

Software Manual for Model Selection with Genetic Algorithms using **ga**

Eddie Buehler, Yang Hu & Jin Rou New
University of California, Berkeley

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1 Introduction

2 Help files for R functions

<code>evaluate</code>	<i>Do evaluation.</i>
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Description

Do evaluation for chromosomes in population by calculating model selection criterion.

Usage

```
evaluate(pop, model_data, model = "lm", criterion = "AIC",  
         do_parallel = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>pop</code>	Matrix of population of chromosomes.
<code>do_parallel</code>	Logical; Default <code>FALSE</code> ; Do in parallel?

<code>model_data;</code>	Object of class <code>model_data</code> .
<code>model;</code>	Character; "lm" (default) or "glm"; Linear model or generalized linear model.
<code>criterion;</code>	"AIC" (default) or "BIC"; Criterion to be minimized.

Value

Numeric vector; Evaluation values for all chromosomes in the current generation.

<code>evaluate_once</code>	<i>Do evaluation once.</i>
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Description

Do evaluation for a chromosome by calculating model selection criterion.

Usage

```
evaluate_once(model_data, xvars_select, model = "lm", criterion = "AIC")
```

Arguments

<code>model_data;</code>	Object of class <code>model_data</code> .
<code>xvars_select;</code>	Logical vector;
<code>model;</code>	Character; "lm" (default) or "glm"; Linear model or generalized linear model.
<code>criterion;</code>	"AIC" (default) or "BIC"; AIC or BIC.

Value

Numeric; Value of criterion.

`initialize`

Initialize first generation of chromosomes.

Description

Initialize first generation of chromosomes completely randomly.

Usage

```
initialize(pop_size, num_vars)
```

Arguments

`pop_size` Non-negative integer; Number of chromosomes in population.

`num_vars` Non-negative integer; Number of variables in model under consideration/ number of genes in each chromosome.

Value

A matrix of size `pop_size` x `num_vars` with 1's and 0's.

`mutate`

Mutate genes in the population.

Description

Mutate each gene in the population at a pre-defined rate.

Usage

```
mutate(pop, probab_mutate = 0.01)
```

Arguments

<code>pop</code>	Matrix; Population of chromosomes.
<code>prob_mutate</code>	Numeric, between 0 and 1; Default is 0.01; Probability of mutation.

Value

Matrix of population of chromosomes that have undergone mutation.

<code>plot_ga</code>	<i>Plots results from the genetic algorithm.</i>
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Description

Plots the best model evaluation criterion in each generation against the generation iteration.

Usage

```
plot_ga(ga, num_view = 3)
```

Arguments

<code>ga</code>	Object of class <code>ga</code> .
<code>num.view</code>	Number of top models to display.

Value

Prints summary of top models and associated value of model selection criterion.

<code>process_data</code>	<i>Process data for input into genetic algorithm.</i>
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Description

Process data for input into genetic algorithm.

Usage

```
process_data(data, yvar, xvars = NULL)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	Data frame
<code>yvar</code>	Character; Name of column containing response variable.
<code>xvars</code>	Character vector; Default is all column names that are not <code>yvar</code> ; Name(s) of column(s) containing set of explanatory variables to select on.

Value

A list object named `model_data` containing:

`data` Data frame; Processed data with only relevant columns.

`yvar` Character; Name of column containing response variable.

`xvars` Character vector; Name(s) of column(s) containing set of explanatory variables to select on.

`num_vars` Integer; Length of `xvars`.

<code>recombine</code>	<i>Recombine.</i>
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Description

Carry out crossover of parent chromosomes in a mating pool.

Usage

```
recombine(pop_mating, pop_size, method = "onepoint", prob_recombine = 0.6,  
          do_parallel = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>pop_mating</code>	Matrix of population of chromosomes that form the mating pool.
<code>pop_size</code>	Integer; Number of chromosomes in a generation.
<code>method</code>	String; "onepoint" (default), "twopoint", "uniform"; Type of crossover, at one point, at two points or uniformly (at all possible points).
<code>prob_recombine</code>	Numeric, between 0 and 1; Default is 0.6; Probability of recombination.
<code>do_parallel</code>	Logical; Default <code>FALSE</code> ; Do in parallel?

Value

Matrix of population of chromosomes resulting from recombination.

<code>recombine_once</code>	<i>Recombine once.</i>
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Description

Carry out crossover of two parent chromosomes to produce one child chromosome.

Usage

```
recombine_once(parent1, parent2, method = "onepoint")
```

Arguments

<code>parent1</code>	Integer vector of 1st parent chromosome containing 1's and 0's.
<code>parent2</code>	Integer vector of 2nd parent chromosome containing 1's and 0's.
<code>method</code>	String; "onepoint" (default), "twopoint", "uniform"; Type of crossover, at one point, at two points or uniformly (at all possible points).

Value

Integer vector of child chromosome containing 1's and 0's.

<code>reproduce</code>	<i>Wrapper function for reproduction stage.</i>
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Description

Wrapper function for reproduction stage.

Usage

```
reproduce(ga, iteration, do_parallel = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>ga</code>	Object of class <code>ga</code> .
<code>iteration</code>	Iteration number.

Value

Updated `ga` list object.

`select`

Select chromosomes for recombination.

Description

Select chromosomes for recombination based on fitness.

Usage

```
select(pop, evaluation, method = "rank", do_parallel = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>pop</code>	Matrix; Population of chromosomes.
<code>evaluation</code>	Numeric vector; Evaluation values of all chromosomes in population.
<code>method</code>	String; "rank" (linear rank selection) (default) or "tournament"; Method to select chromosomes for inclusion in mating pool.
<code>do_parallel</code>	Logical; Default <code>FALSE</code> ; Do in parallel?

Value

Matrix of population of chromosomes that form the mating pool.

`select_model`

Carry out model selection with a genetic algorithm.

Description

Main function for carrying out model selection with a genetic algorithm.

Usage

```
select_model(data, yvar, xvars = NULL, model = "lm", criterion = "AIC",
  pop_size = 100L, method_select = "rank", method_recombine = "onpoint",
  prob_recombine = 0.6, prob_mutate = 0.01, num_max_iterations = 100L,
  seed = 123, do_parallel = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	Data frame
<code>yvar</code>	Character; Name of column containing response variable
<code>xvars</code>	Character vector; Default is all column names that are not <code>yvar</code> ; Name(s) of column(s) containing set of explanatory variables to select on.
<code>pop_size</code>	Integer; Default is 100; Number of chromosomes per generation.
<code>method_select</code>	String; "rank" (linear rank selection) (default) or "tournament"; Method to select chromosomes for inclusion in mating pool.
<code>method_recombine</code>	String; "onpoint" (default), "twopoint", "uniform"; Type of crossover, at one point, at two points or uniformly (at all possible points).
<code>prob_recombine</code>	Numeric, between 0 and 1; Default is 0.6; Probability of recombination.
<code>prob_mutate</code>	Numeric, between 0 and 1; Default is 0.01; Probability of mutation.
<code>num_max_iterations</code>	Non-negative integer; Default is 100; Maximum number of iterations before algorithm is stopped.
<code>seed</code>	Non-negative integer; Default is 123; Random seed for reproducibility.
<code>do_parallel</code>	Logical; Default is <code>FALSE</code> ; Do in parallel?
<code>model;</code>	Character; "lm" (default) or "glm"; Linear model or generalized linear model.
<code>criterion;</code>	"AIC" (default) or "BIC"; Criterion to be minimized.

<code>summary_ga</code>	<i>Display summary of results from the genetic algorithm.</i>
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Description

Outputs the top models selected from the genetic algorithm.

Usage

```
summary_ga(ga, num_view = 5)
```

Arguments

<code>ga</code>	Object of class <code>ga</code> .
<code>num_view</code>	Number of top models to display.

Value

Prints summary of top models and associated value of model selection criterion.