Name: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_\_ / 10

There are 10 points possible on this quiz. No aids (book, calculator, etc.) are permitted. Show all work for full credit.

1. (6 points) Put the system of equations into row echelon form. You may convert to matrix form if you like, but your answer must be in the form of a system of equations. You do not need to find a solution to the system. You must show your elementary row operations.

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + 2x_2 - x_3 + x_4 = 1 \\
2x_1 + 6x_2 - 2x_3 - 2x_4 = 1 \\
3x_3 + x_4 = 3 \\
-x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 = 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + 2x_2 - x_3 + x_4 = 1 \\
3x_3 + x_4 = 3
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + 2x_2 - x_3 + x_4 = 1 \\
3x_3 + x_4 = 3
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 = 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + 2x_2 - x_3 + x_4 = 1 \\
3x_3 + x_4 = 3
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 = 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 = 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 = 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 = 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 = 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 = 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 = 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 = 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 = 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 = 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 = 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 = 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 = 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 = 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 = 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 = 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 = 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 = 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 = 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 = 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 = 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 = 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 = 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 = 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 = 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 = 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 = 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 = 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 = 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 = 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 = 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 = 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 = 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 = 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + 2x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 = 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + 2x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 + 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + 2x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 + 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 + 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 + 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 + 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 + 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 + 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 + 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 + 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + 2x_4 + 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + x_4 + 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + x_4 + x_4 + 2
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + x_4 +$$

Answer  $\left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ 4 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\} \neq \left\{ 2 \in \mathbb{R} \right\}$ 

2. (3 points) The system of linear equations below is in echelon form. Write the solution set of the system in vector form.

$$\begin{cases} x - 2y + z = 8 \\ y - 4z = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\int X = 8 + 2y - Z$$

$$Ly = 4Z$$

$$V = 4Z$$

$$x = 8 + 2(42) - 2$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} X \\ Y \\ Z \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 8+7Z \\ 4Z \\ Z \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ 4 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} Z$$

3. (1 points) Give an example of a system of equations which has no solution.

$$\begin{array}{c} x+y=1 \\ x+y=2 \end{array}$$

$$x+y=1$$
 These are parallel lines that  $x+y=2$  are distinct.

$$X + y + z = 1$$
  
 $2x + 3y + 4z = 8$   
 $3x + 4y + 5z = 10$ 

$$x + y + z = 1$$
 Since the 3rd row is  $x + 3y + 4z = 8$  Since the 3rd row is  $x + 4y + 5z = 10$  Since the 3rd row is  $x + 4y + 5z = 10$  Not  $x + 4y + 5z = 10$  Not  $x + 4y + 5z = 10$  Mot  $x + 4y + 5z = 10$  must be inconsistent.