



Announcements

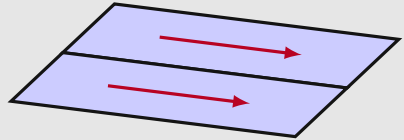
- Homework 8 due on Monday!
- I'm still working on grade reports (sorry)
- Physics Open House today at 3pm!
 - Be social (I know. . .) and recruit more physics majors!
- Read 5.3 for Monday



Q1

A “ribbon” (width a) of surface current flows with surface current density \vec{K} . Right next to it is a second identical ribbon of current. Viewed collectively, what is the new total surface current density?

- A. 0
- B. $2\vec{K}$
- C. $\vec{K}/2$
- D. Something else

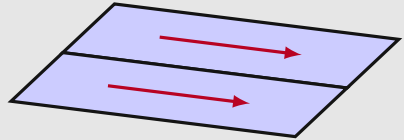




Q1

A “ribbon” (width a) of surface current flows with surface current density \vec{K} . Right next to it is a second identical ribbon of current. Viewed collectively, what is the new total surface current density?

- A. 0
- B. $2\vec{K}$
- C. $\vec{K}/2$
- D. Something else (\vec{K})





Q2

Which of the following is a statement of charge conservation?

A. $\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} = - \oint \vec{\mathbf{J}} \cdot d\vec{\mathbf{A}}$

B. $-\frac{\partial Q}{\partial t} = \oint \vec{\mathbf{J}} \cdot d\vec{\mathbf{A}}$

C. $\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} = -\nabla \cdot \vec{\mathbf{J}}$

D. $\frac{\partial Q}{\partial t} = \int \nabla \cdot \vec{\mathbf{J}} d\tau$



Q2

Which of the following is a statement of charge conservation?

A. $\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} = - \oint \vec{\mathbf{J}} \cdot d\vec{\mathbf{A}}$

B. $-\frac{\partial Q}{\partial t} = \oint \vec{\mathbf{J}} \cdot d\vec{\mathbf{A}}$

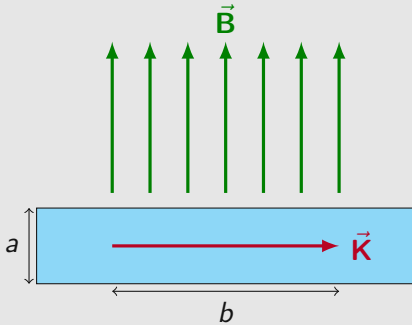
C. $\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} = -\nabla \cdot \vec{\mathbf{J}}$

D. $\frac{\partial Q}{\partial t} = \int \nabla \cdot \vec{\mathbf{J}} d\tau$



Q3

A ribbon of width a with uniform surface current density \vec{K} passes through a uniform magnetic field \vec{B} . Only the length b along the ribbon is in the field. What is the magnitude of the force on the ribbon?

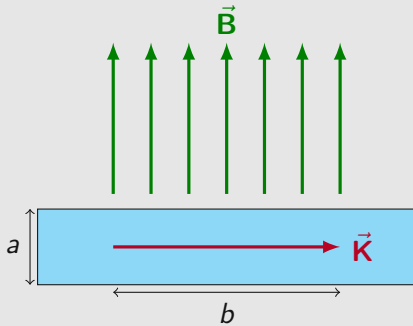


- A. $\frac{bKB}{a}$
- B. aKB
- C. $abKB$
- D. $\frac{KB}{ab}$



Q3

A ribbon of width a with uniform surface current density \vec{K} passes through a uniform magnetic field \vec{B} . Only the length b along the ribbon is in the field. What is the magnitude of the force on the ribbon?



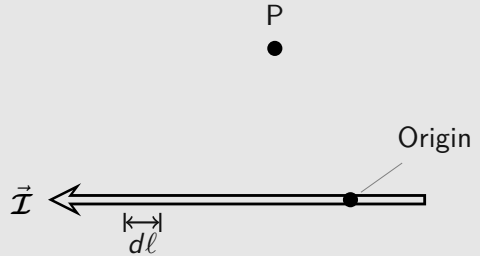
- A. $\frac{bKB}{a}$
- B. aKB
- C. $abKB$
- D. $\frac{KB}{ab}$



Q4

What is the direction of the infinitesimal contribution $d\vec{B}$ at point P created by current in $d\vec{\ell}$?

- A. Up
- B. Up and to the right
- C. Into the page
- D. Out of the page

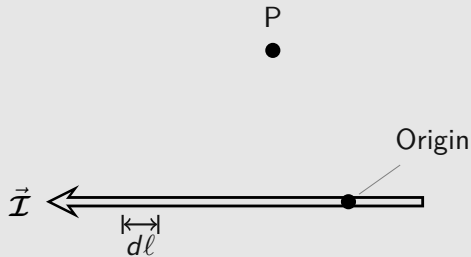




Q4

What is the direction of the infinitesimal contribution $d\vec{B}$ at point P created by current in $d\vec{\ell}$?

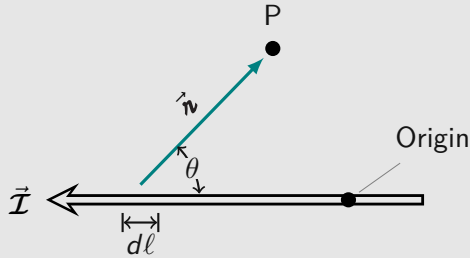
- A. Up
- B. Up and to the right
- C. Into the page
- D. Out of the page





Q5

What is the magnitude of $\frac{d\vec{\ell} \times \hat{r}}{r^2}$?

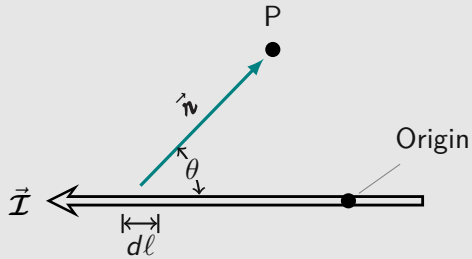


- A. $\frac{d\ell \sin \theta}{r^2}$
- B. $\frac{d\ell \sin \theta}{r^3}$
- C. $\frac{d\ell \cos \theta}{r^2}$
- D. $\frac{d\ell \cos \theta}{r^3}$



Q5

What is the magnitude of $\frac{d\vec{\ell} \times \hat{r}}{r^2}$?



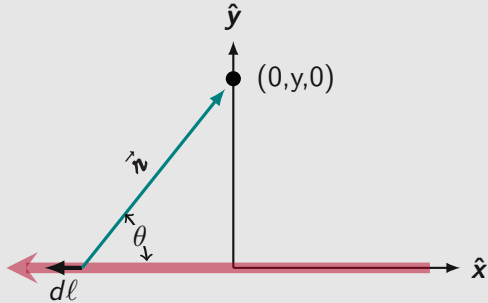
- A. $\frac{d\ell \sin \theta}{r^2}$
- B. $\frac{d\ell \sin \theta}{r^3}$
- C. $\frac{d\ell \cos \theta}{r^2}$
- D. $\frac{d\ell \cos \theta}{r^3}$



Q6

What is the value of $\mathcal{I} \frac{d\vec{\ell} \times \hat{r}}{r^2}$?

- A. $\frac{\mathcal{I} y dx_s}{(x_s^2 + y^2)^{3/2}} \hat{z}$
- B. $\frac{\mathcal{I} x_s dx_s}{(x_s^2 + y^2)^{3/2}} \hat{y}$
- C. $\frac{-\mathcal{I} x_s dx_s}{(x_s^2 + y^2)^{3/2}} \hat{y}$
- D. $\frac{-\mathcal{I} y dx_s}{(x_s^2 + y^2)^{3/2}} \hat{z}$





Q6

What is the value of $\mathcal{I} \frac{d\vec{\ell} \times \hat{r}}{r^2}$?

- A. $\frac{\mathcal{I} y dx_s}{(x_s^2 + y^2)^{3/2}} \hat{z}$
- B. $\frac{\mathcal{I} x_s dx_s}{(x_s^2 + y^2)^{3/2}} \hat{y}$
- C. $\frac{-\mathcal{I} x_s dx_s}{(x_s^2 + y^2)^{3/2}} \hat{y}$
- D. $\frac{-\mathcal{I} y dx_s}{(x_s^2 + y^2)^{3/2}} \hat{z}$

