

MetLife[®]

Underwriting Guide

Individual

Long-Term Care

Insurance

The purpose of the MetLife Individual Long-Term Care Insurance Underwriting Guide is to provide you with a better understanding of the application submission and underwriting process. It is designed to help you determine if it would be appropriate to recommend that a client apply for MetLife's medically underwritten Long-Term Care Insurance ("LTCI"), based on his or her medical condition. It is also designed to provide guidance in completing the medical section of the LTCI application. For your assistance, we have included the following information:

- · Contact information
- A section on Field Underwriting, including conditions of concern, commonly asked questions and the Top 10 questions you should ask your client
- A section on MetLife's LTCI Underwriting Requirements, including a height and weight guide
- A section on New Business Processes, including information about application submission and the underwriting process
- A section on Underwriting Guidelines for conditions commonly identified by clients during the sales process, including a list of uninsurable diagnoses and conditions, a list of medications commonly associated with uninsurable conditions, and commonly used medical abbreviations

If, after reviewing this information, you are unsure whether it would be appropriate to recommend that your client apply for MetLife LTCI, contact the underwriting department for a health pre-screen.

Underwriters make final decisions regarding insurability after review of all of MetLife's underwriting requirements, utilizing the MetLife LTCI Underwriting Guidelines.

Contact Information

There is different contact information for the different distribution channels. Please make sure you are using the correct address/phone numbers.

WHERE TO MAIL

Mail all MetLife LTCI applications and medical records to:

Regular Mail: Overnight Mail: MetLife LTCI MetLife LTCI

PO Box 5716 7805 Hudson Road, Ste. 180 Hopkins, MN 55343-5716 Woodbury, MN 55125

888-565-3761

Mail or Fax all outstanding application information to:

MetLife LTCI

Case Management

57 Greens Farms Road

Westport, CT 06880

Fax: Virtual fax number will be provided by Case Manager handling application.

WHO TO CALL

If you are: Affiliated Channels (MLFS/NEF/MLR): Contact the MetLife LTCI Resource Line at 888-799-0902,

Prompt 1 – Sales, Product or Competition Information

Prompt 2 – Case Management/Status of an Application Currently in Underwriting

Prompt 3 – Health Pre-Screens or Recent Underwriting Decisions

Prompt 4 – Billing, Refunds or Payment Issues

Prompt 5 – Commissions

Prompt 6 – Multi-Life Account Specialists

Prompt 7 – Licensing and Appointments

If you are: IDG (MGA's/GenAm): Contact the MetLife LTCI Resource Line at 888-776-3882,

Prompt 1 – Sales, Product or Competition Information

Prompt 2 – Case Management/Status of an Application Currently in Underwriting

Prompt 3 – Licensing and Appointments

Prompt 4 – Health Pre-Screens or Recent Underwriting Decisions

Prompt 5 – Billing, Refunds or Payment Issues

Prompt 6 – Commissions

Prompt 7 – Multi-Life Account Specialists

Prompt 8 – Regional Sales Managers

If you are: MLI: Contact the MetLife Investors Sales Desk at 800-848-3854, and press 9 for long-term care ("LTC").

To pre-screen a client, call the appropriate Resource Line above, or complete the Long-Term Care Insurance pre-screening form online at http://ltcprescreen.metlife.com.

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SECTION 1
FIELD UNDERWRITING

- LTCI is a health-qualifying product and is subject to privacy regulations under the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 ("HIPAA").
- HIPAA requires that you get an Authorization to Release Medical Information form signed by your client at the time of application. It also means that the client's health information is protected, therefore MetLife will not release health information to you, the agent, unless it was on the application.
- As a field underwriter, you should consider your client's health history before an application is completed to help determine if it would be appropriate to recommend that your client apply for MetLife's LTCI. If the client has a condition that is uninsurable, you should not proceed. If an application is completed, as much of the client's health history as possible should be included in the 'Health Questions' section of the application, so that the underwriters will be able to make a sound underwriting decision.
- Take the time to listen to and observe your client. Do you notice:
 - Any difficulty getting out of the chair or walking across the room?
 - Any tremors and/or tremulous handwriting?

Field Underwriting

- Tobacco use with a history of heart disease/respiratory disease?
- Forgetfulness, or the need to be 'prompted' by spouse/adult child or other person?
- Review the "Top Ten Questions A Field Underwriter Should Ask" on page 6 with your client, as well as the "ALERT: Conditions of Concern" section on page 7.
- When completing the 'Health Questions' section of the application with your client, provide as much detail as possible use the "Specific Conditions and Corresponding Questions" beginning on page 7 to help.

Top ten questions a field underwriter should ask

The following questions were designed to help obtain applicable health information from your client. After you have gone through these questions with your client, you can call the Pre-Screening Line or use the Pre-Screening website (http://ltcprescreen.metlife.com) to review responses with an underwriter and obtain guidance regarding insurability. Certain medical conditions, combinations of conditions, or medications used should raise red flags regarding a client's potential insurability.

- 1. Are you currently being treated for any medical condition? If yes, what is that condition?
- 2. How often do you see your doctor? When did you last see your doctor?
- 3. Has you doctor advised you that your condition is unstable? (An example of instability would be a response such as "My doctor has told me he/she would like to see my blood pressure lower.")
- 4. What medications are you currently taking? (Ask to see the bottles, and write down prescription names.) Follow up by asking, Why are you taking these medications?
- 5. Have you had any recent medication changes?
- 6. Do you see any specialists? If yes, for what reason?
- 7. Do you have any limitations in activity? How far can you walk without resting or having pain in your extremities? Do you have any difficulty climbing stairs?
- 8. Do you use an assistive device such as a cane, walker, etc.?
- 9. Have you had any recent falls? Any falls within the last two years?
- 10. Do you have any significant illnesses, such as cancer, heart disease, diabetes or any hospitalizations that we have not discussed?

ALERT: Conditions of Concern

• Height to weight ratio outside the parameters listed on pages 14 and 15, particularly in combination with certain chronic conditions, such as arthritis, joint replacements, diabetes, heart disease, or respiratory disease.

FIELD UNDERWRITING

- Tobacco use in combination with heart attack/heart surgery, circulatory disease, or chronic respiratory disease, which will result in a decline.
- Tremors and/or tremulous handwriting.
- A combination of conditions (e.g., the combination of a heart condition with other circulatory problems, diabetes and/or respiratory conditions) may present an increased risk, versus having one of these conditions independently, and, therefore, may lead to a substandard rating or a decline.
- Client's difficulty getting out of the chair, or walking across the room, or going up and down stairs. Any use of a cane or assistive device should be noted.

Top Medical Conditions Leading to the Need for Long-Term Care Services

- Dementia
- Cancers
- Diabetes Mellitus
- Arrhythmia/Atrial Fibrillation
- Fractures
- Bone and Joint Disorders
- Hypertension
- Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease
- Stroke (CVA)

Specific conditions and corresponding questions

The following questions may be appropriate if your client has any of the conditions listed below:

Diabetes (refer to page 46)

- 1. How long have you had diabetes?
- 2. Do you take any medication or insulin? What dosage, and frequency?
- 3. Has your doctor advised you that your blood sugar level is in good control? For how long?
- 4. What is your blood sugar level or Hgb A1C? (refer to page 39)
- 5. What is your height and weight? (refer to pages 14 and 15)
- 6. Do you have any diabetes-related complications? (e.g., eye problems directly related to diabetes, kidney problems, circulatory problems, numbness and tingling of the extremities, non-healing wounds or skin ulcers, or any amputation).

Hypertension/heart disease

- 1. Have you had any recent changes in medications?
- 2. How many medications are you taking?
- 3. Has your doctor advised you that your condition is controlled?
- 4. What was your last blood pressure reading?
- 5. Do you have any other heart or circulatory problems?

Cognitive impairment

Listen for cues of cognitive impairment throughout your interview. Did the client remember your name and the appointment? Does the client report memory loss, or does a family member indicate concerns about the client's memory? If so, the following questions are appropriate:

- 1. Have you discussed memory loss with your doctor or family?
- 2. Have you had any memory testing? Do you have the results of that testing?
- 3. Do you manage your own finances?
- 4. Do you drive? If no, have you ever driven?
- 5. Do you do your own shopping?

Arthritis (refer to page 42)

- 1. What type of arthritis do you have?
- 2. What joints are affected?
- 3. Have you had any recent changes or additions to your medications?
- 4. Have you ever used steroids to treat your arthritis? How much and for how long?
- 5. Have you had any joint replacements?
- 6. Do you have any limits in activity as a result of your arthritis? How far can you walk without resting? Do you have any difficulty with stairs?
- 7. What is your height and weight? (refer to pages 14 and 15)

Osteoporosis (refer to page 53)

- 1. Do you take medication for this condition?
- 2. Have you had any recent fractures (within the last 24 months)?
- 3. Have you had any loss in your height? (refer to pages 14 and 15)
- 4. Has your doctor done any bone density studies? If so, do you know your T-score level?
- 5. How has your doctor described your degree of osteoporosis (mild, moderate, severe)?

Cancer (refer to page 44)

For any type of cancer other than basal cell skin cancer, squamous cell cancer of the skin or early stage breast or prostate cancer, at least two years without surgery or treatment should have passed for the client to be considered for coverage.

FIELD UNDERWRITING

- 1. What type of cancer did you have?
- 2. Do you know the stage?
- 3. Did you have any positive lymph nodes or spread to other areas?
- 4. What was the last date of treatment or surgery?
- 5. If prostate cancer, do you know your current PSA (refer to page 10)?

Mental Health

- 1. Are you currently seeing a psychologist, psychiatrist, or counselor/therapist for any reason?
- 2. How often do you see them and for what reason?
- 3. Do you have a specific diagnosis?
- 4. When were you diagnosed?
- 5. What medications are you taking for this condition(s)?
- 6. Have there been any changes in your medication in the last 6 months?
- 7. Have you been hospitalized for this condition or any other mental health condition in the last 5 years?

Commonly asked questions

1. What is a **TIA**?

A TIA is a Transient Ischemic Attack, also known as a mini-stroke. It causes temporary interference with blood flow to the brain and may be a precursor to a stroke. Symptoms generally last for less than 24 hours and there is no residual impairment.

2. What is a **PSA**?

A PSA (Prostate Specific Antigen) is a blood test used to test for both cancer of the prostate and benign prostate disease. If test results are known, call the Pre-Screening Line to review the results with an underwriter. (A biopsy is usually necessary to determine if cancer is present.)

3. What does MetLife consider "tobacco use"? Use of cigarettes, pipe, cigars, chewing tobacco, snuff, or a smoking deterrent within the past 12 months.

Bear in mind:

- 1. If the client identifies that he/she has any medical condition listed in the Insurability Questions of the application, the client is ineligible for coverage and, generally, the client should not continue completing the application. (For Multi-Life, contact your Account Specialist).
- Note: Kansas and Virginia require that, in such a situation, if an application was started, the application should still be submitted, but you should not collect any premium.
- 2. Any medical or laboratory testing or procedures that the client is currently undergoing or has scheduled/anticipated should be completed, and results received/diagnosis made, before an application is taken.
- 3. Control and stability are important in the underwriter's assessment of all conditions.
- 4. Clients age 61 and older, who have not had medical follow-up within the last 2 years, can only be considered for Standard rating, even with an acceptable physical examination ordered by MetLife.

Morbidity vs. Mortality

It is important for you to understand the difference between morbidity and mortality. MetLife's LTCI underwriters evaluate morbidity (the risk of a person living a long life with a debilitating disease), whereas MetLife's Life Insurance underwriters evaluate mortality (the risk that a person is going to die earlier than average life expectancy).

FIELD UNDERWRITING

- The greater the risk of morbidity, the greater the risk of needing long-term care services.
- When the risk of morbidity is higher, a person's life expectancy may not be affected, but the risk of a chronic condition with impact on Activities of Daily Living (refer to page 34) is higher.

Some examples of increased risk of morbidity are:

- Osteoarthritis of weight-bearing joints, limiting activity, or with increased height/weight ratio
- Rheumatoid arthritis with joint deformities impacting Activities of Daily Living
- Osteoporosis with fractures or causing pain requiring the use of medical equipment
- In underwriting LTCI, functionality and independence are the most important factors. If a medical condition is chronic and known to impact functioning, particularly Activities of Daily Living or Instrumental Activities of Daily Living (refer to page 34 for more information), the condition may cause a client to be declined for coverage.

To speak with an underwriter, contact the MetLife LTCI Resource Line:

Affiliated Channels (MLFS/NEF/MLR): 888-799-0902, prompt 3 IDG (MGAs / GenAM / MLI): 888-776-3882, prompt 4 MLI: 800-848-3854, prompt 9, 3

SECTION 2
METLIFE'S LTCI UNDERWRITING REQUIREMENTS

Height and weight guide

Within the LTCI industry, height and weight tables are used for the purpose of assessing whether a person has an increased risk of morbidity (for more information, please refer to page 11). The following tables set forth MetLife's guidelines, for Males and for Females, for the minimum weight for consideration for LTCI, the maximum weight for a Preferred rating, the maximum weight for consideration for most significant medical conditions,** and the maximum weight for consideration for LTCI. Anyone outside the parameters listed on the following tables is considered a high risk for use of LTC services and will be considered for coverage on an individual basis.

HEIGHT AND WEIGHT CHART – FEMALE*

METLIFE'S LTCI UNDERWRITING REQUIREMENTS

Hei	ight	Min. Weight (lbs.) for Consideration	Max. Weight (lbs.) for Preferred Rating	Max. Weight (lbs.) for Most Significant Medical Conditions	Max. Weight (lbs.) for Consideration
4'8"	(56")	86	157	178	209
4'9"	(57")	88	161	182	213
4'10"	(58")	90	165	186	217
4'11"	(59")	91	169	189	222
5'	(60")	93	173	193	226
5'1"	(61")	95	177	197	231
5'2"	(62")	98	182	202	236
5'3"	(63")	100	186	206	240
5'4"	(64")	102	190	210	245
5'5"	(65")	105	196	216	251
5'6"	(66")	108	201	221	257
5'7"	(67")	111	207	227	262
5'8"	(68")	114	212	232	268
5'9"	(69")	118	219	239	275
5'10"	(70")	121	225	246	283
5'11"	(71")	125	232	252	290
6'	(72")	128	238	259	297
6'1"	(73")	132	244	265	304
6'2"	(74")	136	250	271	310

^{*} This table is for reference only! ** Most significant medical conditions, including, but not limited to, Diabetes Mellitus, Arthritis, Joint Replacements, Emphysema, and Heart Disease, are impacted by an increased height to weight ratio. A client who has one of these conditions, combined with an increased height to weight ratio, may be declined for coverage. Please contact the underwriting department for more detailed information.

HEIGHT AND WEIGHT CHART – MALE*

Height	Min. Weight (lbs.) for Consideration	Max. Weight (lbs.) for Preferred Rating	Max. Weight (lbs.) for Most Significant Medical Conditions	Max. Weight (lbs.) for Consideration
4'10" (58")	95	176	197	228
4'11" (59")	97	180	200	233
5' (60")	99	184	204	237
5'1" (61")	101	188	208	242
5'2" (62")	103	193	213	247
5'3" (63")	105	197	217	251
5'4" (64")	107	210	221	256
5'5" (65")	110	207	227	262
5'6" (66")	113	213	233	269
5'7" (67")	116	219	239	274
5'8" (68")	119	224	244	280
5'9" (69")	121	233	253	289
5'10" (70")	124	239	260	297
5'11" (71")	127	246	266	304
6' (72")	130	252	273	311
6'1" (73")	134	258	279	318
6'2" (74")	139	264	285	325
6'3" (75")	144	271	292	332
6'4" (76")	149	277	298	338

^{*} This table is for reference only! ** Most significant medical conditions, including, but not limited to, Diabetes Mellitus, Arthritis, Joint Replacements, Emphysema, and Heart Disease, are impacted by an increased height to weight ratio. A client who has one of these conditions, combined with an increased height to weight ratio, may be declined for coverage. Please contact the underwriting department for more detailed information.

MetLife's Long-Term Care Insurance Underwriting Requirements are Based on:

- The client's age individuals age 18 84 are eligible to apply for coverage
- The client's medical history and date of last medical exam
- The client's cognitive awareness

METLIFE'S LTCI UNDERWRITING REQUIREMENTS

• The client's ability to perform Activities of Daily Living (ADLs –refer to page 34) and to function independently on a day-to-day basis

Note: Multi-Life underwriting requirements differ from Individual underwriting requirements – make sure you are assisting your client in completing the correct application, and are reviewing the correct requirements!

Note: An underwriter may require additional information and order an Attending Physician's Statement (APS), Phone Health Interview (PHI) or Face-to-Face Interview at his/her discretion!

Regular Individual Underwriting Requirements

	:			
Age	55 & Under	56–60	61–74	75+
Application	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Medical Records	Underwriter's Discretion	Underwriter's Discretion	Yes	Yes
Phone Health Interview	Underwriter's Discretion	Yes Initiated by MetLife	Yes Initiated by MetLife	No
Face-to-Face Health Interview	Underwriter's Discretion	Underwriter's Discretion	Underwriter's Discretion	Yes
Physical Exam (PE) at MetLife's Expense	Underwriter's discretion if no PE within 2 years	Underwriter's discretion if no PE within 2 years	Underwriter's discretion if no PE within 1 year	Underwriter's discretion if no PE within 1 year

Application

• All applicants are required to complete and sign an Individual Application for Long-Term Care Insurance (including the Authorization to Release Medical Information, which is required by HIPAA).

Medical Records (Attending Physician's Statement (APS))

- An APS is required for all applicants age 61 and over.
- An APS may be requested at the underwriter's discretion for applicants younger than 61 (usually requested based on information given in the application or during the Phone Health Interview).
- If your client does not have current medical records (has not seen a physician in the last 2 years), please document this in the application, under the heading "Details". This will alert the underwriter to schedule a physical exam at MetLife's expense.
- Ordering an APS, if required based on age, at the time of submitting the application will save time during the underwriting process.
- Document in the application that an APS was ordered to avoid duplicate orders and unnecessary expense.
- To order an APS:

METLIFE'S LTCI UNDERWRITING REQUIREMENTS

- 1. From EMSI:
 - Fax the EMSI order form to the number on the form (contact the applicable Resource Line for your distribution channel if your office does not have this form); or
 - Order online using the account your agency has set up (contact the applicable Resource Line for your distribution channel for more information).
- 2. From a vendor other than EMSI:
 - Please have any other vendors you may use to order medical records mail them to:

MetLife LTCI PO Box 5716 Hopkins, MN 55343-5716

• If there is no indication that a required APS has been ordered, or if the underwriter determines that an APS is necessary, MetLife will order the APS. This may lengthen the underwriting process.

Phone Health Interview (PHI)

- A PHI is required for all applicants ages 56 74.
- A PHI may be requested at the underwriter's discretion for applicants aged 55 and younger.
- The PHI is a 15 20 minute telephone call initiated and conducted by a Registered Nurse.
- To save time during the interview please ask your client to have the following available:
 - Current medication bottles
 - Names of physicians
 - Dates of any surgeries or hospitalizations
- Please indicate in the application the best time (morning, afternoon or evening) to reach your client. Every effort will be made to accommodate your client's preference.

Face-to-Face Interview (F2F)

- A Face-to-Face Interview (an in-home assessment) is required for all applicants ages 75-84.
- The interview **must** be conducted in the applicant's home.
- The interview will last approximately 45 minutes and will be scheduled by MetLife.
- The interview is conducted by a Registered Nurse from an agency designated by MetLife.
- Please explain to your client that the interview is taking place so that the nurse can:
 - Discuss the client's medical history
 - Discuss any current medications and medical conditions
 - Assess the client's level of daily activity
 - Assess the client's cognitive abilities

Physical Examination (PE)

- A physical examination may be required in the following situations:
 - The applicant has not seen a physician in recent years (within 1 or 2 years, depending on the applicant's age)
 - Recent medical records are not available
 - The underwriter determines that the applicant's health history and age warrant it
- Please make sure that you have documented the date of your client's last physical examination in the application.
- If a physical examination is needed, the underwriter will schedule the examination at MetLife's expense. This examination will include blood and urine testing.

METLIFE'S LTCI UNDERWRITING REQUIREMENTS

Multi-Life Discount Underwriting Requirements, Based on Program Type

Program Type	Who is Eligible?	Applica- tion	Phone Health Interview	Medical Records	Face-to-Face Health Interview	Medical Questions	Physical Exam (PE) at MetLife's expense
Employee Paid Modified Under- writing	EmployeesSpousesDefined Family Members	Yes	Age 66 & Over or Underwriter's Discretion	Age 66 & Over or Underwriter's Discretion	Age 75 & Over or Underwriter's Discretion	Reduced	Under- writer's Discretion if no PE within 2 yrs
Employee Paid Simplified Issue	Actively at Work* Employees Age 65 or Less	Yes	No	No	No	5 total	N/A
Employer Paid Modified Under- writing	 Employees Spouses Defined Family Members	Yes	Age 66 & Over or Underwriter's Discretion	Age 66 & Over or Underwriter's Discretion	Age 75 & Over or Underwriter's Discretion	Reduced	Under- writer's Discretion if no PE within 2 yrs
Employer Paid Simplified Issue	Actively at Work* Employees Age 65 or Less (and their spouses if Employer Paid)	Yes	No	No	No	5 total (Spouses must answer 1 additional question)	N/A
Association	MembersSpousesDefined Family Members	Yes	Age 66 & Over or Underwriter's Discretion	Age 66 & Over or Underwriter's Discretion	Age 75 & Over or Underwriter's Discretion	Reduced	Under- writer's Discretion if no PE within 2 yrs

^{*} Employees who work 30 hours or more per week and are W-2 employees qualify as "actively at work".

NOTE: Spouses can include, where permitted by law, Domestic Partners and Civil Union Partners.

Multi-Life Discount Program Underwriting Requirements

MetLife Long-Term Care Multi-Life underwriting requirements are based on:

- The client's age individuals age 18 84, who meet the Multi-Life requirements, are eligible to apply
- The Multi-Life program that the client is applying for (Modified or Simplified). (This is pre-determined during the Multi-Life approval process. For more information, contact your Multi-Life Account Specialist.)

Note: Since underwriting requirements differ depending on which type of Multi-Life program has been approved for the group your client is applying through (Modified or Simplified), make sure you are assisting your client in completing the correct application, and are reviewing the correct underwriting requirements!

Note: An underwriter may require additional information and order an Attending Physician's Statement (APS), Phone Health Interview (PHI) or Face-to-Face Interview (F2F) at his/her discretion!

FOR MODIFIED MULTI-LIFE APPLICANTS ONLY

Application

 All applicants are required to complete and sign the applicable Modified Underwriting Multi-Life Application (including the Authorization to Release Medical Information, which is required by HIPAA).

Medical Records (Attending Physician's Statement (APS))

- An APS is required for all applicants age 66 and over.
- An APS may be requested at the underwriter's discretion for applicants 65 or younger (usually requested based on information given in the application or during the Phone Health Interview).
- If your client does not have current medical records (has not seen a physician in the last 2 years), please document this in the application, under the heading "Details". This will alert the underwriter to schedule a physical examination at MetLife's expense.
- Ordering an APS, if required based on age, at the time of submitting the application will save time during the underwriting process (refer to Regular Individual Underwriting Section at page 18 for more information).
- Document in the application that an APS was ordered to avoid duplicate orders and unnecessary expense.
- If there is no indication that a required APS has been ordered, or if the underwriter determines that an APS is necessary, MetLife will order the APS. This will lengthen the underwriting process.

MODIFIED UNDERWRITING (continued)

Phone Health Interview (PHI)

- A PHI is required for all applicants ages 66 74.
- A PHI may be requested at the underwriter's discretion for applicants aged 65 and younger.
- The PHI is a 15 20 minute telephone call initiated and conducted by a Registered Nurse.
- To save time during the interview please ask your client to have the following available:
 - Current medication bottles
 - Names of physicians

METLIFE'S LTCI UNDERWRITING REQUIREMENTS

- Dates of any surgeries or hospitalizations
- Please indicate in the application the best time (morning, afternoon or evening) to reach your client. Every effort will be made to accommodate your client's preference.

Face-to-Face Interview (F2F)

- A Face-to-Face Interview (an in-home assessment) is required for all applicants ages 75-84.
- The interview **must** be conducted in the applicant's home.
- The interview will last approximately 45 minutes and will be scheduled by MetLife.
- The interview is conducted by a Registered Nurse from an agency designated by MetLife.
- Please explain to your client that the interview is taking place so that the nurse can:
 - Discuss the client's medical history.
 - Discuss any current medications and medical conditions.
 - Assess the client's level of daily activity.
 - Assess the client's cognitive abilities.

Physical Examination (PE)

- A physical examination may be required in the following situations:
 - The applicant has not seen a physician in recent years (within 1 or 2 years, depending on the applicant's age).
 - Recent medical records are not available.
 - The underwriter determines that the applicant's health history and age warrant it.
- Please make sure that you have documented the date of your client's last physical examination in the application.
- If a physical examination is needed, the underwriter will schedule the examination at MetLife's expense.

FOR SIMPLIFIED MULTI-LIFE APPLICANTS ONLY

- Only qualified applicants under age 66 who are eligible to apply through an approved Simplified Underwriting Multi-Life Group may apply for Simplified Underwriting.
- Contact your Multi-Life Account Specialist if you have questions about client eligibility.

Application

- All applicants are required to complete and sign the applicable Simplified Underwriting Multi-Life Application.
- There are no other underwriting requirements for qualified applicants who are eligible to apply through an approved Simplified Underwriting Multi-Life Group.
- Members in an approved Simplified Underwriting Multi-Life Group may choose to fill out the Modified Underwriting sections of the Multi-Life Application (to increase benefits, or if they do not qualify for the Simplified Underwriting), in which case the Modified Underwriting requirements apply.

Contact a Multi-Life Account Specialist:

Affiliated Channels (MLFS/NEF/MLR): 888-799-0902, prompt 6 IDG (MGAs / GenAM): 888-776-3882, prompt 7 MLI: 800-848-3854, prompt 9, prompt 3

SECTION 3 NEW BUSINESS

Application Process

Before you consider taking an application for Long-Term Care Insurance on a client, make sure that you are properly licensed and appointed in your client's state of residence!

Contact the applicable Resource Line for your distribution channel for more information:

Affiliated channels (MLFS/NEF/MLR): 888-799-0902, prompt 7 IDG (MGAs / GenAM / MLI): 888-776-3882, prompt 3 MLI: 800-848-3854, prompt 9

Incomplete Applications:

NEW BUSINESS PROCESSES

Incomplete applications slow down the underwriting process.

The most common reasons for an application to be found incomplete are the following:

- Incorrect application was used Is the application for the correct state and the correct product (Individual vs. Multi-Life)?
- Distribution Channel is not selected MLFS, MLR, NEF, GenAm, General Agent, Other.
- Agent's Report is incomplete Information in the Agent's Report affects commission payment!
- Licensing issues An approved policy won't be released if you are not properly licensed and appointed in your client's state of residence.
- Premium payment information is missing Quarterly, Annually, Semi-Annually or Monthly EFT.
- Missing Personal Worksheets Follow State Specific Suitability Requirements.
- Lapse designee information is missing If client declined this option, make sure waiver gets signed!
- Invalid coverage selections Some options are not available in combination with other options! Please refer to MetWINS, the Product Overview Chart, or contact the applicable Resource Line for your distribution channel for more information.
- Missing signatures/initials All signatures must be original "wet" signatures.
- Demographic information is missing or incorrect Client's social security number and date of birth must be correct and legible!
- Health information is missing Is the HIPAA Authorization to Release Information form completed? Without this document the application processing will be halted.
- If the application is made through an approved Multi-Life Group, is the Identifier Number included and the appropriate Multi-Life application used?

Insurability Questions:

- If a client identifies that he or she has any medical condition listed in the Insurability Questions of the Individual application, the client is ineligible to apply for coverage (except in certain Multi-Life Simplified Underwriting cases. Contact your Account Specialist for more information).
- The Insurability Questions in the Multi-Life applications are slightly different, however they must be answered by all applicants.

Note: Kansas and Virginia require that in the above situations, the application should still be submitted, however you should not collect any premium.

Health Questions:

Take the time to assist your client in completing the Health Questions in the application thoroughly. The more information provided on the application, the easier it will be for the underwriters to make a decision regarding insurability.

- Are all of the Health Questions in the application completed?
- Make sure that either a "yes" or "no" box is checked for each question. Blanks will cause our systems to register the question as incomplete, which can halt the processing of the application.
- Make sure to provide any additional information where indicated.
- Make sure the medication question check box is completed and the prescription information is filled out.
- Are all medications that your client is currently using listed?
- Is your client's height and weight listed? This information is often left blank.
- If your client has an upcoming surgery or other medical procedures scheduled, then the client will most likely be declined or postponed until the post-surgery/post-procedure treatment is completed. You may want to contact the underwriting department via the applicable Resource Line for your distribution channel to pre-screen your client for insurability before taking an application!

Refer to the Annotated version of the Application for more information on how to assist your client in completing the application.

DON'T FORGET!!! When meeting with a client to discuss MetLife's LTCI, it is ALWAYS better to quote Standard rather than Preferred rates!

• That way, the client will be able to determine at the time of application if he or she is able to afford the premium at that rating, and if he or she is not deemed eligible to receive the Preferred Health Discount, there will be no surprises when/if the client is accepted for coverage at Standard rates.

Application Submission

Once an application has been reviewed for completeness and accuracy, mail it to the MetLife LTCI for processing.

You can order pre-printed envelopes (Form # LTC00280) from the MetLife Fulfillment Center (1-800-MetStuf), or mail the application to:

Regular Mail: Overnight Mail:

MetLife LTCI MetLife LTCI

PO Box 5716 7805 Hudson Road, Ste 180 Hopkins, MN 55343-5716 Woodbury, MN 55125

888-565-3761

Status of an Application:

Once the MetLife LTCI Home Office receives the application, the underwriting process will begin.

- You or your Agency Contact Person (ACP) can check the status of the application and communicate with the Case Manager assigned to the application through MetLife's eNewBusiness system, which is located on the iMetPortal, FieldFirst and the MyGenAmerica site. (eNewBusiness will be available to MGAs and their agents in the near future. Until then, reports on pending applications (the "Pending Reports") will be sent via email to MGAs and their agents.)
- Information communicated through eNewBusiness and the Pending Reports:
 - Receipt of an application by the MetLife LTCI Home Office.
 - $\bullet \ Any \ outstanding \ requirements \ such \ as \ licensing, APS, missing \ signatures, etc.$
 - Underwriting decisions.
 - Any other information pertaining to the application.

Underwriting Process and Classifications

Once the underwriting department has received all required information (complete application, and APS, PHI, or Face-to-Face Interviews completed if necessary), an underwriting decision is made within 2-3 business days.

IF THE APPLICATION IS ACCEPTED

- The Case Manager will notify you or your Agency Contact Person (ACP) of the acceptance via eNewBusiness or the Pending Report (depending on your distribution channel-refer to page 28 for more information).
- MetLife offers three rate classes that are available to individual applicants (*except in New York where only two are available). Overall eligibility assumes that an individual has no uninsurable conditions, is within an acceptable range based on MetLife's Height/Weight Guide (see pages 14 and 15), and has no functional or cognitive limits. For applicants that have any medical conditions, these conditions must be non-progressive, stable and well-controlled.
- 1. **Preferred** To qualify for this class, the applicant must have:
 - No history of uninsurable diagnoses or conditions.
 - No tobacco use in the last 12 months cigarette, cigar, pipe, chewing tobacco, etc.
 - Height/weight within 'Preferred' limits on the MetLife Height/Weight Guide (see pages 14 and 15).
 - Medical follow up, within last 2 years.
 - Ability to perform Activities of Daily Living (ADLs) and Instrumental Activities of Daily Living (IADLs) (see page 34 for more information).
 - Good cognitive function.
 - No use of assistive devices.
 - Control and stability over any medical condition that is present.
 - No confinement to a medical facility within the last 6 months (exception might be made for minor surgeries that have been completed).
 - This class is only available to applicants with medical conditions that pose little or no risk for long-term care utilization.
- 2. Standard The majority of people eligible for MetLife's LTCI coverage will qualify for the Standard rate. The applicant must be acceptable for the Standard rate according to MetLife's underwriting criteria.
 - **Standard with Modification** In certain situations, where the client's medical condition precludes us from offering the benefits applied for, modified benefits may be offered as an Alternate Offer. Premiums will be billed at the Standard rate.
- 3. **Substandard*** This class may be offered to those applicants who have not met the stability period established by the MetLife LTCI Underwriting Guidelines, or when medical conditions pose a higher, but not immediate risk, of utilization of long-term care services.

Continued on next page

NEW BUSINESS PROCESSES

- Average acceptance with a Substandard rating is less than 2% of all accepted applications.
- This rating class will require a surcharge to premium and/or modification
 of benefits. Benefit modifications may include a longer waiting period, a
 shorter total lifetime benefit, a reduced Home Care percentage, and/or
 restriction of some coverage options (i.e., Premier Plan not available
 for this rating class).
- *Note: Substandard rating is not available in New York.

Note – There are certain states that require us to notify the applicant via letter if they are accepted at any rate other than the Preferred rating. In such a situation, you will receive a copy of the letter. Due to HIPAA privacy regulations, the letter sent to you cannot disclose any health information that was not originally disclosed on the application. Therefore, the client's letter is more specific with respect to the reasons for the different rating.

Policies will be mailed within 3 business days of an accepted decision, as long as there are no pending licensing issues or application issues, and a decision has been made on a spouse's/partner's or household member's application (if applicable).

IF THE APPLICATION IS DECLINED

- Not everyone will be accepted for LTCI coverage with MetLife.
- If an application is declined:
 - You or your Agency Contact Person will be notified by eNewBusiness or the Pending Report (depending on your distribution channel; see page 28 for more information).
 - A letter of declination is mailed to your agency.
 - Five days later, a more detailed letter of declination is mailed to the client (this lag time allows you to contact clients before they receive their letter of declination).
 - Due to HIPAA privacy regulations, the letter of declination sent to you cannot disclose any health information that was not originally disclosed on the application. Therefore, the client's letter of declination is more specific with respect to the reasons for declination, than your letter.

POSTPONED/DEFERRED

• In some instances, an application will be postponed until further proof of stability has been obtained. An example of this may be that a client has had treatment for cancer and has not yet met the specified stability period (refer to page 40 for more information). In such a situation, the client will receive a letter outlining the reasons for postponement and criteria for reconsideration. In some cases, the applicant may need to submit required documentation, such as a letter from the treating physician stating that stability has been achieved, in order for the application to continue to be processed. However, a client may be informed by the underwriting department to submit a new application after a longer stability period has been satisfied. In both cases, MetLife does NOT contact the applicant for new information or to complete a new application. As the agent, you should remind your client to fulfill these requirements.

Appealing an Underwriting Decision

In some cases, if your client is denied coverage or receives a rating other than Preferred, your client may wish to appeal the underwriting decision. An appeal should not be requested unless the client, or his or her physician, feel the underwriting decision was based on incorrect or incomplete information. If this is the case, the following procedure should be followed:

- When a client is declined, he or she will receive a declination letter.
- The declination letter to the client will generally indicate the detailed medical reason for declination (i.e. "Due to heart disease and tobacco use").
- A declination letter is also sent to you or your Agency Contact Person; however due to HIPAA privacy regulations, the letter does not include health information that was not included on the application.
- You can suggest that the client review the client letter with his or her doctor, since the letter generally reveals the detailed medical reason for declination. If detailed information is not included in the letter, the client can request that the information be sent to the client's doctor by submitting a letter to MetLife (see address below) or using the form included with the agent's copy of the declination letter.
- When the request is submitted to MetLife, the specific medical reasons for declination will be sent to the doctor indicated in the request.
- After the doctor reviews the reasons with the client, the doctor can submit new medical information and request that the MetLife LTCI Underwriting Appeals Committee review the information and reconsider the client's application.

Send all appeal requests and related medical information to:

MetLife LTCI

Attn: Appeals Committee

P.O. Box 937

Westport, CT 06881-0937

Fax: 1-866-314-5922

- After the review by the MetLife LTCI Underwriting Appeals Committee, you will be notified of the Committee's decision.
- If the original decision was upheld, then the case is closed at this time.
- The same process should be followed if your client is accepted at a rate other than Preferred and wishes to appeal this underwriting decision.

Affiliated (MLFS and NEF) Only – Submitting declined business through the MetGA (MLFS) or Enterprise GA (NEF) Systems

• If you have a client who was declined for LTCI coverage with MetLife, and you feel that another carrier could accept this client, there is an option for submitting the application to other select carriers. In such a situation you should:

Continued on next page

NEW BUSINESS PROCESSES

Appealing an Underwriting Decision (cont.)

• MLFS:

- Access the MetGA website at http://metga.metlife.com and select Met DECLINE, to obtain the necessary authorization form
- Have the client complete and sign the form
- Mail the completed form to:

Individual LTCI Underwriting Department

MetLife Long-Term Care

57 Greens Farms Road

Westport, CT 06880

• Within 5 business days of receipt of the signed authorization form,

the MetLife LTCI Underwriting Department will send a package of materials to S&S LTC Services, the organization that will 'shop' the client's declined application to General Electric, John Hancock, MedAmerica and Prudential.

The package of materials includes:

- Signed authorization form.
- Copy of the application, including all medical pages and the page with your name and address.
- The reasons for decline of the application by MetLife.
- MetLife's underwriting department will send an email to you informing you that the package has been sent to S&S LTC Services.
- Once MetLife has sent the application to S&S LTC Services, questions regarding the application should be referred to S&S LTC Services.
- Contact: Jay Schneider at 516-870-0800 or fax to 516-870-0801.
- S&S LTC Services will notify you when the application has been reviewed and a decision made by the other carriers.

• NEF:

- Access the FieldFirst website at www.fieldfirst.nefn.com. Under the "Products" menu, select "Enterprise GA Home", "Products", then click on "Long-Term Care".
- Download the authorization form and have the client complete and sign the form.
- Fax/mail the completed form to:

Enterprise GA

Attn: Pauline Reid

485-E 1South

Iselin, NJ 08830

Phone: 800-638-7253; Fax: 908-655-9012

- Enterprise GA will assign a Case Manager and forward the authorization form to MetLife LTCI Underwriting.
- MetLife LTCI Underwriting will then forward all required applicant information to Enterprise GA.
- At this point, any questions regarding the application should be directed to Pauline Reid at Enterprise GA, 800-638-7253.
- Enterprise GA will notify you when the application is reviewed and a decision has been made by the other carriers.

If you have questions about the process, you should contact the MetLife LTCI Resource Line at 888-799-0902, prompt 1.

SECTION 4 METLIFE LTCI UNDERWRITING GUIDELINES

Assumptions for all Guidelines

All guidelines assume the following:

- 1. Complete recovery, unless otherwise specified. Complete recovery means treatment is completed and the disease/condition in question has been successfully managed and controlled without progression.
- 2. No surgery or diagnostic testing is planned or recommended. Any surgery or diagnostic testing to be performed should signal you to postpone taking the application (1) in case of surgery, for at least three months after recovery from surgery, or (2) in the case of diagnostic testing, until the tests have been completed.
- 3. No residual impairments (an impairment that was due to an illness or injury, which limits the client's functionality).
- 4. The applicant has no functional limits, unless otherwise specified, and is independent in all Instrumental Activities of Daily Living (IADLs) and Activities of Daily Living (ADLs). That is, they need no assistance, cueing, standby, or other form of supervision from another person to perform the following tasks:

IADLsADLsUsing the TelephoneBathingManaging FinancesDressing

Taking Transportation Transferring out of Bed or Chair

Shopping Control of Bowel/Bladder (Continence)

Preparing/Cooking Meals Using the Toilet

Laundry Eating

Housework

Taking all Medications

- 5. The applicant is able to walk around, both inside and outside, without the assistance of another person and does not wander or get lost.
- $6. \, The \, applicant \, does \, not \, use \, a \, \, wheel chair, walker, \, quad \, cane \, or \, oxygen.$
- 7. The applicant shows no evidence of any cognitive impairment, including Alzheimer's Disease, dementia, or other organic memory or mental health problem which interferes with a person's ability to think clearly, live safely alone and care for himself or herself independently. Anyone who requires prompting, cueing or other forms of supervision to perform routine activities is not cognitively intact.
- 8. The applicant must not be currently residing in a Nursing Home, Assisted Living Facility, or receiving Home Health Care Services or attending Adult Day Care.

Medications commonly associated with uninsurable conditions

Any medication taken by a client is significant, and should be reported on the application.

The following medications, **if currently taken for the conditions specified**, indicate fairly significant health problems, which are typically uninsurable.

If a client indicates that he or she is currently taking any of these medications for the conditions specified, you **should not** recommend to the client that he/she apply for MetLife's LTCI. For more information, contact the Underwriting department by calling the appropriate Resource Line for your distribution channel.

Drug	Condition
Abilify	Schizophrenia
Adriamycin	Cancer
Akineton	Parkinson's Disease
AL-721	AIDS/ARC/HIV
Antabuse	Alcoholism
Aricept	Memory Loss
Artane	Parkinson's Disease
AZT	AIDS/HIV
Baclofen	Multiple Sclerosis/Spinal Injury
Betaseron	Multiple Sclerosis
Blenoxane	Cancer
Capaxone	Multiple Sclerosis
Clozaril	Psychiatric
Cogentin	Parkinson's Disease
Cognex	Memory Loss
Cytoxan	Cancer
d4T	AIDS/ARC
Dantrium	Multiple Sclerosis
Dopar	Parkinson's Disease
Doxorubicin	Cancer
Eldepryl	Parkinson's Disease
Ergamisol	Cancer
Ergoloid Mesylate	Memory Loss
Eulexin	Cancer
Exelon	Memory Loss
Foscarnet	AIDS/ARC/HIV

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Davis	Condition
Drug	Condition
Ganite	
Geodon	•
Haldol	•
Hexalen	
Hydergine	Memory Loss
Hydrea	Cancer
Kenadrin	
Larodopa	Parkinson's Disease
Levsin	Parkinson's Disease
Megace	Cancer
Mestinon	Myasthemia Gravis
Methadone	Substance Abuse
Mutamycin	Cancer
Myleran	Cancer
Myrochrysine	Arthritis
Namenda	Alzheimer's Disease
Neosar	Cancer
Neupogen	Cancer
Oxycontin	Narcotic Pain Management
Parlodel	Parkinson's Disease
Permax	Parkinson's Disease
Platinol	Cancer
Prostigmin	Myasthemia Gravis
Prolixin	Psychiatric
Reminyl	Memory Loss
Ridaura	Arthritis
Roferon	AIDS/ARC/HIV
Sinemet	Parkinson's Disease
Solganal	Arthritis
Symmetrel	
Tace	Cancer
Tacrine	Memory Loss
Teslac	Cancer
Wellferon	HIV
Zidovudine	AIDS
Zofran	Cancer
Zoladex	Cancer
	more than 5 mg taken on a daily basis
	0

Uninsurable Diagnoses and Conditions

The following is a list of the most common conditions /diagnoses, limitations or living situations that would cause an applicant to be declined for coverage. This list is meant to serve as a general guide to uninsurable conditions, and is not meant to be all-inclusive.

If a client indicates that he/she has been diagnosed with any of the following conditions, you **should not** recommend to the client that he/she apply for MetLife's LTCI.

For more information, contact the underwriting department by calling the appropriate Resource Line for your distribution channel.

Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS)

ADL Limitations (refer to page 34)

Adult Day Care (current use)

Alzheimer's Disease

Amputation (due to disease)

Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis (ALS)

Assisted Living Facility (current use)

Ataxia (any form)

Chronic Organic Brain Syndrome (OBS)

Cirrhosis of the Liver

CREST Syndrome

Cystic Fibrosis

Decubitus Ulcers (Bed Sores)

Dementia

Demyelinating Disease

Dialysis - Hemodialysis or Peritoneal

Ehler's-Danlos Syndrome

Esophageal Varices

Hepatitis, Chronic

Hepatitis C (untreated)

HIV Positive

Home Health Care (current use)

Hospitalization (currently in hospital or anticipated admission)

Marfan's Syndrome

Medical Equipment (current use of Hoyer Lift, motorized cart, walker, quad cane, wheelchair or respirator)

Continued on next page

METLIFE LTCI UNDERWRITING GUIDELINES

METLIFE LTCI UNDERWRITING GUIDELINES

Memory Loss

Mental Retardation

Mixed Connective Tissue Disease

Multiple Myeloma

Multiple Sclerosis

Muscular Dystrophy

Neurogenic Arthropathy (Charcot Joint)

Neurogenic Bladder

Nursing Home (current use)

Oxygen Use

Parkinson's Disease

Polymyositis

Portal Hypertension

Postero-Lateral Sclerosis

Progressive Muscular Atrophy

Progressive Systemic Sclerosis

Psychiatric Disorders with recent or multiple hospitalizations

Renal Failure/Renal Insufficiency (chronic)

Schizophrenia

Scleroderma (active)

Senility (all forms)

Spinal Muscle Atrophy

Transplant (organ, other than cornea or kidney)

Vasculitis (all forms)

Medical Abbreviations

A1C Glycohemoglobin (test used to determine average blood sugar levels in a person with diabetes)

ADLs Activities of Daily Living

BMD Bone Mineral Density

BMI Body Mass Index

BUN Blood Urea Nitrogen

Complete Recovery. Applicant has recovered from the illness or injury, CR and now has no functional impairments or complications as a result of the illness or injury.

CVA Cerebrovascular Accident (also known as a Stroke)

Durable Medical Equipment, such as a walker, cane, wheelchair, oxygen, etc. **DME**

ER **Emergency Room**

Exercise Tolerance Test (also known as a Stress Test) ETT

GI Gastrointestinal

Instrumental Activities of Daily Living **IADLs**

IC Individual Consideration

LTC Long-Term Care

LTCI Long-Term Care Insurance

MI Myocardial Infarction (also known as Heart Attack)

NOC Not Otherwise Classified

PSA Prostate Specific Antigen, a blood test that screens for Prostate Cancer and

benign Prostate Disease.

Physical Therapy PT

Rule Out. That is, to be sure that the illness or injury you are concerned RO about has been ruled out, or not found, before the application is taken.

METLIFE LTCI UNDERWRITING GUIDELINES

TIA Transient Ischemic Attack (also known as a Mini-Stroke) Temporary interference with blood flow to the brain.

May be a precursor to a Stroke.

The following is a list of medical conditions commonly identified by clients during the sales process, which is intended to give you a general idea of whether your client may be insurable based on MetLife's LTCI Underwriting Guidelines. "Stability in months" means the number of months a person has been both disease and treatment free, or if a condition is chronic, the number of months the disease or limitation has been successfully managed without progression. Cases where multiple conditions or limitations are present will require individual consideration. "Underwrite Cause" means the underwriter will look for the reason (the specific illness or injury) underlying the impairment and use those underwriting guidelines to rate the applicant.

For more information, contact the underwriting department by calling the Resource Line applicable to your distribution channel or using the Pre-Screening website at http://ltcprescreen.metlife.com.

Medical condition/definition

Stability in months/rating

Α

A		
0		
ADDISON'S DISEAS	E	
cortisone, or dexameth Hospitalization for adr	ne(< 5 mg/day), hydrocortisone, nasone	surable
ADL LIMITATION		
Assistance needed with	one or more Activities of Daily Living (refer to page 34)Unins	urable
ADULT DAY CARE		
Current use of an Adul	t Day Care Center	urable
AIDS		
Acquired Immune Defic	ciency SyndromeUnins	urable
ALCOHOLISM		
Treated and abstinent		onths/Standard
Untreated/Current use	Unins	urable
ALZHEIMER'S DISE	√SE	
Memory loss; deteriora	tion of intellectual function	urable
AMAUROSIS FUGA		

Medical condition/definition Stability in months/rating

AMPUTATION

Due to trauma, single limb, independent in ADLs	.6 months/Standard
Due to trauma, multiple limbs	.Uninsurable
Due to disease	.Uninsurable

AMYOTROPHIC LATERAL SCLEROSIS (ALS or Lou Gehrig's Disease)

A degenerative neurological also	taer markea by progressive	
muscular weakness and atrophy.	Unins	urable

ANEMIA

Blood condition, symptomatic of various diseases.

Chronic blood loss

Cause Known, corrected	3 months/Standard
Cause Unknown, uncorrected	Uninsurable
Iron Deficiency, corrected	3 months/Standard
Pernicious with B12 injections, no neurological impairment	3 months/Standard
Sickle Cell Disease	Uninsurable
Sickle Cell Trait	Individual
	Consideration
Anemia, not classified	Individual
	Consideration

ANEURYSM

Abnormal dilation of a blood vessel.

Abdominal

	Operated	. 3 months/Standard
	Unoperated	. Individual
		Consideration
	Cigarette use	. Uninsurable
Th	oracic	
	Operated	. 6 months/Standard
	Unoperated	. Uninsurable
Cei	rebral	
	Operated without rupture	. 12 months/Standard
	Unoperated/rupture	. Uninsurable
A 8	ICINI A	

ANGINA

Severe pain and constriction in heart vessels.	
Stable, Asymptomatic	6 months/Standard
Symptomatic, unstable or tobacco use	Uninsurable

ANGIOPLASTY

Dilating a blood vessel with a balloon or through a surgical procedure.	
No current symptoms	$.\ 3\ months/Standard$
Symptoms continue or tobacco use	. Uninsurable

	ANXIETY Controlled with medications, no hospitalization, no residual impairment 6 months/Standard Panic attacks and/or anxiety that caused functional disability	ATAXIA Defective
	or required hospitalization, now stable	ATRIAL- First or se
	ARRHYTHMIA Irregular heartbeat.	Complete
	Mild, controlled with medication	B
	controlled with medication, non-smoker	BACK D Degenera Back Pair
	diabetes, tobacco use, or TIA	Treated w Herniated Spinal Ste
	ARTERIOSCLEROTIC HEART DISEASE (ASHD) (See Coronary Heart Disease)	Uno Ope Fun
	ARTERITIS (Thromboangitis Obliterans, Buerger's Disease, Temporal, Giant Cell) Inflammation of an artery. Asymptomatic, completely resolved and no residual	Scoliosis Inci Fun
	impairments (steroids 5 mg or less per day may be considered)	BELL'S F
	Inflammation of the joints. (Also see Rheumatoid/Psoriatic Arthritis) Mild osteoarthritis, no medications, no functional limits, asymptomatic 0 months/Preferred	<i>Unilatera</i> No residu
	Mild/moderate osteoarthritis, prescription medications, no functional limits, no/minimal joint deformities, single point cane used only outside 6 months/Standard Severe osteoarthritis, requires medical equipment or functional limits Uninsurable Surgery recommended, not yet performed (also see Joint Replacement) Uninsurable	BIPOLAI Diagnose within
VES	Height/weight ratio that exceeds guidelines with disease of weight-bearing joints	Diagno Hospita in the p
GUIDELINES	ASBESTOSIS Lung Disease	BLINDN Long-tern
WRITING	ASSISTED LIVING FACILITY Currently residing in facility	Successfu Significat
METLIFE LTCI UNDERWRITING	ASTHMA Mild, controlled with medication, no tobacco use, no continual oral steroids. 6 months/Standard Moderate, controlled with medication, oral steroids 5 mg or less	BRONCH Chronic a Single ep
METLIFE	per day, no tobacco use	Current t

ATAXIA Defective Muscular Coordination
ATRIAL-VENTRICULAR (A-V) HEART BLOCK First or second degree, no surgery recommended
В
BACK DISORDERS Degenerative Disc Disease, no functional limits
BELL'S PALSY Unilateral facial paralysis.
No residual impairments
BIPOLAR DISORDER Diagnosed greater than 5 years, stable with no hospitalization within last 24 months
BLINDNESSLong-term history with no functional limits.0 months/StandardSuccessful adaptation to recent visual loss.6 months/StandardSignificant vision loss, or ongoing progression.Uninsurable
BRONCHIECTASIS Chronic dilatation of bronchi, usually with a secondary infection. Single episode, completely resolved, no current treatment

BRONCHITIS Inflammation of mucous membranes of the bronchial tubes. Acute, completely resolved	. 0 months/Standard
BYPASS GRAFT Heart or Vascular Surgery. Heart, limbs, no further symptoms. Tobacco use.	
CANCER (Higher stages at time of diagnosis may require longer stability po	oriod)
Disease free, treatment completed, no positive nodes at time	Tiou).
of diagnosis, no metastasis	
Breast, early stage (stage 1), treatment or surgery completed, no positive nodes, no metastasis	12 months/Standard
Breast, treatment completed, no positive nodes, no metastasis,	. 12 months, otandard
continued treatment with Tamoxifen, Arimidex	24 months/Standard 7-10 years dependent on grade of tumor/ Standard
Prostate, over age 65, early stage (stage 1 or 2), treatment or surgery	Standard
completed, no positive nodes, no metastasis, with a Gleason score of 7 or below, PSA within standards Skin, basal cell carcinoma Skin, squamous cell Cancer in situ	. 0 months/Preferred . 0 months/Standard
CARDIOMYOPATHY	
Disease of the heart muscle. Chronic, symptomatic or progressive	. Uninsurable
CAROTID ARTERY DISEASE	
Operated, endarterectomy Unoperated, partial obstruction less than 50%, stable, no symptoms,	. 6 months/Standard
no history of TIA	
CARPAL TUNNEL SYNDROME	
Soreness and weakness of the thumb and wrist.	
No residual impairments	. 0 months/Preferred

CEREBRAL PALSY Paralysis from developmental brain defects or trauma at birth. Mild, no functional or cognitive limits, successful adaptation	. 0 months/Standard
CHRONIC FATIGUE SYNDROME (CFS) Minimal functional limits	
CHRONIC OBSTRUCTIVE PULMONARY DISEASE (COPD) Chronic lung disease. (See Emphysema)	
CHRONIC NEUROLOGICAL DISEASE	. Uninsurable
CIRRHOSIS OF THE LIVER Chronic liver disease	. Uninsurable
COLITIS, CROHN'S OR ULCERATIVE Inflammation of the colon. Controlled with medication, low dose steroid acceptable (5 mg or less per day)	. Uninsurable . Individual Consideration
COLOSTOMY OR ILEOSTOMY Independent in care	. Underwrite cause
CONGESTIVE HEART FAILURE Single episode, resolved, not currently treated	
CONNECTIVE TISSUE DISEASE	. Underwrite specific diagnosis
CORONARY HEART DISEASE (CAD, ASHD) Decreased flow of blood to the heart muscle. Asymptomatic, treated/controlled with medication Symptomatic, frequent medication changes, frequent hospitalizations or surgery planned Tobacco use.	. Uninsurable

CROHN'S DISEASE

(See Colitis)

Ε

DEM Progr
DEPF Situat Stable in 24 Hospi
DIAB Contr vascu signif Insuli
With Uncor Eleva Heigh
DIAL
DIZZ Acute

DEMENTIA	
Progressive impairment of intellectual function	Uninsurable
DEMYELINATING DISEASE	
Progressive muscle weakness of extremities, may lead to paralysis	Uninsurable
DEPRESSION	
Situational, recovered, no treatment	3 months/Preferred
in 24 months, no functional limits or cognitive impairments	
DIABETES	
Controlled with blood sugar less than 180, no complications such as vascular disease, retinopathy, neuropathy, kidney disease or	
significant heart disease	
	Consideration
With complications or frequent medication changes in last 12 months Uncontrolled blood sugar more than 180	
Elevated A1C	
Height/weight ratio that exceeds guidelines	
DIALYSIS, HEMODIALYSIS OR PERIOTONEAL	Uninsurable
DISABILITY	Underwrite cause
DIZZINESS/VERTIGO	
Acute viral labrynthitis, completely resolved, no residual impairments	3 months/Preferred
Meniere's disease	3 months/Standard
Cause unknown, asymptomatic, no co-existing neurological impairment, negative work-up, completely resolved,	
no residual impairments	6 months/Standard
Cause unknown, ongoing problem	
DRUG ABUSE	
	24 months/Standard
Treated, with current abstinence	
Treated, with current abstinence	

EDEMA
Localized swelling
EMPHYSEMA/COPD/CHRONIC BRONCHITIS
Chronic lung disease.
No medications, present on x-ray or physician diagnosis,
no tobacco use
Mild, no symptoms, one to two inhalers
ENCEPHALITIS, INFECTIOUS
Inflammation of the brain.
Resolved, no functional limits, no cognitive impairment 3 months/Standard
ENDOCARDITIS, INFECTIOUS
Inflammation of the lining membrane of the heart.
Single episode, resolved, stable
EPILEPSY
Seizure disorder.
Well controlled
Uncontrolled or a seizure within last 12 months
ESOPHAGEAL STRICTURE
A narrowing or constriction of the esophagus 6 months/Standard
ESOPHAGEAL VARICES
Swollen, twisted veins in the esophagus, usually secondary to
cirrhosis of the liver
curnosis of the liver
F
FALLS
History of multiple falls, no functional limits, no fractures Individual
Consideration
FIBROMYALGIA
Muscle inflammation; pain, tenderness and stiffness in joints.
No functional limits
In combination with depression or chronic fatigue syndrome Individual

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Consideration

Fooken boxes Teated with conservative therapy, non-oblight bearing, no functional impairment, condition resolved, condition resolved, condition resolved Standard Functional limitations, use of controlled substances Individual Consideration	FRACTURES	HEADACHE/MIGRAINES
condition resolved. 3 months/Preferred Extremities, weight-bearing, no functional impairment, condition resolved. 6 months/Standard Functional dishability. Uninsurable Skull, completely resolved, no residual impairment. 12 months/Standard Verobral, due to sacident, no functional limits. 6 months/Standard Verobral, due to sacident, no functional limits. 6 months/Standard Verobral, due to sacident, no functional limits. 6 months/Standard Verobral, due to sacident, no functional limits. 6 months/Standard Verobral, due to sacident, no functional limits. 6 months/Standard Verobral, due to sacident, no functional limits. 6 months/Standard Verobral, due to sacident, no functional limits. 6 months/Standard Verobral, due to sacident, no functional limits to sacident, no functional limits times, use of controlled substances. 10 months/Preferred Statesse. Uninsurable HEART VAIVE DISEASE GALIBLADDER DISEASE GASTRIC SPRASS SURGERY In omoths/Preferred Asymptomatic, cornolled with medication. 6 months/Standard Symptomatic, cornolled with medication. 9 months/Standard Symptomatic, cornolled with medication. 10 months/Standard Symptomatic, cornolled with me		
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ondition resolved 6. 6 months/Standard Punctional disability Uninsurable Placetional disability 1. 2 months/Standard Vertebral, due to accident, no franctional limits 6. 6 months/Standard Vertebral, due to accident, no franctional limits 6. 6 months/Standard Vertebral, due to accident, no franctional limits 6. 6 months/Standard Vertebral, due to accident, no franctional limits 7. 2 months/Standard Vertebral, due to accident, no franctional limits 8. 6 months/Standard Vertebral, due to accident, no franctional limits 9. 6 months/Standard 1 months/		
HEART ATTACK (Myocardial infartrion) Stull, completely resolved, no residual impairment 12 months/Standard		Consideration
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Vertebral, due to accident, no functional limits	·	
Pager's disease. Uninsurable Uninsurable Pager's disease. Uninsurable Uninsurable Pager's disease. Uninsurable Uninsurable Uninsurable Pager's disease of members of the pager's disease of the eye, can lead to blindness. Uninsurable Pager's disease of the eye, can lead to blindness. Uninsurable Un		
Pager's disease. Uninsurable GALLBLADDER DISEASE Operated or unoperated, resolved 0 months/Preferred Symptoms or functional impairment. Uninsurable GASTRIC BYPASS SURGERY HEART VALVE DISEASE Operated or unoperated, resolved 0 months/Preferred Symptoms or functional impairment. Uninsurable In combination with atrial fibrillation Uninsurable HEART VALVE REPLACEMENT Operated 0 for eve, can lead to blindness. Controlled, no residual impairments. On months/Preferred Advisory of the eve, can lead to blindness. Controlled, no residual impairment. Individual Consideration Individual Consideration Of the liver. GOUT HEPATITIS Inflammation of the liver. Simple, minimal medication. Preferred Any chronic liver disease or untreated Hepatitis C. Uninsurable Hepatitis B carrier Individual Consideration Consideration HEPATITIS GUILLAIN BARRE SYNDROME HEPATITIS Completely resolved, no residual impairment. Oninsurable HEAD INJURY HERNIAL HERNIA		Tobacco use
GALLBLADDER DISEASE Operated or unoperated, resolved	*	
GALLBLADDER DISEASE Operated or unoperated, resolved. On months/Preferred Asymptomatic, controlled with medication. Symptoms or functional impairment. Uninsurable In combination with atrial fibrillation. In combination with atr	Paget's diseaseUninsurable	
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Symptoms or functional impairment. Uninsurable In combination with atrial fibrillation Uninsurable HEART VALVE REPLACEMENT Operated Operated A disease of iron metabolism; iron accumulates in body tissues. Controlled, no residual impairment. Uninsurable Operated A disease of iron metabolism; iron accumulates in body tissues. Controlled with phlebotomy no more than every 3 months. 12 months/Standard HEPAITIS Inflammation (See Arthritis) Inflammation of the liver. Any chronic liver disease or untreated Hepatitis C Uninsurable Hepatitis A or B identified/treated, no residual disease, no functional limits Individual Consideration Hepatitis C treated, with normal liver function test (LFT's). Individual Consideration after It months/Standard With residual impairment. Uninsurable HERNIATE DINTERVERTEBRAL DISC (See Back Disorders) HIATAL HERNIA Hernia of the stomach.		
GASTRIC BYPASS SURGERY Height/Weight within guidelines, normal blood values 6 months/Standard GLAUCOMA Disease of the eye, can lead to blindness. Controlled, no residual impairments 9.0 months/Preferred Multiple medications, residual impairment 1.1 miniplammation (See Arthritis) Simple, mininal medication 9.2 medication 1.1 miniplammation of the liver. Simple, mininal medication 9.2 medication 1.1 miniplammation of the liver. Simple, miniplammatic of the liver. Simple of the simple of the sto	operated of anoperated, resolved	
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GOUT Joint inflammation (See Arthritis) Simple, minimal medication Severe, frequent flares Individual Consideration GUILLAIN BARRE SYNDROME Progressive muscular weakness of extremities; may lead to paralysis. Completely resolved, no residual impairment With residual impairment HEAD INJURY Completely resolved, no residual impairment Uninsurable LI months/Standard With residual impairment LI months/Standard HEPATITIS Inflammation of the liver. Any chronic liver disease or untreated Hepatitis C Individual Consideration Hepatitis A or B identified/treated, no residual disease, no functional limits Hepatitis C treated, with normal liver function test (LFT's). Individual Completely resolved, no residual impairment Uninsurable HERNIATED INTERVERTEBRAL DISC (See Back Disorders) HIATAL HERNIA Hernia of the stomach.	*	
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Severe, frequent flares Individual Consideration Hepatitis B carrier Individual Consideration GUILLAIN BARRE SYNDROME Hepatitis A or B identified/treated, no residual disease, no functional limits 12 months/Standard Hepatitis C treated, with normal liver function test (LFT's). Individual Consideration after With residual impairment Uninsurable HEAD INJURY Completely resolved, no residual impairment 12 months/Standard With residual impairment 12 months HERNIATED INTERVERTEBRAL DISC (See Back Disorders) HIATAL HERNIA HERNIA Hernia of the stomach.	Joint inflammation (See Arthritis)	Inflammation of the liver.
Consideration Hepatitis A or B identified/treated, no residual disease, no functional limits	Simple, minimal medication Preferred	Any chronic liver disease or untreated Hepatitis C
GUILLAIN BARRE SYNDROME Progressive muscular weakness of extremities; may lead to paralysis. Completely resolved, no residual impairment. Uninsurable Hepatitis A or B identified/treated, no residual disease, no functional limits. 12 months/Standard Hepatitis C treated, with normal liver function test (LFT's). Individual Consideration after 12 months HERNIATED INTERVERTEBRAL DISC (See Back Disorders) HIATAL HERNIA HIATAL HERNIA Hernia of the stomach.	Severe, frequent flares	Hepatitis B carrier
GUILLAIN BARRE SYNDROME Progressive muscular weakness of extremities; may lead to paralysis. Completely resolved, no residual impairment. Uninsurable HEAD INJURY Completely resolved, no residual impairment. 12 months/Standard Hepatitis C treated, with normal liver function test (LFT's). Individual Consideration after 12 months HERNIATED INTERVERTEBRAL DISC (See Back Disorders) HIATAL HERNIA HIATAL HERNIA Hernia of the stomach.	Consideration	Consideration
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Completely resolved, no residual impairment	GUILLAIN BARRE SYNDROME	no functional limits
Completely resolved, no residual impairment 6 months/Standard With residual impairment Uninsurable HERNIATED INTERVERTEBRAL DISC (See Back Disorders) HEAD INJURY Completely resolved, no residual impairment 12 months/Standard With residual impairment Uninsurable HIATAL HERNIA Hernia of the stomach.	Progressive muscular weakness of extremities; may lead to paralysis.	Hepatitis C treated, with normal liver function test (LFT's) Individual
With residual impairment. Uninsurable HERNIATED INTERVERTEBRAL DISC (See Back Disorders) HEAD INJURY Completely resolved, no residual impairment. 12 months/Standard With residual impairment. Uninsurable 13 months HIATAL HERNIA Hernia of the stomach.		Consideration after
HEAD INJURY Completely resolved, no residual impairment		12 months
HEAD INJURY Completely resolved, no residual impairment		HERNIATED INTERVERTERRAL DISC
HEAD INJURY Completely resolved, no residual impairment	н	
Completely resolved, no residual impairment	HEAD INJURY	(
With residual impairment. Uninsurable Hernia of the stomach.		HIATAL HERNIA
		Hernia of the stomach.
	The resident in partition of the resident in t	Controlled without complications

HIGH BLOOD PRESSURE (Hypertension) Controlled with one medication	K
Controlled with more than one medication	KIDNEY DISEASE
Uncontrolled/Readings more than 170/95	Acute, single occurrence, completely resolved 6 months/Standard
HIV	Chronic or frequent episodes, dialysis
HOME HEALTH CARE	KIDNEY STONES
Currently receiving services	Small granular mass present in the kidney.
Currently receiving services	Single episode, completely resolved
HUNTINGTON'S CHOREA A progressive disease of the central nervous system	Multiple episodes, unoperated or operated, completely resolved 3 months/Standard
	KNEE DISORDER/SURGERY (Arthroscopy)
<u> </u>	No functional limits
IMBALANCE; GAIT DISTURBANCE	L
MMUNE DEFICIENCY DISORDER	LEUVENNIA
Suppressed immune systemUninsurable	LEUKEMIA A chronic or acute blood disease.
IMMUNE SYSTEM DISORDERS	Treatment free, stable platelet count/blood values
MINIONE SYSTEM DISORDERS	reaction free, stable placete county blood values
NCONTINENCE	LEUKOPENIA
Loss of sphincter muscle control (degree may vary from mild to significant).	Abnormal decrease of white blood cells
Stress incontinence, minimal/controlled, daily medication,	LUDUS
no use of protective undergarment	LUPUS D' T' D'
Stress incontinence, no residual impairment, use of minimal	Connective Tissue Disease.
protective undergarment, independent in care 0 months/Standard	Discoid, inactive, no evidence of systemic disease
Significant incontinence, any social or functional limits	Systemic Lupus (SLE)
Neurogenic bladder	IVME DICEACE
Use of catheter (internal or external)	LYME DISEASE Decrement inflammatown disorder share storized by force fatigue
Bowel Incontinence	Recurrent inflammatory disorder characterized by fever, fatigue, malaise, headache, and a stiff neck.
INSTRUMENTAL ACTIVITIES OF DAILY LIVING	Acute infection, now fully resolved
	Ongoing treatment
(See Guideline Assumptions, page 34, for complete list.) Assistance with less than two	Complications of disease or functional limits
Assistance with less than two	Complications of disease of functional limits
Assistance with two or more	LYMPHOMA, NON-HODGKIN'S
Assistance with two of more	Growth of new tissue in the lymphatic system.
1	Disease free, treatment free
<u>, </u>	2.00000 1.00) 1.0011111111111111111111111
OINT REPLACEMENT (hip, knee, shoulder)	M
Physical Therapy completed, completely resolved, no residual	
impairment, no walker, quad cane or wheelchair 6 months/Standard	MACULAR DEGENERATION
With complications, symptoms or functional impairment	Stable, no progression, no functional limits 6 months/Standard
Surgery recommended but not performed	Progression, or functional limits

NEPHRITIS, GLOMERULONEPHRITIS

MANIC-DEPRESSION (See Bipolar Disorder)
MEDICAL EQUIPMENT (Current Use) Single point cane; brace
Hoyer Lift, Motorized Cart or device, Walker, Wheelchair, Quad Cane, Respirator, Oxygen use
MEMORY LOSS/FORGETFULNESS Memory loss now completely resolved, 24 month stability
With history of depression or anti-depressant medication, functional impairment, neurological work-up or progression
MENIERE'S DISEASE Recurrent and progressive symptoms include ringing in ears and dizziness Treated
MENTAL RETARDATION
MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS An inflammatory disease of the central nervous system
MUSCULAR DYSTROPHY Progressive muscle atrophy Uninsurable
MYASTHENIA GRAVIS Progressive muscular weakness and fatigue. In remission for 7 years
NARCOLEPSY Chronic, recurrent attacks of drowsiness and sleep. Controlled, with or without medication, no functional limits 6 months/Standard
NEPHRECTOMY, UNILATERAL Removal of a kidney. Rule out Cancer, no residual impairments, normal blood work

Inflammation of the kidney. (See Kidney Disease)
NEUROGENIC ARTHROPATHY (Charcot's Joint)
NEUROGENIC BLADDER
NEUROPATHY
A disease of the nerves. Non-progressive, no functional limits
NURSING HOME
Current use
0
ORGANIC BRAIN SYNDROME (OBS)
Acute/chronic mental disorders, brain damage
OSTEOARTHRITIS (See Arthritis)
OSTEOMYELITIS
Bone infection. No functional limits, complete recovery 12 months/Standard Chronic, active Uninsurable
OSTEOPOROSIS
Bone loss. Osteopenia, preventative treatment
no functional limits
OXYGEN USE
P
PACEMAKER Pacemaker inserted

DA CETIC DISEASE	POLIO.
PAGET'S DISEASE	POLIO
Chronic inflammation of bones that can lead to joint deformity and	An acute viral disease, may lead to subsequent atrophy of muscle groups.
elevated serum Alkaline Phosphatase.	Minimal residual impairment, no functional limits
Asymptomatic, localized, no fractures, no residual impairment	Evidence of progressive muscle weakness, lower extremities
Severe disease, pathologic fractures, peripheral nerve compromise, significantly abnormal blood values	Post Polio Syndrome
significantly abnormal blood values	POLYCYTHEMIA, ESSENTIAL THROMBOCYTOSIS
PANCREATITIS	An excess of red blood cells.
Inflamed pancreas.	Primary/Asymptomatic
Acute, completely resolved	History of TIA. Uninsurable
Chronic, recurrent	Secondary
	,
PARALYSIS/PARESIS	POLYCYTHEMIA VERA
Loss of voluntary function.	A chronic bone-marrow disorder.
No functional limits	Stable hemoglobin and hematocrit, treatment with aspirin
	or dipyridamole
PARAPLEGIA	History of TIA, congestive heart failure, neurologic
Paralysis of lower portion of the body, and of both legs	complaints, or current treatment with hydroxyurea,
DADVINCON'C DICEACE	6 MP or any antineoplastic
PARKINSON'S DISEASE	DOLVANIAL CLA BUELLMATICA (DMB)
Chronic nervous disease; tremors, muscular weakness, gait disorder Uninsurable	POLYMYALGIA RHEUMATICA (PMR)
PERICARDITIS	Muscle pain in shoulder and hip, with no sign of inflammatory arthritis or
Inflammation of the sac enclosing the heart.	muscle disease.
No heart impairment, completely resolved	No continued steroids, completely resolved, no residual impairment 6 months/Standard
To heart impullibelity completely resolved in indicately resolved	Currently receiving treatment, no related medical problems, no functional limits, no symptoms, steroids 5 mg or less Individual
PERIPHERAL NEUROPATHY	no functional mints, no symptoms, steroids 3 mg of fess
Disease of the peripheral nerves.	Consideration
Non-progressive, no functional limits	POLYMYOSITIS
Progressive or due to Diabetes or Alcoholism	Connective tissue disease
Unknown etiology Individual	
Consideration	POLYPS
	Tumor
PERIPHERAL VASCULAR DISEASE	Benign, completely resolved
Disease of the arteries and veins of the extremities —	
interferes with adequate flow of blood to and from the extremities.	PORTAL HYPERTENSION
Good pulses, non-smoker, no claudication, no functional limits 3 months/Standard	Increased blood pressure due to an obstructed liver
No pulses, claudication or skin ulcers, tobacco use or functional limits Uninsurable	
PLATELET DISORDERS	PROSTATIC HYPERTROPHY, BENIGN (BPH)
Reduced or increased platelet counts	Enlarged prostate, not due to tumor.
Reduced of increased placetel counts	No obstructive symptoms, PSA (Prostate Specific Antigen) less
PNEUMONIA	than/equal to 4
Inflammation of the lungs caused primarily by bacteria, viruses,	Surgery, completely resolved, normal PSA 3 months/Standard
or chemical irritants.	

	Underwrite Cause
R	
RAYNAUD'S DISEASE/SYNDROME	Underwrite Cause
REFLEX SYMPATHIC DYSTROPHY	Individual Consideration
RESPIRATORY DISEASE Any disease that interferes with ventilation of lungs/breathing, causing pulmonary insufficiency. Not otherwise classified, completely resolved, no residual impairment Severe — frequent exacerbation, oxygen use, activity restriction or tobacco use	
RETINAL DETACHMENT AND/OR HEMORRHAGE Separation of the inner layer of the retina, leading to loss of function. Non-Diabetic, complete recovery	
RETINITIS PIGMENTOSA	Uninsurable
RHEUMATOID ARTHRITIS/PSORIATIC ARTHRITIS Mild/moderate disease, medications, no functional limits, no/minimal joint deformities, no recent flares Severe disease, requiring medical equipment, or functional limits. Steroid use more than 5 mg. daily History of joint replacement surgery or severe deformities Use of Methotrexate more than 15 mg./week, Enbrel, or Remicade Height/weight ratio that exceeds guidelines with disease of weight-bearing joints	Uninsurable Uninsurable Uninsurable Individual Consideration
S	

SCHIZOPHRENIA	. Uninsurable
SCIATICA (See Back Disorders)	
SCLERODERMA Chronic disease of the skin and certain organs	. Uninsurable
SCOLIOSIS (See Back Disorders)	
SEIZURE DISORDER (See Epilepsy)	
SENILITY (See Alzheimer's Disease/Dementia)	. Uninsurable
SJOGREN'S SYNDROME	. Individual Consideration
SLEEP APNEA Short cessation of breathing during sleep. Mild, no functional limits	. 6 months/Standard . Uninsurable
SPINAL CORD DISORDERS	. Uninsurable
SPINAL MUSCLE ATROPHY	. Uninsurable
SPINAL STENOSIS (See Back Disorders)	
STROKE (Cerebrovascular Accident — CVA) Brain hemorrhage, sudden loss of consciousness followed by paralysis. Stroke with residual impairment, or in combination with diabetes, circulatory or heart disease, or tobacco use All others.	
SUBARACHNOID HEMORRHAGE/INTERCRANIAL BLEEDING Brain hemorrhage/bleeding	. Underwrite Cause

Medical condition/definition

curcui condition/definition	ionity in months/rating	Medical condition/definition	Stability in months/rat
SURGERY		TRANSPLANT, ORGAN	
Any anticipated or recommended surgery	. Postpone application	Corneal, no visual limits	12 months/Standard
, ,	until surgery and	Kidney, Bone Marrow	60 months/
	recovery complete,	·	Individual
	with resolution of		Consideration
	any functional limits	All others	Uninsurable
SYNCOPE		TRANSURETHRAL RESECTION (TURP)	
Fainting		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Cause known.	. Underwrite	Surgical resection of the prostate. Benign, no residual incontinence	3 months/Standard
	Cause/Standard	benign, no residual incontinence.	5 months/standard
Cause unknown, single episode		TREMORS	
widitiple episodes	. Ulliisurable	Continuous involuntary quivering.	
T		Benign, essential, no residual impairment,	
1		no progression, no functional limits	
THROMBOBPHLEBITIS, SUPERFICIAL, WITH NO ULCERS		Cause unknown or current neurological work-up	
Inflammation of a vein, associated with blood clot.		Other types of tremors	Underwrite Cause
One episode, no further treatment necessary, resolved	3 months/Preferred		
one episode, no farmer treatment necessary, resorred	. 5 monthly referred	TUBERCULOSIS	
THROMBOCYTOPENIA (Idiopathic Thrombocytopenia Purpura or ITP)		Infectious respiratory disease.	
Abnormal decrease in the number of blood platelets.		Inactive	
Operated, splenectomy, no residual impairments	. 24 months/Standard	Active	Uninsurable
Unoperated, no treatment, asymptomatic, stable blood values	. 12 months/Standard	TUMORS REALM/SPINIAL CORD	
All other types of Thrombocytopenia	. Underwrite Cause	TUMORS, BRAIN/SPINAL CORD	
		Operated or treated, not otherwise classified, rule out Cancer, completely resolved, no residual impairments	24 month of Stondard
THROMBOSIS, DEEP VEIN (DVT)		Unoperated/no progression	
Blood clot.	(1 - /D f 1	Cancer	•
One episode, no further treatment necessary, resolved	. 6 months/Preferred	Cancer	Officer write Cause
THYROID DISORDERS		U	
Controlled	. 0 months/Preferred		
TIA (Transient Isabennie Attack)		ULCERS OF SKIN	
TIA (Transient Ischemic Attack) <i>Temporary interference with blood supply to brain. (Sometimes called "Mini-Sometimes called")</i>	Stualca")	Open sore or lesion.	
Single episode, completely resolved, no residual impairment		Due to vascular disease, operated, resolved,	
Multiple episodes, arrhythmia, residual impairment, vascular disease	. 5 years/standard	no functional limits, no tobacco use	
uncorrected, tobacco use, diabetes, or heart disease	Uninsurable	Active or chronic history	
unicorrected, topacco use, diapetes, or fical t disease	. Omnourable	Resulting in amputation	
TOBACCO USE		Decubiti (bed sores)	Uninsurable
In combination with Cardiac, Respiratory, or Vascular disease;		III GEDG DUODENAL OD DEDTIG	
or history of TIA, or certain cancers	. Uninsurable	ULCERS, DUODENAL OR PEPTIC	
		Stomach ulcers.	0 1 75 6 1
TRANSIENT GLOBAL AMNESIA	. 5 years/Standard	No history of bleeding, resolved with medication	
	•	History of bleeding, no functional limits, controlled with medication	6 months/Standard

Stability in months/rating

Medical condition/definition

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METLIFE LTCI UNDERWRITING GUIDELINES

Stability in months/rating

NOTES

UREMIA, END STAGE RENAL DISEASE Toxic blood condition
VARICOSE VEINS (no stasis ulcers) Enlarged, twisted, superficial veins. No underlying vascular disease 0 months/Preferred Symptomatic, no functional limits 0 months/Standard
VARICES, ESOPHAGEAL Usually secondary to cirrhosis of the liver
VASCULITIS, ALL FORMS Inflammation of a blood or lymph vessel
VERTEBRAL OR SPINAL DISORDER Back Disorders. No functional limits, no medical equipment, no residual impairments 6 months/Standard With functional limits, need for medical equipment, chronic pain or recommended surgery
WEIGHT (See Height and Weight Guide on pages 14 and 15.) Height/weight ratio that exceeds guidelines, in combination with certain chronic conditions (e.g., Diabetes, Arthritis affecting weight-bearing joints, Joint Replacements, Respiratory Disease, Heart Disease, etc.) Uninsurable Height/weight ratio that exceeds Maximum Consideration listed on Height and Weight Guide on pages 14 and 15. Uninsurable
To speak with an underwriter, contact the appropriate Resource Line for your distribution channel.



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