS_FINAL)
```

```
##          vector2
## vector1 MILD MODERATE SEVERE
##      0  134      25      6
##      1   8      13      5
```

```
## Warning in stats::chisq.test(get.table): Chi-squared approximation may be
## incorrect
```

```
##
## Pearson's Chi-squared test
##
## data:  get.table
## X-squared = 30.882, df = 2, p-value = 1.969e-07
##
## X-squared
## 30.88157
## [1] 0.402099
```

```
df = df.proc
get.chi.sq(df$SKULL_FRACTURE, df$GCS_FINAL)
```

```
##          vector2
## vector1 MILD MODERATE SEVERE
##      0  136      30      7
##      1   6       8      4
```

```
## Warning in stats::chisq.test(get.table): Chi-squared approximation may be
## incorrect
```

```
##  
## Pearson's Chi-squared test  
##  
## data:  get.table  
## X-squared = 19.868, df = 2, p-value = 4.849e-05  
##  
## X-squared  
## 19.86823  
## [1] 0.3225246
```

6 Export necessary data

```
export.list = list()  
  
if(length(export.list) != 0){  
  if (!file.exists(file.path(output.path, output.name))) {  
    writexl::write_xlsx(export.list, file.path(output.path, output.name))  
    cat(crayon::green("File successfully written."))  
  } else {  
    cat(crayon::red(glue::glue("Filename already used: {output.name}")))  
    overwrite = readline(prompt = "Overwrite (1 for Yes, 0 for No): ")  
    if (overwrite == "1") {  
      writexl::write_xlsx(export.list, file.path(output.path, output.name))  
      cat(crayon::green("File successfully overwritten"))  
    } else {  
      cat(crayon::red("File not overwritten"))  
    }  
  }  
}
```