

Spring Boot

- ▶ What is Spring boot
- ▶ Key features & Components
- ▶ How spring boot made easy?
- ▶ IDE for spring boot
- ▶ Ways to start a spring boot project

Lets Go...!!

Key features

- ▶ Create stand-alone Spring applications
- ▶ Embed Tomcat, Jetty or Undertow directly (no need to deploy WAR files)
- ▶ Provide opinionated 'starter' POMs to simplify your Maven configuration
- ▶ Automatically configure Spring whenever possible
- ▶ Provide production-ready features such as metrics, health checks and externalized configuration
- ▶ Absolutely **no code generation** and **no requirement for XML configuration**

Why do we need Spring Boot?

Problem1

XML CONFIGURATION &
CODE GENERATION

Problem2

“N” NUMBER OF
DEPENDENCIES

Problem3

MANUALLY
CONFIGURE
EXTERNAL SERVER

SOLUTION

SPRING BOOT

```
graph TD; P1[Problem1: XML CONFIGURATION & CODE GENERATION] --> SB[SPRING BOOT]; P2[Problem2: "N" NUMBER OF DEPENDENCIES] --> SB; P3[Problem3: MANUALLY CONFIGURE EXTERNAL SERVER] --> SB;
```

Problem #1 : Spring Boot Auto Configuration

:Say no to XML Configurations

- ▶ Spring based applications have a lot of configuration.
- ▶ When we use Spring MVC, we need to configure component scan, dispatcher servlet, a view resolver, web jars(for delivering static content) among other things.

Spring Configuration XML File

```
<bean
  class="org.springframework.web.servlet.view.InternalResourceVi
  <property name="prefix">
    <value>/WEB-INF/views/</value>
  </property>
  <property name="suffix">
    <value>.jsp</value>
  </property>
</bean>

<mvc:resources mapping="/webjars/**" location="/webjars/">
```

Typical configuration of a dispatcher servlet in a web application.

```
<servlet>
  <servlet-name>dispatcher</servlet-name>
  <servlet-class>
    org.springframework.web.servlet.DispatcherServlet
  </servlet-class>
  <init-param>
    <param-name>contextConfigLocation</param-name>
    <param-value>/WEB-INF/todo-servlet.xml</param-value>
  </init-param>
  <load-on-startup>1</load-on-startup>
</servlet>

<servlet-mapping>
  <servlet-name>dispatcher</servlet-name>
  <url-pattern>/</url-pattern>
</servlet-mapping>
```

Data source, hibernate, transaction manager Configuration in Spring.xml file

```
<bean
    class="org.springframework.web.servlet.view.InternalResourceViewResolver">
    <property name="prefix" value="/WEB-INF/jsp/" />
    <property name="suffix" value=".jsp" />
</bean>

<bean class="org.springframework.jdbc.datasource.DriverManagerDataSource"
    id="dataSource">
    <property name="driverClassName" value="${jdbc.driverName}"></property>
    <property name="url" value="${jdbc.url}"></property>
    <property name="username" value="${jdbc.userName}"></property>
    <property name="password" value="${jdbc.password}"></property>
</bean>

<bean class="org.springframework.orm.hibernate4.LocalSessionFactoryBean"
    id="sessionFactory">
    <property name="dataSource" ref="dataSource"></property>
    <property name="packagesToScan" value="com.bankmanagement" />
    <property name="hibernateProperties">
        <props>
            <prop key="hibernate.dialect">${hibernate.dialect}</prop>
            <prop key="hibernate.show_sql">${hibernate.show_sql}</prop>
            <prop key="hibernate.hbm2ddl.auto">${hibernate.hbm2ddl.auto}</prop>
        </props>
    </property>
</bean>

<bean class="org.springframework.orm.hibernate4.HibernateTransactionManager"
    id="hibernateTransactionManager">
```

Starting of spring Boot Application

@SpringBootApplication =

@Configuration + @EnableAutoConfiguration + @ComponentScan

@Configuration- indicates that the class can be used by the Spring IoC container as a source of bean definitions .

Its equal to `<beans>.....</beans>`

@EnableAutoConfiguration- will automatically do the spring configurations. it will create, register and load the Spring configuration beans required by the applications from the classes available in the class path.

@ComponentScan-`<context:component-scan base-package="com.cognizant.com"`

“tells Spring to look for other components, configurations, and services in the specified package”

Problem #2 : Spring Boot Starter Projects

```
<dependency>
  <groupId>org.springframework</groupId>
  <artifactId>spring-webmvc</artifactId>
  <version>4.2.2.RELEASE</version>
</dependency>

<dependency>
  <groupId>com.fasterxml.jackson.core</groupId>
  <artifactId>jackson-databind</artifactId>
  <version>2.5.3</version>
</dependency>

<dependency>
  <groupId>org.hibernate</groupId>
  <artifactId>hibernate-validator</artifactId>
  <version>5.0.2.Final</version>
</dependency>

<dependency>
  <groupId>log4j</groupId>
  <artifactId>log4j</artifactId>
  <version>1.2.17</version>
</dependency>
```

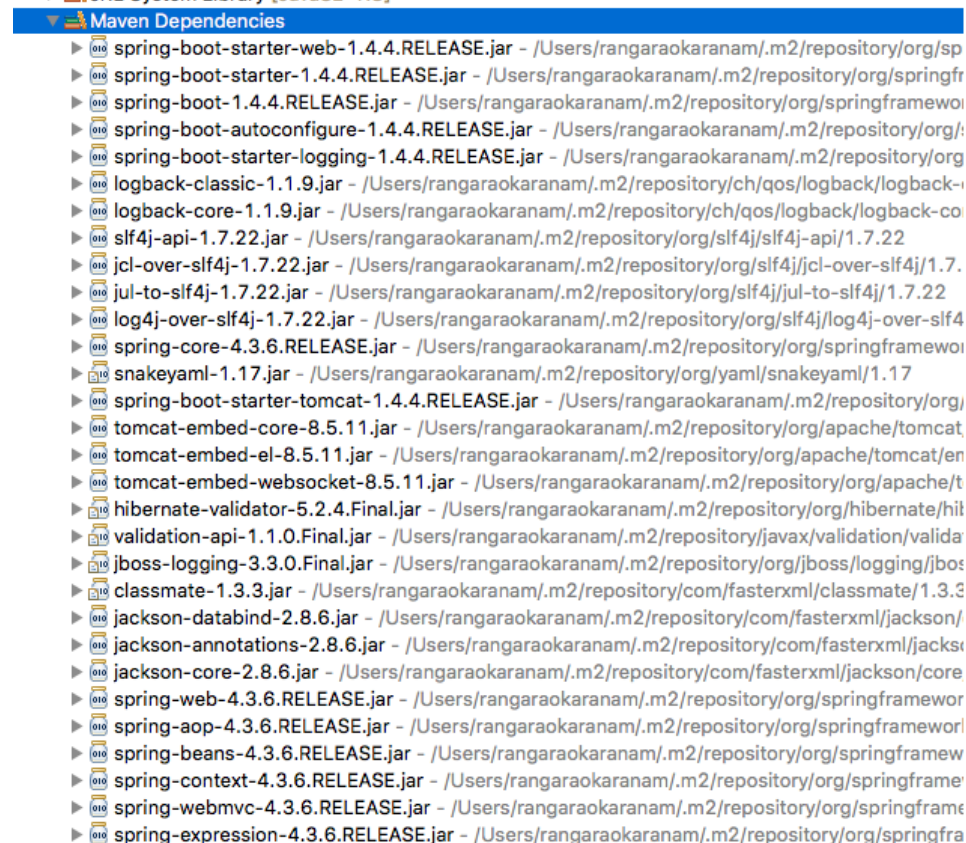
Dependency for spring boot starter web

<dependency>

<groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>

<artifactId>spring-boot-starter-web</artifactId>

</dependency>



Minimum dependencies

- ▶ Dependencies can be classified into:
- ▶ Spring - core, beans, context, aop
- ▶ Web MVC - (Spring MVC)
- ▶ Jackson - for JSON Binding
- ▶ Validation - Hibernate Validator, Validation API
- ▶ Embedded Servlet Container - Tomcat
- ▶ Logging - logback, slf4j
- ▶ Any typical web application would use all these dependencies. Spring Boot Starter Web comes pre packaged with these. As a developer, I would not need to worry about either these dependencies or their compatible versions.

Spring boot Starter project options

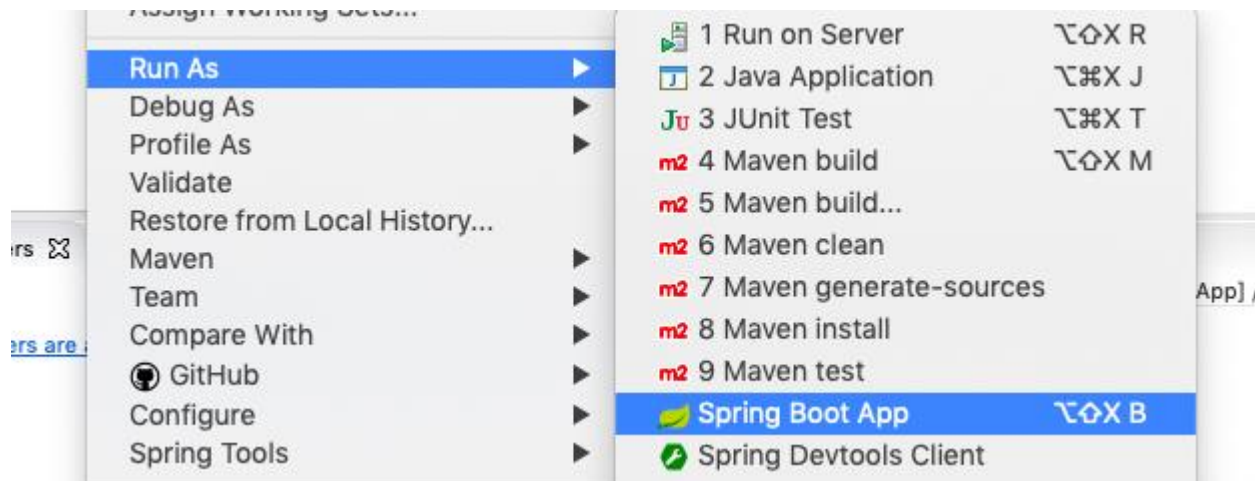
S.NO	STARTERS	DESCRIPTION
1	spring-boot-starter-data-jpa	Starter for using Spring Data JPA with Hibernate
2	spring-boot-starter-activemq	Starter for JMS messaging using Apache ActiveMQ
3	spring-boot-starter	Core starter, including auto-configuration support, logging and YAML
4	spring-boot-starter-integration	Starter for using Spring Integration
5	spring-boot-starter-actuator	provides production ready features to help you monitor and manage your application
6	spring-boot-starter-security	Starter for using Spring Security
7	spring-boot-starter-test	Starter for testing Spring Boot applications with libraries including JUnit, Hamcrest and Mockito

Reference URL: <https://docs.spring.io/spring-boot/docs/current/reference/html/using-boot-build-systems.html>

Problem3-Need of external Server

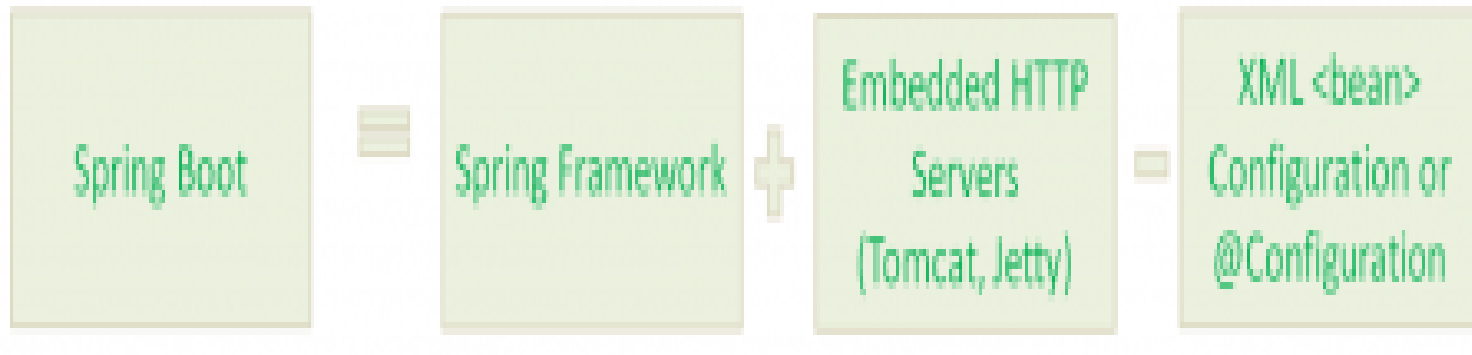
- ▶ **What is an Embedded Server?**
- ▶ Think about what you would need to be able to deploy your application (typically) on a virtual machine.
- ▶ Step 1 : Install Java
- ▶ Step 2 : Install the Web/Application Server (Tomcat/Websphere/Weblogic etc)
- ▶ Step 3 : Deploy the application war

Embedded Tomcat, Jetty (no need to deploy war files)



To be simple

- ▶ Spring Boot is a spring framework module which provides Rapid Application Development feature to the Spring framework.



Why spring boot?

- ▶ To ease the Java-based applications Development, Unit Test and Integration Test Process.
- ▶ To reduce Development, Unit Test and Integration Test time by providing some defaults.
- ▶ To increase Productivity.

IDE for Spring Boot

- ▶ Spring Tool Suite(STS)



url- <https://spring.io/tools3/sts/all>

- ▶ IntelliJ



- ▶ NetBeans



Ways to create a new spring boot application

← → ↻ https://start.spring.io

SPRING INITIALIZR bootstrap your application now

Generate a Maven Project ▾ with Java ▾ and Spring Boot 2.1.1 ▾

Project Metadata

Artifact coordinates

Group

Artifact

Dependencies

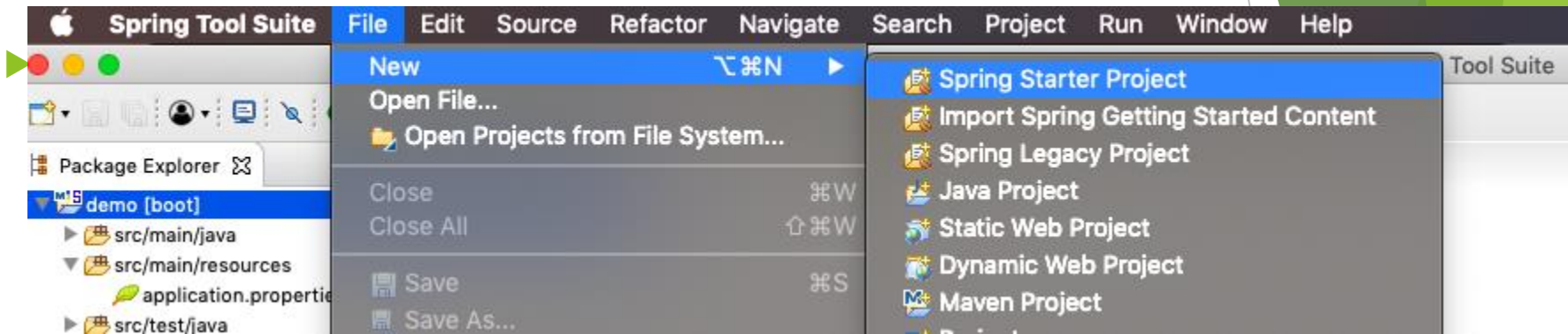
Add Spring Boot Starters and dependencies to your application

Search for dependencies

Selected Dependencies

Generate Project ⌘ + ↵

Don't know what to look for? Want more options? [Switch to the full version.](#)



- Create Maven Project → Add Spring Based Dependency in pom.xml