```
1 import nltk
 2 from nltk.corpus import stopwords
 3 from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize
 4 from nltk.probability import FreqDist
 5 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
 6 from wordcloud import WordCloud
7 from nltk.tokenize import sent_tokenize
9 # Ensure NLTK resources are downloaded
10 # nltk.download('punkt')
11 # nltk.download('stopwords')
12
13 # Load the dataset
14 with open('8_BikeInjury.txt', 'r') as file:
15
       data = file.read()
16
17 # Tokenize the sentences into words
18 tokens = word_tokenize(data)
19
20 # Convert to lowercase and remove non-alphabetic
   tokens
21 words = [word.lower() for word in tokens if word.
   isalpha()]
22
23 # Remove stopwords
24 stop_words = set(stopwords.words('english'))
25 filtered_words = [word for word in words if word not
   in stop_words]
26
27 # Compute the frequency distribution of words
28 fdist = FreqDist(filtered_words)
29
30 # Display the 25 most common injury descriptions
31 common_injuries = fdist.most_common(25)
32 for word, frequency in common_injuries:
       print(f"{word}: {frequency}")
33
34
35 # Separate the words and frequencies
36 words, frequencies = zip(*common_injuries)
37
38 # Adjust the figure size
```

```
39 plt.figure(figsize=(15,10))
40
41 # Plot the frequencies using horizontal bars
42 bars = plt.barh(words, frequencies, color='#ffd166')
43
44 # Set the title
45 plt.title('Top 25 Biking Injury Descriptions')
46
47 # Annotate each bar with its respective count
48 for bar in bars:
49
       width = bar.get_width()
50
       plt.text(width + 5, # Increase this value to
  move numbers further to the right
51
                bar.get_y() + bar.get_height() / 2,
52
                str(int(width)),
                ha='center',
53
54
                va='center')
55
56 # Invert the y-axis to have the word with the highest
    count on top
57 plt.qca().invert_yaxis()
58 plt.tight_layout()
59 plt.show()
60
61 # WordCloud
62 wordcloud = WordCloud(
63
       width=1500,
64
       height=800,
65
       background_color='white',
66
       max_words=50,
67
       min_font_size=10,
68
       contour_width=3,
       contour_color='steelblue'
69
70 ).generate(' '.join(filtered_words))
71
72 plt.figure(figsize=(18,10))
73 plt.imshow(wordcloud, interpolation="bilinear")
74 plt.axis('off')
75 plt.title("Biking Injury Descriptions Word Cloud")
76 plt.show()
77
```

```
78 # Tokenize the text into sentences
79 tokenized_sentences = sent_tokenize(data)
80
81 # Display several injury description sentences
82 for i, sentence in enumerate(tokenized_sentences[:35
   ]): # Change 5 to the number of sentences you want
   to display
       print(f"Sentence {i+1}: {sentence}")
83
84
85
```