## AI in Healthcare: The Risk of Insufficient Governance

**FMEA** 

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## **Failure Mode Effect Analysis**

To mitigate potential reliability and safety concerns, this white paper will provide a Failure Mode Effect Analysis (FMEA) to study the development and integration of AI-based healthcare delivery tools across five main steps:

- Health IT Organizations (AI development partners) produce innovations in Health AI and submit preliminary findings to the proposed governance program's Institutional Review Board (IRB). See Figure A1(1) for a detailed overview of the process and Table A1 for further analysis.
- 2. Once approved, healthcare organizations can update software and hardware according to the developers' specifications. See Figure A1(2) for a detailed overview of the process and Table A2 for further analysis.
- 3. Once software and hardware functionalities have been validated, healthcare organizations can implement these new tools in patient care settings. See Figure A2(3) for a detailed overview of the process and Table A3 for further analysis.
- 4. Healthcare organizations and the governance program must begin monitoring the tool for quality and reliability. See Figure A2(4) for a detailed overview of the process and Table A4 for further analysis.
- 5. Healthcare organizations and providers must report errors and other patient safety concerns when they occur. The governance program's IRB must review these error reports and determine a course of action that upholds patient safety standards and reliable healthcare delivery. See Figure A3(5) for a detailed overview of the process and Table A5 for further analysis.

## Appendix A

Figure A1

FMEA Process Flow (Steps 1 & 2)

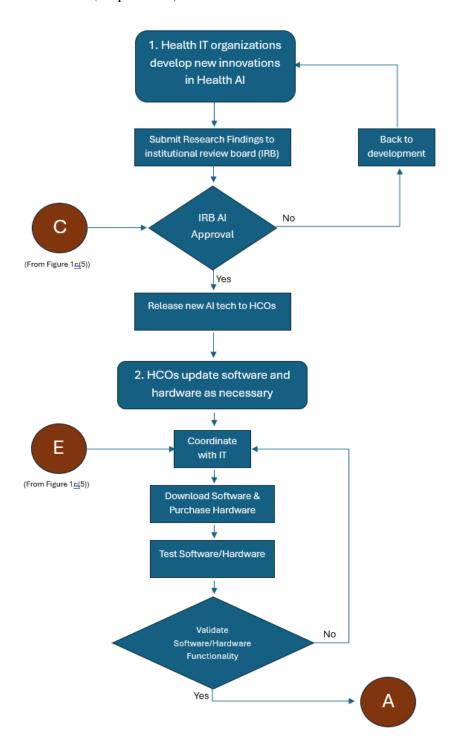


Figure A2

FMEA Process Flow (Steps 3 & 4)

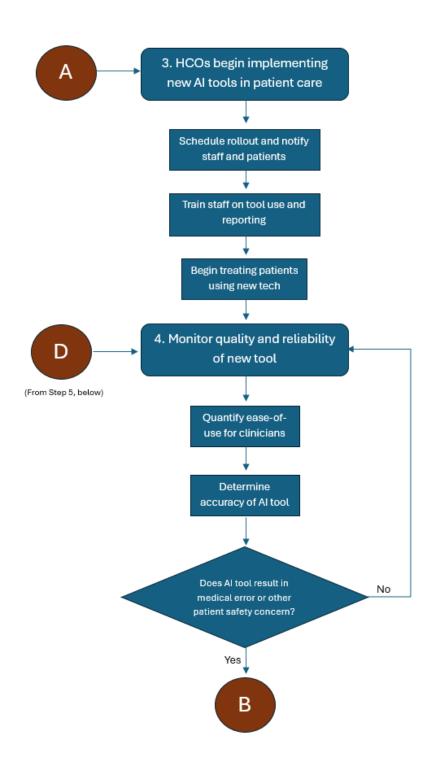
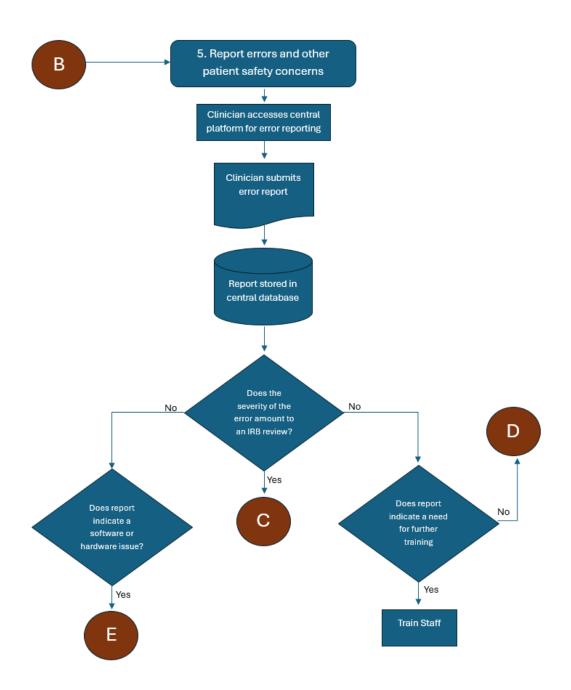


Figure A3

FMEA Process Flow (Step 5)



**Table A1**FMEA Process Step 1 – Health IT Develops New AI Tool

	1	Process Step	Health IT Develops new AI tool		
	2	Potential	The AI model is	AI model uses the wrong	AI model integrated into
		Failure Mode	overtrained/inaccurate	statistical model	faulty software
	3	Potential	A small amount and low	Wrong statistical	Improper programming
		Cause	variety of training data	assumptions made during	techniques
			-	development	_
	4	Severity	Major	Major	Moderate
	5	Probability	Frequent	Uncommon	Uncommon
	6	Hazard Score	12	6	4
	7	Action	Eliminate	Eliminate	Control
Process Step #1	8		<ol> <li>Ensure the model has access to variable data</li> <li>Use actual data to develop a model</li> <li>Check for overfitting using standard ML/AI methods</li> </ol>	patient care to prevent severe error 3. Report findings to IRB	<ol> <li>Report software bugs as soon as they are found</li> <li>Enroll the IT department to communicate faults with the developer</li> <li>Coordinate with developers to maintain software patches</li> </ol>

**Table A2**FMEA Process Step 2 – HCO Software and Hardware Updates

Process Step	HCO Software and Hardware Updates		
2 Potential	Software update does not	Technical Infrastructure	Updates cause unforeseen
Failure Mode	complete properly	cannot support software	security issues
3 Potential	Insufficient technical	Insufficient computing	Faulty software design
Cause	infrastructure	power	
Severity	Minor	Moderate	Moderate
Probability	Occasional	Occasional	Occasional
6 Hazard Score	3	6	6
7 Action	Eliminate	Eliminate	Eliminate
B Description of Action	<ol> <li>Plan software updates during downtime</li> <li>Dedicate IT resources to ensure software updates properly</li> <li>Enlist the help of developers to ensure the software update completes</li> </ol>	Check hardware     requirements before     initiating the upgrade     Upgrade infrastructure     to ensure minimum     hardware requirements     Ensure IT staff are     available during     hardware upgrades and     software updates	<ol> <li>Ensure cybersecurity systems are in place to monitor vulnerabilities</li> <li>Deploy software updates in a siloed testing environment before deploying to production</li> <li>Employ penetration testing to ensure that software updates do not introduce unforeseen</li> </ol>
3	Failure Mode Potential Cause Severity Probability Hazard Score Action Description of	Potential Failure Mode  Potential Cause  Severity  Minor  Probability  Action  Description of Action  Action  Potential Cause  Insufficient technical infrastructure  Minor  Occasional  Eliminate  1. Plan software updates during downtime 2. Dedicate IT resources to ensure software updates properly 3. Enlist the help of developers to ensure the software update	Potential Failure Mode Complete properly Cause Insufficient technical Insufficient computing Power Insufficient technical Insufficient computing Power Insufficie

**Table A3**FMEA Process Step 3 – HCO Implements New AI Tool

	1	Process Step	HCO Implements New AI Tool		
	2	Potential	Staff reject AI tool	Patients reject AI tool	Delays in software rollout
		Failure Mode			
	3	Potential	Unfriendly user interface	Concerns over safety and	Training, software, or
		Cause		privacy	hardware issues
	4	Severity	Minor	Minor	Minor
	5	Probability	Occasional	Frequent	Frequent
	6	Hazard Score	3	4	3
	7	Action	Control	Accept	Control
Process Step #3	8	Description of Action	Educate staff on tool benefits and provide significant opportunities for discourse     Develop and implement a significant training regimen     Use incentives to motivate staff to use tools	powered healthcare	Coordinate with IT and staff to develop a software implementation plan     Design timelines with room for error     Ensure open channels of communication between various departments for setbacks or other errors

**Table A4**FMEA Process Step 4 – Monitor Quality and Reliability

	1	Process Step	Monitor Quality and Reliability		
	2	Potential	Staff do not provide	Staff do not use AI tools	Staff reject AI tools
		Failure Mode	accurate feedback	per training	
	3	Potential	Fear and/or dislike of	Confusing user-interfaces	Inaccurate or unclear
		Cause	AI-based technology		model outputs
	4	Severity	Moderate	Major	Minor
	5	Probability	Frequent	Frequent	Frequent
	6	Hazard Score	8	12	4
Process Step #4	7	Action	Control	Control	Control
	8	Description of Action	<ol> <li>Incentivize honest feedback</li> <li>Use quantitative metrics to gauge tool performance</li> <li>Provide statistical and software education to staff to improve technical literacy</li> </ol>	Provide regular training     Work with developers     to improve software     usability     Garner feedback from     staff	<ol> <li>Provide regular training</li> <li>Communicate staff feedback with developers</li> <li>Work with developers to improve model transparency and facilitate model augmentation</li> </ol>

**Table A5**FMEA Process Step 5 – Report Errors

	1	Process Step		Report Errors	
	2	Potential	Staff cannot access	Reports are not databased	Reports are not flagged
		Failure Mode	reporting tools on QMS	properly	for review properly
			platform		
	3	Potential	QMS platform servers	Errors in report	Inadequate description of
		Cause	are under maintenance	submission, Invalid	the issue
				responses	
	4	Severity	Minor	Minor	Major
	5	Probability	Occasional	Frequent	Occasional
	6	Hazard Score	3	4	9
	7	Action	Control/Eliminate	Eliminate	Eliminate
	8	Description of	1. Control: Schedule	1. Ensure software can	1. Provide training on
		Action	maintenance during	handle variations in data	reporting best
			non-peak hours.	entry.	practices.
			2. Ensure users are	2. Communicate errors in	2. Champion a culture of
#2			alerted to planned	data entry to the user	quality.
# d			maintenance well in	before sign-off.	3. Ensure that reports are
Step			advance.	3. Save data as it is	flagged appropriately
			3. Eliminate: Ensure	entered.	by reviewers
Ses			significant	4. Choose no-SQL	
Process			redundancy in QMS-	databases (if possible).	
Ь			hosting servers		