

## Announcements

- Homework 4 due on Monday
  - I'll get HW5 posted this weekend
- CompDay 4 on Monday
  - Will be on using using Sympy for helping take gradients/line integrals and visualization
- Read through Ch 5.6 for Friday
- We've picked up a day from what I have on the schedule, so I'm looking for how to best utilize that time (mainly looking at how to try to minimize the amount of work around the midterm)
- Responses: rembold-class.ddns.net



## Midterm Shakeup?

How would you feel about having the midterm over just the Ch 1-5 material (leaving Ch 7-11 for the final)?

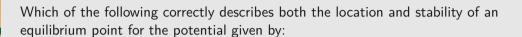
- A) I'm all for it!
- B) I'd really prefer it the originally scheduled way.
- C) I really don't care.



## Today's Objectives

- Understand how any stable equilibrium point can look like a spring
- Identify the various forms of simple harmonic motion solutions
- Be able to correctly determine constants from initial conditions
- Show an intuitive understanding of the motion of 2D oscillators





$$U(x) = \frac{-x^2(ax - b)}{b}$$

where a and b are positive constants?

- A)  $x = \frac{b}{a}$  and is unstable
- B)  $x = \frac{2b}{a}$  and is stable
- C) x = 0 and is stable
- D) None of the above, but U(x) does have one stable equilibrium point





Suppose you wanted to look at oscillations in the vicinity of the stable equilibrium point x=0. What would be the effective spring constant for oscillations in this region?

- A)  $k_{eff} = 1$
- B)  $k_{eff} = 2$
- C)  $k_{eff} = 2b$
- D)  $k_{eff} = \frac{2b}{a}$





We'll make the substitution that  $\omega=\sqrt{rac{k_{eff}}{m}}.$  Which of the below general solutions could not describe the motion of a particle of mass m placed near the point x = 0?

- A)  $C_1 \cos(\omega t) + C_2 \sin(\omega t)$
- B)  $C_1 \sin(\omega t + C_2)$
- C)  $C_1e^{i\omega t} + C_2e^{-i\omega t}$ D)  $C_1e^{i(\omega t + C_2)}$



Recall than  $k_{eff}=2$  and let the small mass be 8 kg. If we start the mass at the position x=0.1 m and give it a small push with speed of  $10 \, \text{cm/s}$  to the left, which of the following solutions describes the resulting motion of our mass?

- A)  $0.1\cos(2t) + 0.5\sin(2t)$
- B)  $0.1\cos(\frac{t}{2}) + 0.1\sin(\frac{t}{2})$
- C)  $0.1\cos(\frac{t}{2}) 0.2\sin(\frac{t}{2})$
- D)  $0.1\cos(\frac{t}{2}) 0.05\sin(\frac{t}{2})$



Q5

Which plot below best describes the motion of the 2D oscillator whose solutions are given by:

$$x(t) = 2\cos(2t)$$
$$y(t) = 4\cos\left(2t - \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$$









