Long Term Care Underwriting Guide

For internal use only. Not to be distributed to the public

Vista Care Choices



Table of Contents		Page
I	Tips to Speed Up the Underwriting Process	3
II	Applications and Underwriting Requirements	3
III	Underwriting Risk Classification Vista Care Choices (P145, P146, P147, P148)	7
IV	Combination Sales	8
V	Replacements	8
VI	Persons not Eligible for coverage	8
VII	Lapse and Reinstatements	
VIII	Increasing or Decreasing Benefits on an Existing Policy	9
IX	Upgrading LTC policies upon delivery or within 30 day Free-Look Period	9
X	Application and Policy Dating	10
XI	Premium Collection	10
XII	Suitability Guidelines (NAIC Suitability Requirements)	10
XIII	Appeal Process	13
XIV	Unacceptable/Acceptable Conditions	14
XV	Quick Reference Drug List	15
XVI	Impairment Guide	17
XVII	Height / Weight Charts	45
XVIII	Combined Medical Conditions Quick Reference Chart	47
XIX	General Product Information (P145, P146, P147, P148)	49
XX	Franchise Group Underwriting Requirements	51
XX	Index	53

I ► Tips to Speed Up the Underwriting Process

Producers are encouraged to make use of our underwriting prescreening email service or fax service. You may email us at underwritinghotline@physiciansmutual.com. Or you may fax a completed Pre-LTC/HHC Underwriting Questionnaire located on the Physicians Mutual producer website. If your inquiry is received by 2 pm cst., we will respond the sane day. If not, response will be the next morning by noon. Then you can submit the business along with a copy of our response to make your underwriting experience more productive and profitable.

- Also make sure the application is complete. Double check to make sure *all* questions are fully answered, signatures obtained, and dates are completed.
- Check your requirement list to ensure all required forms are sent with the application.
- Be thorough with medical history. If they are taking medications, document for what conditions they are used. Also, taking medication is considered treatment and the corresponding condition should always be represented under the health questions. *Never leave the Underwriter guessing*.
- Provide the doctor's full name, address, and phone number for accuracy in ordering medical records.
- Activities? List them they will give us a better picture of the applicant's abilities. A cover letter could be helpful in giving the underwriter an overall view of the applicant's eligibility.

II Applications and Underwriting Requirements

► Application taken in Person

Each question must be asked of the applicant, and his or her answer must be recorded on the application. An application cannot be mailed to an applicant for completion or signature. The applicant must personally sign the application in the Agent's presence. All new applications must be currently dated. This means the date the applicant actually signs the application. Do NOT use any other date. Power of attorney signatures will not be accepted. The agent must determine if this policy meets the applicant's needs and financial situation (see Suitability Guidelines on page 11).

Generally, there will be a Long Term Care Telephone Interview (TI) or Attending Physicians Statement (APS) ordered on every applicant 59 and under. Older age applicants can expect a combination of the following requirements ordered; Long Term Care Telephone Interview (TI); Attending Physicians Statement (APS) for a specified health condition and a Face-to-Face (F2F) interview.

- 1. If the applicant is between the ages of 18 59, either a TI or an APS will be required. Order an APS, instead of a TI, when the applicant has a health condition requiring an APS according to the Impairment Guide.
- 2. If the applicant is between the ages of 60 64 a TI is required. Also an APS will be required if the applicant either has had a physical exam within the last 3 years or has a health condition requiring an APS according to the Impairment Guide.
- 3. If the applicant is between the ages of 65 69, both an APS from a current doctor and a TI are required. If the applicant has not seen a doctor within the past 3 years, do not submit the application.
- 4. If the applicant is between the ages 70 84, both an APS from a current doctor and a F2F are required. If the applicant has not seen a doctor within the past 3 years, do not submit the application.

5. The Underwriter reserves the right to utilize any underwriting tools at his or her discretion.

Non-Witness Applications

This is to be used in rare instances when the agent has already met with the client regarding Long Term Care or has worked with the client within the past 12 months. If an opportunity comes up to offer coverage and the agent is not able to meet with the applicant in person, we can allow a non-witnessed application as an exception. A cover letter explaining the situation is required. Power of attorney signatures will not be accepted. The agent must determine if this policy meets the applicant's needs and financial situation (see Suitability Guidelines on page 11).

The use of this Guideline is not intended for the "Mass Mailing" of this application. If this usage exceeds our expectations, Physicians Mutual reserves the right to suspend its availability for this purpose.

► Non-Witness Underwriting Guidelines are:

- 1. If the applicant is between the ages of **18 49**, a TI is required. Also an APS will be required if the applicant either has had physical exam within the last 3 years or has had a health condition requiring an APS according to the Impairment Guide.
- 2. If the applicant is between the ages of **50 59**, both an APS from a current doctor and a TI are required for consideration of Preferred rates. If the applicant has not seen a doctor within the past 3 years, the Preferred rate is not available.
- 3. If the applicant is between the ages of **60 84**, both an APS from a current doctor and a F2F are required. If the applicant has not seen a doctor within the past 3 years, do not submit the application
- 4. The Underwriter reserves the right to utilize any underwriting tools at his or her discretion.

Non-Witness Application Guidelines:

- 1. The agent will cross out the word "Witness" at the bottom of Section I of the application, initial and sign his/her name on the appropriate line.
- 2. The agent will verify his/her intentions by completing the questions in the "Agent Report". This should include details of any contact with the applicant. (If the Agent Report is not filled out, the Company will return the application for completion before being accepted as new business.)

Non-Witness Identification Guidelines:

A **cover letter** will accompany each Non-witness application to indicate:

- 1. This is a non-witness application
- 2. If associated with Franchise group, the name and assigned number of that group
- 3. Agent name

LTC Underwriting Requirements - Witnessed Applications

Age	Telephone interview (TI)	Attending Physician's Statement (APS)	Face-to Face Interview (F2F)
▶ 18-59	Required (if NO APS ordered)	IF APS'able Condition * (order in lieu of TI)	
▶ 60-64	Required	IF Physical Exam within the last 3 years or APS'able Condition *	
65-69	Required	Required (If no doctor seen within the past 3 years do not submit application)	
70-84		Required (If no doctor seen within the last 3 years do not submit application)	Required (with APS)

^{*}APS'able Condition: A health condition requiring an APS according to the Impairment Guide.

LTC Underwriting Requirement - Non-Witnessed Applications

Age	LTC Telephone interview	APS	F2F Interview
▶18-49	Required	IF Physical Exam within the last 3 years or APS'able Condition *	
▶ 50-59	Required	Required for Preferred Rates (If no doctor seen within the past 3 years, Preferred rate is not available)	
60-84		Required (If no doctor seen within the past 3 years do not submit application)	Required (with APS)

^{*}APS'able Condition: A health condition requiring an APS according to the Impairment Guide.

► Underwriting Process

The TI (telephone interview) is a telephone conversation between a nurse and your applicant. The applicant should be prepared to receive a phone call to discuss his or her medical history, lifestyle, daily activities, physician information, prescription medications and to perform memory exercises. The goal of the interview is to learn more about the applicant and make the most informed decision about his or her medical history. The TI lasts about 20 minutes.

An APS (attending physician's statement) is a request for copies of medical records from your applicant's doctor. We usually request copies from the primary care physician or a specialist at our expense. It generally takes two to three weeks to receive medical records, although occasional delays in the process may occur (up to a month or longer).

For applicant ages 70 and older, Physicians Mutual will require a F2F (face-to-face interview). The personal interview is done at the applicant's place of residences in the presence of a nurse. The applicant should be prepared to discuss his or her medical history, lifestyle, daily activities, physician's information, prescription medication and to perform memory exercises. Also, the nurse will take height / weight measurements and blood pressure readings. The goal of the interview is to learn more about the applicant and make the most informed decision about his or her medical history. The F2F will take approximately 45 to 60 minutes.

The application will be either approved or declined. No elimination riders. These policies will be underwritten according to the rate classes on page 7.

The agent must complete and sign the Agent Training Statement PM2146 (to indicate they have completed the Physicians Mutual LTC Product and Suitability Training) for each submitted application.

III Underwriting Risk Classification

Vista Care Choices: P145, P146, P147, P148

The application will be either approved or declined. No elimination riders will be added. These policies will be underwritten according to the rate classes below:

PREFERRED: PREF (85% of standard rate)

All available coverages

- 1. Minimal health conditions
- 2. No tobacco use in the past 12 months
- 3. Working, volunteering, or participating in regular physical activity and/or hobby.

STANDARD: STD (100%)

All available coverages

- 1. Minimal to moderate health conditions
- 2. Tobacco use OK if no resulting health issues
- 3. Working, volunteering, or participating in regular physical activity and/or hobby.

RATED 1-2: RA1 (125%), RA2 (150%)

All available coverages

- 1. Moderate health conditions
- 2. Tobacco use will be considered on a case by case basis
- 3. Working, volunteering, or participating in regular physical activity and/or hobby.
- 4. No restrictions to IADL's (independent activities of daily living)

* RATED 3-4: RA3 (175%), RA4 (200%)

Not Available with the P147

- 1. Moderate to moderately severe health conditions
- 2. Tobacco use will be considered on a case by case basis
- 3. No restrictions to IADL's (independent activities of daily living)

*Benefits NOT available with RA3 & RA4 offers:

- 0, 30, 60 Elimination Periods
- 4, 5, 8 years or Lifetime Benefit Multiplier

Joint Waiver of Premium Rider

Surviving Spouse Waiver of Premium Rider

Return of Premium Rider

Shared Care Benefit Rider

Any other changes at the underwriter's discretion

► IV Combination Sales

- 1. We will allow a maximum of \$4200 per month total in (stand-alone) Home & Community Care Only coverage when combined with Long Term Care comprehensive coverage.
- 2. During the first 12-month period, we will allow only one Long Term Care Comprehensive policy (P145/P103; P146/P104) and Facility Care Only policy (P148/P109) be in force. However, an insured may replace the policy if he or she would like to add more coverage within this time period.
- 3. Under no circumstance will a client be allowed to have more than one Home and Community Care policy (P147/P105) in force. However, an insured may replace the policy if he or she would like to add more coverage.

V Replacements

When it is necessary to discontinue coverage with another company in order to qualify for one of these policies, the other coverage must be discontinued within 90 days following the issue date of our policy. Replacements will be permitted as long as the replacement is in the client's best interest.

VI Persons not eligible for these policies include:

- 1. Residents of nursing homes or persons who are hospitalized;
- 2. Anyone who is currently eligible for Medicaid benefits (not Medicare);
- 3. Generally, any applicant who needs assistance or supervision of any kind to perform everyday living activities (eating, dressing, toilet needs, etc...) or who uses any aid for ambulation.
- 4. Those who have not returned to their normal activity on the date of the application, following an accident, illness or surgery;
- 5. An applicant who has a health condition shown as a decline in the Impairment Guide;
- 6. Those who have a pending claim with our Company, or for whom surgery has been recommended or proposed, or for whom tests are pending, whether at the time of application or while the application is pending if for a health condition that existed prior to the date of application;
- ▶ 7. Anyone who has not resided in the United States for more than two years. This rule does not apply, however, to citizens with previously established residence in the United States and those individuals who have a permanent visa and as long as medical records can be obtained for underwriting purposes.

VII Lapse and Reinstatement Rules:

Once the policy has lapsed, we may put the policy back in force at our option. To reinstate a policy, we put the policy back in force without a lapse of coverage and accept late premium as timely.

- 1. If we accept a late premium, we will not require a new application.
- 2. If the policy lapse is due to Cognitive Impairment or loss of functional capacity of the insured (for tax qualified plans), or Cognitive Impairment or inability to perform two or more of the Activities of Daily Living (for non-tax qualified plans), the policy will be reinstated upon receipt of the required proof within 5 months of the lapse date and required premium.

3. If the late premium is not accepted, the policy is lapsed and no longer in force. We will advise the client in writing that the premium is not accepted and a new application would be required.

VIII Increasing or Decreasing Benefits on an Existing Policy:

IF THE APPLICANT IS ON CLAIM, NO CHANGES MAY BE MADE TO THE POLICY COVERAGE.

1. To INCREASE coverage by raising the monthly or daily benefit, shortening the elimination period, or lengthening the maximum benefit period, a new application is required and will be underwritten.

If the application is for an increase in monthly or daily benefit, a new policy will be issued as a second policy for the insured. (EXCEPT IF THE REQUEST IS MADE DURING THE 1ST POLICY YEAR, A REPLACEMENT WILL BE REQUIRED.) The amount of additional coverage must be for the \$900/\$1500 minimum stated General Product Information under Section "XVI" for the Vista Care Choices Series or "XVII" for the Vista Care Series. All benefits must still be in multiples of \$100 monthly (\$10 daily).

If the only change in coverage is a shorter elimination period and/or a longer maximum benefit period, a new policy will be issued as an internal replacement. Premium will have to be calculated at the applicant's current age. Because the entire coverage will be at the higher premium rate, it is imperative that the agent fully explains the premium differences to the insured.

1. To DECREASE coverage by reducing the monthly or daily benefit, lengthening the elimination period, or shortening the maximum benefit period, we require a letter of instruction signed by the insured. Usually, we can then make the necessary changes on the existing coverage and send out a new schedule showing the new benefits, new premium, and the effective date of the decrease in coverage.

► IX Upgrading LTC policies upon delivery or within 30 day Free-Look Period:

Occasionally there may be a request to upgrade or change coverage at time of delivery. As a service to our customers we have provided the following guidelines.

ANY UPGRADE HAS TO BE REQUESTED AT THE TIME OF DELIVERY OR WITHIN THE 30-DAY FREE-LOOK PERIOD.

IF THE APPLICANT'S HEALTH HAS CHANGED SINCE THE ORIGINAL APPLICATION DATE, A NEW APPLICATION WILL BE REQUIRED. NO EXCEPTIONS

Upgrades **WITHOUT A NEW APPLICATION** are permitted on a Standard or Preferred rate class if benefits do not exceed the maximum amount of coverage allowed or contradict other policy or rider limitations. All requests will be reviewed by the Underwriter for approval.

- 1. The Policyowner will need to sign and date a letter of instruction (the ALL-442 cover memorandum is acceptable) showing the changes they wish to make on their existing policy.
- 2. It may be necessary to have the applicant sign a Statement of Good Health (A-LTC-SGH) verifying there is no change in health since the original application date. Underwriter's discretion.

- 3. Generally there will be a new effective date. At the policyowner's option, the new effective date would be the date the ALL-442 is signed or an effective date to save original age. The applicant will have to pay any shortage of premium due.
- 4. There will be an AM-1 rider added for any change to the application. The AM-1 rider will need to be signed by the client when the agent delivers the new policy.
- 5. A new policy number will be assigned. The premium collected will be transferred from the old policy number to new policy number. The old policy will be handled as a Not Taken. The Agent will need to collect the balance of premium due, if any, when the letter of instruction or the ALL-442 is signed. A new policy contract will be printed to replace the old policy (Destroy the old policy contract).

If a customer wishes to increase coverage after their Free Look period, a new application will be required. Please see the Section "VIII". regarding Increasing and Decreasing Coverage on an existing policy for details.

X Application and Policy Dating

Applications must be dated with the date they are completed and signed. No other date will be accepted. If the application is approved, we will make the effective date the date requested on the application. This can be the application date, the date approved, or a specified future effective date (within 60 days from the application date.)

If an applicant's birthday falls within 30 days of the application date, we *will* issue the policy with an effective date within 30 days prior to the application date in order to save age.

All applications must reach the Home Office of Physicians Mutual within thirty (30) calendar days (except for Missouri which is twenty-five (25) calendar days) of the application date. If the application is over 30 days old, it will be returned for a current application. All new applications must be currently dated. This means the date the applicant actually signs the application. Do NOT use any other date.

XI Premium Collection

Available premium modes are: Monthly Automatic Bank Withdrawal (ABW), Quarterly, Semi-Annual, or Annual. One full modal premium, if other than monthly ABW needs to be submitted with the application. If monthly ABW, a minimum of 2 months' premium must be submitted. (One month in California)

XII Suitability Guidelines (NAIC Suitability Requirements)

The consumer protections provisions found in the NAIC Model LTC Act and Regulation provide consumers with valuable information so that they may make informed decisions regarding their long-term care insurance purchase. These provisions require us to develop and use suitability standards to assure that the purchase or replacement of long-term care insurance is appropriate for the needs of the applicant. Appropriateness of sale is based upon the applicant's financial situation, goals and needs with respect to long-term care. In addition, in a replacement situation, an analysis of the benefits and costs of an applicant's existing coverage as compared to the proposed coverage is required.

In order to assure that a particular long-term care insurance product is suitable, we expect our agents to take into consideration the following questions:

- What are the applicant's goals and needs with respect to long-term care and what are the advantages and disadvantages of long term care insurance toward meeting these goals and needs?
- Does the applicant have the ability to pay the premium on the proposed coverage (or rely on someone else to pay the premium)? Would the applicant have the ability to pay the premium if the premium rates were increased in the future? In addition, will the applicant be paying for the premium with their income, savings, or investments?
- If the applicant has chosen a guaranteed purchase option rider, has the applicant considered how they will pay the higher premium amounts when they elect to increase their benefits?
- What are the actual costs of care in the area where the applicant lives, or expects to be living during their retirement years?
- Does the applicant expect to have family or friends available to assist in care if needed?
- Are the benefit levels chosen appropriate to meet the goals and needs of the applicant?
 This would include monthly benefit levels, inflation protection, elimination period, benefit period multiplier and other optional benefits.
- If the applicant has chosen home and community care stand alone coverage, has the applicant considered how they will pay for care costs if the care is provided in a facility?
- If the applicant has chosen facility only coverage, has the applicant considered how they will pay for care costs if the care is provided at home?
- If the applicant has chosen an elimination period, has the applicant considered how they will pay for care costs during this elimination period?
- Does the applicant understand the impact that inflation could have to the actual cost of care? Has the applicant considered how they will pay for the difference between the future care costs and their monthly benefit amount?

Minimum Financial Suitability Standards

If it is determined that an applicant does not meet both our income and asset minimum standards, shown below, we have the right to decline the application as being an unsuitable purchase.

- An applicant must have an annual income of \$20,000 or greater.
- An applicant must have assets (savings and investments) which equal at least \$30,000. (Note: assets do not include the applicant's house.)
- If an applicant expects their assets to decrease over the next 10 years, the applicant's current assets must equal at least \$50,000.
- The premium needed for the purchase of the policy should not exceed 7% of the applicant's income.

The above minimums apply to the individual's financial situation. If the individual is married, it is highly recommended that the combined assets and income are greater than the amounts shown above.

These standards may be waived in appropriate situations (such as a child is paying for the parent's premium). It is important to have the applicant explain such circumstances on the personal worksheet for our review.

If the applicant's assets and income do not meet our standards, we recommend that the applicant consider other options for financing their long-term care needs.

Delivery of Forms

Prior to completing the application, all applicants must receive the "Long-Term Care Personal Worksheet" which is completed and signed by both the consumer and the agent, "Things You Should Know Before You Buy Long-Term Care Insurance" and "Long Term Care Insurance Potential Rate Increase Disclosure Form".

The agent must complete and sign the Agent Training Statement PM2146 (to indicate they have completed the Physicians Mutual LTC products and suitability requirement training) for each submitted application.

Filling out the Personal Worksheet

The agent must review with the applicant income, assets, goals and needs information on the Personal Worksheet. The applicant and agent will be required to sign and date the Personal Worksheet and choose one of the following:

- 1. Complete all the financial information on the Personal Worksheet; or
- 2. Check the option on the Personal Worksheet indicating that the applicant chooses not to provide financial information.

If the applicant declines to provide the financial information they must then sign and date an "Authorization to Process Application" (PM1760) and submit that with the application.

Underwriting will suspend the application and mail the applicant the suitability letter (PM1761) if:

- 1. the information on the Personal Worksheet indicates that the applicant does not meet our suitability standards; or
- 2. the applicant has chosen not to provide us with their financial information and not submitted a signed and dated "Authorization to Process Application" (PM1760)

The applicant will have 60 days to return the suitability letter (PM1761), signed and dated, stating that they still wish to for the company to consider their application and or the underwriting process to be resumed. Otherwise their application will be declined.

Signed copies of the Personal Worksheet and "Authorization to Process Application" (PM1760) or suitability letter (PM1761), if applicable, become part of the permanent application file.

►XIII Appeal Process

Declination

When an applicant is declined, he or she will receive a declination letter. The letter will generally indicate detailed medical reasons for the decision. The agent can suggest that the applicant review the letter with his or her doctor. After the doctor reviews the reasons with the applicant, the doctor can submit new supportive medical information (such as test results or other clinical findings), and request that the Underwriter review the information to reconsider the client's application. The agent will be notified of the Underwriter's decision. If the original decision is upheld, then the case is closed.

Counteroffer

When there is a counteroffer, the applicant will receive a letter with the policy listing the reasons for a rate other than originally quoted or for coverage changes due to health. The same process should be followed if the applicant wishes to appeal this underwriting decision.

XIV The following is a list of the common conditions you may see and their probable handling for underwriting purposes. Several of these conditions will depend on severity or length of time from the last treatment. Please consult your Impairment Guide for a more complete listing of health conditions.

The following conditions would be <u>UNACCEPTABLE FOR COVERAGE</u>:

AIDS /HIV Positive

Alzheimer's Disease

► Cerebrovascular Accident with history of atrial fibrillation

Chronic or Recurrent Bronchitis with tobacco use

Carotid Artery Disease, more than 70% occluded or with tobacco use

- ▶ Uncontrolled Diabetes, A1C greater than 8.0, with or without complications, or with history of cardiovascular or cerebrovascular disease
- ► Emphysema/COPD, with tobacco use within the previous 12 months Multiple Sclerosis

Osteoporosis with history of multiple fractures or compression fracture Oxygen Use

▶ Peripheral Vascular disease with tobacco use

Parkinson's disease

Senility or Dementia

Those who have a pending claim with our Company, or for whom surgery has been recommended or proposed, or for whom tests are pending, whether at the time of application or while the application is pending if for a health condition that existed prior to the date of application

Those who are currently receiving Physical Therapy

Those who had not returned to their normal activity on the date of the application, following an accident, illness or surgery

► TIA (transient ischemic attack) with history of atrial fibrillation

2 or more episodes of stroke, or a stroke with residuals

Use of a cane (quad cane or one-prong cane if used for balance problems), walker or wheelchair

Receiving disability income or any state or Social Security Disability Benefits. (Few exceptions may exist, please contact an Underwriter before submit.)

These conditions would generally be <u>ACCEPTABLE FOR COVERAGE</u>:

Angioplasty after 3 months with full recovery

Congestive Heart Failure, mild, compensated

Diabetes controlled, no complications

Emphysema/COPD, mild to moderate, with no tobacco use

History of heart attack with complete recovery (after 6 months)

Osteoporosis, if stable, with no history of compression fractures

Peripheral Vascular Disease, mild, stable, no tobacco use Sleep apnea (compliant with recommended CPAP)

PHYSICIANS MUTUAL LTC QUICK REFERENCE DRUG LIST

AN APS IS REQUIRED IF AN APPLICANT IS TAKING ANY OF THE FOLLOWING MEDICATIONS:

MEDICATION	CONDITION	MEDICATION	CONDITION
Acarbose	Diabetes	Lasix	Circulatory
Actos	Diabetes	Librium	Nervous Disorder
Accupril	Circulatory	Lisinopril	Circulatory
Adderall	Nervous Disorder	Lithium	Depression
Adenosine	Arrhythmia	Lorcet	Chronic Pain Mgmt
Aggrenox	Circulatory	Lorazepam	Nervous Disorder
Albuterol	Respiratory	Lortab	Chronic Pain Mgmt
Aldactone	Circulatory	Lotensin	Circulatory
Amaryl	Diabetes	Medrol	Musculoskeletal
Amitriptyline	Nervous Disorder	Metformin	Diabetes
Arava	Rheumatoid Arthritis	Methotrexate	Rheumatoid Arthritis
Avandia	Diabetes	Micronase	Diabetes
Captopril	Circulatory	Mysoline	Seizures
Cardizem	Circulatory	Neurontin	Seizures
Cardura	Various	Nitroglycerin	Circulatory
Catapres	Circulatory	Nolvadex	Cancer
Celebrex	Musculoskeletal	Norpace	Arrhythmia
Celexa	Depression	Norvasc	Circulatory
Clonazepam	Seizures	Nortriptyline	Nervous Disorder
Coumadin	Circulatory	Oxycodone	Chronic Pain Mgmt
Cyclosporine	Musculoskeletal	Phenobarbital	Seizures
Cymbalta	Depression	Plaquenil	Rheumatoid Arthritis
Depakote	Seizures	Plavix	Circulatory
DiaBeta	Diabetes	Prednisone	Various
Diazepam	Nervous Disorder	Propranolol	Arrhythmia
Digitalis	Circulatory	Prozac	Depression
Digoxin	Circulatory	Quinidine	Circulatory
Dilantin	Seizures	Remeron	Nervous Disorder
Duragesic	Chronic Pain Mgmt	Remular	Musculoskeletal
Fosamax	Osteoporosis	Rheumatrex	Rheumatoid Arthritis
Furosemide	Circulatory	Rythmol	Arrhythmia
Glimepiride	Diabetes	Serzone	Depression
Glipizide	Diabetes	Tamoxifen	Cancer
Glucophage	Diabetes	Tegretol	Seizures
Glucotrol	Diabetes	Toprol	Circulatory
Glyburide	Diabetes	Trazodone	Depression
Glynase	Diabetes	Trental	Circulatory
Hydrocodone	Chronic Pain Mgmt	Ultram	Musculoskeletal
Hyzaar	Circulatory	Verapamil	Circulatory
Imdur	Circulatory	Vicodin	Chronic Pain Mgmt
Imuran	Rheumatoid Arthritis	Vioxx	Musculoskeletal
Isorbid	Circulatory	Warafin	Circulatory
Klonopin	Seizures	Wellbutrin	Depression
Lanoxin	Circulatory	Wygesic 7.1.6	Chronic Pain Mgmt
		Zoloft	Depression

PHYSICIANS MUTUAL LTC QUICK REFERENCE DRUG LIST

THE APPLICANT IS NOT ELIGIBLE FOR THE LONG TERM CARE PRODUCTS IF TAKING ANY OF THE FOLLOWING MEDICATIONS:

MEDICATION	CONDITION	MEDICATION	CONDITION
Abacavir	HIV/Aids	Megace	Cancer
Abilify	Psychosis	Megestrol	Myasthenia Gravis
Adriamycin	Cancer	Mellaril	Psychosis
Akineton	Cancer	Mestinon	Cancer
Alkeran	Multiple Myeloma	Methadone	Chronic Pain Mgmt
Amantadine	Alcoholism	Mirapex	Parkinson's
Antabuse	Parkinson's	Morphine	Chronic Pain Mgmt
Aricept	Alzheimer's	Myleran	Cancer
Artane	Parkinson's	Naltrexone	Alcoholism
Avonex	Multiple Sclerosis	Namenda	Alzheimer's
AZT	HIV/Aids	Levodopa	Parkinson's
Baclofen	Multiple Sclerosis	Lupron	Cancer
Betaseron	Multiple Sclerosis	Megace	Cancer
Clozaril	Psychosis	Megestrol	Myasthenia Gravis
Cogentin	Parkinson's	Mellaril	Psychosis
Cognex	Alzheimer's	Navane	Psychosis
Combivir	HIV/AIDS	Neupogen	Cancer
Cyclosporine	Cancer	OxyContin	Chronic Pain Mgmt
Cytoxan	Cancer	Parlodel	Parkinson's
Dantrium	Multiple Sclerosis	Permax	Parkinson's
Donepezil	Alzheimer's	Procrit	Anemia
Dronabinol	Cancer	Prolixin	Psychosis
Eldepryl	Parkinson's	Reminyl	Alzheimer's
Enbrel	Rheumatoid Arthritis	Retrovir	HIV/AIDS
Epogen	Kidney Failure	ReVia	Substance Addiction
Erbitux	Cancer	Riluzole	ALS
Ergoloid Mesylates	Memory Loss	Risperdal	Psychosis
Eulexin	Cancer	Rivastigmine	Alzheimer's
Exelon	Alzheimer's	Roferon	HIV/AIDS
Geodon	Psychosis	Ropinerole	Parkinson's
Gold Therapy	Arthritis	Seroquel	Psychosis
Haldol	Psychosis	Sinemet	Parkinson's
Humira	Rheumatoid Arthritis	Stelazine	Psychosis
Hydergine	Alzheimer's	Symbax	Bipolar depression
Hydrea	Alzheimer's	Symmetrel	Parkinson's
Interferon	Cancer	Thorazine	Psychosis
Kineret	Cancer	Tacrine	Alzheimer's
Larodopa	Various	Teslac	Cancer
Leukeran	Parkinson's	Zolodex	Cancer
Levodopa	Parkinson's	Zyprexa	Psychosis
Lupron	Cancer		

XVI

Impairment Guide

The following guide is a list of health conditions and the probable underwriting action. Underwriting decisions will depend on severity of the condition, along with all other factors considered. If an individual has multiple medical conditions, the long-term care risk for the primary disease may be compounded. The final underwriting determination will be based on the underwriting tools required for your applicant. All underwriting rules in this and other sections of this manual indicate probable underwriting action.

Subject to laws and insurance regulations of the state of jurisdiction, however, the Physicians Mutual Underwriter has full authority, on behalf of the Company, to issue coverage, modify coverage, or deny coverage based upon both medical and non-medical factors affecting the acceptability of the risk, irrespective of these suggested rules and guidelines. Any variation from these general underwriting rules necessitated by a particular state regulation will be addressed individually.

Vista Care Choices P145, P146, P147, and P148:

An applicant with two rated conditions (in the RA3 and/or RA4 categories) would be uninsurable.

PP = Postpone	PREF = Preferred (85%)	RA3 = Rated 3 (175%)
RFC = Rate for Cause	STD = Standard (100%)	RA4 = Rated 4 (200%)
IC = Individual Consideration	RA1 = Rated 1 (125%)	DEC = Decline
(Agent should quote at least RA1 minimum)	RA2 = Rated 2 (150%)	



► Abscess

Brain or Abdominal

Present or surgery within 6 months	PP
Resolved or 6 months after surgery, full recovery	
Adhesions – post surgery, full recovery	PREF
Addison's Disease	DEC
Adult Day Care	DEC
Assisted Living	DEC
ATDO	DEC

Alcoholism - APS After treatment, symptom free, no alcohol use, no relapses, no COPD, emphysema, chronic bronchitis, other substance abuse, no alcohol related problems, no Antabuse use Within 3 yearsPP Over 3 years STD/RA1 Any alcohol use, history of any relapses, COPD, emphysema, pancreatitis, chronic bronchitis, other substance abuse, alcoholic neuritis or neuralgia, alcohol Allergies and Hay Fever PREF Amaurosis Fugax – See TIA, Transient Ischemic Attack Amnesia DEC ► Amputation Due to trauma Due to disease, disease no longer present, independent, no ADL impairments Within 5 yearsPP Over 5 years.......STD Due to diabetes, or circulatory disorders, or other chronic diseaseDEC Anemia – APS Chronic, Hypochromic, Hyperproliferative, Normcytic, Thalessemia Major, stable. STD Hemolytic RFC Hypoplastic, Mediterranean, Paroxysmal Nocturnal Iron Deficiency, Hyperchromic Macrocytic, Hypochromic Megaloblastic, Pernicious, Thalessemia Minor, corrected Cause known RFC Cause unknown Within 3 monthsPP Not Corrected RFC Sickle Cell......DEC Sickle Cell Trait Otherwise DEC

Aneurysm - APS	
Abdominal Aortic	
Operated	
Within 1 year	PP
Over 1 year, full recovery	PREF
Unoperated	
Within 2 years	PP
Stable, not progressive over 2 years	
Up to 5 cm.	STD
Over 5 cm. or progressive growth	DEC
Aortic, Dissecting	DEC
Cerebral, Neck or Thoracic	
Operated	
Within 1 year	PP
Over 1 year	
Full recovery, no residual impairments	
With minimal residual impairments (no mobility or ADL problems)	IC
With other impairments or mobility problems	DEC
Unoperated	DEC
Iliac, or limb artery - See Peripheral Vascular Disease	
Angina Pectoris - APS	
Controlled on medications	STD
Occasional episodes	STD
Not well controlled	DEC
Angioplasty – See Coronary Artery Disease	
► Ankylosing Spondylitis – APS	
No functional limits, no chronic steroid use, no narcotic use	
within past 12 months, no PT last 6 months, no joint replacement	
surgery done or recommended within the last 12 months,	
no h/o multiple falls +/or single fall with fracture within past	
2 years, no IP for complications of AS within past 12 months	~
With no tobacco use	
With continued tobacco use	
Otherwise	DEC
Anxiety disorder - See Psychiatric Disorders	
Aortic Valve Disorder – See Heart Murmurs	
Arrhythmias – APS	
Controlled, unrestricted activity	STD
With cardiovascular risk factors (hypertension, CAD, CHF) or	51D
cerebrovascular risk factors (prior stroke, circulatory disorders)	IC
Uncontrolled	
Due to atrial fibrillation – See Atrial Fibrillation	DLC
Arteriosclerosis - APS	
Mild	CTD
Moderate Moderate	
Severe	DEC

36.10	
Arteriovenus Malformations	DEC
Present, Unoperated.	
Excision/Operated, full recovery, no residuals	IC
Arthritis (Osteoarthritis, degenerative joint disease) – APS - (See LTC Quick Reason Asymptomatic (no spinal involvement) diagnosed by a physician,	ference Drug List)
no treatment or nonprescription medications only, shown on x-ray only	DDEE
Symptomatic	1 KET
No spinal involvement, no surgery planned	
Mild or Moderate treated with NSAIDS prescription medications,	
occasional cortisone injections, controlled, no ADL, impairments	
or ambulatory problems, no assistive device use	STD
Assistive device use	
With spinal involvement (up to 5 year maximum benefit multiplier)	DLC
Mild – Moderate, controlled stable	STD
With history of laminectomy, diskectomy or spinal fusion	51D
excellent response, No residuals, or complications	
Within 1 year	pp
Over 1 year	
Severe, with mobility, ADL or ambulatory problems	
Assistive device use	
Surgery planned or anticipated	
History of joint replacement	
Within 6 months	РР
Over 6 months	
With full recovery (not receiving physical therapy or	
occupational therapy)	STD
With physical limitations, or current ongoing physical	
therapy or occupational therapy	DEC
Arthroscopy - full recovery, no complications	PREF
Asthma ADS	
Asthma - APS Mild infragrant attacks	
Mild, infrequent attacks,	DDEE/CTD
No tobacco use / tobacco use	PREF/STD
Moderate, with daily use of medication (other than inhalers),	
occasional use of oral steroids, stable, No tobacco use	STD/D A 1
Tobacco use (P147 not available)	
Severe with ongoing oral steroid use, or multiple medications, or hospitalization	
the past 6 months or 2 or more ER visits within the past 1 year	
In combination with other respiratory disorders	
in comonution with other respiratory disorders	
A 4 . •	DEC

► Atrial Fibrillation – APS	
New onset within 6 months	DD
Over 6 months, no anticoagulant therapy, controlled, oral meds, normal sinus i	
unrestricted activity	myumi,
No tobacco use	STD
With tobacco use	
History of heart disease or vascular risk factors, or diabetes	
No tobacco use	RA1
With tobacco use	
Over 6 months requiring anticoagulant therapy, controlled, controlled, normal	sinus rhythm,
unrestricted activity	<i>y</i> ,
No tobacco use	RA1
With tobacco use	RA2
History of heart disease or vascular risk factors or diabetes	
(maximum 3 year benefit multiplier)	
No tobacco use (P147 not available)	RA4
With tobacco use	DEC
With pacemaker, defibrillator, Maze surgery, or ablation	IC
With history of left ventricular hypertrophy, poorly controlled, ejection fraction	n less than
40%,TIA, stroke or other complications	DEC
Attention Deficit Disorder - APS	
Stable, compliant with 2 or fewer medications, active life	
style, no behavioral problems, or severe psychiatric problems	
Within 3 months	PP
Over 3 months	
With 3 or more medications, non-compliant, with behavioral or severe	
psychiatric problems or ADL limitations	DEC
B	
Back Disorders- APS	
Arthritis – See Arthritis	
Back pain, chronic	RFC
Degenerative Disc Disease – Arthritis, Spinal	Id C
Herniated Disc, no other spinal disorder involved	
Unoperated or operated with in 6 months and recovered	STD
Operated over 6 months, recovered, no recurrence or residuals	
Kyphosis	
Mild, non-disabling	PREF
Severe, progressive, or disabling	
Lordosis	_
Mild, non-disabling	STD
Severe, progressive, or disabling	
Osteopenia	
No treatment or treatment with medication.	PREF
Osteoporosis – (See LTC Quick Reference Drug List)	
Mild - moderate, treatment with medications, no history of	
fracture/falls bone density consistent with age	PREF/STD
With history of traumatic fracture, fully recovered, no residuals, on	
medication, stable bone density, or improvement in bone density	STD
► Indicates a revision has been made	Physician Mutu
	- 12 1

Severe (T-score –3.5 or worse), or history of multiple fractures, compression fracture, spinal problems, joint replacement or hip
replacement, bone density readings showing progress of disease,
or abnormal for age, or progressive increase of medication
Sciatica
Unoperated or operated within 5 years
Operated over 5 years, full recovery, no residuals or ADL impairments
Scoliosis Slight computing as complications or symptoms, non-programing.
Slight curvature, no complications or symptoms, non-progressive
Severe, progressive or with respiratory complications
Slipped Disc – See Herniated Disc
Spinal Fracture – See Fractures
Spinal Stenosis – (See LTC Quick Reference Drug List)
Mild, asymptomatic, incidental finding, not progressive, no nerve impingement PREF
Symptomatic, no limitations with ADL's, no assistive device use, no ongoing
physical therapy or occupational therapy, normal range of motion, with
anti-inflammatory medication, no nerve impingement
With history of laminectomy, diskectomy or spinal fusion excellent response,
No residuals, or complications
Within 1 yearPP
Over 1 year
With residuals, problems with ADL's, or neurological deficits, multiple
steroid injections or multiple epidural injections
Severe, or with progressive symptoms or increase of
severity of symptoms, problems with ADL's, neurological
deficits, crippling or disabling, ongoing physical therapy or occupational therapy or
Spondylosis, Spondylolisthesis – See Spinal Stenosis
Vertebra Fracture – See Fractures
Barrett's Esophagus – See Esophageal Reflux
Bell's Palsy PREF
Benign Prostatic Hypertrophy – See Prostatic Hypertrophy, Benign
Bipolar – See Psychiatric Disorders; Depression
Blacked Out – See Syncope
▶ Bladder Disease
History of infection, full recovery
Chronic or recurrent PREF/STD
▶ Blindness
Congenital or traumatic
One eye only PREF
Both eyes, completely independent, no ADL impairments
(up to 50% HCC, P147/P105 not available)
Within 12 monthsPP
Over 12 months (P147 not available)
Other cause RFC

Blood Pressure – See Hypertension

BPH – Prostatic Hypertrophy, Benign

Brain Tumor - APS

Acoustic Neuroma, no functional residuals	
Unoperated or operated within 2 years	
Operated over 2 years, complete recovery	
With residuals or with shunt	DEC
Benign (definitive diagnosis)	
Unoperated	DEC
Operated, no functional residuals, complete recovery	
Within 2 years	PP
Over 2 years	STD
With residuals or with shunt	DEC
Cancer (see Cancer, Brain)	
► Meningioma,	
Present	
Symptomatic	PP
Symptoms resolved over 3 months	
Asymptomatic, MRI/MRA shows no change,	
progression or growth	PREF
Operated, no functional residuals, complete recovery	PREF
Other brain tumor, present	DEC
Bronchiectasis – See COPD (Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease) Bronchitis - APS	
Acute, single attack, fully recovered	PREF
Chronic or recurrent	
Mild, well controlled, normal pulmonary function tests,	
rare short-term steroid use, with or without tobacco us	STD
Moderate, stable, intermittent steroid use, normal pulmonary	
function tests, or recent hospitalization	
Within 3 months	PP
Over 3 months	STD/RA1
With tobacco use	DEC
Chronic, severe, uncontrolled, daily use of steroid, reduced	
pulmonary function tests, or in combination with COPD,	
or other respiratory disorders.	DEC
Buerger's Disease	
Bypass Surgery – See Coronary Artery Disease	
Zirana zarderi zee zoromari irreeri zireene	



Cancer – APS

► Bladder Stage 0 (in situ), 1 year from last treatment Stages A, B1, B2, 2 years from last treatment. All other stages or distant metastasis or recurrence	STD
Bone Stages IA, IB, IIA, 4 years from last treatment All other stages or distant metastasis or recurrence	
► Brain (not Acoustic Neuroma) Operated over 2 years, full recovery Unoperated, neurological damage/functional residuals, shunt, distant metastasis, or recurrence	
 ▶ Breast Stage 0, DCIS (ductal carcinoma in situ), Paget's Disease 1 year from last treatment*	STD STD IC DEC PREF/STD STD RA1 DEC
Esophagus Stage 0 (in situ), 4 years from last treatment	
Internal Not otherwise listed Distant metastasis or recurrence	
Stage I, 2 years from last treatment	RA1

Liver	
All stages within 5 years	DEC
Stage I, localized, resected over 5 years from last treatment	
Distant metastasis or recurrence or chronic liver disorder/disease	
Distant inclusions of recarrence of emonic fiver disorder, disease	
Lung	
Stages IA, IB, 5 years from last treatment	RA4
All other stages or distant metastasis or recurrence	
Oxygen use, COPD, cardiomyopathy, emphysema, tobacco use	
Oxygen use, COLD, cardiomyopatny, emphysema, tobacco use	DLC
► Lymphoma, Hodgkin's	
Stages I, II, 2 years from last treatment	
Stage III, 3 years from last treatment	
Stage IV or recurrence	DEC
► Lymphoma, Non-Hodgkin's	
Stages I, II, 4 years from last treatment	
All other stages or recurrence	
1 221	
► Melanoma	
Stage 0 (in situ), 1 year from last treatment	PREF
Stages IA, IB, IIA, IIB, 2 years from last treatment	STD
Stage IIIA, 4 years from last treatment	RA1
All other stages or distant metastasis or recurrence	DEC
Ovarian	~
Stages IA, IB, IC, 3 years from last treatment	
Stage IIA, 4 years from last treatment	
All other stages or distant metastasis or recurrence	
With radiation complications (enteritis/bowel problems/weight loss)	DEC
Other (not Internal)	
Other (not Internal) Not otherwise listed	IC
Distant metastasis or recurrence	
Distant metastasis of recurrence	DEC
Paget's Disease, Bone (see Osteitis Deformans)	
Pancreas	
All Stages	DEC
THI Suges	
Prostate	
Stages A, B, 1 year from last treatment	
(surgically removed-current PSA < 0.1) or	
(radiation treatment-current PSA < 0.5)	
Stage C, 2 years from last treatment, current PSA <0.1	
Stage D or distant metastasis or recurrence	DEC
No surgery & over age 70 at diagnosis, receiving hormone	
therapy, initial Gleason score <vi, <0.5<="" current="" psa="" td=""><td> RA2</td></vi,>	RA2

► Skin Cancer (Non-Melanoma)	
Basal Cell Carcinoma	
Removed	PREF
Distant metastasis	DEC
Squamous Cell Carcinoma	
Stages 0, I, II, removed	PREF
Stage III, 3 years from last treatment	
Stage IV or distant metastasis	
Stomach	
Stages 0, IA, 4 years from last treatment	
Stage IB, 4 years from last treatment	
All other stages or distant metastasis or recurrence	DEC
► Testicle	
Stage 0 over 2 years from last treatment	PREE
Stage I over 4 years from last treatment	
All other stages or distant metastasis or recurrence	
An other stages of distant metastasis of recurrence	DEC
► Cardiomyopathy – APS	
No congestive heart failure, pulmonary hypertension,	
arrhythmia, diabetes, no tobacco use, ejection fraction	
over 40%, no complications	
Hypertrophic, Subaortic Hypertrophic Stenosis	
Within 1 year	PP
Over 1 year	RA1
Dilated, Idiopathic	
Within 3 years	PP
Over 3 years, stable (P147 not available)	RA3
Alcoholic	DEC
Ischemic, Restrictive or other	
With congestive heart failure, prior history of stroke or TIA,	
pulmonary hypertension, arrhythmia, diabetes,	
ejection fraction under 40%, or any reference to	
or suggestion of heart transplant	DEC
With tobacco use	
Canatid Automy Disease ADC	
Carotid Artery Disease - APS	
Asymptomatic	
Stenosis less than or equal to 50%, stable,	CED
Unilateral or bilateral, no progression	
Stenosis over 50% and less than or equal to 70%, stable	
With cardiovascular risk factors (hypertension, CAD, CHF)	IC
Symptomatic, or stenosis over 70%, or with history of TIA or stroke,	
diabetes, or valvular heart disease	DEC
Operated (carotid endarterectomy), no residuals	
Within 6 months	
Over 6 months.	
Tobacco use	DEC

Cataract PREF
Cerebral Palsy DEC
► Cerebral Vascular Accident (CVA, Stroke) - APS
Single event
Within 4 yearsPP
Over 4 years
Fully recovered, no residuals
Minimal residuals (no ADL impairment, ambulatory or
Mobility problems or assistive device use)
With history of atrial fibrillation with chronic
anti-coagulant therapy (up to 3 years maximum benefit multiplier)
No tobacco use (P147 not available)RA4
With diabetes, or history of chronic congestive heart failure, cardiomyopathy,
other residuals or ADL impairment, ambulatory or mobility problems or
assistive device use, history of alcoholism, alcohol abuse,
carotid stenosis or atrial fibrillation
2 or more events
Cerebrovascular Disease- APS
Evidence of white matter changes, small vessel disease
reference to diffuse changes, ischemic changes,
microvascular changes or lacunar infarcts
Chronic Fatigue Syndrome - APS
(Also see any associated psychiatric conditions)
Within 1 yearPP
Over 1 year
Mild, treated with anti-inflammatory medication, no narcotic
or steroid use, no ADL limitations
Moderate, no current physical or occupational therapy,
not associated with fibromyalgia, occasional narcotic
use, no steroid use, no ADL limitations (P147 not available)
Severe, current physical or occupational therapy, associated
with Fibromyalgia, chronic narcotic or steroid use,
any ADL limitationsDEC
Chronia Obstructiva Dulmanary Disagga (COPD, Emphysama Dranchicastasis)
► Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD, Emphysema, Bronchiecstasis) - APS No tobacco use previous 12 months or hospitalization within the past 6 monthsPP
Mild – Moderate, stable, with or without inhalers, with or without
daily use of medication,
Severe with oral steroid use, or multiple medications,
IPPB, or oxygen use,
In combination with circulatory disorders, other respiratory disorders,
cardiomyopathy, or congestive heart failure, alcoholism or alcohol
abuseDEC
With tobacco use within previous 12 months
Chronic Pain Syndrome - APS (See LTC Quick Reference Drug List)

Claudication – See Peripheral Vascular Disease	
Cognitive Disorder	DEC
Colitis (Spastic, or Irritable Bowel) Controlled with diet or medication, no surgery planned or anticipated Surgery planned or anticipated Severe, frequent flares, multiple surgeries, or weight loss	DEC
Colitis, Ulcerative – See Crohn's	
Collagen Vascular Disease – APS (P147 not available)	RA4/DEC
Colostomy	RFC
Confusion	DEC
One or two episodes, fully recovered, asymptotic, no complications Within 2 years	рр
Over 2 years	
Chronic, controlled with medication (ejection fraction over 40%)	IC
under 40%	
Connective Tissue Disease (not listed elsewhere) Coronary Artery Disease – APS	DEC
Mild, less than 75% stenosis, one artery, stable, unrestricted activity, With or without medication no physical restrictions or limitations	PREF
or limitations no tobacco use With tobacco use Severe, over 75% stenosis With history of atrial fibrillation with chronic anti-coagulant therapy, chronic congestive heart failure, cardiomyopathy,	RA1
heart valve disorders, TIA or stroke, No tobacco use (P147 not available)	DEC
(Also rate for coronary artery disease) Within 3 months.	
Over 3 months	STD

With bypass surgery, fully recovered, no complications
(Also rate for coronary artery disease)
Within 6 monthPP
Over 6 months
Surgery planned or anticipated
► Corneal Transplant – no complications, fully recovered
Crest Syndrome DEC
Crohn's (Granulomatous or Ulcerative Colitis) - APS
Controlled, no ongoing steroid use, chemotherapy drugs, or multiple
surgeries, or complications (liver disease, malabsorption, megacolon,
lung sclerosis, bowel perforations, or current persistent severe diarrhea),
no fistula or abscesses Unoperated or operated, or colostomy present
Within 1 yearPP
Over 1 year
With occasional mild flares (no more than two flares per year)
With in 1 yearPP
Over 1 year RA2
With ongoing steroid use, chemotherapy, or with complications (liver
disease, malabsorption, megacolon, lung sclerosis, bowel perforations, or current persistent severe diarrhea), with fistula or abscesses
Severe, end stage, frequent flares, multiple surgeries, weight loss
Cushing's Syndrome (Cushing's Disease, Pituitary Basophilism,
Adrenocortical Hyperfunction, Hyperadrenalism, Hypercorticalism)
Cystitis – See Bladder Disease
Cystilis – See Bladdel Disease
D
Deep Vein Thrombosis
Single event, no ADL limitations, resolved
Within 6 months
Recurrent events
Within 12 months PP
Over 12 months STD/RA1
Defibrillator Implant - See Pacemaker
Degenerative Disc Disease – See Arthritis, Spinal
Degenerative Joint Disease – See Arthritis
Dementia DEC
Depression — See Psychiatric Disorders

Diabetes Mellitus – Type II only APS	
New onset, or uncontrolled, or change in treatment	
Within 12 months	PP
Over 12 months, no complications or combination of uninsurable conditions	CTD
Diet controlled, A1C 6.5 or less	
Well controlled on 1-2 meds, A1C 6.6 through 7.0 S	
Controlled on 3 meds, A1C 7.0 to 8.0	
Insulin, well controlled, 50 units or less daily, A1C 7.0 or less	TD/RA1
Insulin, controlled, 50 units or less daily, A1C 7.0 to 8.0	IC
A1C > 8.0	DEC
In combination with controlled hypertension, elevated weight, tobacco use	STD/IC
Any history of diabetic complications, including retinopathy, PVD, nephropathy	
neuropathic ulcers or in combination with heart attack, CAD, CHF, TIA, Stroke,	
CVA, Carotid Stenosis, Valvular Heart Disease, amaurosis fugax, or hospitalization	one
	0118
for the treatment of diabetes, history of unstable or uncontrolled hypertension or	DEC
unstable non-vascular heart disorders	DEC
▶ Diverticulitis	
	DDEE
Controlled with diet or medication, no surgery planned or anticipated	PKEF
Colostomy, temporary, no complications	
Within 1 year	
Over 1 year	STD
Surgery planned or anticipated	DEC
Drug Abuse/Addiction— APS	
Full recovery, no organ damage, no relapses, no other	
substance abuse or history of alcoholism	
Within 10 years	рр
Over 10 years	
•	SID
Illicit drugs, any organ damage, or relapses	DEC
other substance abuse, alcoholism	DEC
E	
Endarterectomy (Carotid) – See Carotid Artery Disease	
Enlarged Prostate – See Prostatic Hypertrophy, Benign	
Emphysema - APS - See Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease	
Epilepsy- APS Controlled	STD
► Esophageal Reflux – (Barrett's Esophagus)	PREF
1 0 /	



Factor V Leiden Syndrome	DEC
Fainting – See Syncope	
Falls-APS	
Single episode	RFC
Multiple episodes, with or without injuries	IC/DEC
Fatty Liver - See Liver Disorders	
Fibromyalgia - APS (See LTC Quick Reference Drug List)	
New onset within 6 months	PP
Over 6 months	
Asymptomatic, treatment free	PREF
Asymptomatic, mild, treated with 1 medication	STD
Symptomatic	
Mild, stable, controlled, with no more than 2 medications,	
no ADL limitations	RA1
Moderate, stable, no pulmonary compromise, controlled	
with anti-inflammatory medication, occasional narcotic	
use, no limitations with ADL's (P147 not available)	RA3
Severe, chronic narcotic use, steroid use, associated chronic	
fatigue syndrome, currently receiving physical or	
occupational therapy, or ADL limitations	DEC
Fibromyositis - APS	PREF
1 101 0111	
► Fractures – APS – weight bearing only	
Due to trauma- non-weight bearing, with without internal fixation device	
complete recovery, no limitations, no history of falls, osteoarthritis,	
or osteoporosis	
Within 3 months.	PP
Over 3 months	PREF
Due to trauma - weight bearing	
Hip, complete recovery, no limitations with our without hip replacement	
Within 1 year	PP
Over 1year	STD
Skull, due to trauma, with or without loss of consciousness,	
fully recovered, no residuals	
Within 1 year	
Over 1 year	STD
Vertebra or spine, complete recovery, no residuals or limitations	
Within 1 year	
Over 1 year	STD
Other, complete recovery, no limitations, no history of falls, osteoarthritis	
or osteoporosis	DD
Within 1 year from last date of treatment	
Over 1 year from last date of treatment	
With internal fixation device	
Surgery recommended	
Multiple Fractures	
Current use of assistive devices (cane, walker, wheelchair, crutches,	DEC
Current use of assistive devices (cane, warker, wheelchair, crutches,	

or other)	DEC
Not traumatic, Pathological fracture or compression fracture	
History of joint replacement	DD
Within 6 months Over 6 months	PP
With full recovery (not receiving physical therapy or occupational	
therapy)	STD
With physical limitations or receiving physical therapy or occupational	DEC
therapy	DEC
$oldsymbol{G}$	
► Gallbladder Impairments	PREF
Gastric Bypass – See Obesity Surgery	
Giant Cell Arteritis	DEC
Cilliantia Disease ADS	
Gilbert's Disease - APS Definite diagnosis established by liver biopsy, within 3 years	STD
After three years, full recovery	
► Glaucoma	
Mild to moderate visual impairment, not progressive, no	
ADL limitations	
Severe, progressive, any ADL limitations	DEC
Resulting in unilateral or bilateral blindness (see Blindness)	
Goiter	PREF
Gout	PREF
Granulomatous Colitis – See Crohn's	
Guillain-Barre Syndrome - APS	
Present, or within two years	
After two years, full recovery, no residuals	STD
H	
Heart Attack – See Myocardial Infarction	
Heart Murmur (Valvular Heart Disease) - APS	
Mitral valve prolapse (MVP), mild – moderate	PREF/STD
Valve regurgitation, insufficiency, or stenosis	CED
Mild, controlled	
Severe	
Unstable, with complications, or surgery anticipated	DEC
Valve repair or replacement, full recovery, no complications after 6 months	
With additional heart disease, vascular risk factors, or diabetes	
Carona danoni	

Heart Valve Disorders – See Heart Murmur

Heart Valve Replacement, or Repair - APS	
Within 3 years	RA2
Over 3 years, no complications	STD
Hemiblock	STD
Hemiparesis	DEC
Hemiplegia	DEC
Hemochromatosis – APS	
Controlled	
Within 6 months	PP
Over 6 months	
Mild, stable, normal blood studies, no organ or joint	
involvement, with/without phlebotomy treatment	STD
With cirrhosis, esophageal or gastrointestinal bleeding, CHF	
or poorly controlled diabetes, or due to repeated transfusions or alcoholism	DEC
Hemophilia	DEC
Hepatitis - See Liver Disorders	
Hernia	PREF
Hernia Herniated Disc – See Back Disorders	PREF
	PREF
Herniated Disc – See Back Disorders	PREF
Herniated Disc – See Back Disorders High cholesterol – See Hypercholesterolemia	PREF
Herniated Disc – See Back Disorders High cholesterol – See Hypercholesterolemia High lipids – See Hypercholesterolemia Hip Replacement Complete recovery, no limitations	
Herniated Disc – See Back Disorders High cholesterol – See Hypercholesterolemia High lipids – See Hypercholesterolemia Hip Replacement Complete recovery, no limitations Within 1year	PP
Herniated Disc – See Back Disorders High cholesterol – See Hypercholesterolemia High lipids – See Hypercholesterolemia Hip Replacement Complete recovery, no limitations	PP
Herniated Disc – See Back Disorders High cholesterol – See Hypercholesterolemia High lipids – See Hypercholesterolemia Hip Replacement Complete recovery, no limitations Within 1year	PP STD
Herniated Disc – See Back Disorders High cholesterol – See Hypercholesterolemia High lipids – See Hypercholesterolemia Hip Replacement Complete recovery, no limitations Within 1 year Over 1 year	PP STD
Herniated Disc – See Back Disorders High cholesterol – See Hypercholesterolemia High lipids – See Hypercholesterolemia Hip Replacement Complete recovery, no limitations Within 1 year Over 1 year	PP STD DEC
Herniated Disc – See Back Disorders High cholesterol – See Hypercholesterolemia High lipids – See Hypercholesterolemia Hip Replacement Complete recovery, no limitations Within 1year Over 1year Ner 1year With Positive Hodgkin's Disease – See Cancer, Lymphoma, Hodgkin's Hydrocephalus	PP STD DEC
Herniated Disc – See Back Disorders High cholesterol – See Hypercholesterolemia High lipids – See Hypercholesterolemia Hip Replacement Complete recovery, no limitations Within 1year Over 1year New York Positive Hodgkin's Disease – See Cancer, Lymphoma, Hodgkin's Hydrocephalus Hypercholesterolemia (Hyperlipidemia Hypertriglyceridemia)	
Herniated Disc – See Back Disorders High cholesterol – See Hypercholesterolemia High lipids – See Hypercholesterolemia Hip Replacement Complete recovery, no limitations Within 1year Over 1year New York Positive Hodgkin's Disease – See Cancer, Lymphoma, Hodgkin's Hydrocephalus Hypercholesterolemia (Hyperlipidemia Hypertriglyceridemia)	PP
Herniated Disc – See Back Disorders High cholesterol – See Hypercholesterolemia High lipids – See Hypercholesterolemia Hip Replacement Complete recovery, no limitations Within 1year Over 1year Ner 1year Ner 1year Within Spisease – See Cancer, Lymphoma, Hodgkin's Hydrocephalus Hypercholesterolemia (Hyperlipidemia Hypertriglyceridemia) Controlled	PP

► Hypertension - APS

Note: For pills that have combination of medications, each medication is counted. For example Prinzide is an ACE inhibitor and thiazide diuretic combination used to treat high blood pressure. This would count as 2 medications.

Controlled (Average reading 140/90 is considered to be well controlled)	
2 or fewer medications, or diet controlled, no complications	PREF/STD
Average reading < 160/90.	
Average reading < 170/94	
with Diabetes (Controlled).	
with Coronary Artery Disease (Controlled),	
No Tobacco use.	STD
Tobacco use	
With Carotid Artery Disease or Peripheral Vascular Disease, (Controlled)	
No Tobacco use.	IC
Tobacco use	
with Diabetes and Coronary Artery Disease or Peripheral Vascular Disease o	
Artery Disease	
Uncontrolled, or severe, readings over 170/94, resistance to treatment, poor medi	ical
compliance, frequent medication changes, or other complications	
Pulmonary Hypertension	DEC
► Hyperthyroidism	PREF
Hypertriglyceridemia – See Hypercholesterolemia	
Hypertrophy, Prostate - See Prostatic Hypertrophy, Benign	
Hypoglycemia, functional	PREF
► Hypothyroidism	PREF
Hysterectomy, no malignancy	PREF
Idiopathic Thrombocytopenia Purpura (ITP) - See Thrombocytopenia Purpura	
H · · · A DC	CTD
Ileitis - APS	STD
Incontinence - APS - Handle for cause	STD/DEC
Irritable Bowel Syndrome – See Colitis	
J	
Jaundice – Recovered.	STD



Kidney Disorders

Kidney Dialysis	DEC
Kidney or Renal Failure - APS Acute, fully recovered, with or without temporary dialysis, no complications or residuals, no diabetes, kidney function presently normal Within 12 months Over 12 months Chronic, history of diabetes or hypertension, dialysis or kidney transplant recommended, indwelling urinary catheter, or creatinine level over 3.0	PREF
Kidney or Renal Insufficiency - APS Acute, fully recovered, with or without temporary dialysis, no complications or residuals, no diabetes, kidney function presently normal	
Within 12 months	
Over 12 months	
Over 2 years.	
Chronic, history of diabetes or hypertension, dialysis or kidney transplant recommended, indwelling urinary catheter, or blood creatinine over 3.0,	
or creatinine clearance under 60%	
Kidney Stones	
Kidney Transplant	DEC
► Medullary Sponge Kidney	
Unilateral, no stones, obstruction, or infection, good renal function	PREF/STD
Nephritis (Kidney Inflammation) – APS Acute single episode, fully recovered, normal kidney function Within 3 months	PP
Over 3 months	
Chronic or frequent	
Lupus	DEC
Nephrectomy - APS Unilateral, not due to cancer or disease (includes for donor purposes) Upon full recovery and return to normal activities, no residual impairment, no diabetes, normal blood work With diagnosis of diabetes.	
► Polycystic Kidney Disease	DEC

Within 6 months Over 6 months With full recovery STD
With full recovery
Vymbaria Caa Daali Digandana
Kyphosis – See Back Disorders
Labyrinthitis, controlled PREF
Leukemia - APS
Present, or treatment within two years
In remission, after two years
Liver Disorders - APS
CirrhosisDEC
Enlarged
Cause known
Cause unknown, no associated signs, liver function
tests normal (147 not available)
After two years, currently normal PREF
Fatty Liver
Asymptomatic, no treatment, weight in standard or preferred category Normal liver function tests, occasional use or no use of alcohol
Abnormal liver function tests or daily use of alcohol
Flukes
Within two years
After two years, no complications
Monatitis
Hepatitis Type A
Within 1 yearPP
After 1 year, full recovery PREF
Type B
Within 1 yearPP
Acute, after 1 year, full recovery, normal liver functions tests
negative HBsAgSTD
Chronic, after 1 year, normal liver functions tests,
over age 50 at diagnosis
under age 50 at diagnosis
With Alcohol use or substance abuse
Type C If unresponsive to Interferon (or Ribavirin if used) or no treatment givenDEC
Chronic, active, alcohol related, fibrosis, cirrhosisDEC
Successfully treated with Interferon
Within 1 yearsPP
Over 1 years, neg RNA, normal LFT's STD
Transplant LiverDEC

Lordosis – See Back Disorders

Lou Gehrig's Disease – See ALS Lupus Erythematosus - APS Discoid, controlled, firm diagnosis Within 6 monthsPP Over 6 months STD Lymphoma, Hodgkin's - See Cancer Lymphoma, Non-Hodgkin's - See Cancer ► Macular Degeneration - APS Early or stable, with mild visual impairment, either bilateral or unilateral, completely independent, no ADL impairments Legally Blind, independent, no ADL impairments Within 12 monthsPP Over 12 months RA2/DEC Progressive or existing neurological symptoms, or ADL impairment DEC Manic Depression - See Psychiatric Disorders Melanoma - See Cancer Memory Loss......DEC Meniere's Disease If controlled, no associated deafness STD **Meningioma, Brain** – See Brain Tumors **Meningitis - APS** With sequelae DEC ► Mental Retardation - APS – Also Rate for cause No Social Security Disability benefits, not on Medicaid, no active POA Moderate to Severe retardation, or not self-supporting, or not capable of self-careDEC Mitral Valve Disorder – See Heart Murmur

▶ Indicates a revision has been made

Multiple MyelomaDEC

Muscular Dystrophy......DEC Myasthenia Gravis DEC

Myocardial Infarction - APS	
Within six months	
Atter six months, retain to unrestricted detivity	
$oldsymbol{\mathbb{N}}$	
Narcolepsy	DEC
Nephrectomy - See Kidney Disorders	
Neuralgia, Neuritis – APS - (See LTC Quick Reference Drug List)	
Alcoholic or Diabetic	DEC
Mild or Trigmental, Toxic, Facial, Tic Douloureux, or non-infectious Single occurrence, recovered	
Within 1 year	STD
Over 1 year	PREF
Severe or recurrent Within 3 years (P147 not available)	RA4
Over 3 years full recovery	
With chronic pain medication	
Spinal involvement - See Sciatica	
Traumatic Within 6 months	DD
Over 6 months, full recovery	
•	
Neurogenic Bladder Present	DEC
With recovery, within two years, no complications	
After two years	PREF
► Neuropathy, Peripheral – APS - (See LTC Quick Reference Drug List)	
Also Rate for Any Cause	
Mild, sensory only, no motor involvement, no falls, no autoimmune disorder,	
no alcoholism, no diabetes, minimal treatment, with no progression or limitations.	STD
Other, with complications, motor involvement, progression or limitations	
Neuropathy, Poly-	DEC
Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma – See Cancer	
$oldsymbol{\mathbb{O}}$	
Obesity - See Height and Weight Chart	
Obesity Surgery (Jejunoileal Shunt, Gastric Bypass Surgery, Vertical Banded Gastroplasty, Gastric Banding)	DEC
Organic Brain Syndrome	DEC
Organ Transplant	DEC
Osteitis Deformans (Paget's Disease, Bone) – APS (P147 not available)	RA4
Osteorarthritis – See Arthritis	
Indicates a ravision has been made	Dhygiaian Mut

Osteomyelitis – APS Mild, non-disabling, complete recovery within five years	STD
After five years	
Severe or disabling (See LTC Quick Reference Drug List)	DEC
Osteopenia – See Back Disorders	
Osteoporosis – See Back Disorders	
P	
Paget's Disease, Bone – See Osteitis Deformans	
Paget's Disease, Breast – See Cancer, Breast	
Pacemaker/Defibrillator Implant - APS (Also see associated heart disorder)	
Stable, no complications	STD/RA1
Pancreatitis - APS	
Acute	
Chronic	DEC
Paraparesis	DEC
Paraplegia	DEC
Parkinson's Disease (See LTC Quick Reference Drug List)	DEC
Peripheral Neuropathy – See Neuropathy, Peripheral	
► Peripheral Vascular Disease - APS	
Mild, asymptomatic, stable, no claudication, no skin ulcers, no diabetes or	
other circulatory disorders, no history of surgery, no surgery anticipated,	CED
arterial dopplers favorable, no other complications	S1D
extremities, no residuals, high activity level, no claudication,	
arterial dopplers favorable, no other complications	
Within 12 months	
Over 12 months	RA2
Symptomatic, or hospitalization within the past 12 months for PVD or complications, history of diabetes, history of vascular by-pass or surgery	
of the lower extremities, skin ulcers or skin breakdown, or poor activity level.	DFC
With tobacco use	
Phlebitis - APS	
Unoperated, or operated within two years	STD
Operated over two years	
Polio, Poliomyelitis - APS	
No residuals or mild residuals	PREF
► Indicates a revision has been made	Physician Muti

Moderate residuals	
Crippling or disabling Post-Polio Syndrome, if crippling or disabling, or with ADL impairment	
1 Ost-1 ono Syndrome, il erippinig of disaoning, of with ADL impairment	DEC
Polycystic Kidney Disease – See Kidney Disorders	
Polycythemia – APS	STD/DEC
Polymyalgia Rheumatica (PMR) – APS (See LTC Quick Reference Drug List)	
Resolved, full recovery, no residuals, no treatment	
Within 6 months	
Over 6 months.	PREF
Present Controlled with medication	
Within 12 months	pp
Over 12 months	1
Asymptomatic, no ADL limitations, no residuals,	
10 mg or less prednisone daily	RA1
Not well controlled, over 10 mg prednisone, any ADL	
limitations, or chronic narcotic use for pain	DEC
Polyneuropathy	DEC
· · ·	
Prostatic Enlargement – See Prostatic Hypertrophy, Benign	
Prostatic Hypertrophy, Benign (BPH, Prostate Enlargement)	
PSA levels normal for age, no surgery planned or recommended,	
no surgery within past 3 months	.PREF/STD
Prostatitis	
► Psychiatric Disorders - APS - (See LTC Quick Reference Drug List)	
► Psychiatric Disorders - APS - (See LTC Quick Reference Drug List) Depression / Anxiety disorder	
► Psychiatric Disorders - APS - (See LTC Quick Reference Drug List) Depression / Anxiety disorder Situational, temporary life crisis with or without medication,	PREF
➤ Psychiatric Disorders - APS - (See LTC Quick Reference Drug List) Depression / Anxiety disorder Situational, temporary life crisis with or without medication, full recovery for 6 months	PREF
► Psychiatric Disorders - APS - (See LTC Quick Reference Drug List) Depression / Anxiety disorder Situational, temporary life crisis with or without medication,	PREF
▶ Psychiatric Disorders - APS - (See LTC Quick Reference Drug List) Depression / Anxiety disorder Situational, temporary life crisis with or without medication, full recovery for 6 months Mild, stable with low dose regular medication, symptoms lasting longer than 6 months Moderate, stable with medication compliance, no suicide ideation, no hospital	PREF PREF STD
➤ Psychiatric Disorders - APS - (See LTC Quick Reference Drug List) Depression / Anxiety disorder Situational, temporary life crisis with or without medication, full recovery for 6 months Mild, stable with low dose regular medication, symptoms lasting longer than 6 months. Moderate, stable with medication compliance, no suicide ideation, no hospital ER visits.	PREF PREF STD
 ▶ Psychiatric Disorders - APS - (See LTC Quick Reference Drug List) Depression / Anxiety disorder Situational, temporary life crisis with or without medication, full recovery for 6 months Mild, stable with low dose regular medication, symptoms lasting longer than 6 months Moderate, stable with medication compliance, no suicide ideation, no hospital ER visits With history of single hospitalization or ER visit 	PREF PREF STD STD lization or STD/RA1
▶ Psychiatric Disorders - APS - (See LTC Quick Reference Drug List) Depression / Anxiety disorder Situational, temporary life crisis with or without medication, full recovery for 6 months Mild, stable with low dose regular medication, symptoms lasting longer than 6 months. Moderate, stable with medication compliance, no suicide ideation, no hospital ER visits. With history of single hospitalization or ER visit Within 2 years.	PREF PREF STD STD STD/RA1
▶ Psychiatric Disorders - APS - (See LTC Quick Reference Drug List) Depression / Anxiety disorder Situational, temporary life crisis with or without medication, full recovery for 6 months Mild, stable with low dose regular medication, symptoms lasting longer than 6 months. Moderate, stable with medication compliance, no suicide ideation, no hospital ER visits. With history of single hospitalization or ER visit Within 2 years. Over 2 years.	PREF PREF STD STD STD/RA1 PP RA1/RA2
 Psychiatric Disorders - APS - (See LTC Quick Reference Drug List) Depression / Anxiety disorder Situational, temporary life crisis with or without medication, full recovery for 6 months Mild, stable with low dose regular medication, symptoms lasting longer than 6 months Moderate, stable with medication compliance, no suicide ideation, no hospital ER visits With history of single hospitalization or ER visit Within 2 years Over 2 years Poor control, multiple medications, multiple hospitalizations or ER visits, hist 	PREF PREF STD STD STD/RA1 PP RA1/RA2
 ▶ Psychiatric Disorders - APS - (See LTC Quick Reference Drug List) Depression / Anxiety disorder Situational, temporary life crisis with or without medication, full recovery for 6 months. Mild, stable with low dose regular medication, symptoms lasting longer than 6 months. Moderate, stable with medication compliance, no suicide ideation, no hospital ER visits. With history of single hospitalization or ER visit Within 2 years. Over 2 years. Poor control, multiple medications, multiple hospitalizations or ER visits, hist electro-convulsive shock therapy, suicide ideation or attempt, drug and 	PREF PREF STD STD STD/RA1 PP RA1/RA2 Sory of
 Psychiatric Disorders - APS - (See LTC Quick Reference Drug List) Depression / Anxiety disorder Situational, temporary life crisis with or without medication, full recovery for 6 months Mild, stable with low dose regular medication, symptoms lasting longer than 6 months Moderate, stable with medication compliance, no suicide ideation, no hospital ER visits With history of single hospitalization or ER visit Within 2 years Over 2 years Poor control, multiple medications, multiple hospitalizations or ER visits, hist 	PREF PREF STD STD STD/RA1 PP RA1/RA2 Sory of DEC
 ▶ Psychiatric Disorders - APS - (See LTC Quick Reference Drug List) Depression / Anxiety disorder Situational, temporary life crisis with or without medication, full recovery for 6 months. Mild, stable with low dose regular medication, symptoms lasting longer than 6 months. Moderate, stable with medication compliance, no suicide ideation, no hospital ER visits. With history of single hospitalization or ER visit Within 2 years. Over 2 years. Poor control, multiple medications, multiple hospitalizations or ER visits, hist electro-convulsive shock therapy, suicide ideation or attempt, drug and alcohol abuse. Severe, bipolar, manic, major, psychotic, dysthymic, schizophrenia. 	PREF PREF STD STD STD/RA1 PP RA1/RA2 Sory of DEC
 ▶ Psychiatric Disorders - APS - (See LTC Quick Reference Drug List) Depression / Anxiety disorder Situational, temporary life crisis with or without medication, full recovery for 6 months. Mild, stable with low dose regular medication, symptoms lasting longer than 6 months. Moderate, stable with medication compliance, no suicide ideation, no hospital ER visits. With history of single hospitalization or ER visit Within 2 years. Over 2 years. Poor control, multiple medications, multiple hospitalizations or ER visits, hist electro-convulsive shock therapy, suicide ideation or attempt, drug and alcohol abuse. Severe, bipolar, manic, major, psychotic, dysthymic, schizophrenia.	PREF PREF STD STD/RA1 PP RA1/RA2 cory of DEC DEC
 ▶ Psychiatric Disorders - APS - (See LTC Quick Reference Drug List) Depression / Anxiety disorder Situational, temporary life crisis with or without medication, full recovery for 6 months. Mild, stable with low dose regular medication, symptoms lasting longer than 6 months. Moderate, stable with medication compliance, no suicide ideation, no hospital ER visits. With history of single hospitalization or ER visit Within 2 years. Over 2 years. Poor control, multiple medications, multiple hospitalizations or ER visits, hist electro-convulsive shock therapy, suicide ideation or attempt, drug and alcohol abuse. Severe, bipolar, manic, major, psychotic, dysthymic, schizophrenia. Post-Traumatic Stress Syndrome Within 12 months	PREF PREF STD STD/RA1 PP RA1/RA2 cory of DEC DEC
 ▶ Psychiatric Disorders - APS - (See LTC Quick Reference Drug List) Depression / Anxiety disorder Situational, temporary life crisis with or without medication, full recovery for 6 months. Mild, stable with low dose regular medication, symptoms lasting longer than 6 months. Moderate, stable with medication compliance, no suicide ideation, no hospital ER visits. With history of single hospitalization or ER visit Within 2 years. Over 2 years. Poor control, multiple medications, multiple hospitalizations or ER visits, hist electro-convulsive shock therapy, suicide ideation or attempt, drug and alcohol abuse. Severe, bipolar, manic, major, psychotic, dysthymic, schizophrenia. Post-Traumatic Stress Syndrome Within 12 months Over 12 months 	PREF PREF STD STD/RA1 PP RA1/RA2 cory of DEC DEC
 ▶ Psychiatric Disorders - APS - (See LTC Quick Reference Drug List) Depression / Anxiety disorder Situational, temporary life crisis with or without medication, full recovery for 6 months. Mild, stable with low dose regular medication, symptoms lasting longer than 6 months. Moderate, stable with medication compliance, no suicide ideation, no hospital ER visits. With history of single hospitalization or ER visit Within 2 years. Over 2 years. Poor control, multiple medications, multiple hospitalizations or ER visits, hist electro-convulsive shock therapy, suicide ideation or attempt, drug and alcohol abuse. Post-Traumatic Stress Syndrome Within 12 months Over 12 months Over 12 months Stable, no suicide ideation or attempt, controlled with 	PREF PREF STD STD/RA1 PP RA1/RA2 Sory of DEC PP
 ▶ Psychiatric Disorders - APS - (See LTC Quick Reference Drug List) Depression / Anxiety disorder Situational, temporary life crisis with or without medication, full recovery for 6 months. Mild, stable with low dose regular medication, symptoms lasting longer than 6 months. Moderate, stable with medication compliance, no suicide ideation, no hospital ER visits. With history of single hospitalization or ER visit Within 2 years. Over 2 years. Poor control, multiple medications, multiple hospitalizations or ER visits, hist electro-convulsive shock therapy, suicide ideation or attempt, drug and alcohol abuse. Severe, bipolar, manic, major, psychotic, dysthymic, schizophrenia. Post-Traumatic Stress Syndrome Within 12 months Over 12 months 	PREF PREF STD STD/RA1 PP RA1/RA2 cory of DEC PP

attempt, drug abuse or alcohol abuseDEC
Other psychiatric disorders
Pulmonary Embolism – APS Single occurrence, fully recovered PREF Recurrent, full recovery Within 1 year PP Over 1 year STD If associated with other health conditions IC
Pulmonary Valve Disorders – See Heart Murmurs
$ m extbf{R}$
Raynaud's Disease or Raynaud's Phenomenon - APS
Reiter's Syndrome (Reactive Arthritis) - See Arthritis
Renal Failure – See (Kidney Disorders) Kidney Failure
Renal Insufficiency – See (Kidney Disorders) Kidney Insufficiency
► Rheumatism Mild, single episode within one year
Rheumatoid Arthritis – APS – (See LTC Quick Reference Drug List) Mild, minimal involvement, no deformities or restrictions, controlled
with non-steroid drugs
no other arthritis medication
medication
$oldsymbol{\mathbb{S}}$
Sarcoidosis DEC
Schizophrenia – See Psychiatric Disorders
Sciatica – See Back Disorders
SclerodermaDEC
Scoliosis – See Back Disorders
Seizure Disorder - See Epilepsy

Sjogren's Syndrome (SICCA Syndrome)	DEC
Sleep Apnea - APS	
Mild, no treatment recommended	PRFF
Moderate, compliance with C-PAP or Bi-PAP, (no history of COPD,	1 KL1
emphysema, chronic bronchitis, bronchiectasis, or evidence of pulmonary	
hypertension, obesity, congestive heart failure, left ventricular hypertrophy	
severe cardiac arrhythmia or narcolepsy)	
Within 6 months	pp
Over 6 months	
Surgically corrected, full recovery, no complications or further treatment	
Severe, on oxygen, oxygen concentrator or oxygen recommended, non-compliant	
with recommend C-PAP or Bi-PAP use, or with cardiac arrhythmia	DEC
Spastic Colitis – See Colitis	
Spinal Stenosis – See Back Disorders	
Stent - See Angioplasty	
Stroke - See Cerebral Vascular Accident	
Syncope (Dizzy Spell, Fainting or Blackout)	
Single episode	220
Cause known	RFC
Cause unknown	D.D.
Within 6 months	
Over 6 months	S1D
Multiple episodes Within 1 year	DD
Over 1 year	
Over 1 year	
T	
Temporal Arteritis	DD
Present or within 1 years	
Over 1 years, full recovery	
with aortic insufficiency of it Giant Cen Afternis	DEC
Thrombocytopenic Purpura (ITP) - APS	
Present or on steroid therapy	DD
Within 2 years	
Over 2 years (P147 not available)	KA4
Single episode, complete remission, with splenectomy	nn
Within 2 years (P147 not excileble)	PP
Over 2 years (P147 not available) Two to five years (no steroid therapy)	
107	
After five years	ГКЕГ
► Tobacco Use	
No Use within 12 months.	PREF
Use within 12 months.	
With Peripheral Vascular Disease, Carotid Stenosis, COPD, Emphysema,	
Bronchiectasis, Chronic Bronchitis, History of Lung Cancer	DEC

► Transient Ischemic Attack, TIA, or Amaurosis Fugax - APS	
Single event	DD
Within 2 years Over 2 years	РР
Fully recovered, no residuals	CTD
Minimal residuals (no ADL impairment, ambulatory or	, 51D
Mobility problems or assistive device use)	STD/RA1
With history of atrial fibrillation with chronic	
anti-coagulant therapy, up to years maximum benefit multiplier)	
No tobacco use (P147 not available)	RA4
With tobacco use	
With diabetes, or history of chronic congestive heart failure, cardiomyopat	hy,
heart valve disorders, other residuals or ADL impairment,	
ambulatory or mobility problems or assistive device use,	DEC
history of alcoholism or alcohol abuse	
2 of more events	DEC
Transplant (organ)	DEC
Tremors – APS - (See LTC Quick Reference Drug List)	CTD
Essential or benign familial (firm diagnosis) Progressive	
Assistive device use	
Assistive device use	DLC
Tricuspid Valve Disorder – See Heart Murmur	
U	
► Ulcer (Gastric, Duodenal, Jejunal, Stomach)	
Present or treated within five years	STD
Over five years, no treatment or recurrence	PREF
Partial or total gastrectomy, or 75% or more gastric resection,	
full recovery (P147 not available) – APS	
Recurrent symptoms, or hemorrhage after two surgical procedures	DEC
Ulcerative Colitis – See Crohn's	
Urinary Infection – See Bladder Disease	
$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$	
Valvular Heart Disease – See Heart Murmurs	
Ventricular Fibrillation - APS	STD
Ventricular Hypertrophy - APS	STD/IC
Ventricular Septal Defect - APS Unoperated, or operated within two years (P147 not available) Operated over two years, recovered, and returned to unrestricted activity	
——	I KET



Wolff-Parkinson-White Syndrome - APS Asymptomatic, not on cardiac medication PREF On medication, or with complications STD

Height/Weight Chart Male

Height	Preferred	Standard	Decline
4'10"	100-174	175-222	over 222
4'11"	101-175	176-225	over 225
5'0"	102-178	179-229	over 229
5'1"	104-181	182-235	over 235
5'2"	106-185	186-241	over 241
5'3"	109-190	191-247	over 247
5'4"	112-195	196-254	over 254
5'5"	115-201	202-262	over 262
5'6"	119-207	208-270	over 270
5'7"	122-214	215-278	over 278
5'8"	126-220	221-286	over 286
5'9"	130-226	227-293	over 293
5'10"	134-231	232-300	over 300
5'11"	138-236	237-307	over 307
6'0"	142-242	243-315	over 315
6'1"	147-248	249-323	over 323
6'2"	152-254	255-332	over 332
6'3"	157-261	262-342	over 342
6'4"	162-268	269-352	over 352
6'5"	167-275	276-362	over 362
6'6"	172-282	283-372	over 372
6'7"	177-289	290-382	over 382
6'8"	182-296	297-392	over 392
6'9"	187-304	305-402	over 402
6'10"	192-311	312-413	over 413
6'11"	197-319	320-424	over 424
7'0"	202-327	328-435	over 435

Height/Weight Chart Female

Height	Preferred	Standard	Decline
4'10"	90-148	149-193	over 193
4'11"	91-151	152-197	over 197
5'0"	92-154	155-200	over 200
5'1"	94-157	158-204	over 204
5'2"	97-160	161-207	over 207
5'3"	99-163	164-211	over 211
5'4"	102-166	167-215	over 215
5'5"	105-170	171-220	over 220
5'6"	108-173	174-224	over 224
5'7"	112-177	178-230	over 230
5'8"	115-182	183-236	over 236
5'9"	118-188	189-244	over 244
5'10"	122-194	195-253	over 254
5'11"	125-201	202-262	over 262
6'0"	129-208	209-270	over 271
6'1"	132-215	216-280	over 280
6'2"	136-221	222-288	over 288
6'3"	139-228	229-297	over 297
6'4"	143-234	235-305	over 305
6'5"	146-240	241-312	over 312
6'6''	150-244	245-317	over 317
6'7"	154-250	251-325	over 325

XVIII Long Term Care Combined Medical Conditions Quick Reference Chart

	Atrial Fib >6 mos	Stroke >4 yrs ago	TIA >4 yrs ago	Valvular Heart Disease	Type 2 DM Under Control	PVD >12 mo	Carotid Stenosis <70% occl.	Coronary Artery Disease	Smoker in past 12 mos.	CHF (EF>40%)
Atrial Fibrillation diagnosed over 6 months Ago *	X	DEC	DEC	IC	IC	IC	IC	IC	IC	IC
Stroke Over 4 years ago *	DEC	X	DEC	IC	DEC	IC	DEC	IC	IC	DEC
Iransient Ischemic Attack Over 4 years ago*	DEC	DEC	X	IC	DEC	IC	DEC	IC	IC	DEC
Valvular Heart Disease *	IC	IC	IC	_X	IC	IC	DEC	IC	IC	IC
Type 2 <u>Diabetes</u> * Controlled	IC	DEC	DEC	IC	_X	DEC	DEC	DEC	IC	DEC
Peripheral Vascular Disease >12 mos ago *	IC	IC	IC	IC	DEC	X	IC	IC	DEC	IC
Carotid Stenosis Less than 70% occluded*	IC	DEC	DEC	DEC	DEC	IC	X	IC	DEC	IC
Coronary Artery Disease *	IC	IC	IC	IC	DEC	IC	IC	X	IC	IC
Smoker within the past 12 months *	IC	IC	IC	IC	IC	DEC	DEC	IC	X	IC
Congestive Heart Failure (with Ejection Fraction over 40%) *	IC	DEC	DEC	IC	DEC	IC	IC	IC	IC	X

DEC=Decline. Do not submit an application.

IC=Individual Consideration. An application will be entertained. (File development may result in an offer of reduced benefits, a substandard rating or a decline.)

*See page below for questions you should ask your client regarding above conditions.

To find out if your client has <u>uninsurable</u> complications/symptoms, ask questions below.

ATRIAL FIBRILLATION:

- 1. "Diagnosed less than 3 month ago?" If "yes" do not submit application.
- 2. If diagnosed over 3 months ago, ask: "Have you within the past 3 months had new symptoms of...
 - ...fatigue or shortness of breath or been unable to exercise?"
 - ...weakness, dizziness, or fainting?"
 - ...chest pain or racing heart not evaluated by your doctor?" If "yes" do not submit application.

CAROTID STENOSIS:

- 1. "Is the carotid blockage more than 70%?" If "yes" do not submit application.
- 2. If blockage is less than 70%, ask: "Have you had within the past 3 months new symptoms of...
 - ...vision loss in one eye that comes and goes?'
 - ...weakness &/or numbness on one side of the body?"
 - ...difficulty talking or difficulty understanding spoken words?" If "yes" do not submit application.

CONGESTIVE HEART FAILURE (CHF):

- 1. "Is your heart ejection fraction less than 40%?" If "yes" do not submit application.
- 2. If the ejection fraction is over 40%, ask: "Have you had within the past 3 months new symptoms of...
 - ...fatigue or shortness of breath or been unable to exercise?"
 - ...a dry cough that won't go away not evaluated by vour doctor?"
 - ...swelling in the stomach or swelling in the legs or non-healing sores on the legs?"

If "yes" do not submit an application.

CORONARY ARTERY DISEASE (CAD):

- 1. "Diagnosed less than 3 months ago?" If "yes" do not submit application.
- 2. If diagnosed over 3 months ago, ask: "Have you had within the past 3 months new symptoms of...
 - ...pain, heaviness, tightness, burning, or pressure in the chest not evaluated by your doctor?"
 - ...weakness, dizziness, shortness of breath or been unable to exercise?'
 - ...a racing heart sensation not evaluated by your doctor?" If "yes" do not submit application.

DIABETES, TYPE 2:

- 1. "Is your diabetes not controlled very well?" If "yes" do not submit application.
- 2. If diabetes is controlled, ask: "Do you have...
 - ...a history of recurrent or non-healing foot sores or numbness of the feet &/or legs?
 - ...vision problems associated with being a diabetic?"
 - ...kidney problems or have you been told you have too much protein in the urine?"

If "yes" do not submit application.

PERIPHERAL VASCULAR DISEASE (PVD):

- 1. "Diagnosed less than 12 months ago?" If "yes" do not submit application.
- 2. If diagnosed over 12 months ago, ask: "Have you had within the past 3 months new symptoms of...
 - ...increasing leg pain, leg fatigue, or leg cramps?'
 - ...skin color changes of the legs or non-healing sores of the legs?"

If "yes" do not submit application.

HISTORY OF SMOKING:

- 1. "Have you had within the past 3 months new symptoms of...
 - ...fatique or shortness of breath or been unable to exercise?"
 - ...pain with breathing or a chronic cough or coughing up blood?"

If "yes" do not submit application.

HISTORY OF STROKE:

- 1. "Was your stroke less than 4 years ago?" If "yes" do not submit application.
- 2. If over 4 years ago, ask: "Have you had within the past 3 months new symptoms of...
 - ...sudden numbness or tingling or facial paralysis?"
 - ...sudden vision changes or eye pain or speech difficulty or confusion?"
 - ...sudden weakness or dizziness or loss of balance or falling?" If "yes" do not submit application.

HISTORY OF TIA (TRANSIENT ISCHEMIC ATTACK):

- 1. "Was your TIA less than 4 years ago?" If "yes" do not submit application.
- 2. If over 4 years ago, ask: "Have you had within the past 3 months new symptoms of...
 - ...sudden numbness or tingling or facial paralysis?'
 - ...sudden vision changes or eye pain or speech difficulty or confusion?"
 - ...sudden weakness or dizziness or loss of balance or falling?" If "yes" do not submit application.

VALVULAR HEART DISEASE (VHD):

- 1. "Have you had within the past 3 months new symptoms of...
 - ...racing heart or chest pain not evaluated by your doctor?"
 - ...cough that won't go away or shortness of breath or been unable to exercise?"
 - ...fatigue or dizziness or fainting or leg swelling?"

If "yes" do not submit application.

XIX General Product Information

Vista Care Choices Series P145, P146, P147, P148

Any variation from these general underwriting rules necessitated by a particular state regulation will be addressed individually.

A. The A-LTC-RF application will be the standard form the for Vista products. Modes available are Monthly ABW, Quarterly, Semi-annual, and Annual. Premium payment periods are 10-Pay & 20-Pay (available for ages 35 and over), and Paid-up-at-65 (only available for ages 35 to 55).

Issue ages: 18 through 84 for all benefit multipliers

- B. These policies are issued on an Individual basis only. However, if LTC or HCC policies are issued to both husband and wife, each of the policies will be eligible for the Spousal discount for that policy (30%). If the client is married and only the husband or only the wife has a policy with us, then the client is eligible for the Married discount (10%). If family members reside in the same household for 2 or more years and if LTC or HCC policies are issued to at least 2 family members, then each of the policies will be eligible for the Family Member Discount (10%).
- C. The premium payment periods 10-pay, 20-pay, and Paid-up-at-65 are not available with the:
 - 1. P147:
 - 2. Surviving Spouse Waiver of Premium Rider;
 - 3. Joint Waiver of Premium Rider; or
 - 4. Guaranteed Purchase Option Rider

If any of these premium payment options are selected, and later dropped, there will be no refund of premium paid.

D. Form P145 Vista NTQ LTC

Benefit Amounts: \$1,500 minimum - \$12,000 maximum, per month in \$100 increments

Elimination Periods: 0, 30, 60, 90, 180, 365 Benefit Multiplier: 2, 3, 4, 5, 8 years, Lifetime

Please review your state guidelines for Benefit Amount limits for all policy kinds

Form P146 Vista TO LTC

Benefit Amounts: \$1,500 minimum - \$12,000 maximum, per month in \$100 increments

Elimination Periods: 0, 30, 60, 90, 180, 365 Benefit Multiplier: 2, 3, 4, 5, 8 years, Lifetime

Please review your state guidelines for Benefit Amount limits for all policy kinds

Form P147 Vista Home Care

Benefit Amounts: \$900 minimum - \$6,000 maximum, per month, in \$100 increments

Elimination Periods: 0, 15, 30, 60, 90, 180, 365

Benefit Multiplier: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 years

Please review your state guidelines for Benefit Amount limits for all policy kinds

Form P148 Vista Basic TQ LTC

Benefit amounts: \$900 minimum - \$9,000 maximum per month, in \$100 increments

Elimination Periods: 0, 30, 60, 90, 180, 365 Benefit Multiplier: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8 years, Lifetime

Please review your state guidelines for Benefit Amount limits for all policy kinds

- E. When it is necessary to discontinue coverage with another company in order to qualify for one of these policies, the other coverage must be discontinued within 90 days following the issue date of our policy.
- F. Optional Riders can be added at time of issue only (with the exception of the Spouse Premium Discount, Married Premium Discount, or Family Member Discount Riders). They can not be added to an existing policy after its date of issue. Any request for additional benefits will require a new application and will be underwritten.

Please review your state guidelines for limits for all policy kinds

P145, P146 Vista Products Optional Riders:

- 1. Compound Inflation Protection Benefit Rider
- 2. Compound Inflation Protection Benefit Rider 2X Maximum
- 3. Simple Inflation Protection Benefit Rider
- 4. Guaranteed Purchase Option Benefit Rider
- 5. Shortened Benefit Non-Forfeiture Rider
- 6. Surviving Spouse Waiver of Premium Rider
- 7. Joint Waiver of Premium Rider
- 8. Full Return of Premium Rider (Not available for ages 71 and older)
- 9. Return of Premium Rider (Not available for ages 71 and older)
- 10. Home Cash Benefit Rider
- 11. Waiver of the Elimination Period for the Home & Community Care Rider (not available with the "0" zero day elimination period)
- 12. Shared Care Benefit Rider (not available with Lifetime)
- 13. Spousal Discount Rider
- 14. Married Discount Rider
- 15. Family Member Discount Rider

P147 Vista Product Optional Riders:

- 1. Compound Inflation Protection Benefit Rider
- 2. Compound Inflation Protection Benefit Rider 2X Maximum
- 3. Simple Inflation Protection Benefit Rider
- 4. Guaranteed Purchase Option Benefit Rider
- 5. Shortened Benefit Non-Forfeiture Rider
- 6. Surviving Spouse Waiver of Premium Rider
- 7. Joint Waiver of Premium Rider
- 8. Spousal Discount Rider
- 9. Married Discount Rider
- 10. Family Member Discount Rider

P148 Vista Product Optional Riders:

- 1. Daily Home and Community Care Benefit Rider
- 2. Monthly Home and Community Care Benefit Rider
- 3. Compound Inflation Protection Benefit Rider
- 4. Compound Inflation Protection Benefit Rider 2X Maximum
- 5. Simple Inflation Protection Benefit Rider
- 6. Guaranteed Purchase Option Rider
- 7. Shortened Benefit Non-forfeiture Rider

- 8. Surviving Spouse Waiver of Premium Rider
- 9. Joint Waiver of Premium Rider
- 10. Full Return of Premium Rider (Not available for ages 71 and older)
- 11. Return of Premium Rider (Not available for ages 71 and older)
- 12. Shared Care Benefit Rider (not available with Lifetime)
- 13. Restoration of Benefits Rider (not available with Lifetime)
- 14. Calendar Day Elimination Period Rider (not available with the "0" zero day elimination period)
- 15. Spousal Discount Rider
- 16. Married Discount Rider
- 17. Family Member Discount Rider

Rider Rules:

- 1. The Joint Waiver of Premium Rider and the Surviving Spouse Waiver of Premium Rider require both husband and wife have the **same** policy form and effective date.
- 2. The Shared Care Benefit Rider is not to be sold with the Guaranteed Purchase Option Rider. Also this rider requires both husband and wife have the **same** coverage **and** effective date.
- 3. The Surviving Spouse Waiver of Premium is not to be sold with the Guaranteed Purchase Option Rider.

$\mathbf{X}\mathbf{X}$ **Franchise Group Underwriting Requirements**

- 1. Qualifications for simplified or modified guaranteed acceptance underwriting will only be accepted with prior Home Office approval. Please note this request on the PM1935 (PM1935-CO for Colorado, PM1935-LA for Louisiana).
 - Groups submitting less than 25 applications will receive regular underwriting.
 - Groups submitting 25 or more applications may qualify for simplified underwriting (See #10).
 - Groups submitting 100 or more applications may qualify for modified guaranteed acceptance (See #11).
- 2. Groups submitting 25 or more applications may qualify for simplified underwriting under the following conditions:
 - with prior home office approval,
 - Spouses, retirees and parents will be fully underwritten.

Every effort will be made to underwrite based on the information presented on the application and in a telephone Interview. That is, if the applicant is in excellent health, their weight falls within the preferred and standard category, is not taking any medications for APS'able conditions (see "*" conditions and Drug List in the Underwriting Guidelines), and is working or is very active.

An APS will be required if the applicant has any of these following conditions (This list is not all-inclusive, so other conditions may result in an APS):

- Blood disorders (except for compensated anemia)
- Heart Conditions
- Cancer with last treatment within past 5 years
- Rheumatoid or Psoriatic Arthritis
- Depression or anxiety history
- Stroke/TIA history
- Diabetes

- Vascular Disease (i.e. CAD, Carotid artery)
- Emphysema/COPD Disease)

At his/her discretion, the Underwriter reserves the right to order any additional information needed including but not limited to an APS, PHI, cognitive phone interview, or face-to-face interview.

Simplified Underwriting applies only to Long Term Care. If the client applies for multiple policies (i.e. Cancer, Disability, HIP, HMS, Life, or PPO) at the same time, the Underwriter will utilize all medical information required for the other coverage's to determine insurability for the Long Term Care coverage.

- 3. Groups submitting 100 or more applications may qualify for modified guaranteed acceptance with prior home office approval under the following conditions:
 - All eligible employees/ members must be covered (eligible means employees/ members ages 18-65, who work at least 30 hours per week),
 - The common entity must pay at least 50% of premium,
 - All employees/ members must have identical coverage (If needed, upgrades can be made available with underwriting),
 - Standard premium rates apply,
 - Spouses, retirees and parents will be fully underwritten,
 - Base plan offering will be established by the home office (P246 or P248 only),
 - Groups requesting underwriting concessions may require more than 24 hours for group approval.

Groups requesting a modified guaranteed acceptance concession will be required to submit the following information for home office consideration before any underwriting concessions are granted:

- A census of all eligible employees (including employee hire date),
- A breakdown of the total number of participants for each age,
- A breakdown of the occupations within the group and a description of their activities.
- New employees are eligible to apply 6 months after their hire date.

Physicians Mutual will review group participation levels. We reserve the right to reevaluate, and potentially change, the underwriting requirements of any group whose participation falls below 100 lives.

XXI Index {NOT UPDATED}

A	Back Disorders21	Combination Sales	8
Abscess 17	Basal Cell Carcinoma26	Compression Fracture	31
Abdominal abscess	Bell's Palsy22	Confusion	28
Abdominal aneurysm	Benefits, Increasing/Decreasing 9	Congestive Heart Failure	28
Acoustic Neuroma	Benign Prostatic Hypertrophy 40	Connective Tissue Disease	28
ADD21	Bipolar Disorder40	Cooley's Anemia	18
Adhesions 17	Blacked Out42	COPD	27
Addison's Disease	Bladder Cancer24	Coronary Artery Disease	28
Adrenocortical Hyperfunction 24	Bladder Disease22	Counter offers	13
Adult Day Care17	Blindness22	CREST Syndrome	29
Assisted Living	Blood Pressure, High34	Crohn's Disease	29
AIDS17	Bone Cancer24	Cushing's Syndrome	29
Alcoholism	BPH40	CVA	27
Allergies/Hay Fever	Brain Abscess17	Cystitis	18
ALS 18	Brain Cancer24		
Alzheimer's Disease	Brain Tumor23	D	
Amaurosis Fugax 18	Breast Cancer24	Decreasing Benefits	9
Amnesia	Bronchiecstasis27	Deep Vein Thrombosis	29
Amputation 18	Bronchitis23	Defibrillator Implant	39
Anemia 18	Buerger's Disease23	Degenerative Disc Disease	20
Aneurysm 19	Bypass Surgery28	Degenerative Joint Disease	20
Angina Pectoris		Dementia	29
Angioplasty	\mathbf{C}	Depression	40
Ankylosing Spondylitis19	Cancer24	Diabetes Mellitus	30
Anxiety Disorder 40	Cardiomyopathy26	Diskectomy	21
Aortic Aneurysm 19	Carotid Artery Disease26	Diverticulitis	30
Aplastic Anemia	Cataract27	Dizzy Spells	42
Application Requirements 3		Drug Abuse/Addiction	30
Applications, Non-Witnessed 4	Cerebral Aneurysm19	Drug List, Quick Reference.	15
Arrhythmias	Cerebral Palsy27	Dysthymic depression	40
Arteriosclerosis	Cerebral Vascular Accident 27		
Arteriovenus Malformations 20	Cerebral Vascular Disease 27	${f E}$	
Arteritis	Chronic Fatigue Syndrome27	Emphysema	27
Arthritis	Chronic Pain Syndrome27	Epilepsy	
Arthroscopy	Claudication39	Esophageal Cancer	24
Asthma	Cognitive Disorder28	Esophageal Reflux	30
Ataxia 20	Colitis (Irritable bowel)28		
Atrial Fibrillation	Colitis, Ulcerative29	F	
Attention Deficit (ADD)21	Collagen Vascular Disease28	Factor V Leiden Syndrome.	31
	Colon Cancer24	Fainting	
В	Colostomy23	Falls	

Fanconi's Anemia	Hyperlipidemia33	Liver Transplant	36
Fatty Liver	Hypertension34	Lordosis	21
Fibromyalgia31	Hyperthyroidism34	Lou Gehrig's Disease	18
Fibromyositis31	Hypertriglyceridemia33	Lung Cancer	25
Fractures	Hypoglycemia34	Lupus Erythematosus	37
	Hypothyroidism34	Lymphoma, Hodgkin's	25
G	Hysterectomy34	Lymphoma, Non-Hodgkin's	25
Gallbladder Impairments 32			
Gastric Bypass 38	I	M	
General Product Info	Idiopathic Thrombocytopenia 34	Macular Degeneration	37
Giant Cell Arteritis 32	Ileitis34	Manic Depression	40
Gilbert's Disease	Incontinence34	Melanoma	25
Glaucoma	Iliac Aneurysm39	Manic Depression	40
Goiter32	Impairment Guide 17	Medullary Sponge Kidney	35
Gout	Increasing Benefits9	Memory Loss	37
Granulomatous Colitis 29	Ineligibility Conditions 8, 14	Meniere's Disease	37
Guillain-Barre Syndrome 32	Iron Deficiency Anemia18	Meningioma	23
•	Irritable Bowel Syndrome 28	Meningitis	
Н	ITP34	Mental Retardation	37
Hayfever 18	J	Mitral Valve Prolapse	32
Heart Attack	Jaundice	Multiple Fractures	31
Heart Murmur 32	Joint Replacement31	Multiple Myeloma	37
Heart Stent		Multiple Sclerosis	37
Heart Valve Disorders 32	K	Muscular Dystrophy	37
Heart Valve Replacement 33	Kidney Cancer24	Myasthenia Gravis	37
Height Chart, Female	Kidney Dialysis35	Myocardial Infarction	38
Height Chart, Male 45	Kidney Inflammation		
Hemiblock	Kidney Failure35	N	
Hemiparesis	Kidney Insufficiency	Narcolepsy	38
Hemiplegia	Kidney Stones	Nephritis	
Hemochromatosis	Kidney Transplant35	Nephrectomy	
Hemolytic Anemia	Knee Replacement	Neuralgia	
Hemophilia	Kyphosis21	Neuritis	
Hepatitis	Kyphosis21	Neurogenic bladder	
Herniated Disc21		Neuropathy, Peripheral	
Hernia	L	Neuropathy, Poly	
High Cholesterol		Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma.	
High Lipids33	Labyrinthitis	Non-Witnessed Application	
Hip Fracture	Laminectomy23	Tion Willessed Application	
Hip Replacement	Lapse/Reinstatement rules 8	0	
Hodgkin's Disease	Leukemia36	_	15
Hydrocephalus	Liver Cancer	Obesity Surgery	
Hyperadrenalism29	Liver Cirrhosis	Obesity Surgery	
Hypercholesterolemia	Liver Disorders	Organic Brain Syndrome	
Hypercorticalism	Liver Flukes	Organ Transplant	38
113 percordeniam			

Osteitis Deformans	38	Reiter's Syndrome	20	Transplant	43
Osteoarthritis	20	Renal Failure	35	Tremors	43
Osteomyelitis	39	Renal Insufficiency	35		
Osteopenia	21	Replacement Policies	8	U	
Osteoporosis	21	Rheumatism	41	Ulcer	43
Ovarian Cancer	25	Rheumatoid Arthritis	41	Ulcerative Colitis	29
		Rider Information	50	Underwriting Process.	6
P		Risk Classifications	7	Underwriting Requirer	nents5
Pacemaker	39			Unacceptable Medicati	ions16
Paget's Disease	24	S		Upgrading Policies	9
Pancreatic Cancer	25	Sarcoidosis	41		
Pancreatitis	39	Schizophrenia	40	V	
Paraparesis	39	Sciatica	21	Ventricular Fibrillation	ı43
Paraplegia	39	Scleroderma	41	Ventricular Hypertropl	
Parkinson's Disease	39	Scoliosis	22	Ventricular Septal Def	-
Pathologic Fracture	31	Seizure Disorder	30	Vertebral Fractures	
Peripheral Neuropathy	38	Sickle Cell Anemia	18	Vista Care Choices Inf	
Peripheral Vascular Diseas		Sickle Cell Trait	18		
Pernicious Anemia		Sjogren's Syndrome	42	W	
Persons Not Eligible	8	Skin Cancer		Weight chart, Female	16
Phlebitis		Skull Fracture	31	Weight chart, Male	
Pituitary Basophilism	29	Sleep Apnea	42	Wolff-Parkinson-Whit	
PMR		Slipped Disc		WOIII-1 dikiiisoii- Wiiii	·
Policy Dating	10	Spastic Colitis	28		
Poliomyelitis		Sperocytic Anemia			
Polycystic Kidney Disase.		Spinal Fracture			
Polycythemia		Spinal Fusion			
Polymyalgia Rheumatica.		Spinal Stenosis			
Polyneuropathy		Spondylosis			
Post Polio Syndrome		Spondylolisthesis			
Post Traumatic Stress		Squamous Cell Carcinoma			
Premium Collection		Stent			
Product Information		Stomach Cancer	26		
Prostate Cancer		Stroke			
Prostate Enlargement		Suicidal Ideations			
Prostatitis		Syncope			
Psychiatric Disorders					
Pulmonary Embolism		T			
•		Temporal Arteritis	42		
R		Testicular Cancer			
Rating Guide	17	Thoracic Aneurysm			
Raynaud's Disease		Thrombocytopenic Purpu			
Raynaud's Phenomenon		TIA			
Reactive Arthritis		Tobacco Use			
Reinstatement Rules		Transient Ischemic Attack			