

## Homework # 6

Due: Wednesday 02/18/2026

**Problem List** Ch 4 #4,6,11,12,13,16,18,20,21,26,28

**Problem Directions** Prove each statement below using a direct proof.

- 4.** Suppose  $x, y \in \mathbb{Z}$ . If  $x$  and  $y$  are odd, then  $xy$  is odd.

*Proof.* YOUR PROOF GOES HERE

□

- 6.** Suppose  $a, b, c \in \mathbb{Z}$ . if  $a|b$  and  $a|c$ , then  $a|(b + c)$ .

*Proof.* YOUR PROOF GOES HERE

□

- 11.** Suppose  $a, b, c, d \in \mathbb{Z}$ . If  $a|b$  and  $c|d$ , then  $ac | bd$ .

*Proof.* YOUR PROOF GOES HERE

□

- 12.** If  $x \in \mathbb{R}$  and  $0 < x < 4$ , then  $\frac{4}{x(4-x)} \geq 1$ .

*Proof.* YOUR PROOF GOES HERE

□

- 13.** Suppose  $x, y \in \mathbb{R}$ . If  $x^2 + 5y = y^2 + 5x$ , then  $x = y$  or  $x + y = 5$ .

*Proof.* YOUR PROOF GOES HERE

□

- 16.** If two integers have the same parity, then their sum is even.

*Proof.* YOUR PROOF GOES HERE

□

- 18.** Suppose  $x$  and  $y$  are positive real numbers. If  $x < y$ , then  $x^2 < y^2$ .

*Proof.* YOUR PROOF GOES HERE

□

- 20.** If  $a$  is an integer and  $a^2 \mid a$ , then  $a \in \{-1, 0, 1\}$ .

*Proof.* YOUR PROOF GOES HERE

□

- 21.** If  $p$  is prime and  $k$  is an integer for which  $0 < k < p$ , then  $p$  divides  $\binom{p}{k}$ .

**Quick Review:** For positive integers  $n$  and  $k$ , the symbol  $\binom{n}{k} = \frac{n!}{k!(n-k)!}$  and it counts the number of  $k$ -element subsets from a set with  $n$ -elements. By implication, the output of  $\binom{n}{k}$  must be an integer. You can delete this review from your solutions.

*Proof.* YOUR PROOF GOES HERE

□

- 26.** Every odd integer is the difference of two squares. (Example:  $7 = 4^2 - 3^2$ .)

*Proof.* YOUR PROOF GOES HERE

□

- 28.** Let  $a, b, c \in \mathbb{Z}$ . Suppose  $a$  and  $b$  are not both zero and  $c \neq 0$ . Prove that  $c \cdot \gcd(a, b) \leq \gcd(ca, cb)$ .

*Proof.* YOUR PROOF GOES HERE

□