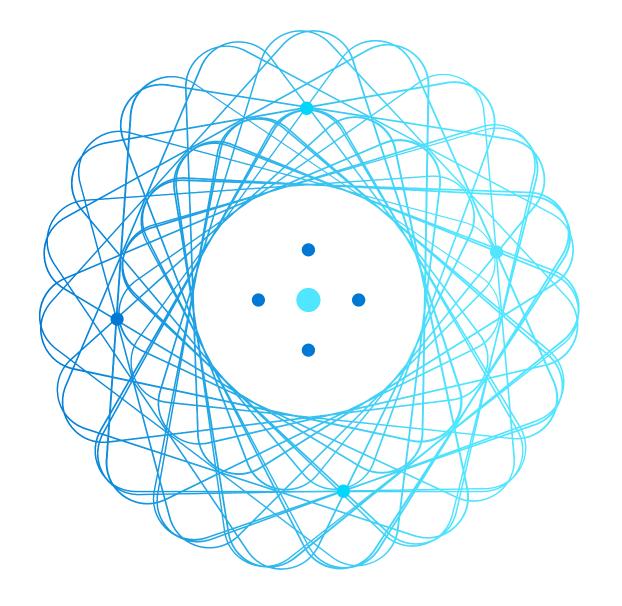


AZ-305

Designing Microsoft Azure Infrastructure Solutions



AZ-305 Agenda

Module 01 Design a governance solution

Module 02 Design a compute solution

Module 03 Design a non-relational data storage solution

Module 04 Design a data storage solution for relational data

Module 05 Design a data integration solution

→ Module 06 Design an application architecture solution Module 07 Design Authentication and Authorization Solutions Module 08 Design a solution to log and monitor Azure resources Module 09 Design a network infrastructure solution Module 10 Design a business continuity solution Module 11 Design a migration solution

Infra as code bicer - ison ARN declaritive idemination

Design an application architecture solution



Introduction

- Describe message and event scenarios
- Design a messaging solution
- Design an event solution (Event Hub and Event Grid)
- Design an application optimization solution
- Design application lifecycle
- Case study
- Summary and resources

AZ-305: Design infrastructure solutions (25-30%) Design an Application Architecture

- Recommend a caching solution for applications
- Recommend a messaging architecture
- Recommend an event-driven architecture
- Recommend an automated deployment solution for your applications
- Recommend an application configuration management solution
- Recommend a solution for API integration

Describe message and event scenarios



Determine message and event scenarios



| Action | Description | When to use |
|---------|---|---|
| Event | Light weight Includes a publisher and a subscriber | Used for broadcasts and are often ephemeral. Ephemeral means the communication might not be handled by any receiver if none is currently subscribing. |
| Message | Contains raw data, produced by one component, that will be consumed by another component. Contains the data itself, not just a reference to that data. | Used where the distributed application requires a guarantee that the communication will be processed. |

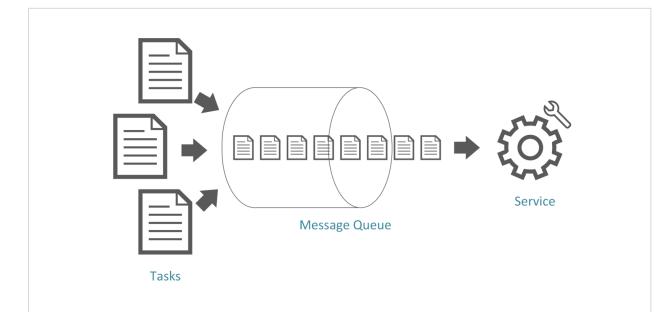
Design a messaging solution



Design for Azure Queue storage

Azure Storage Queue is a service for storing large number of messages.

- Accessed with authenticated calls using HTTP or HTTPS
- Messages can be up to 64 KB in size
- May contain millions of messages, up to the total capacity limit of a storage account



- Create a backlog of work to process asynchronously
- Example: customer placing orders online added to the queue and processed

Design for Service Bus queues and topics

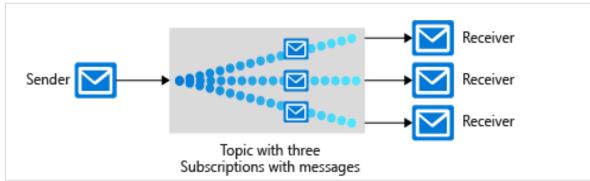
Service Bus decouples applications and services from each other.

Service bus queues



- Built on top of a dedicated messaging infrastructure
- Holds messages until the target is ready to receive them – different from queues

Service bus publish-subscribe topics



- Like bus queues but with multiple subscribers
- When a message is sent to a topic, multiple components can be triggered to perform a task

Compare messaging solutions

| Solution | Usage cases | SLA |
|-----------------------|---|-----------------------|
| Queue storage | A simple queue to organize messages. Queue to exceed 80 GB in size. To track progress for processing a message inside of the queue. | Based on storage tier |
| Service bus queues | A first-in-first-out guarantee. At-Least-Once message processing (PeekLock receive mode) At-Most-Once message processing (ReceiveAndDelete receive mode) Can group operations into transactions Receive messages without polling the queue. Publish and consume batches of messages. | 99.9% |
| Service bus topics | Multiple receivers to handle each message. Multiple destinations for a single message. | 99.9% |

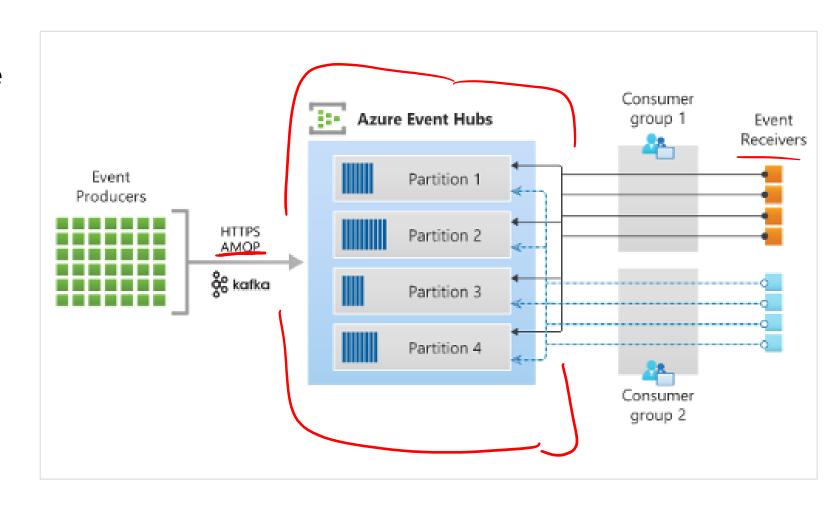
Design an event solution



Design an **Event Hub** messaging solution

Azure Event Hubs is a fully managed, real time data ingestion service

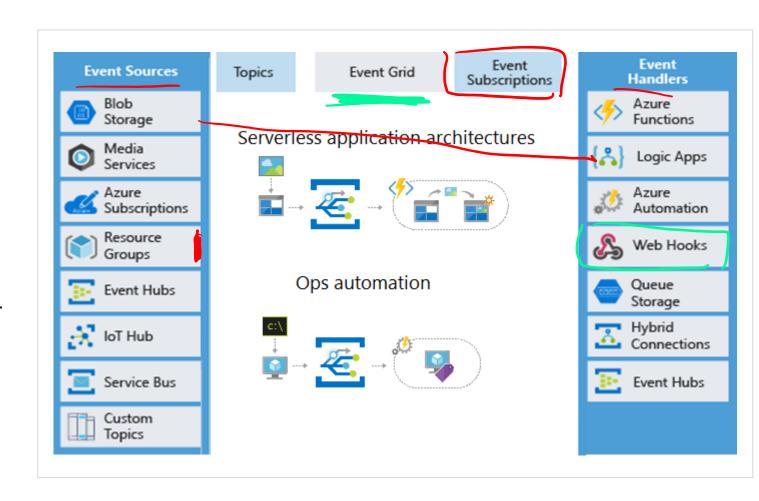
- Orders events by when they are received - by time offsets
- Uses a pull model allowing multiple reads from consumers
- Scaling is controlled by how many throughput units or processing units you purchase
- Receiving real-time streaming data



Design an event-driven solution

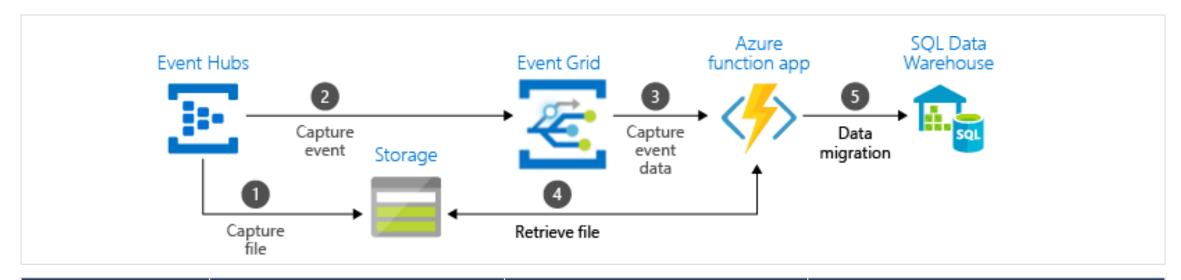
Azure Event Grid is a routing service connecting data sources with event handlers.

- Events sources include Azure resources or custom topics (you create)
- Event handlers react to an event
- Useful for serverless applications and operations automation
- Uses a pay-per-operation or pay-peruse pricing models



Comparison of message and event solutions

Consider combining several solutions



| | Service | Purpose | Туре | When to use |
|---|-------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| (| Event Grid | Reactive programming | Event distribution (discrete) | React to status changes honitoric |
| (| Event Hubs | Big data pipeline | Event streaming (series) | Telemetry and distributed data streaming |
| (| Service Bus | High-value enterprise messaging | Message | Order processing and financial transactions |

Design an **IoT Hub** solution

lot Central

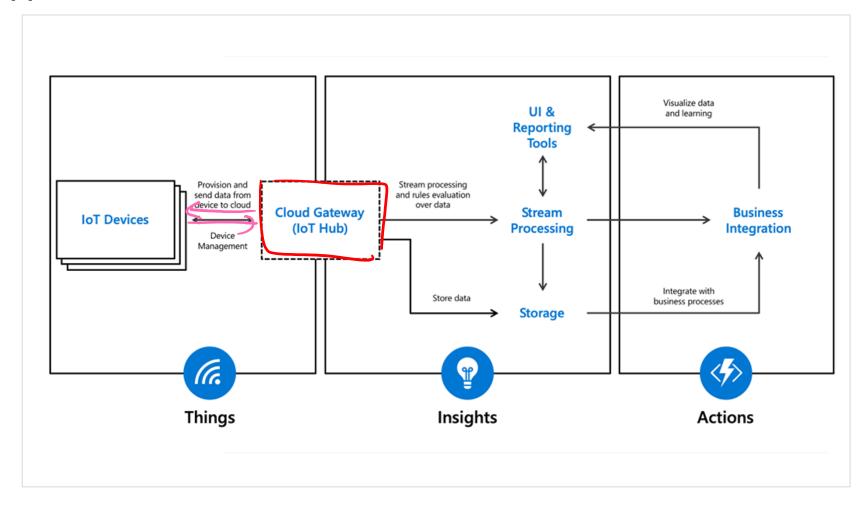
Central message hub for IoT applications and its attached devices.

When to use IoT Hub?

- Application complexity
- Data throughput
- Securing solution end to end allowing for per-device authentication
- Bi-directional communication

Capabilities over Event Hub:

- Per-device identity
- File upload from devices
- Device provisioning service



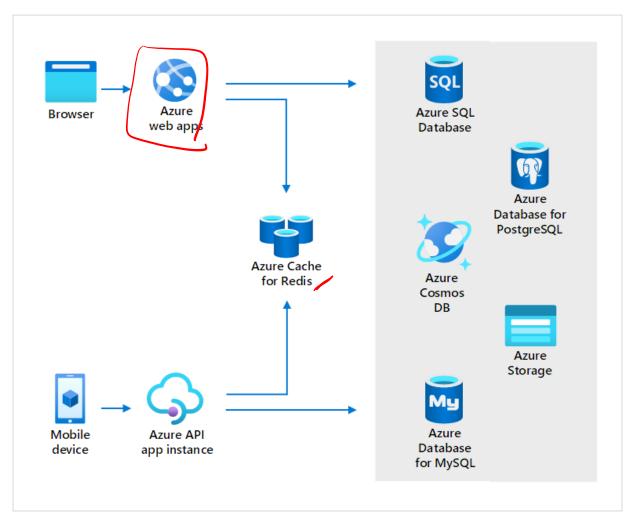
Design an application optimization solution



When to use Azure Cache for Redis

Store frequently accessed data so that applications can be responsive to users.

- Key scenarios data cache, content cache, session store, job and message queuing, and distributed transactions
- Fully managed solution
- High availability responds automatically to both anticipated and unanticipated changes in demand
- Same performance and scaling benefits throughout the world – network isolation, data encryption in transit

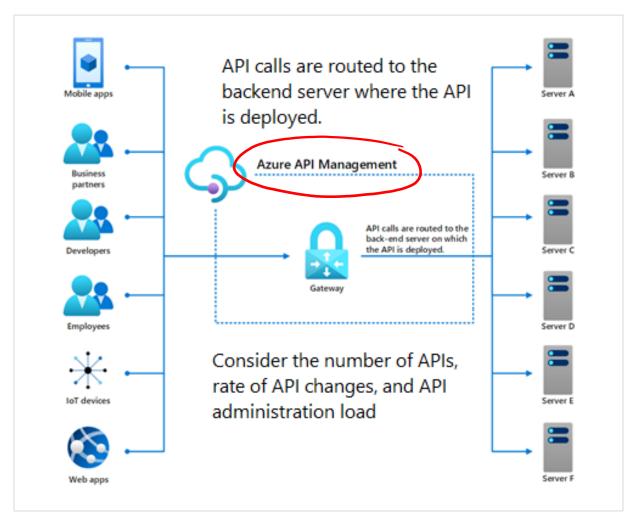


Design an Azure API management solution

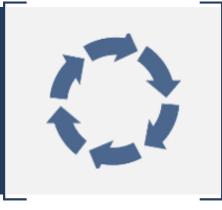
Publish, secure, maintain, and analyze all your company's APIs.

- Bring multiple APIs under a single administrative umbrella – centralized management
- (Manage permissions and access)
- Ensure compliance across API
- Standardize API specs
- Protect the APIs from malicious usage





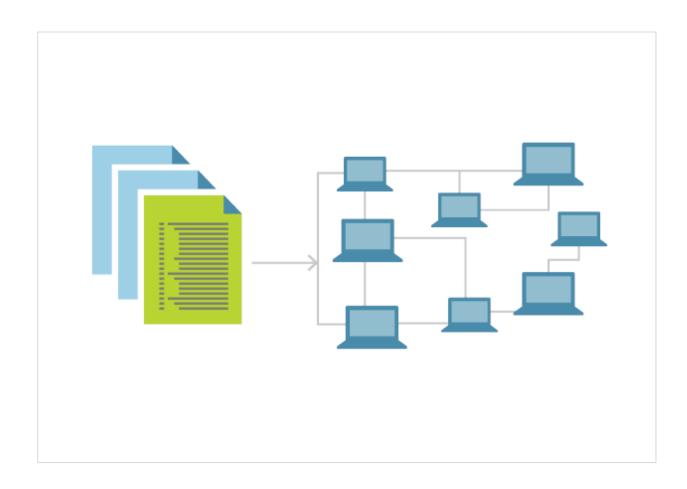
Design an application lifecycle



What is Infrastructure as Code?

Infrastructure as Code (IaC) is the process of automating your infrastructure provisioning.

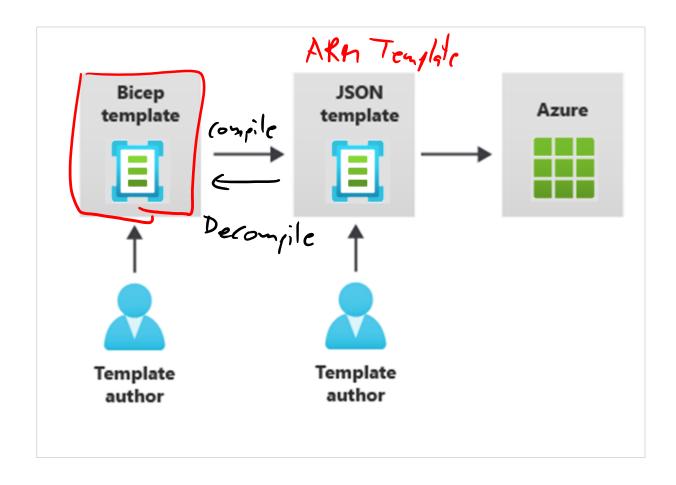
- The IaC model generates the same environment every time it is applied
- Solves the problem of environmental drift
- Enables teams to test applications in production-like environments early
- Where possible, uses declarative definition files



Provision resources with Infrastructure as Code

Azure supports IaC with Azure Resource Manager and third-party platforms.

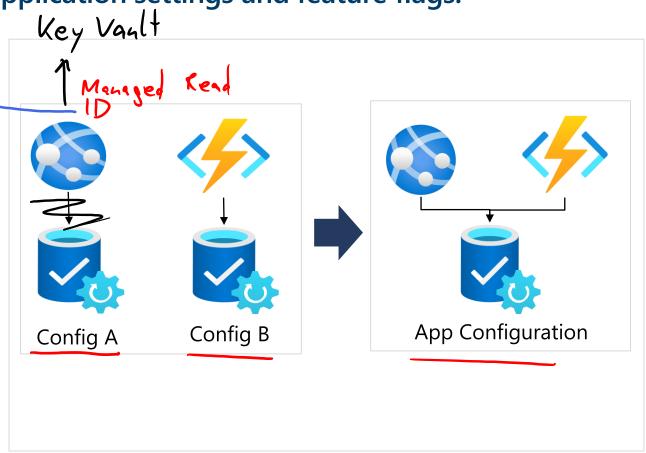
- Azure Resource Manager templates Bicep, JSON
- Azure Automation
- Azure DevOps services
- GitHub actions
- Terraform
- Jenkins



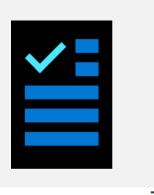
Design an Azure App Configuration solution

Azure App Configuration centrally manages application settings and feature flags.

- Flexible key representations and mappings
- Point-in-time replay of settings
- Dedicated UI for feature flag management
- Comparison of two sets of configurations on custom-defined dimensions
- Enhanced security through Azuremanaged identities and encryption



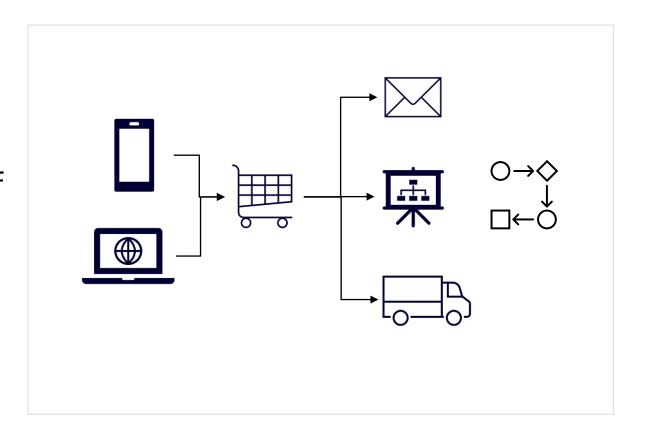
Review



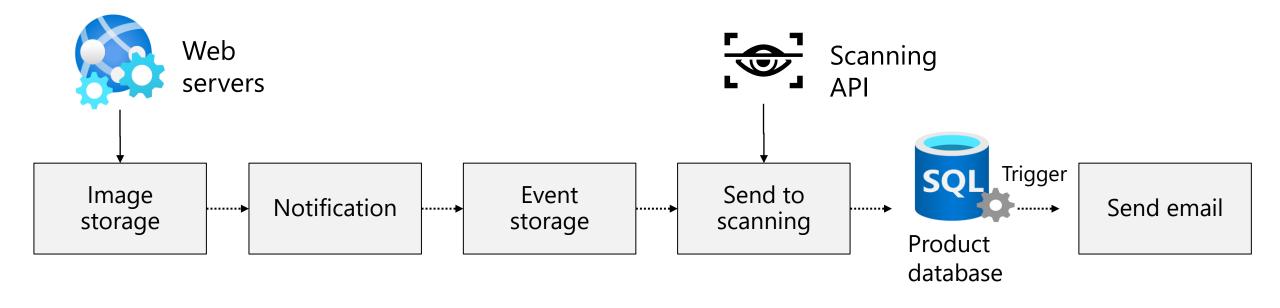
<u>Case Study – Application architecture</u>

A new product catalog design

- New product catalog, ordering process, and shopping cart
- Services will rely on a combination of relational and non-relational data
- It is critical that the service hosting the application supports rapid autoscaling and high availability

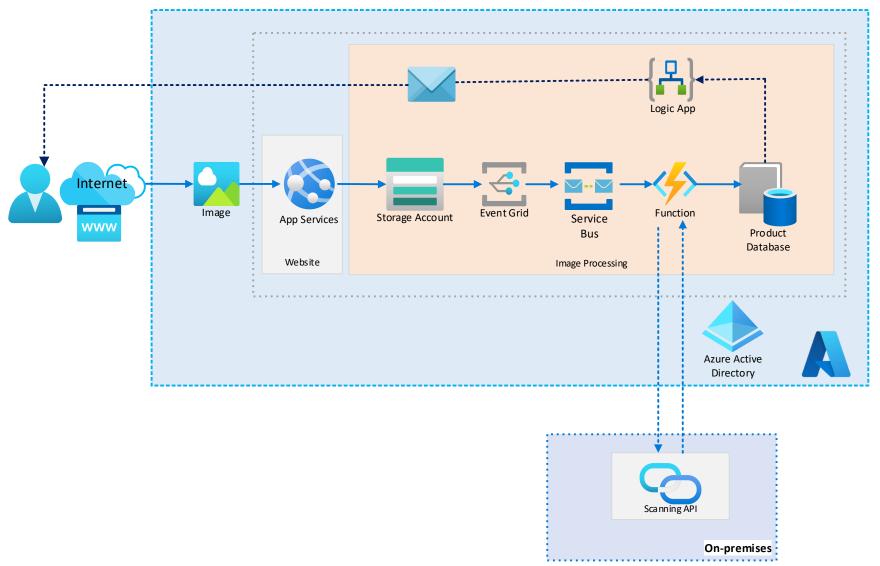


Instructor case study discussion





Instructor Solution Diagram



Summary and resources

Check your knowledge

Microsoft Learn Modules (docs.microsoft.com/Learn)



Choose a messaging model in Azure to loosely connect your services

Introduction to Azure API Management

<u>Introduction to Event Hubs</u>

Deploy Azure infrastructure by using JSON ARM templates

Introduction to infrastructure as code using Bicep

Message queues and stream processing

<u>Introduction to Azure Cache for Redis</u>

Optional hands-on exercise - <u>Implement a Service Bus topic and queue - Learn | Microsoft Docs</u>

End of presentation

