

Bayesian vs Frequentist Accumulation Curve CIs

April 21, 2018

Accumulation Curve CI

The credibility intervals for different machine-learning models and Burden/Pharmacophore descriptors. First with the prior being dependent on the ordered indexing of the compounds selected: $Beta(.01, 0.01 + .0005 * u)$, where i is the number of compounds selected.

For the Burden Descriptors

```
modelType <- c("Tree", "RF", "SVM", "NNet", "KNN", "PLSLDA")

u <- 1:500

int.list.burd.Bayes <- list(length = ncol(probs.Burd) - 1)

for (i in 2:7) {

  hit.vec <- probs.Burd$Observed
  probs <- probs.Burd[, i]

  order.idx <- order(probs, decreasing = T)
  probs <- probs[order.idx]
  hit.vec <- hit.vec[order.idx]

  m <- length(probs)
  int.mat <- matrix(ncol = 3, nrow = m)
  colnames(int.mat) <- c("NHits", "LB", "UB")

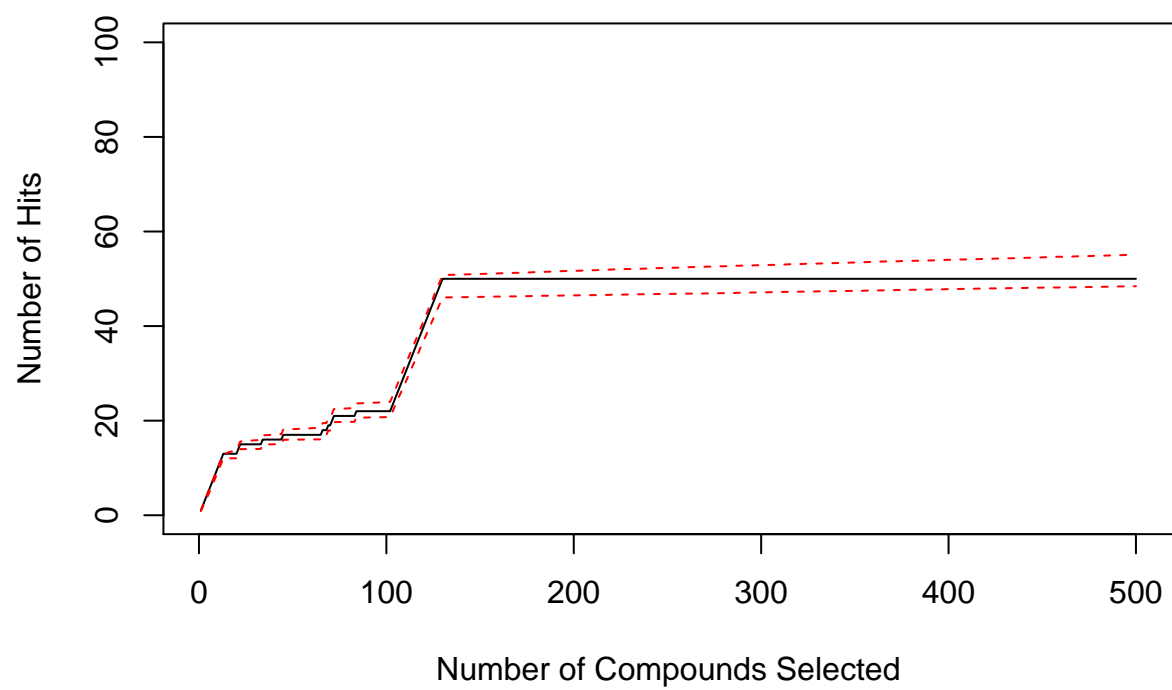
  a <- hit.vec + .01
  b <- 1 - hit.vec + .01 + .0005*u

  sum.samp <- vector(length = 10000)
  for(j in 1:500) {
    int.mat[j, 1] <- sum(hit.vec[1:j])
    sum.samp <- sum.samp + rbeta(10000, a[j], b[j])
    int.mat[j, 2] <- quantile(sum.samp, probs = .025)
    int.mat[j, 3] <- quantile(sum.samp, probs = .975)
  }

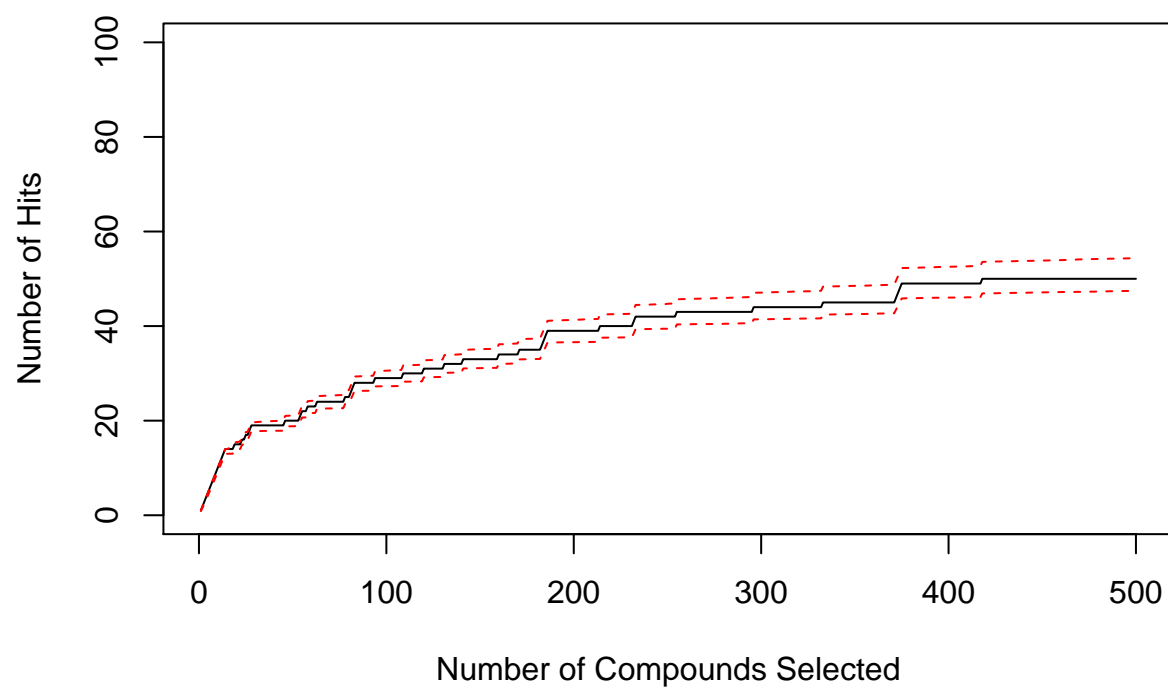
  par(mfrow = c(1, 1))
  plot(int.mat[, 1], type = "l", ylim = c(0, 100),
       main = paste("Burden: ", colnames(probs.Burd)[i]), ylab = "Number of Hits",
       xlab = "Number of Compounds Selected")
  lines(int.mat[, 2], type = "l", lty = "dashed", col = "red")
  lines(int.mat[, 3], type = "l", lty = "dashed", col = "red")

  int.list.burd.Bayes[[i-1]] <- int.mat
}
```

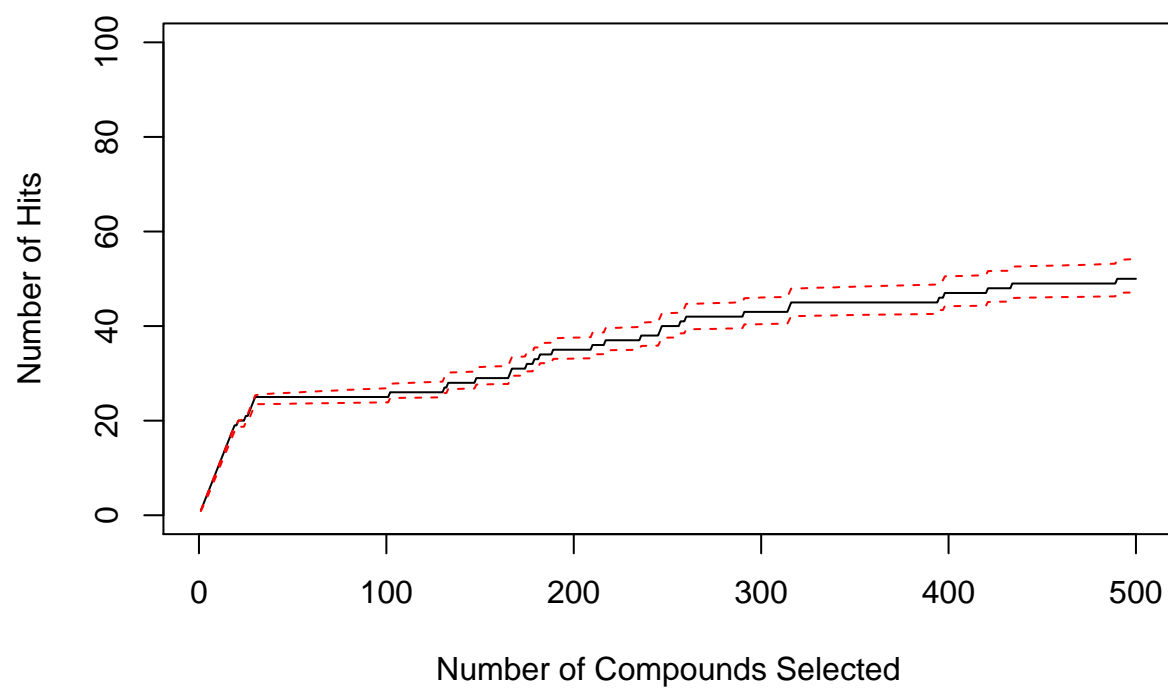
Burden: Tree



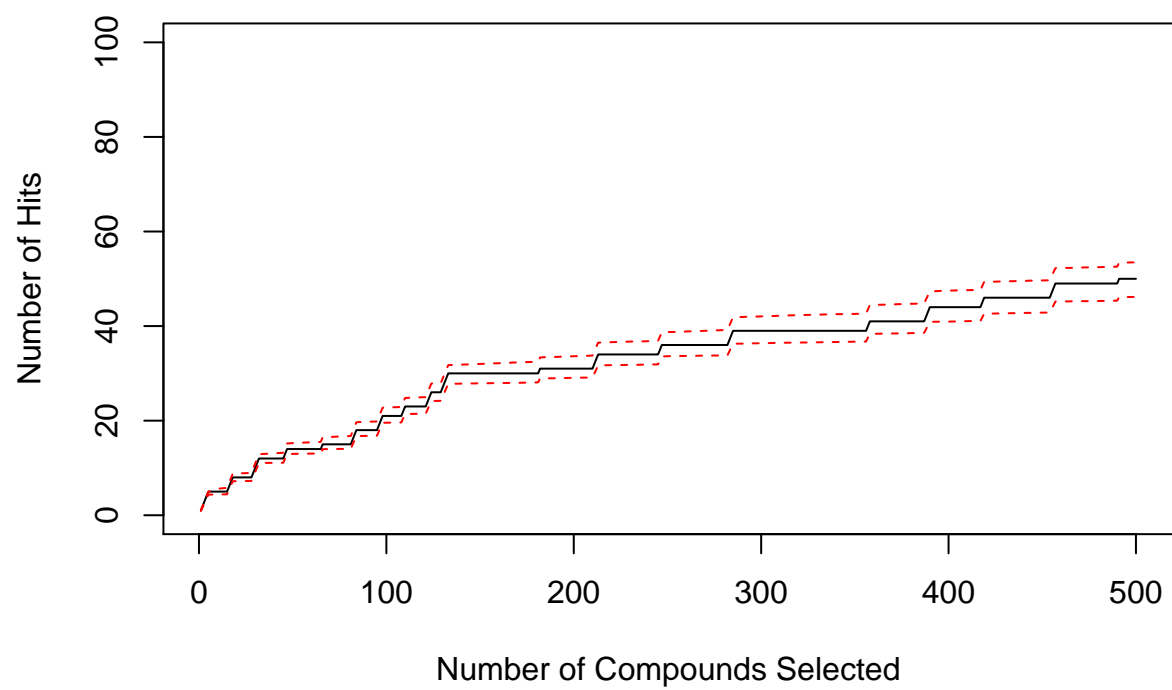
Burden: RF



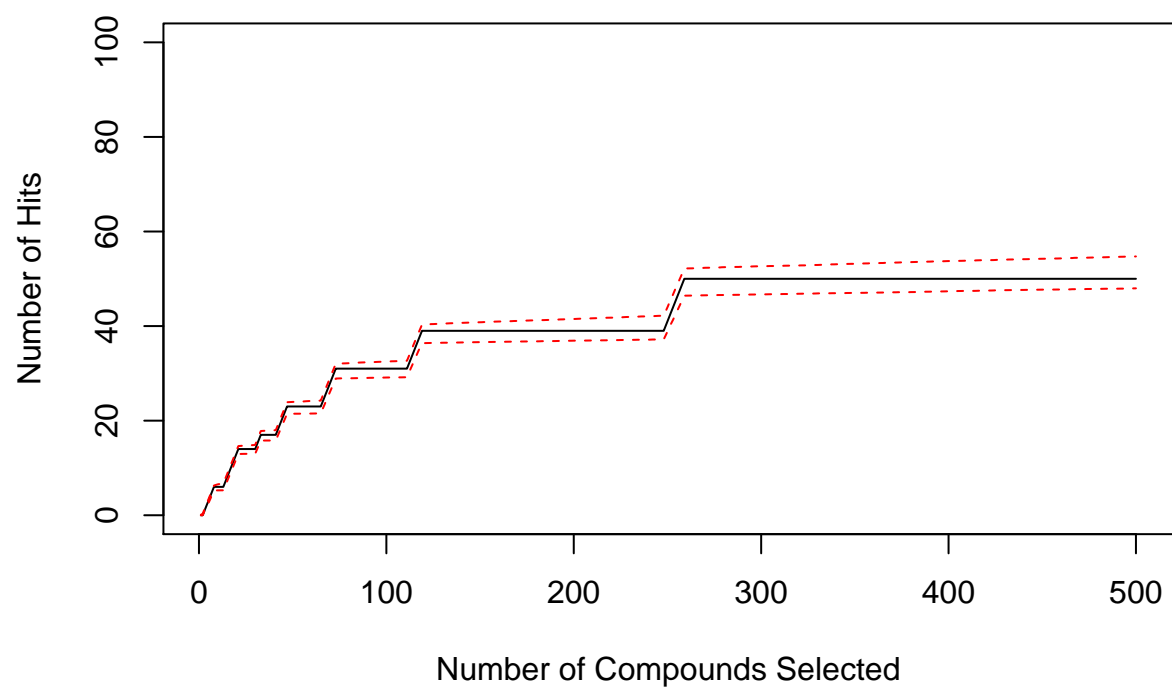
Burden: SVM



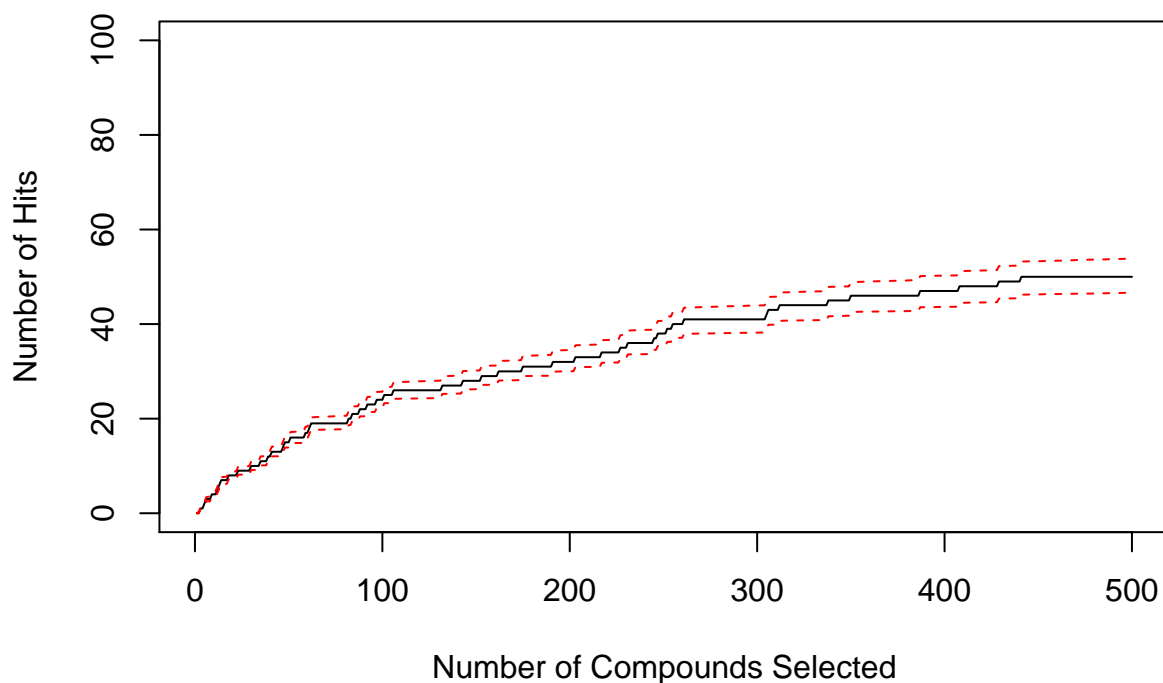
Burden: NNet



Burden: KNN



Burden: PLSLDA



For the Pharmacophores

```
int.list.phar.Bayes <- list(length = ncol(probs.Phar) - 1)

for (i in 2:7) {

  hit.vec <- probs.Phar$Observed
  probs <- probs.Phar[, i]

  order.idx <- order(probs, decreasing = T)
  probs <- probs[order.idx]
  hit.vec <- hit.vec[order.idx]

  m <- length(probs)
  int.mat <- matrix(ncol = 3, nrow = m)
  colnames(int.mat) <- c("NHits", "LB", "UB")

  a <- hit.vec + .01
  b <- 1 - hit.vec + .01 + .0005*u

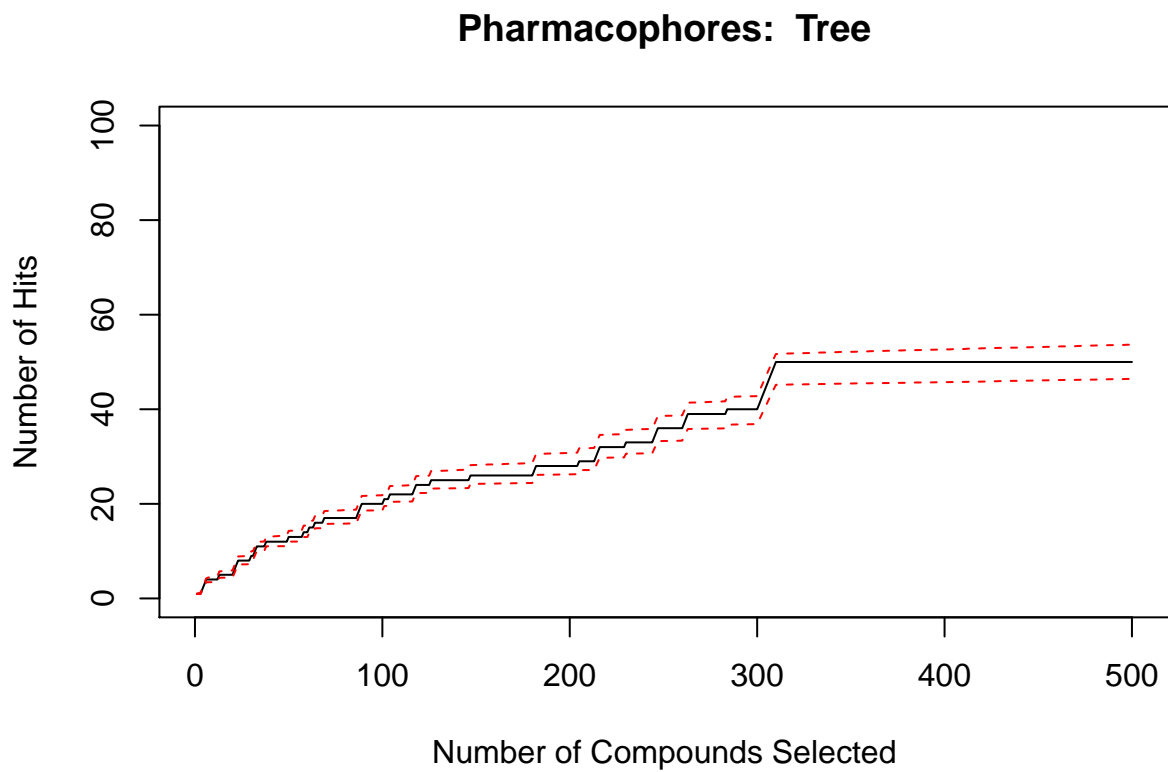
  sum.samp <- vector(length = 10000)
  for(j in 1:500) {
    int.mat[j, 1] <- sum(hit.vec[1:j])
    sum.samp <- sum.samp + rbeta(10000, a[j], b[j])
    int.mat[j, 2] <- quantile(sum.samp, probs = .025)
    int.mat[j, 3] <- quantile(sum.samp, probs = .975)
  }
}
```

```

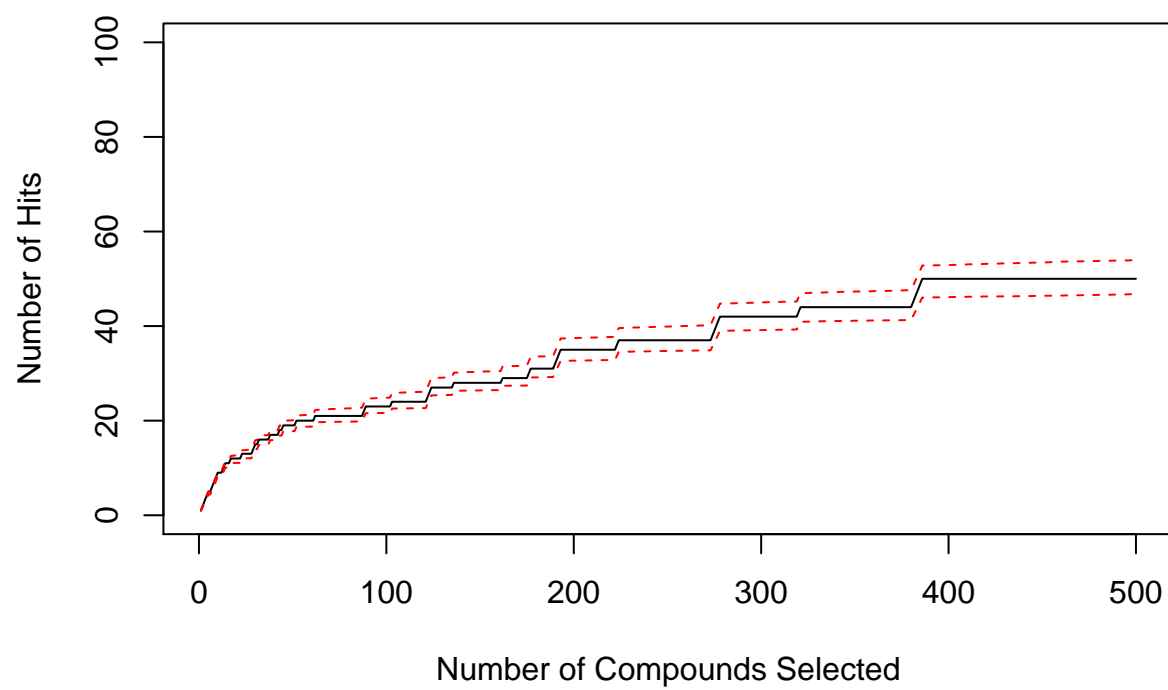
par(mfrow = c(1, 1))
plot(int.mat[, 1], type = "l", ylim = c(0, 100),
     main = paste("Pharmacophores: ", colnames(probs.Pharm)[i]), ylab = "Number of Hits",
     xlab = "Number of Compounds Selected")
lines(int.mat[, 2], type = "l", lty = "dashed", col = "red")
lines(int.mat[, 3], type = "l", lty = "dashed", col = "red")

int.list.pharm.Bayes[[i-1]] <- int.mat
}

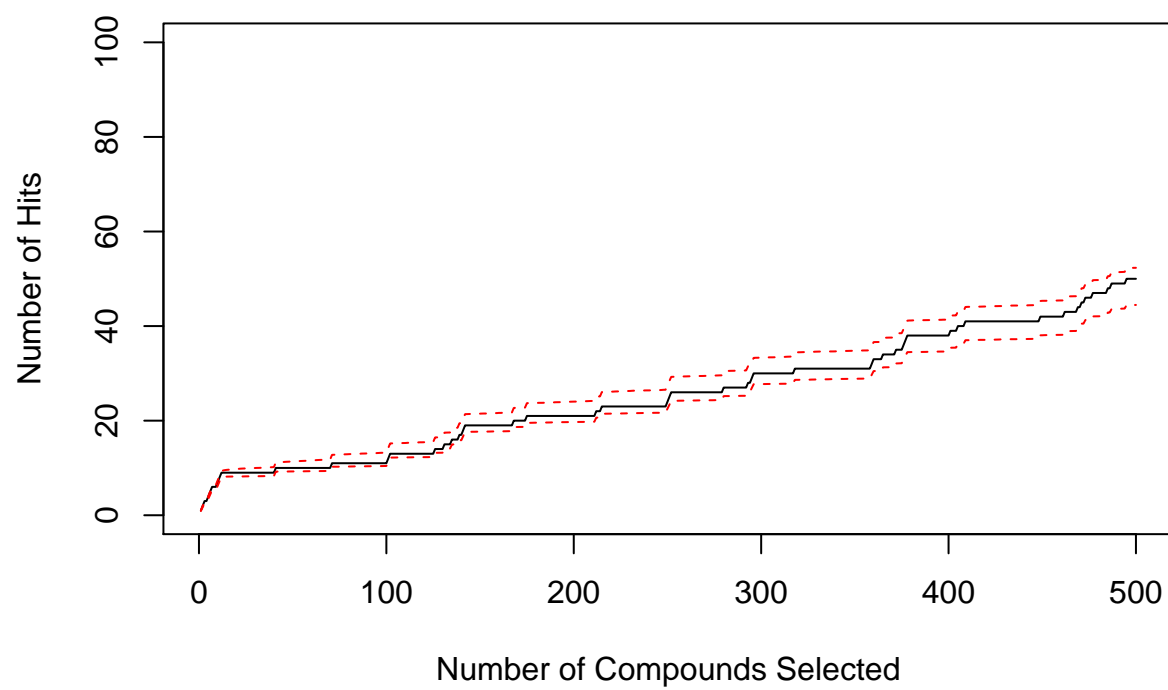
```



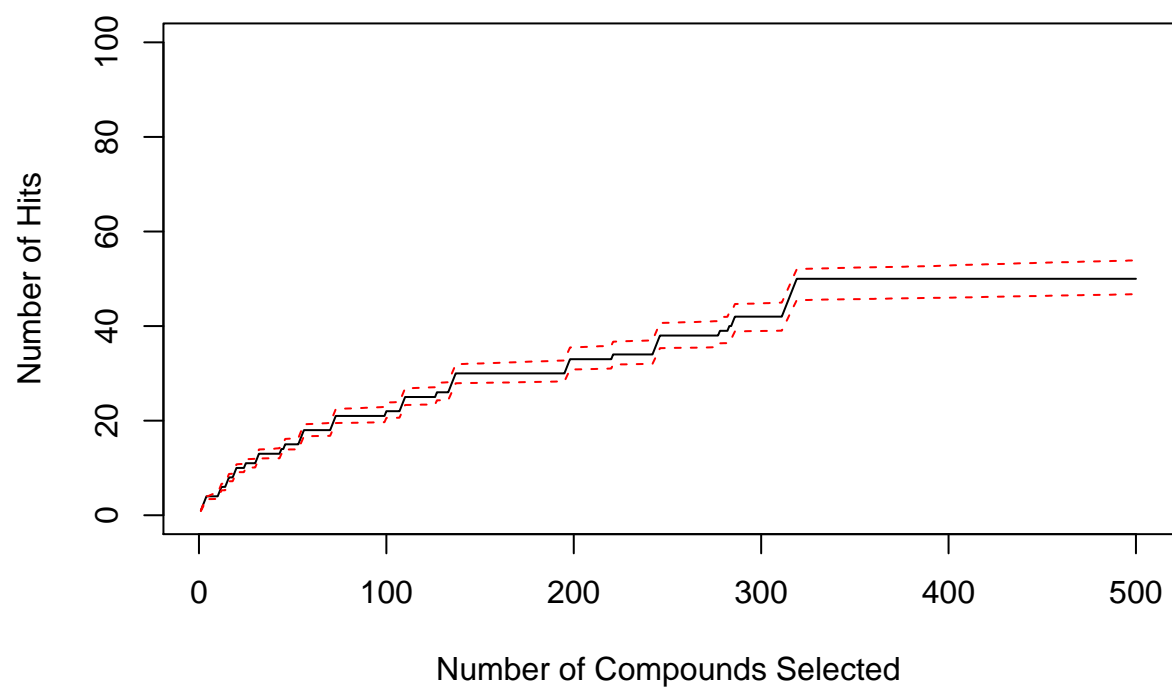
Pharmacophores: RF



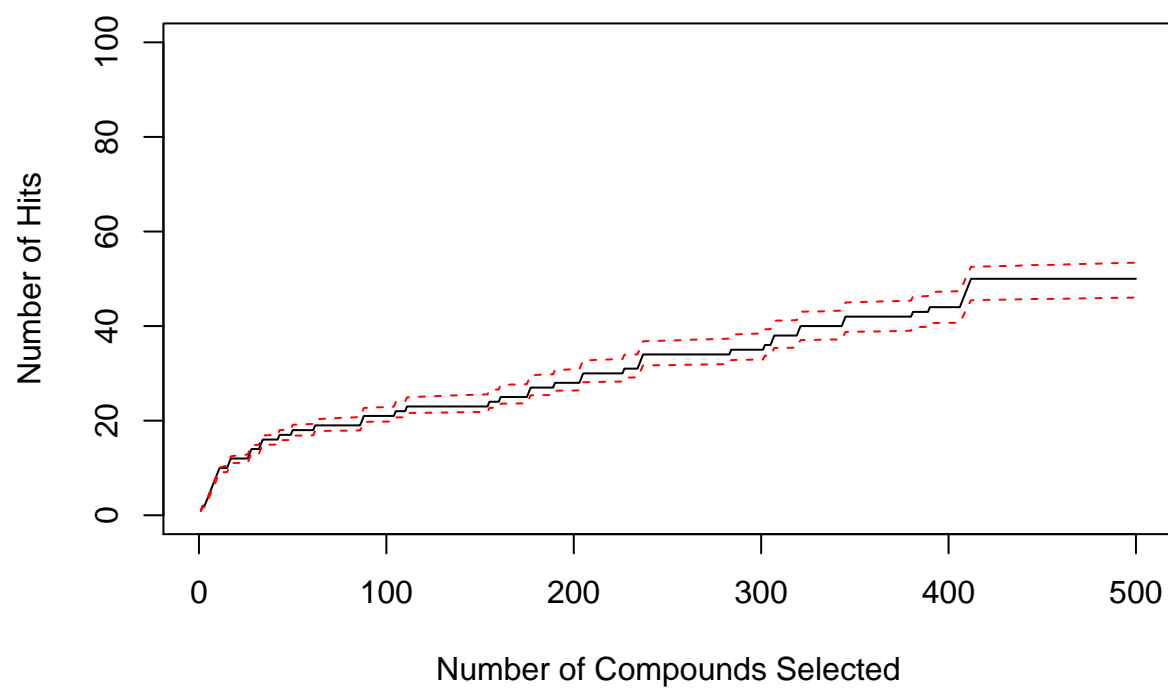
Pharmacophores: SVM



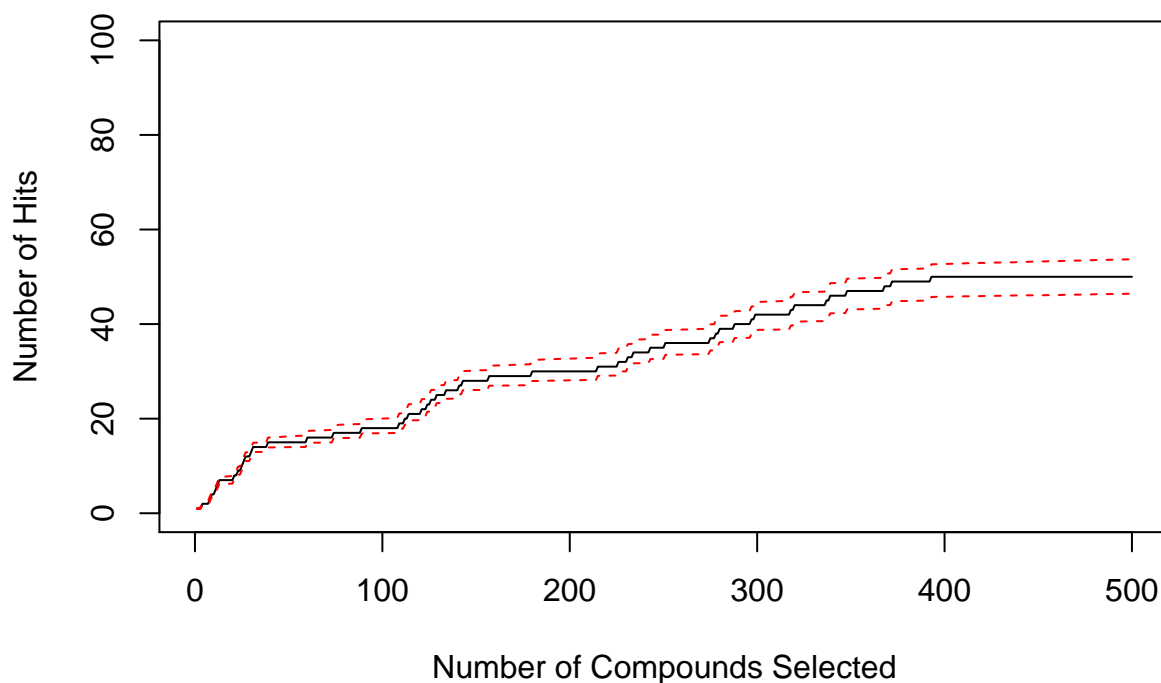
Pharmacophores: NNet



Pharmacophores: KNN



Pharmacophores: PLSLDA



And then the frequentist runs

Burden

```
int.list.burd.Freq <- list(length = ncol(probs.Burd) - 1)
for(i in 2:ncol(probs.Burd)) {
  probs <- probs.Burd[, i]
  hit.vec <- probs.Burd$Observed

  order.idx <- order(probs, decreasing = T)
  probs <- probs[order.idx]
  hit.vec <- hit.vec[order.idx]

  m <- length(probs)

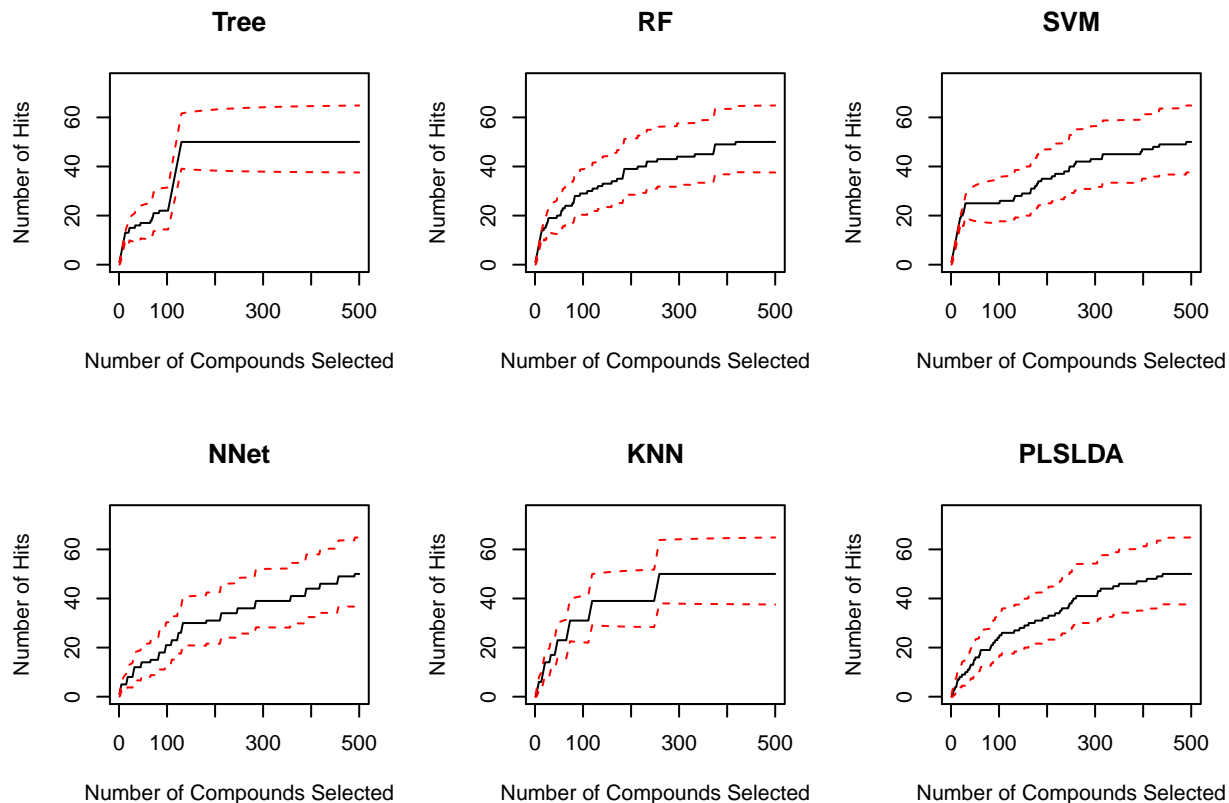
  # Matrix containing the number of hits and lower and upper bounds for 95%
  # confidence intervals for each number of tests
  int.mat <- matrix(ncol = 3, nrow = m)
  colnames(int.mat) <- c("NHits", "LB", "UB")

  for(j in 1:m) {
    int.mat[j, 1] <- sum(hit.vec[1:j])
    int.mat[j, 2:3] <- j * CInt(x = sum(hit.vec[1:j]), p.vec = probs[1:j])
  }
  int.list.burd.Freq[[i-1]] <- int.mat
}
```

```

# Plotting the accumulation curves and confidence band for each modeling method
par(mfrow = c(2, 3))
for (i in seq_along(int.list.burd.Freq)) {
  plot(int.list.burd.Freq[[i]][, 1], type = "l", ylim = c(0, 75),
       main = colnames(probs.Burd)[i+1], ylab = "Number of Hits",
       xlab = "Number of Compounds Selected")
  lines(int.list.burd.Freq[[i]][, 2], type = "l", lty = "dashed", col = "red")
  lines(int.list.burd.Freq[[i]][, 3], type = "l", lty = "dashed", col = "red")
}

```



Pharmacophore

```

# Confidence intervals for the accumulation curves for Pharmacophores descriptors Models

int.list.phar.Freq <- list(length = ncol(probs.Burd) - 1)
for(i in 2:ncol(probs.Pharm)) {
  probs <- probs.Pharm[, i]
  hit.vec <- probs.Pharm$Observed

  order.idx <- order(probs, decreasing = T)
  probs <- probs[order.idx]
  hit.vec <- hit.vec[order.idx]

  m <- length(probs)
  int.mat <- matrix(ncol = 3, nrow = m)
  colnames(int.mat) <- c("NHits", "LB", "UB")
}

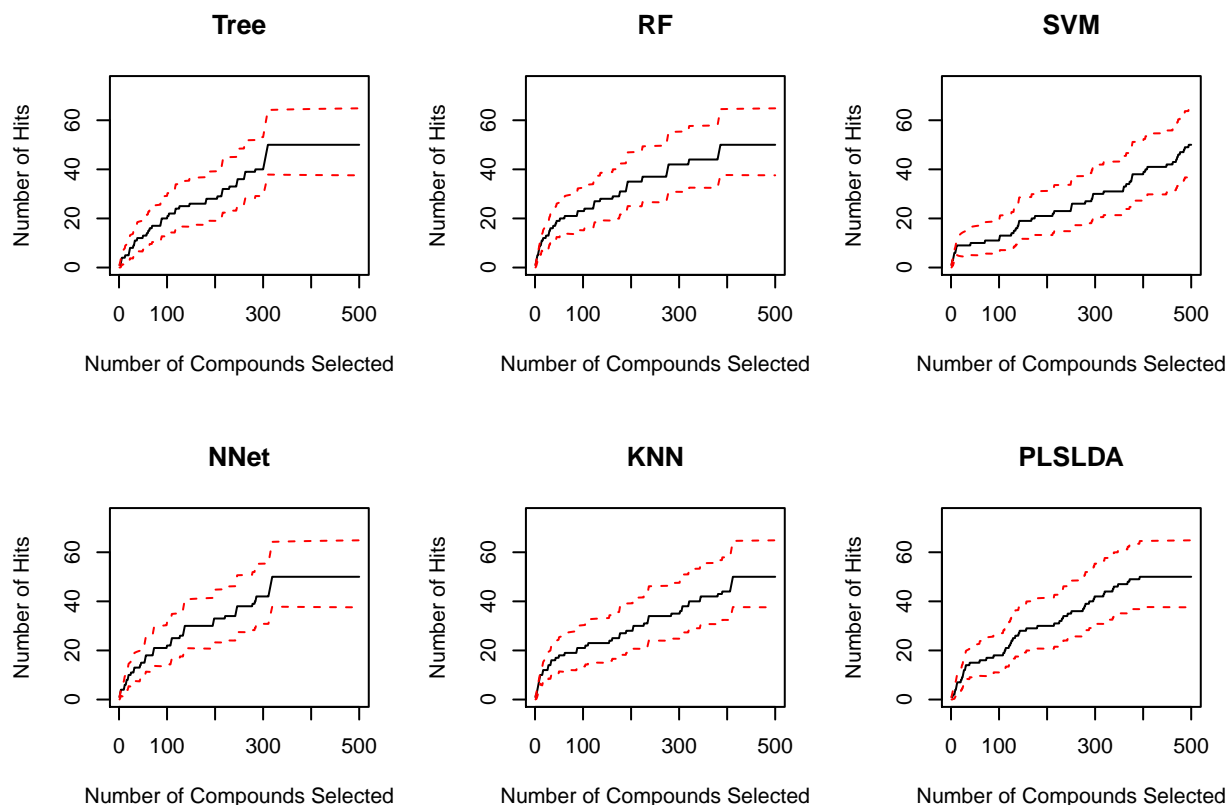
```

```

for(j in 1:m) {
  int.mat[j, 1] <- sum(hit.vec[1:j])
  int.mat[j, 2:3] <- j * CPlnt(x = sum(hit.vec[1:j]), p.vec = probs[1:j])
}
int.list.phar.Freq[[i-1]] <- int.mat
}

par(mfrow = c(2, 3))
for (i in seq_along(int.list.phar.Freq)) {
  plot(int.list.phar.Freq[[i]][, 1], type = "l", ylim = c(0, 75),
       main = colnames(probs.Burd)[i+1], ylab = "Number of Hits",
       xlab = "Number of Compounds Selected")
  lines(int.list.phar.Freq[[i]][, 2], type = "l", lty = "dashed", col = "red")
  lines(int.list.phar.Freq[[i]][, 3], type = "l", lty = "dashed", col = "red")
}

```



```

intervals <- list(Burd.Freq = int.list.burd.Freq, Phas.Freq = int.list.phas.Freq,
                 Burd.Bayes = int.list.burd.Bayes, Phas.Bayes = int.list.phas.Bayes)

sig.difs <- vector(length = 4)
names(sig.difs) <- c("BF", "PF", "BB", "PB")

av.width <- vector(length = 4)
names(av.width) <- c("BF", "PF", "BB", "PB")

```

```

av.dist.5 <- vector(length = 4)
names(av.width) <- c("BF", "PF", "BB", "PB")

for (l in 1:4) {
  overlap.count <- 0
  total.count <- 0
  width <- 0
  dist.5 <- 0
  for (i in 1:6) {
    for (k in 1:500) {
      for (j in i:6) {
        if ((intervals[[1]][[i]][k, 3] > intervals[[1]][[j]][k, 2] &
            intervals[[1]][[i]][k, 2] < intervals[[1]][[j]][k, 2]) |
            (intervals[[1]][[j]][k, 3] > intervals[[1]][[i]][k, 2] &
            intervals[[1]][[j]][k, 2] < intervals[[1]][[i]][k, 2])) {
          overlap.count <- overlap.count + 1
        }
        total.count <- total.count + 1
      }
      width <- width + intervals[[1]][[i]][k, 3] - intervals[[1]][[i]][k, 2]
      dist.5 <- dist.5 + abs((intervals[[1]][[i]][k, 3] + intervals[[1]][[i]][k, 2])/(k*2) - .5)
    }
  }
  sig.difs[l] <- 1 - overlap.count/total.count
  av.width[l] <- width/(6*500)
  av.dist.5[l] <- dist.5/(6*500)
}

sig.difs

##          BF          PF          BB          PB
## 0.3989524 0.4296190 0.6037143 0.5868571

av.width

##          BF          PF          BB          PB
## 21.924483 20.939654  4.860216  4.941814

av.dist.5

## [1] 0.3027097 0.3259283 0.3111292 0.3335081

df <- data.frame(rbind(sig.difs, av.width, av.dist.5))
df <- round(df, 2)
df <- df[, c(1,3,2,4)]
rownames(df) <- c("Fraction of Significant Differences", "Average Interval Width", "Average Distance from Frequentist", "Average Distance from Bayes")
colnames(df) <- c("Frequentist", "Bayes", "Frequentist", "Bayes")

kable(df, format = "latex", align = "c", booktabs = T, caption = "Summary measures of all point wise comparisons")

sig.difs.freq <- (sig.difs[1] + sig.difs[2])/2
sig.difs.bayes <- (sig.difs[3] + sig.difs[4])/2

```


Table 1: Summary measures of all point wise confidence/credible intervals

	<i>Burden Numbers</i>		<i>Pharmacophores</i>	
	Frequentist	Bayes	Frequentist	Bayes
Fraction of Significant Differences	0.40	0.60	0.43	0.59
Average Interval Width	21.92	4.86	20.94	4.94
Average Distance from .5	0.30	0.31	0.33	0.33