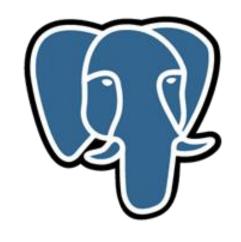


# Start-Tech Academy

### PostgreSQL



SQL

# Primary Key

- > Primary key consists of one or more columns
- > Used to uniquely identify each row in the table
- ➤ No value in the columns can be blank or <u>NULL</u>



#### **Customer Table**

Customer ID	First Name	Last Name	Age
V_001	Jay	Pee	23
V_002	Kay	Qu	23
V_003	EII	Ao	13
V_004	Emm	Qu	24
V_005	Emm	Es	67



#### Order Table

Order ID	Customer_ID	Product_key	Value
O_001	V_001	P_001_01	65
O_002	V_001	P_001_02	23
O_003	V_001	P_002_01	13
O_004	V_003	P_003_01	41
O_005	V_005	P_002_01	67



#### **Product Table**

Product ID	Variant	Combine_column	Name
P_001	01	P_001_01	Cola 500 ml
P_001	02	P_001_02	Coal 1 l
P_002	01	P_002_01	Coffee beans
P_003	01	P_003_01	Surf
P_004	01	P_002_01	Cookies



## City Data

- > City Name
- > Country Name
- > State
- **>** Population
- > Mean Temperature
- **➢ Pin Code**
- **➤** Longitude
- > Latitude



### Foreign Key

#### **Order Table**

Order ID	Customer_ID	Product_key	Value
O_001	V_001	P_001_01	65
O_002	V_001	P_001_02	23
O_003	V_001	P_002_01	13

#### **Customer Table**

<b>Customer ID</b>	First Name	Last Name	Age
V_001	Jay	Pee	23
V_002	Kay	Qu	23
V_003	EII	Ao	13

#### **Product Table**

Product ID	Variant	Combine_column	Name
P_001	01	P_001_01	Cola 500 ml
P_001	02	P_001_02	Coal 1 l
P_002	01	P_002_01	Coffee beans

