

Please answer the questions below to the best of your ability either in the space provided. Everything should be scanned or photographed and submitted through [gradescope.com](https://www.gradescope.com). Please remember to tell gradescope what pages correspond to what problems after you upload!

Objective: *I can utilize the momentum principle and iteration method to determine the future positions of an object given initial conditions and forces.*

1. NASA is launching a new test rocket which has a mass of 5000 kg. The main rocket thruster burns for 30 s, outputting a constant force of $\langle 50, 120, 0 \rangle$ kN. After the main stage ends, the rocket remains in free fall until it returns to the ground.
 - (1) (a) What is the net force acting on the rocket during the main thruster burn?
 - (1) (b) What is the net force acting on the rocket after the main thruster burn?
 - (8) (c) Assume the rocket starts at the position $\langle 0, 0, 0 \rangle$ m and is initially stationary. Use the iteration method to look at the positions of the rocket over the first 2 minutes of its journey. You can use a step size of 30 s and approximate \vec{v}_{avg} with $\frac{\vec{p}_{future}}{m}$. Be careful with using the correct net force in each iteration!

- (1) (d) Plot the positions of the rocket at each time point.

