

## R - Code for Brand Example - Hsu Procedure - Brand-Hsu.R in Canvas (by Jeffrey R. Fetzter)

```
mcb <- function(model, best = "smallest", alpha = .05)
  library(mvtnorm)
  if ("aov" %in% class(model) | "lm" %in% class(model)) {
    y <- model$model[,1]
    trt <- model$model[,2]
    dfMSE <- df.residual(model)
    MSE <- deviance(model)/dfMSE
  }
  data <- subset(data.frame(y, trt), is.na(y) == FALSE)
  means <- tapply(data[, 1], data[, 2], mean)
  ni <- tapply(data[, 1], data[, 2], length)
  N <- sum(ni)
  ntr <- length(ni)
  dcv <- qmvt(p=1-alpha, tail = "lower.tail", df = N-ntr, corr =
    matrix(rep(.5,(ntr-1)^2),ntr-1) + diag(ntr-1) * .5)$quantile
  if (best == "smallest") {
    min <- min(means)
    nmin <- min(means[means!=min(means)])
    m <- replace(rep(min, ntr), which(means==min, arr.ind=TRUE), nmin)
    k <- m + dcv*sqrt(MSE)*sqrt(2/ni[1])
    b <- (means < k)
    output <- data.frame(round(means, 3), round(m, 3), round(k, 3), b)
    names(output) <- c("means", "m", "k", "Best")
  }
  if (best == "largest") {
    max <- max(means)
    nmax <- max(means[means!=max(means)])
    m <- replace(rep(max, ntr), which(means==max, arr.ind=TRUE), nmax)
    k <- m - dcv*sqrt(MSE)*sqrt(2/ni[1])
    b <- (means > k)
    output <- data.frame(round(means, 3), round(m, 3), round(k, 3), b)
    names(output) <- c("means", "M", "k", "Best")
  }
  cat("Results for Hsu's procedure when 'best' is", best, "\n\n")
  print(output)
}

y = c(22, 20, 25, 17,26, 22, 27, 21,16, 20, 14, 18,
      20, 25, 26, 21,28, 29, 23, 24,22, 15, 19, 16 )
S1 = rep("S1",4), S2 = rep("S2",4), B1 = rep("B1",4), B2 = rep("B2",4), R1 = rep("R1",4), R2 = rep("R2",
TYPE = c(S1,S2,B1,B2,R1,R2)
BRAND = as.factor(TYPE)
Brandmodel = lm(y ~ BRAND)
mcb(Brandmodel)
Results for Hsu's procedure when 'best' is smallest
```

	means	m	k	Best
B1	17	18	23.112	TRUE
B2	23	17	22.112	FALSE
R1	26	17	22.112	FALSE
R2	18	17	22.112	TRUE
S1	21	17	22.112	TRUE
S2	24	17	22.112	FALSE