# From Billboards to Grammy

## Billocard HOT 100



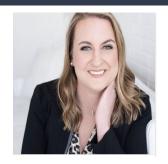
#### Team Five



HAYLEY GIMBEL

NetSuite Consultant at NAPPJO

Joined Data Analytics Course to gain understanding of basic coding & data analytics concepts



#### JENNIFER RATLIFF

Vice President Finance National Home Builder

Joined Data Analytics Course for a new challenge



MAYA JEFFERSON

2020 University of Texas B.S.A. Mathematics Graduate

Joined Data Analytics Course to learn basic coding and jump start career.



#### LIJOY JOMOL

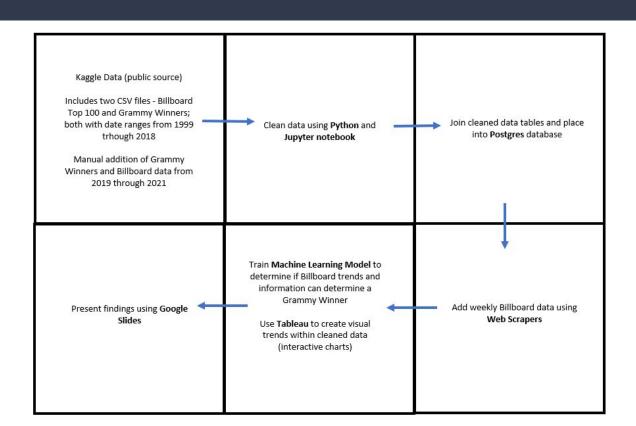
Certified Math Teacher

Joined Data Analytics Course for a career change.

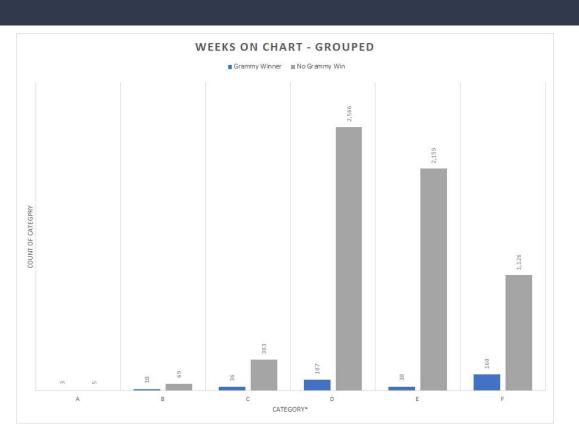
#### Purpose

- Determine if machine learning can identify Grammy winners based on
  - Weeks on Billboard Chart
  - Peak position on Billboard Chart
  - Age of song at time of nomination
- Selected topic due to team member work in music industry and data selection timeframe was during 2021 Grammy weekend
- Kaggle data included information for both Grammy winners and Billboard Top 100 from 1999 through 2018
  - Selected information from eight available tables
  - Specific tables chosen based on how final winners are selected (committee based)
- Data exploration Team used basic Excel analysis to understand general information and determine best path forward
- Data Analysis Team used Python with Jupyter notebook to clean files, combine tables, create basic charts, and determine options for machine learning

### Project Dashboard

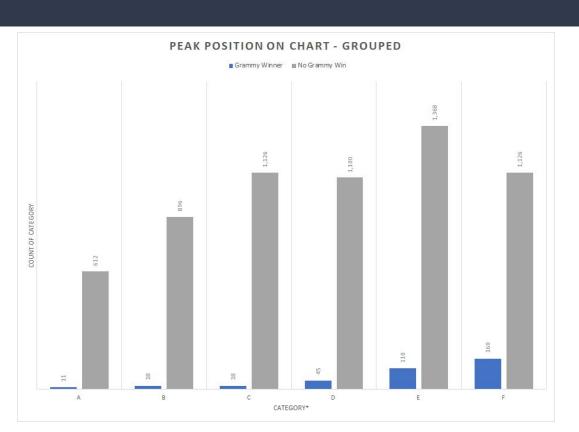


#### Data Exploration



- Completed simple statistical analysis on weeks on chart, such as minimum weeks, maximum weeks, and average weeks on chart.
- Grouped categories based on statistical results
  - A More than 60 weeks
  - B More than 45 weeks
  - C More than 30 weeks
  - D More than 15 weeks
  - o E Less than 15 weeks
    - F Not ranked\*
- Initial results showed little correlation between weeks on chart and a Grammy win (r = 0.008)

#### Data Exploration



- Completed simple statistical analysis on weeks on chart, such as minimum weeks, maximum weeks, and average weeks on chart.
- Grouped categories based on simple buckets
  - A Greater than 80
  - o B Greater than 60
  - C Greater than 40
  - o D Greater than 20
  - o E Less than 20
    - F Not ranked\*
- Initial results showed some correlation between peak position on chart and a Grammy win (r = 0.14)

#### Machine Learning - Grammy Prediction

The Machine learning model will provide data and charts once complete.

Model is still in training and final results are not available at this time.

#### Other factors (null hypothesis)

- What other factors could contribute to winning a Grammy?
  - o Genre
  - Release date of song (summer, winter)
  - Multiple artists
    - Combination of well known and lesser known

## Next Steps

How to improve the model Additional features to include

#### Dashboard Link

https://public.tableau.com/profile/jomol#!/vizhome/BillboardtoGrammyDashboard/Dashboard2?publish=yes