# Introduction to Airflow

INTRODUCTION TO AIRFLOW IN PYTHON



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## What is data engineering?

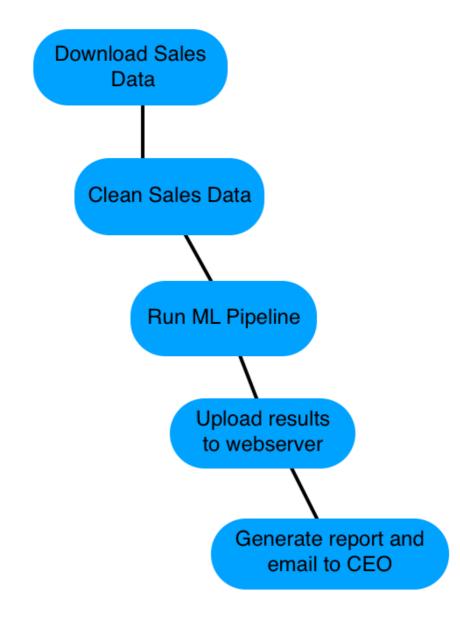
Data engineering is:

• Taking any action involving data and turning it into a reliable, repeatable, and maintainable process.

### What is a workflow?

### A workflow is:

- A set of steps to accomplish a given data engineering task
  - Such as: downloading files, copying data, filtering information, writing to a database, etc
- Of varying levels of complexity
- A term with various meaning depending on context



### What is Airflow?

Airflow is a platform to program workflows, including:

- Creation
- Scheduling
- Monitoring



### Airflow continued...

- Can implement programs from any language,
   but workflows are written in Python
- Implements workflows as DAGs: Directed Acyclic Graphs
- Accessed via code, command-line, or via web interface



<sup>1</sup> https://airflow.apache.org/docs/stable/

### Other workflow tools

#### Other tools:

- Luigi
- SSIS
- Bash scripting



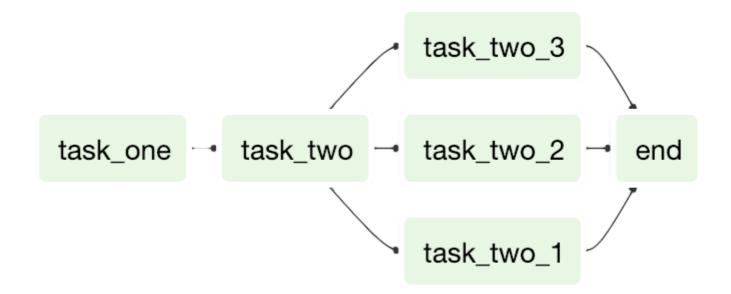




### Quick introduction to DAGs

A DAG stands for Directed Acyclic Graph

- In Airflow, this represents the set of tasks that make up your workflow.
- Consists of the tasks and the dependencies between tasks.
- Created with various details about the DAG, including the name, start date, owner, etc.
- Further depth in the next lesson.



### DAG code example

Simple DAG definition:

```
etl_dag = DAG(
    dag_id='etl_pipeline',
    default_args={"start_date": "2020-01-08"}
)
```

## Running a workflow in Airflow

Running a simple Airflow task

```
airflow run <dag_id> <task_id> <start_date>
```

Using a DAG named example-etl, a task named download-file and a start date of 2020-01-10:

airflow run example-etl download-file 2020-01-10

# Let's practice!

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## Airflow DAGs

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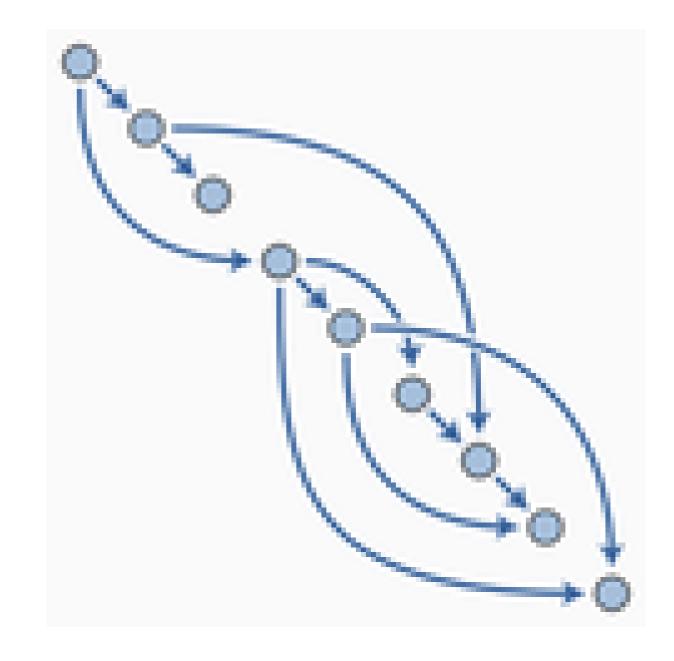
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### What is a DAG?

DAG, or Directed Acyclic Graph:

- *Directed*, there is an inherent flow representing dependencies between components.
- Acyclic, does not loop / cycle / repeat.
- *Graph*, the actual set of components.
- Seen in Airflow, Apache Spark, Luigi



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> https://en.m.wikipedia.org/wiki/Directed\_acyclic\_graph

### DAG in Airflow

#### Within Airflow, DAGs:

- Are written in Python (but can use components written in other languages).
- Are made up of components (typically *tasks*) to be executed, such as operators, sensors, etc.
- Contain dependencies defined explicitly or implicitly.
  - ie, Copy the file to the server before trying to import it to the database service.

### Define a DAG

Example DAG:

```
from airflow.models import DAG
from datetime import datetime
default_arguments = {
  'owner': 'jdoe',
  'email': 'jdoe@datacamp.com',
  'start_date': datetime(2020, 1, 20)
etl_dag = DAG( 'etl_workflow', default_args=default_arguments )
```

### DAGs on the command line

```
Using airflow:
```

- The airflow command line program contains many subcommands.
- airflow -h for descriptions.
- Many are related to DAGs.
- airflow list\_dags to show all recognized DAGs.

### Command line vs Python

Use the command line tool to:

- Start Airflow processes
- Manually run DAGs / Tasks
- Get logging information from Airflow

Use Python to:

- Create a DAG
- Edit the individual properties of a DAG

# Let's practice!

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# Airflow web interface

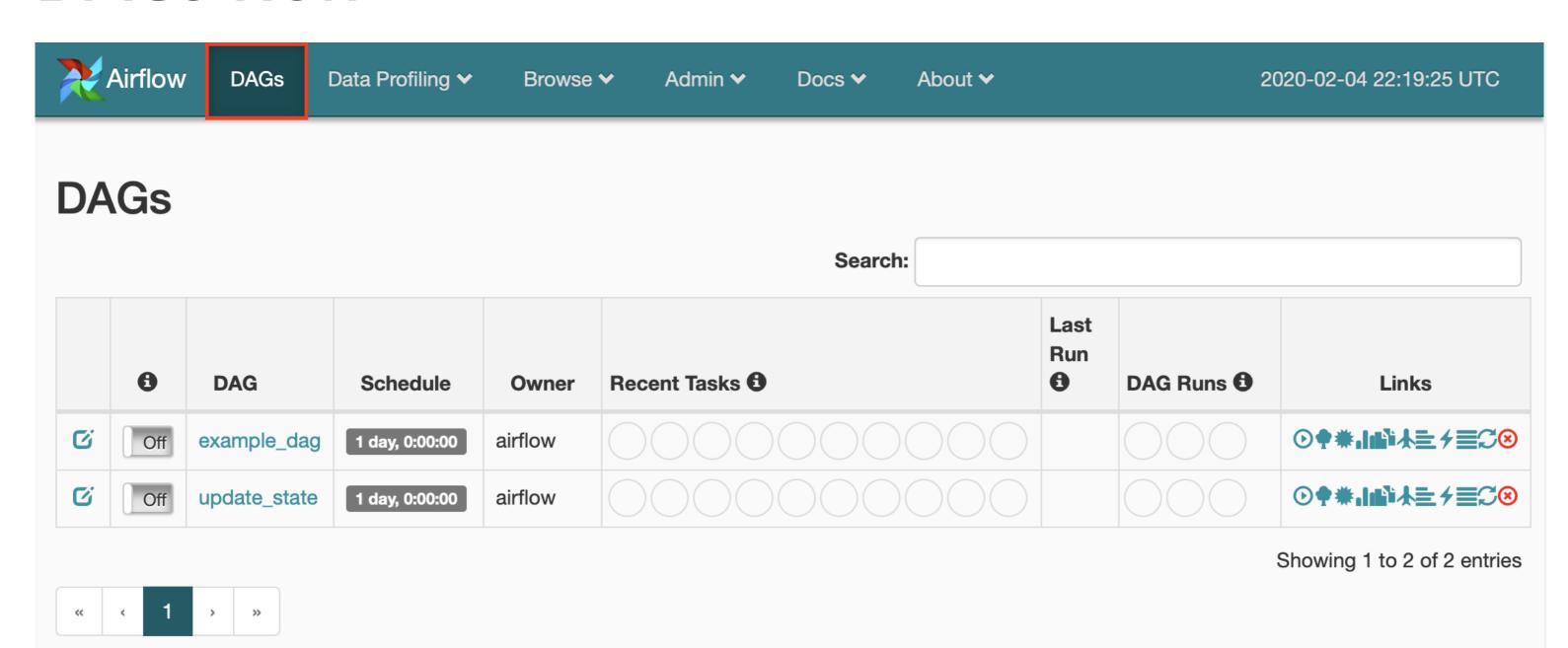
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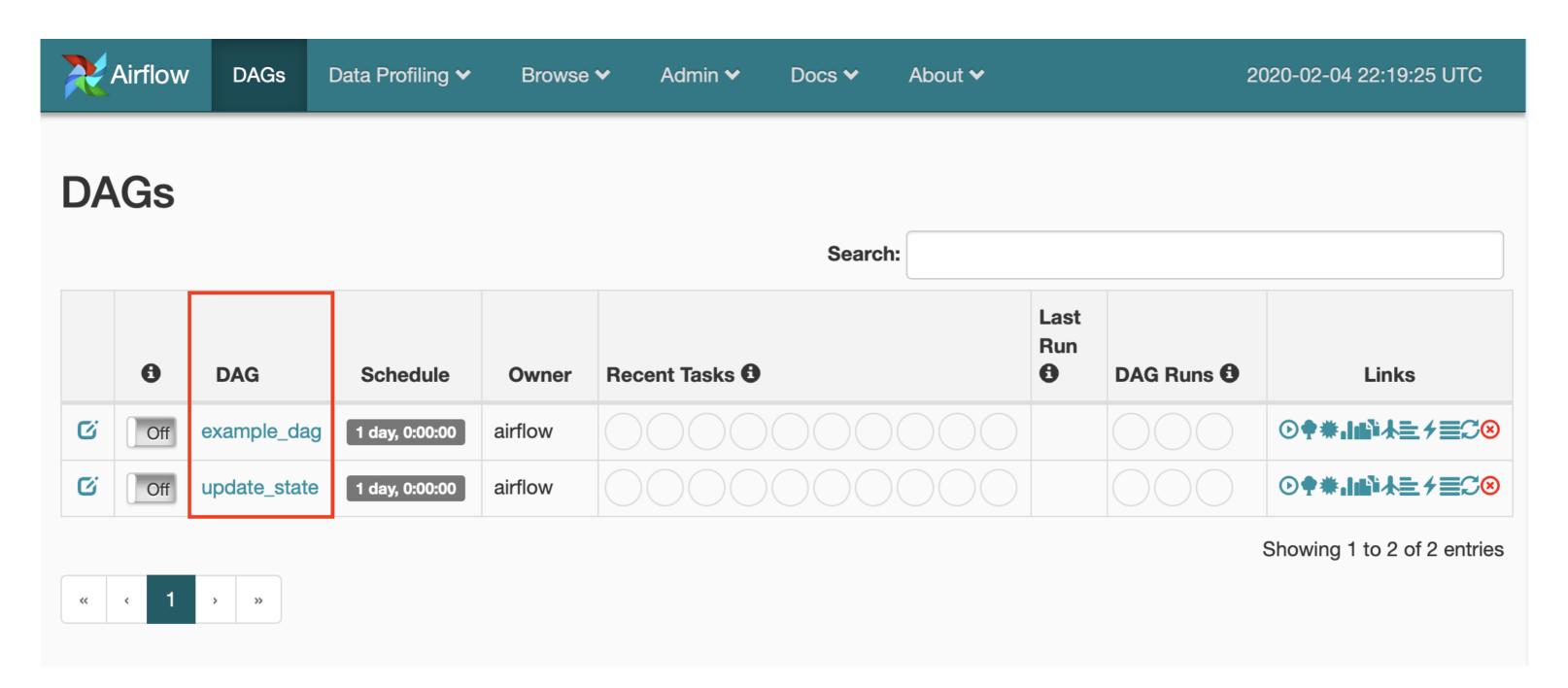
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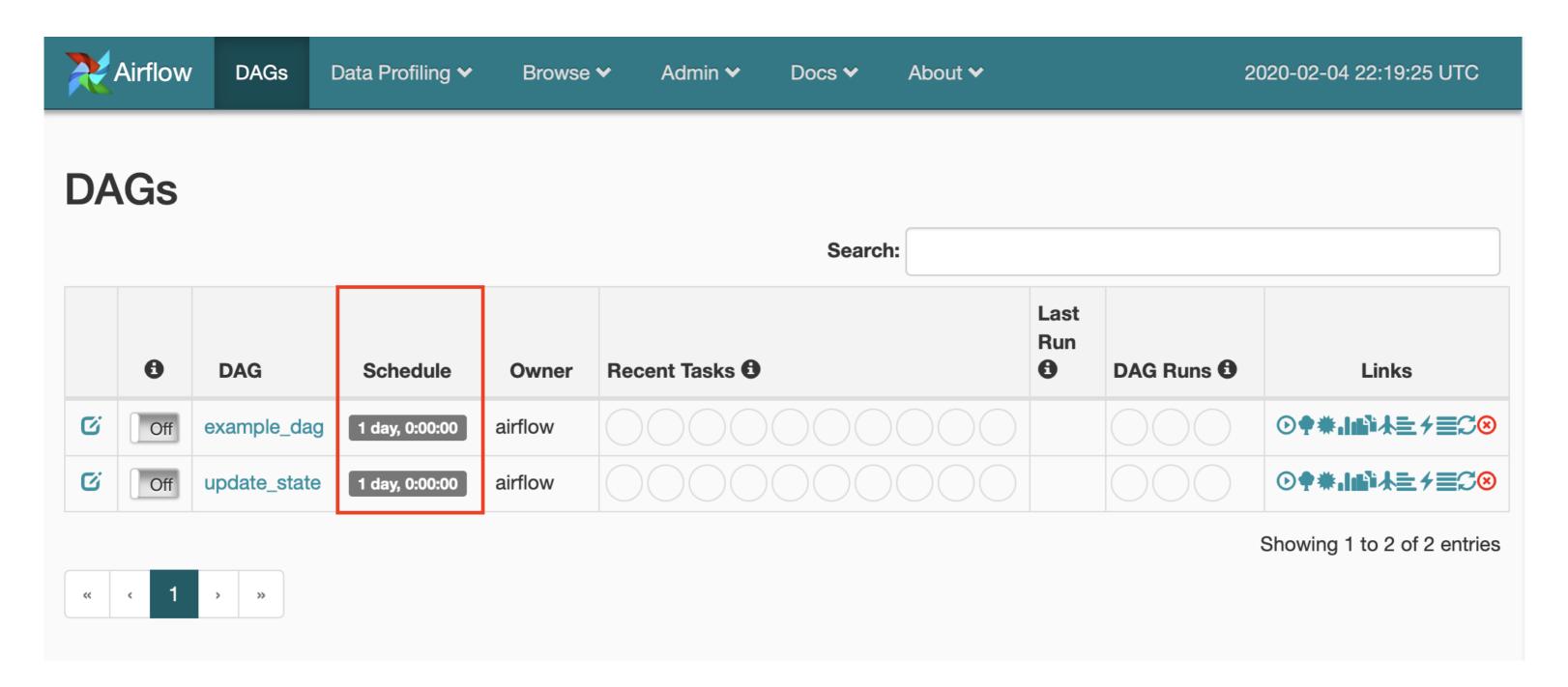
### **DAGs view**



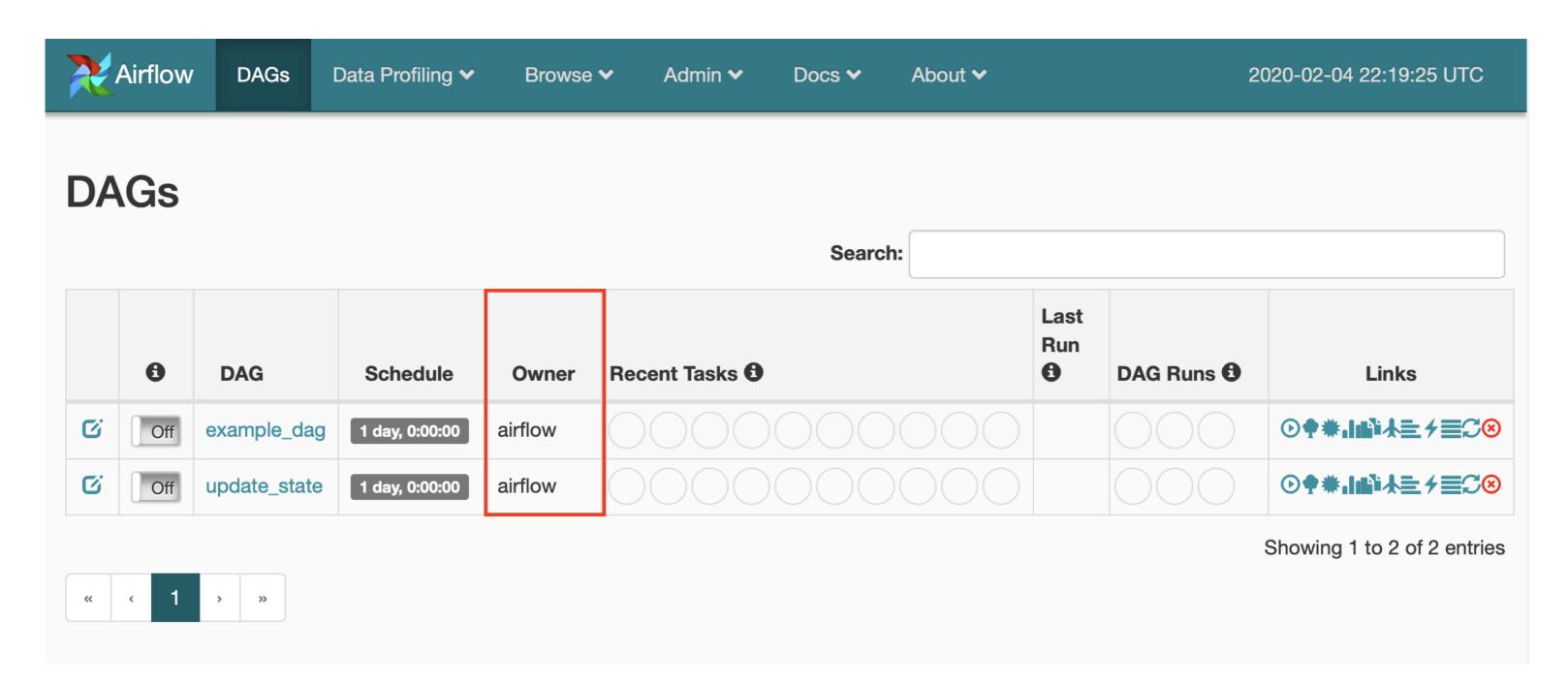
### DAGs view DAGs



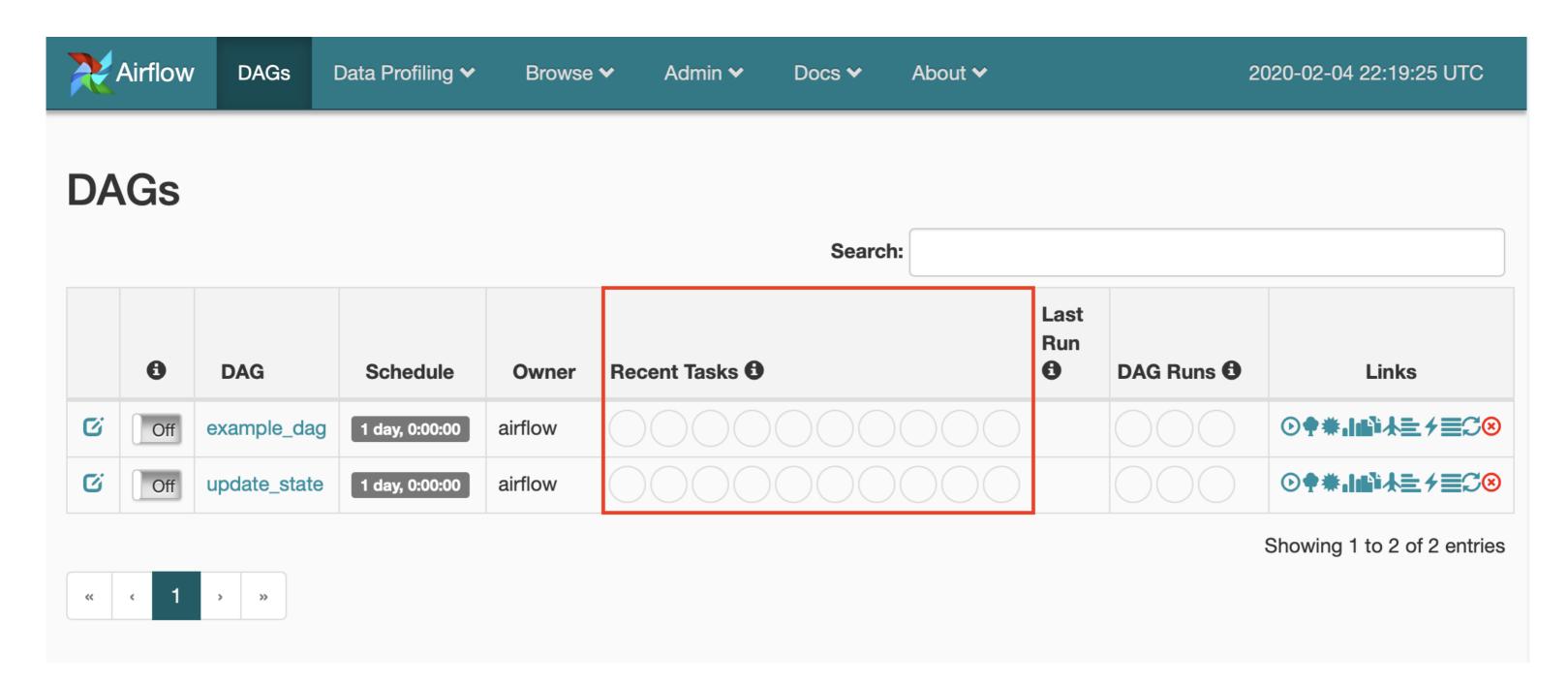
### DAGs view schedule



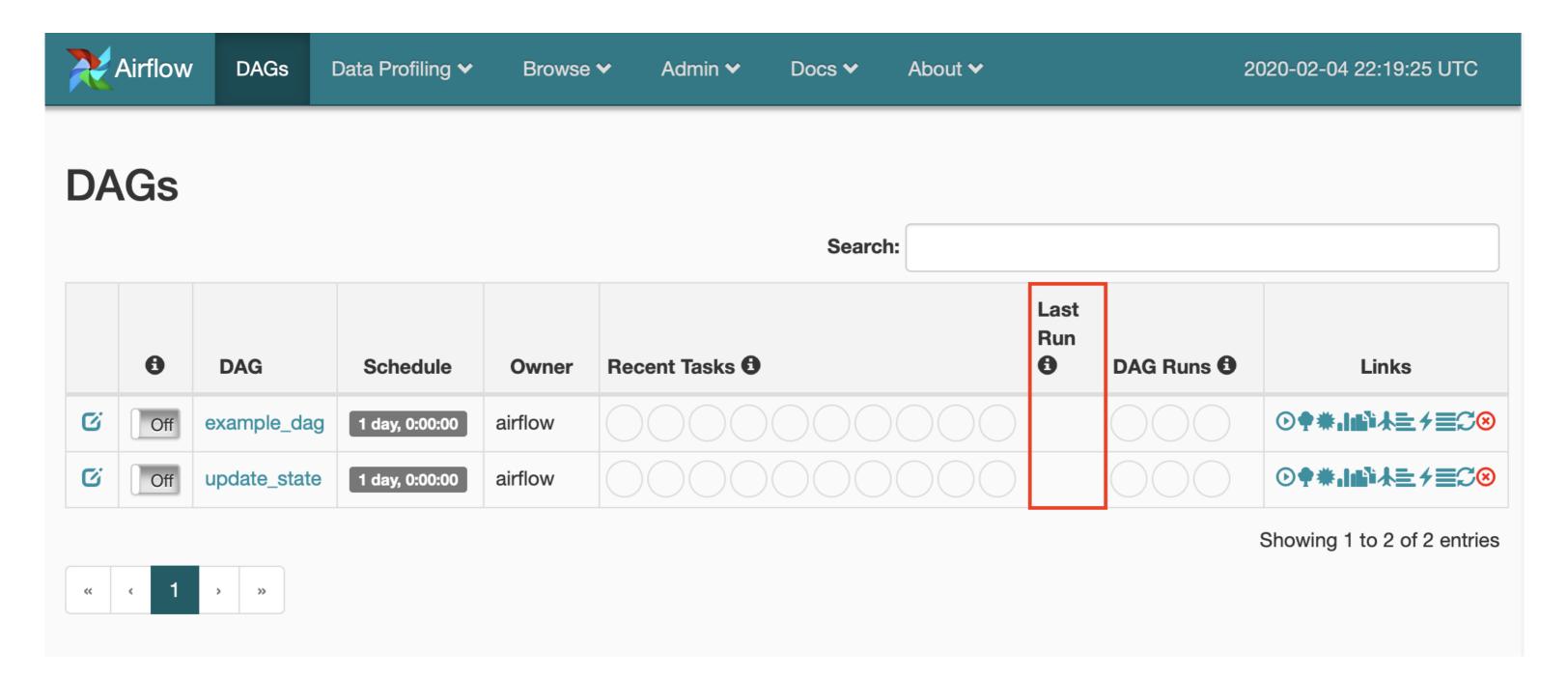
### DAGs view owner



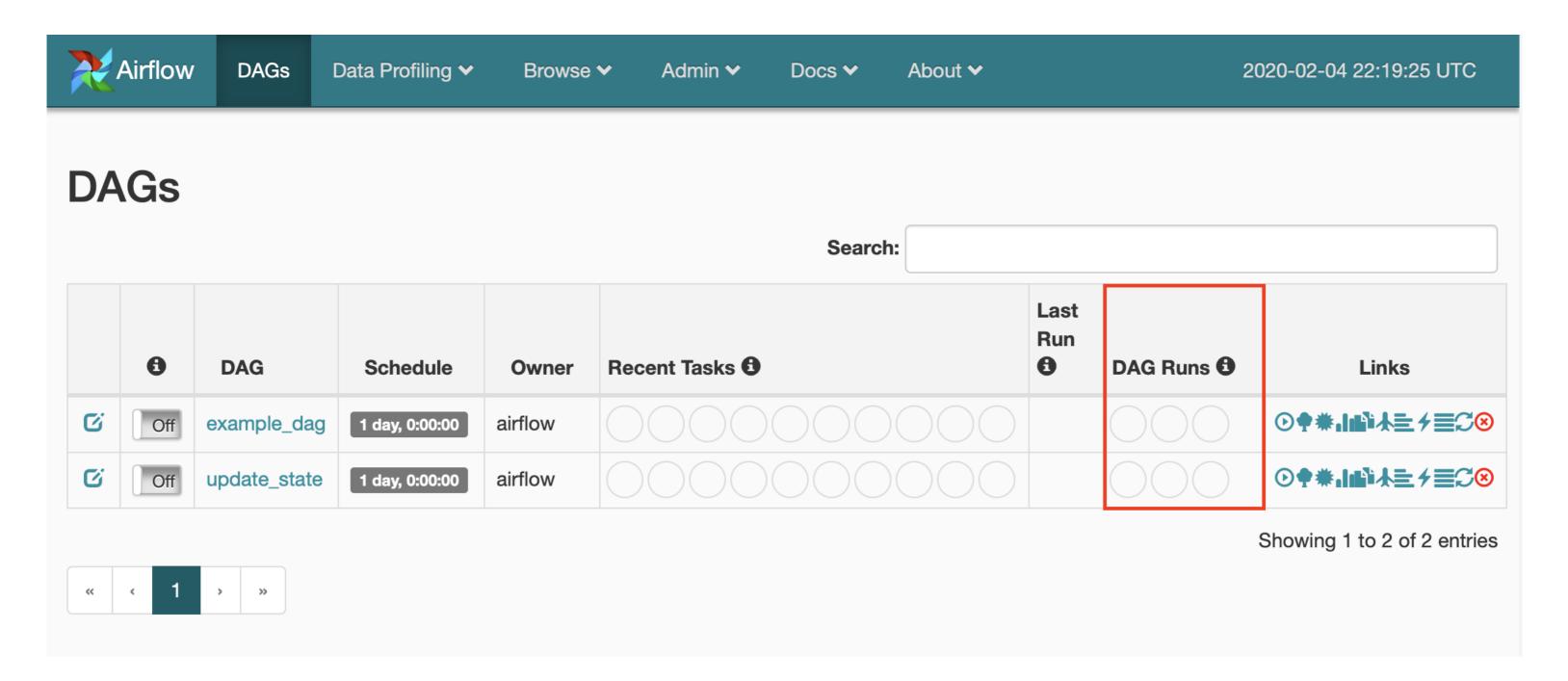
### DAGs view recent tasks



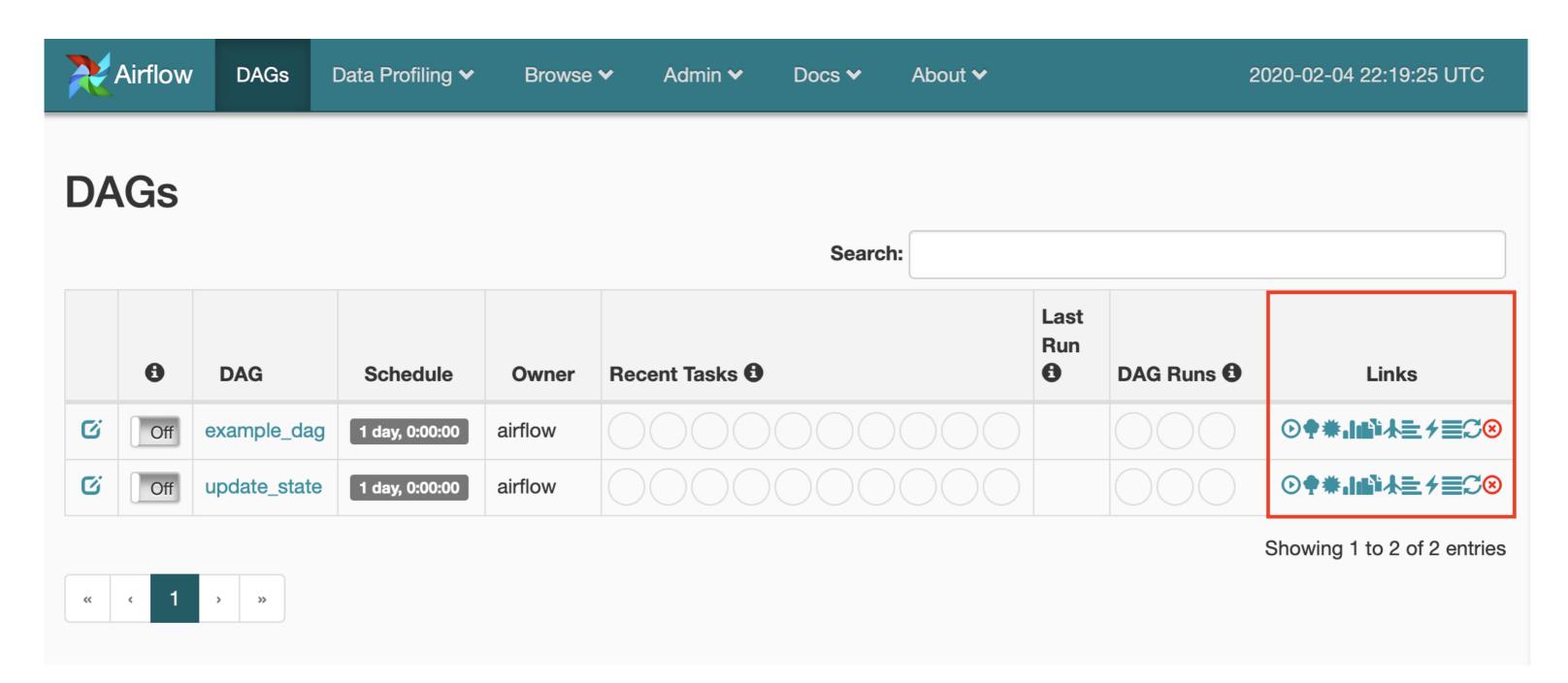
### DAGs view last run



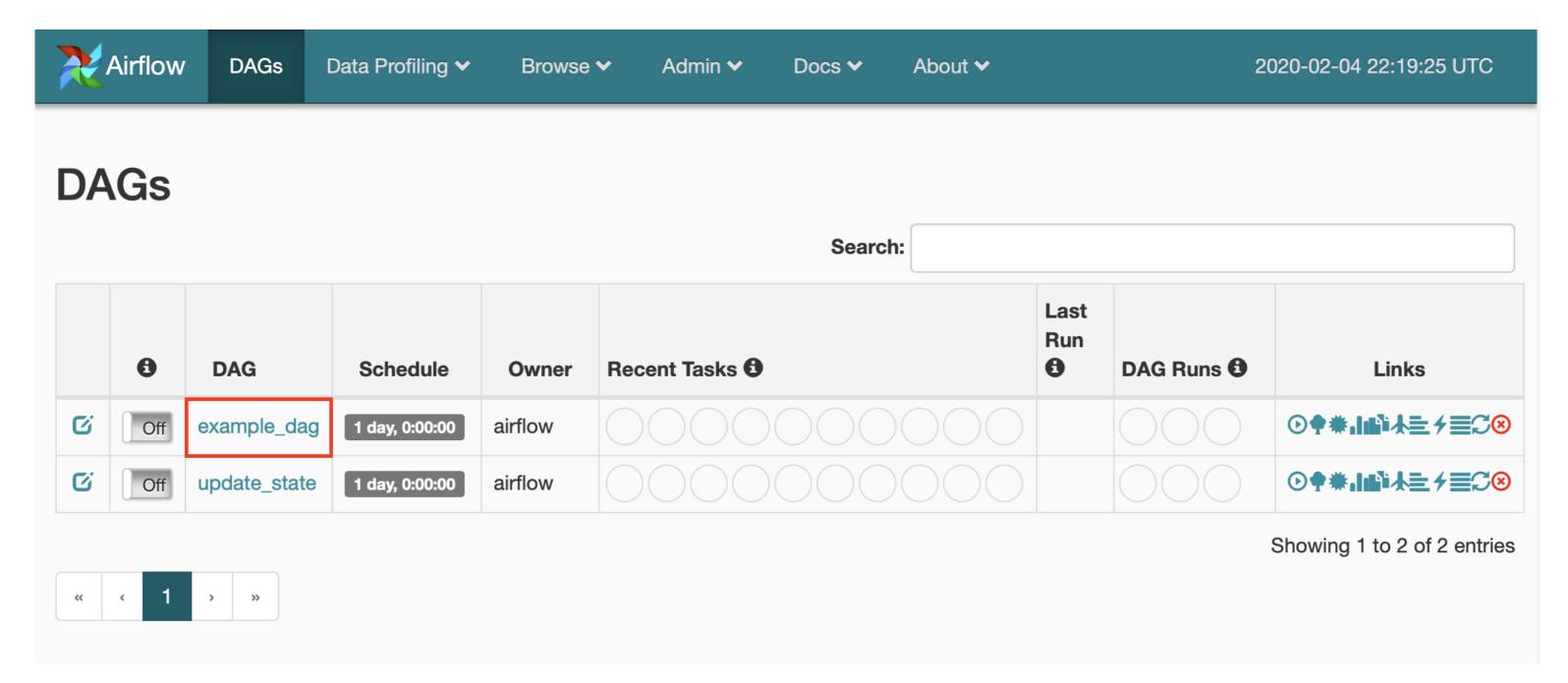
### DAGs view last three



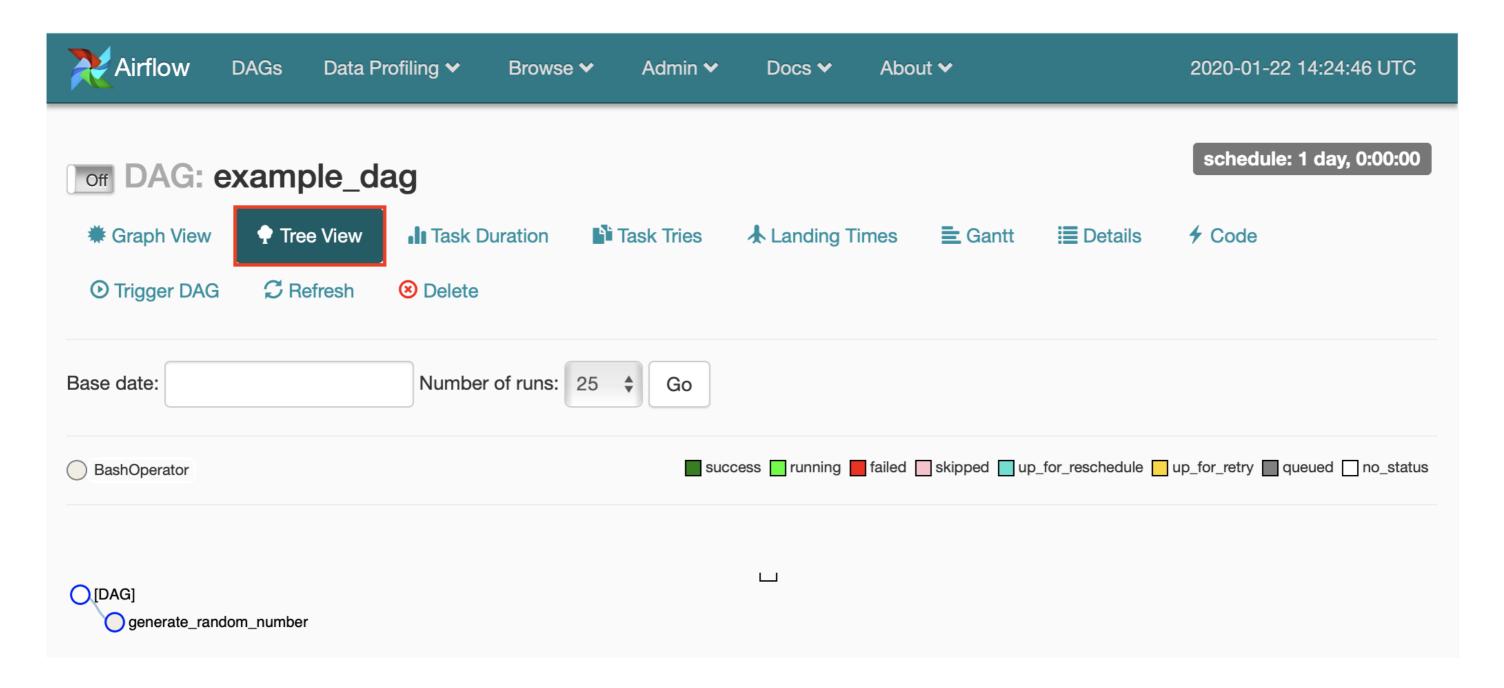
### DAGs view links



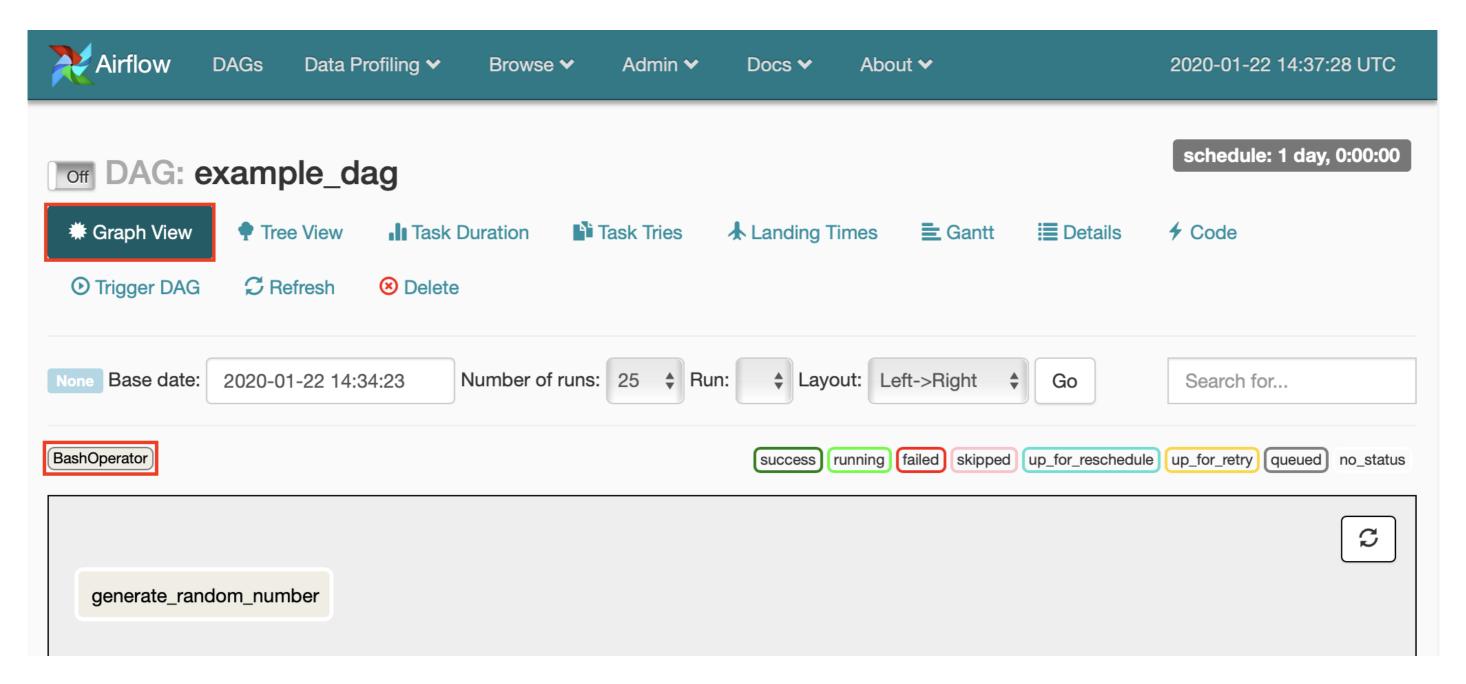
## DAGs view example\_dag



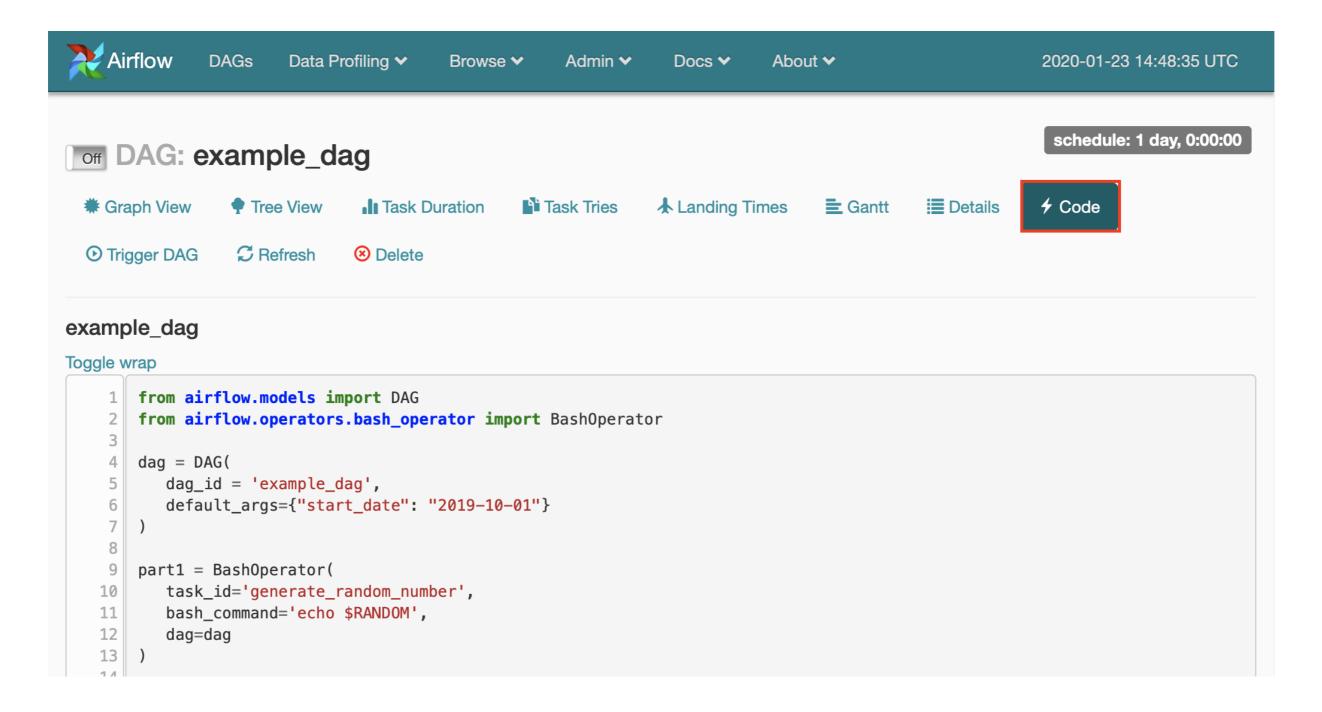
### DAG detail view



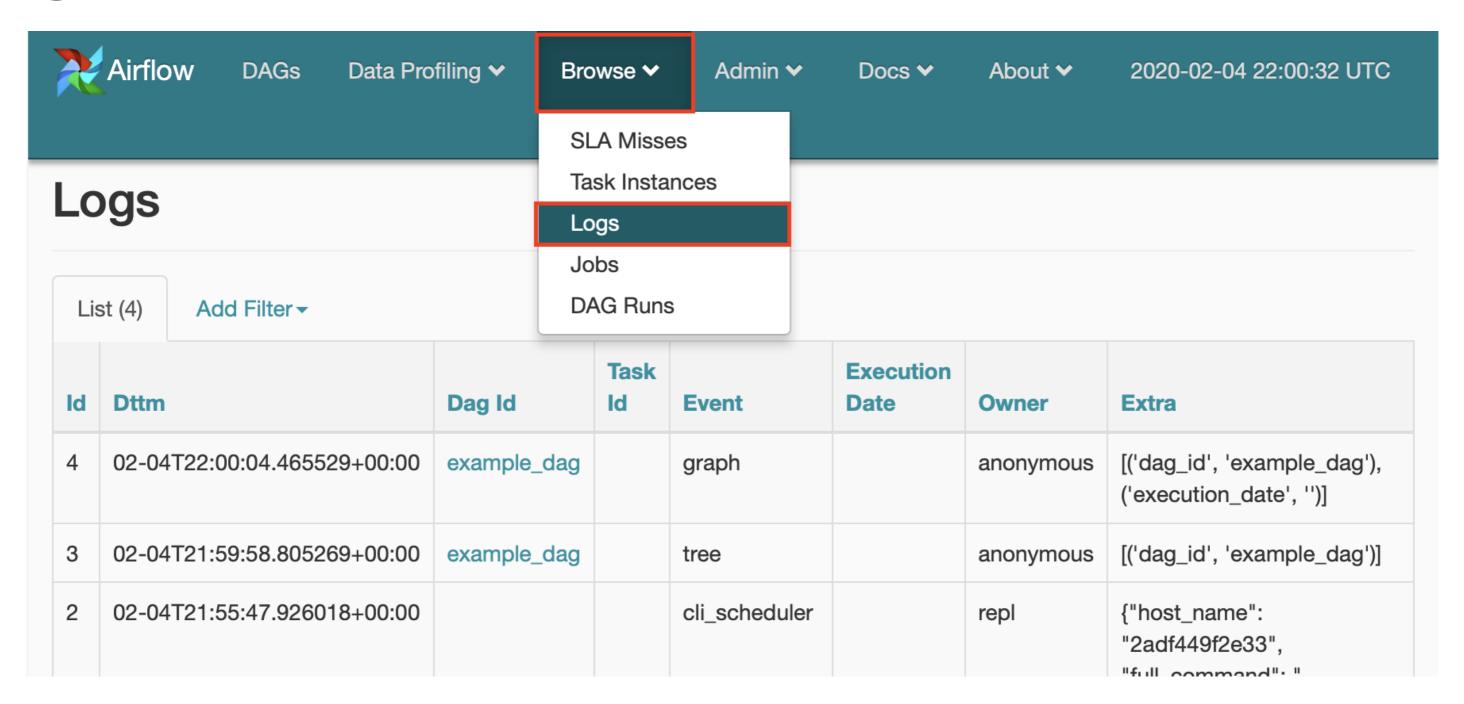
## DAG graph view



### DAG code view



### Logs



### Web UI vs command line

#### In most cases:

- Equally powerful depending on needs
- Web UI is easier
- Command line tool may be easier to access depending on settings

# Let's practice!

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