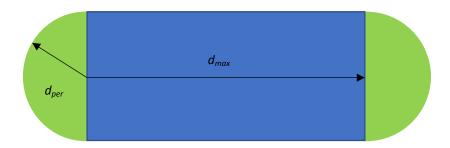
Supplementary material part 4

Information use during movement regulates how fragmentation and loss of habitat affect body size Jasmijn Hillaert, Martijn L. Vandegehuchte, Thomas Hovestadt, Dries Bonte Proceedings of the Royal Society B

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While covering a distance d_{max} (in m), an individual with a perceptual range of d_{per} (in m), will be able to search a total surface of $2 \times d_{per} \times d_{max} + d_{per}^2 \times \pi$ (in m²).



As each cell at a particular distance from the cell of origin is equally intensively searched, the searching area is circular. The radius of a circle with a surface of $2 \times d_{per} \times d_{max} + d_{per}^2 \times \pi$ (in m²) is

defined as
$$\sqrt{\frac{2 \times d_{per} \times d_{max} + d_{per}^2 \times \pi}{\pi}}$$
 (in m²).