HW 13

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```
library(dplyr, quietly = T)
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       filter, lag
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
library(caret, quietly = T)
library(nnet, quietly = T)
# get the training datasets
if (!exists("mtrain")) {
  mtrain <- read.csv("mnist train.csv", header=F) %>% as.matrix
  train classification <- mtrain[,1] #y values
  output vector <- rep(NA, length(train classification))
  for (i in 1:length(train classification)) {
    c_number <- train_classification[i]</pre>
    if (c number==3) {
       output_vector[i] <- 1
    } else {
      output_vector[i] <- 0
  }
 y <- factor(output_vector, levels=c(0,1))</pre>
 y < -y[1:1000]
  # for caret, y variable should be a factor
  # see line 54 in caret_intro_2d.R
  mtrain <- mtrain[,-1]/256 # x matrix</pre>
  colnames(mtrain) <- 1:(28^2)</pre>
 x <- mtrain[1:1000,]
```

```
}
tuning df <- data.frame(size=7:12, decay=0)
fitControl <- trainControl(method="none")</pre>
fitControl <- trainControl(##10-fold CV</pre>
  method = "repeatedcv",
  number = 2,
  ## repeated ten times
  repeats = 2)
t out <- caret::train(x=x, y=y, method="nnet",
                       trControl = fitControl,
                       tuneGrid=tuning_df, maxit=100000, MaxNWts=100000
)
prediction_errors <- function(x, y)</pre>
  true y <- y
  pred_y <- predict(t_out, x)</pre>
  n_samples <- nrow(x)</pre>
  error <- sum(true_y != pred_y)/n_samples
  return (error)
}
prediction_errors(x,y)
## [1] 0
print(t out)
## Neural Network
##
## 1000 samples
## 784 predictor
      2 classes: '0', '1'
##
##
## No pre-processing
## Resampling: Cross-Validated (2 fold, repeated 2 times)
## Summary of sample sizes: 499, 501, 501, 499
## Resampling results across tuning parameters:
##
```

```
##
    size Accuracy
                     Kappa
##
     7
          0.9589918 0.7568800
          0.9599858 0.7579217
##
     8
          0.9689999 0.8074180
##
     9
##
    10
        0.9559998 0.7309645
          0.9639999 0.7844205
##
    11
          0.9629979 0.7740867
##
    12
##
## Tuning parameter 'decay' was held constant at a value of 0
## Accuracy was used to select the optimal model using the largest val
ue.
## The final values used for the model were size = 9 and decay = 0.
```

```
# changing the size, and allowing variation for the decay
tuning df <- data.frame(size=8:12, decay=c(0, 0.1, 0.5, 1, 2))
fitControl <- trainControl(method="none")</pre>
fitControl <- trainControl(##10-fold CV</pre>
  method = "repeatedcv",
  number = 2,
  ## repeated ten times
  repeats = 2)
t out <- caret::train(x=x, y=y, method="nnet",
                      trControl = fitControl,
                      tuneGrid=tuning_df, maxit=100000, MaxNWts=100000
)
prediction_errors(x,y)
## [1] 0.002
print(t_out)
## Neural Network
##
## 1000 samples
## 784 predictor
      2 classes: '0', '1'
##
##
## No pre-processing
```

```
## Resampling: Cross-Validated (2 fold, repeated 2 times)
## Summary of sample sizes: 500, 500, 499, 501
## Resampling results across tuning parameters:
##
##
    size decay Accuracy
                            Kappa
##
     8
          0.0
                 0.9680129 0.8054644
                 0.9710049 0.8186033
    9
          0.1
##
##
          0.5 0.9715049 0.8195924
    10
##
    11
          1.0
                 0.9730049 0.8256388
          2.0
                 0.9725069 0.8166570
##
    12
##
## Accuracy was used to select the optimal model using the largest val
## The final values used for the model were size = 11 and decay = 1.
```

running the mnist test dataset to test the accuracy of my neural net

```
if (!exists("mtrain2")) {
  mtrain2 <- read.csv("mnist_test.csv", header=F) %>% as.matrix
  train_classification2 <- mtrain2[,1] #y values
  output_vector2 <- rep(NA, length(train_classification2))</pre>
```

```
for (i in 1:length(train_classification2)) {
    c_number <- train_classification2[i]</pre>
    if (c number==3) {
       output vector2[i] <- 1
    } else {
      output_vector2[i] <- 0</pre>
  }
  y2 <- factor(output_vector2, levels=c(0,1))</pre>
  y2 <- y2[1:1000]
  # for caret, y variable should be a factor
  # see line 54 in caret_intro_2d.R
  mtrain2 <- mtrain2[,-1]/256 # x matrix</pre>
  colnames(mtrain2) <- 1:(28^2)</pre>
  x2 <- mtrain2[1:1000,]</pre>
}
  # prediction of errors with neural net
prediction_errors(x2,y2)
## [1] 0.047
```