VLBI simulator documentation

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1 Introduction

This simple simulator is designed to allow measurement sets to be created that can replicate VLBI arrays at low frequencies and can include custom arrays. It was borne out of initial simulations to look at the effect of primary beam attenuation on wide-field VLBI arrays but has been now developed as a tool to assist with the production of simple VLBI data sets and mosaics.

2 Installation instructions

2.1 Prerequisites

The majority of the work in getting this package installed is the various packages that are required for it to function. As a result, we recommend using singularity as the various packages require some shared environments which can clash with each other. These singularity images are available here.

If you decide not to use singularity or want to build optimised images based on your computer architecture, then the packages you will need are the following:

- simms https://github.com/ratt-ru/simms. This package is used to generate custom empty measurement sets. YOu can also get this installed as part of the stimela package.
- CASA https://casa.nrao.edu. We recommend the modular version of CASA as you have more control over the packages that are installed with pip.
- python v3.10+ you will need the pandas, astropy, numpy, scipy and matplotlib packages which you can install using pip or conda (depending on how you installed python).
- wsclean with the Image Domain Gridder https://wsclean.readthedocs.io/en/latest/. This is required if you are needing to simulate the primary beam effects and other direction-dependent effects.

2.2 Installation

Installation should be fairly simple and requires just a git clone of this repository (which you may have already done!). Nothing else is needed!

3 Quick start guide

The simulator is pretty simple to use and just needs to have the two input files (simulator_inputs.txt and simulator_advanced_inputs.txt) edited to select the array of your choice. You can copy the input files to whatever directory you want as long as they are specified when you run the simulator. The various inputs in this file and descriptions are described in Section 3.1. The simulator comprises three different steps that are controlled by a bash script per step. To make these scripts, we can use the following syntax on the command line,

```
singularity exec <path_to_casa_image> python <path_to_git_repository>/vlbi_simulator
    .py <path_to_inputs>/simulator_inputs.txt <path_to_inputs>/
    simulator_advanced_inputs.txt <step_number>
```

The step number corresponds to the part of the simulation you want to perform and the number corresponds to the following,

- 1. **make ms** generates a measurement set, inputs noise and optionally imports a model.
- 2. **single pointing** s image of a single pointing including primary beam attenuation. If a mosaic is not needed, sensitivity maps are made.
- 3. **mosaic** produces measurement sets corresponding to a mosaic defined in the input file. Makes images of each measurement set.
- 4. make image combines the mosaic pointing into a single mosaic and generates sensitivity maps.

3.1 Input files

The simulator takes two input files, the simulator_inputs.txt file, which you will need to edit, while the simulator_advanced_inputs.txt file is probably ok being left as default (unless you want to make exact, large data size measurement sets). The simulator_inputs.txt file comprises a range of parameters that you need to set and the following subsections will describe these.

3.1.1 Software and paths

• CASA_exec, wsclean_exec, stimela_exec, and rms_exec - the full executable commands on how to open CASA, wsclean and stimela/simms. These must be the full command i.e., if you are using singularity then the CASA command in the input file may look something like,

CASA_exec = singularity exec /idia/software/containers/casa-6.3.simg python

- output path set this to put all outputs into this folder
- repo path path to the github repository and must include the vlbi simulator part.
- prefix string to append to the start of all output file names. Will be set the 'sim' is left empty.

3.1.2 HPC options

The simulator is designed to be usable on both your local computer and any high-performance computing architecture which uses Slurm or PBS Pro as its job manager. For the following inputs, leaving a parameter blank means that the parameter will not be specified to the job manager (and may be set as the default value on the cluster).

- job_manager defines the job manager software (options are slurm or pbspro). If this is set to bash then the codes can be run on your local machine. You can also ignore the rest of these inputs if using bash.
- partition selects the partition of the cluster to use.
- walltime maximum time requested on the cluster to run the job.
- nodes number of nodes requested.
- cpus number of CPUs per node required.
- mpiprocs number of tasks per node (normally good to set to the same as the number of CPUs).

- nodetype defines the type of node to use (not used in Slurm)
- max_jobs for the steps that use multiple jobs (e.g., the mosaic step), this specifies the maximum number of jobs to be submitted at once. Setting this to −1 means that there is no maximum limit.
- mem defines the maximum RAM requested to the node (suffix determines the order of magnitude e.g., 50G requested 50 gigabytes)
- email_progress determines which email the progress notice will be sent to.

3.1.3 Array and data set up

These inputs determine the data structure of the measurement set and include support for data rates as well as the selection of bandwidths. The inputs are as follows,

- antennae python list of antennae to be included. The antenna codes currently follow the EVN calculator¹ names. The currently supported antennae and their parameters can be found in Appendix A and the data are located in the master.itrf and ant_info.json files.
- data_rate the data rate of the observation in Mbits⁻¹ that is related to the bandwidth $(\Delta \nu)$, bit sampling (N_{bit}) and polarisations (N_{pols}) by data rate $= \Delta \nu \cdot N_{\text{pols}} \cdot N_{\text{bit}} \cdot 2$.
- bit sampling determines the bit sampling as used in the data rate calculation.
- bandwidth directly input a pre-determined bandwidth in MHz. If this is set, then the data_rate parameter will be ignored!
- npols number of polarisation products in the MS. Note that N_{pols} in the data-rate equation will equal 2 regardless of whether cross or/and parallel hands are present.
- obs_freq central observing frequency in GHz.
- input_model sky model file that is to be gridded into the visibilities. Model should be either in a
 FITS or CASA image format and should be in units of Jy per pixel. If this parameter is left empty, then
 no model will be inputted.
- wf_ITRF if True, the simulated measurement set will use a VLA B-array position instead of the VLBI geodetic coordinates. Useful for doing rms maps but not for modelling the effect of spatial filtering.

3.1.4 Observing scheme

These parameters specify how you want your observing scheme to be. It supports a single source and single pointing as well as an optimal mosaic which is determined from the primary beam size.

- field centre
- total_time_on_source
- time multiplier
- mosaic
- mosaic area

¹http://old.evlbi.org/cgi-bin/EVNcalc

- mosaic_filling_factor
- custom_mosaic

documentation in progress

A Supported antennae and properties

Antenna	Code	Bands	Geodetic coordinates			SEFD	$oldsymbol{D}_{eff}$
			X	y	Z		
			(m)	(m)	(m)	(Jy)	(m)
Effelsberg	Ef	L, C	4033947.1955	486990.8687	4900431.0438	19, 20	76

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