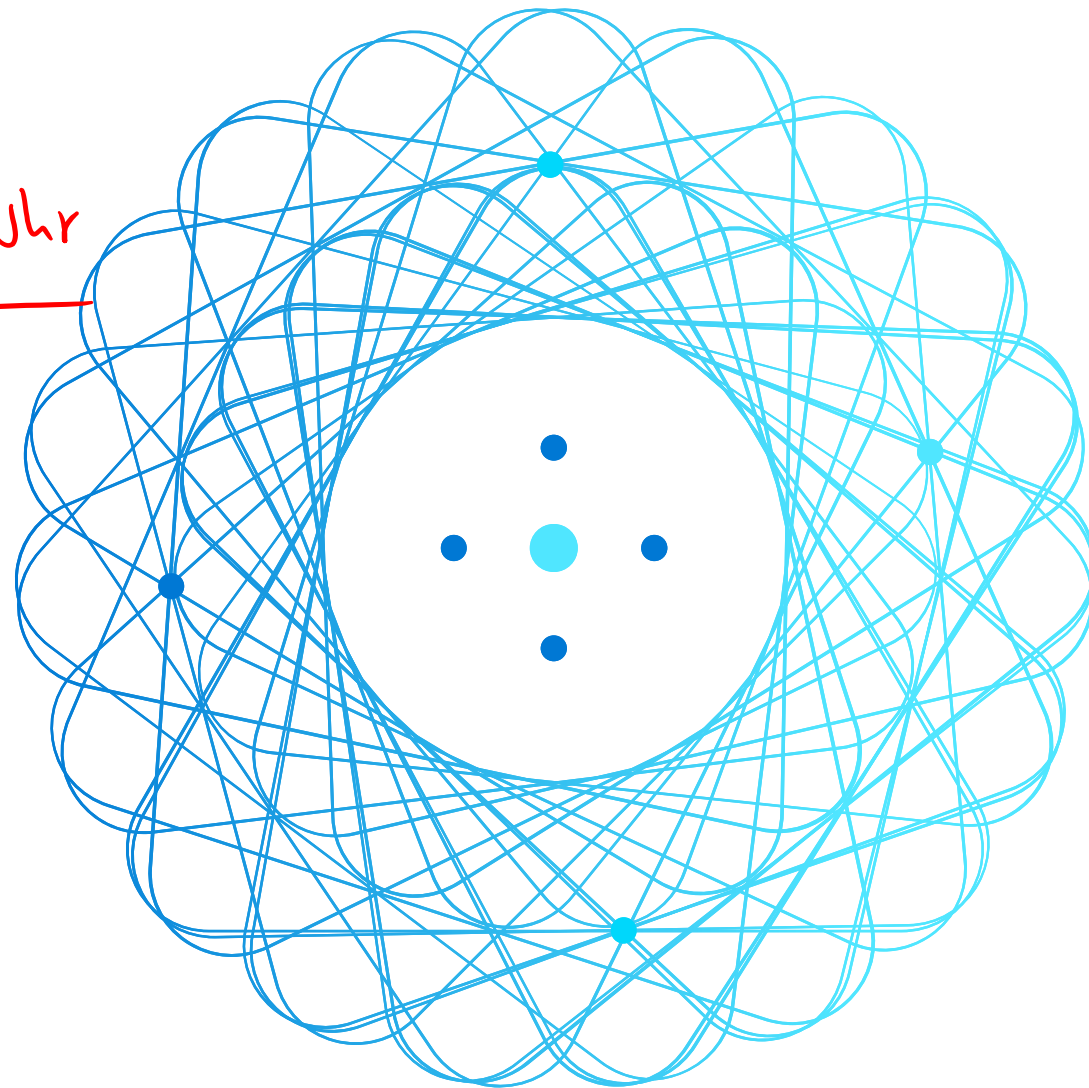


AZ-305

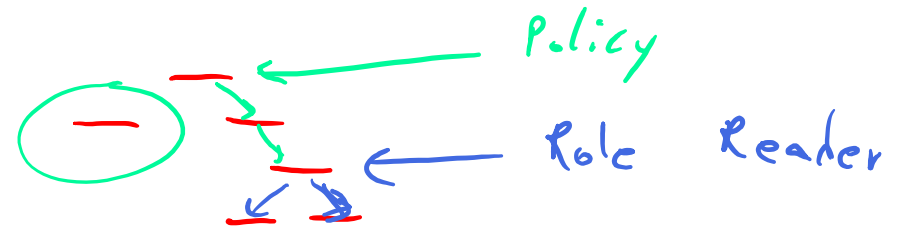
Designing Microsoft Azure Infrastructure Solutions

Pause bis 15⁴⁵ Uhr

h



12³⁰ - 13¹⁵



AZ-305 Agenda

Module 01 Design a governance solution ←

Module 02 Design a compute solution

→ Module 03 Design a non-relational data storage solution

→ Module 04 Design a data storage solution for relational data

→ Module 05 Design a data integration solution

→ Module 06 Design an application architecture solution "Serverless"

Functions
Logic Apps

Module 07 Design Authentication and Authorization Solutions

Module 08 Design a solution to log and monitor Azure resources

Module 09 Design a network infrastructure solution

Module 10 Design a business continuity solution

Module 11 Design a migration solution

Design a compute solution



Introduction

- Choose a compute service
- Design for Azure virtual machine solutions
- Design for Azure Batch solutions
- Design for Azure App Services solutions
- Design for Azure Container Instances solutions
- Design for Azure Kubernetes Service solutions
- Design for Azure Function solutions
- Design for Azure Logic App solutions
- Case study
- Summary and resources

AZ-305: Design Infrastructure Solutions (25-30%)

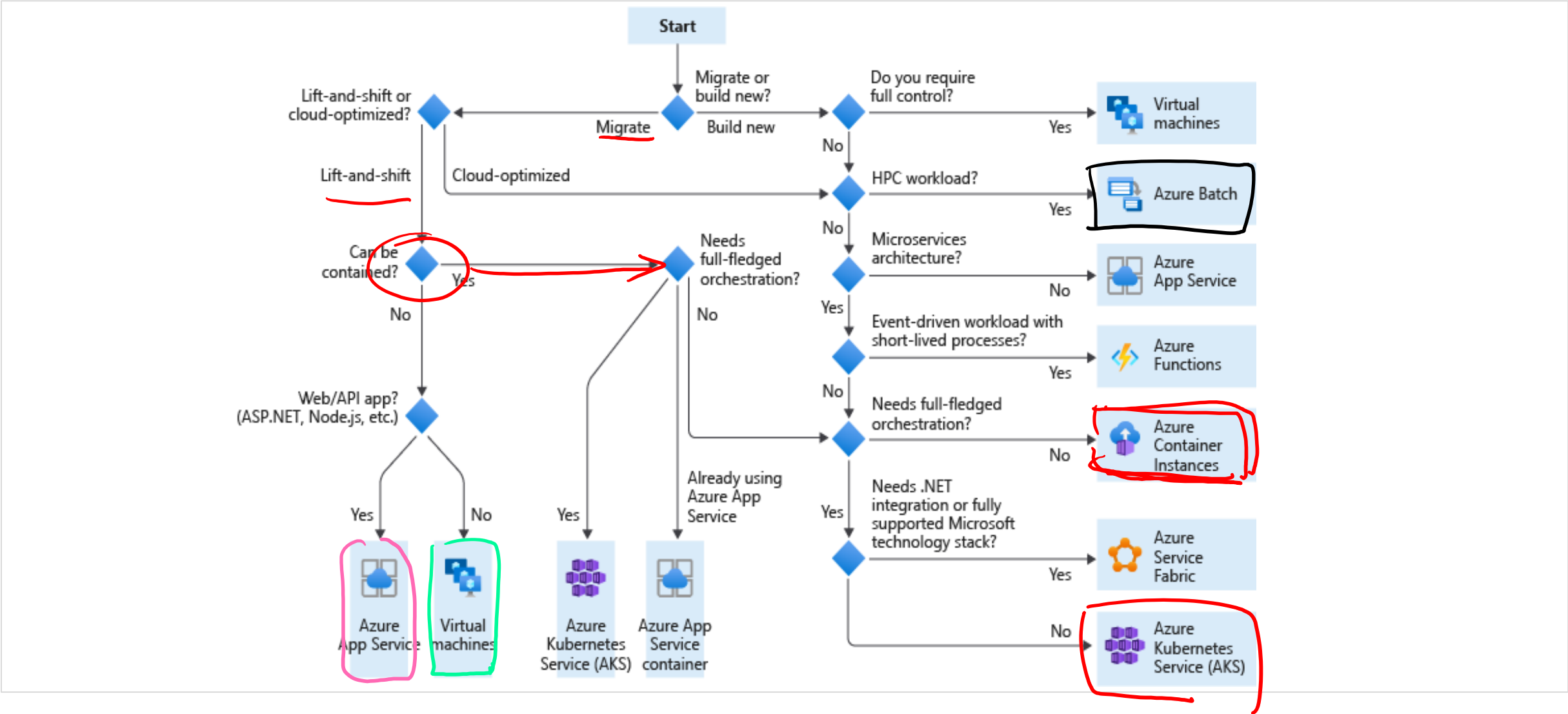
Design for compute solutions

- Recommend an appropriately sized compute solution based on workload requirements.
- Recommend a Container-based compute solution.
- Recommend a Serverless-based compute solution
- Recommend a Virtual Machine-based compute solution

Choose a compute solution



Choose a compute service for your application



Design for Azure virtual machine solutions



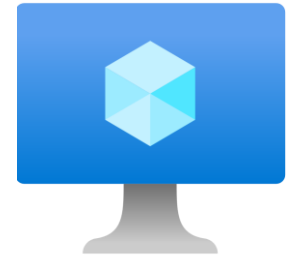
When to select virtual machines

Know when to use virtual machines

- Quickly test and troubleshoot different configurations
- Use specialty hardware such as high-performance computing
- Extend your on-premises datacenter without purchasing additional hardware
- Run legacy apps on modern hardware
- Access third party software that requires local add-ons or plug-ins
- Quickly migrate apps to the cloud
- Fully control the computing environment

Lift & Shift

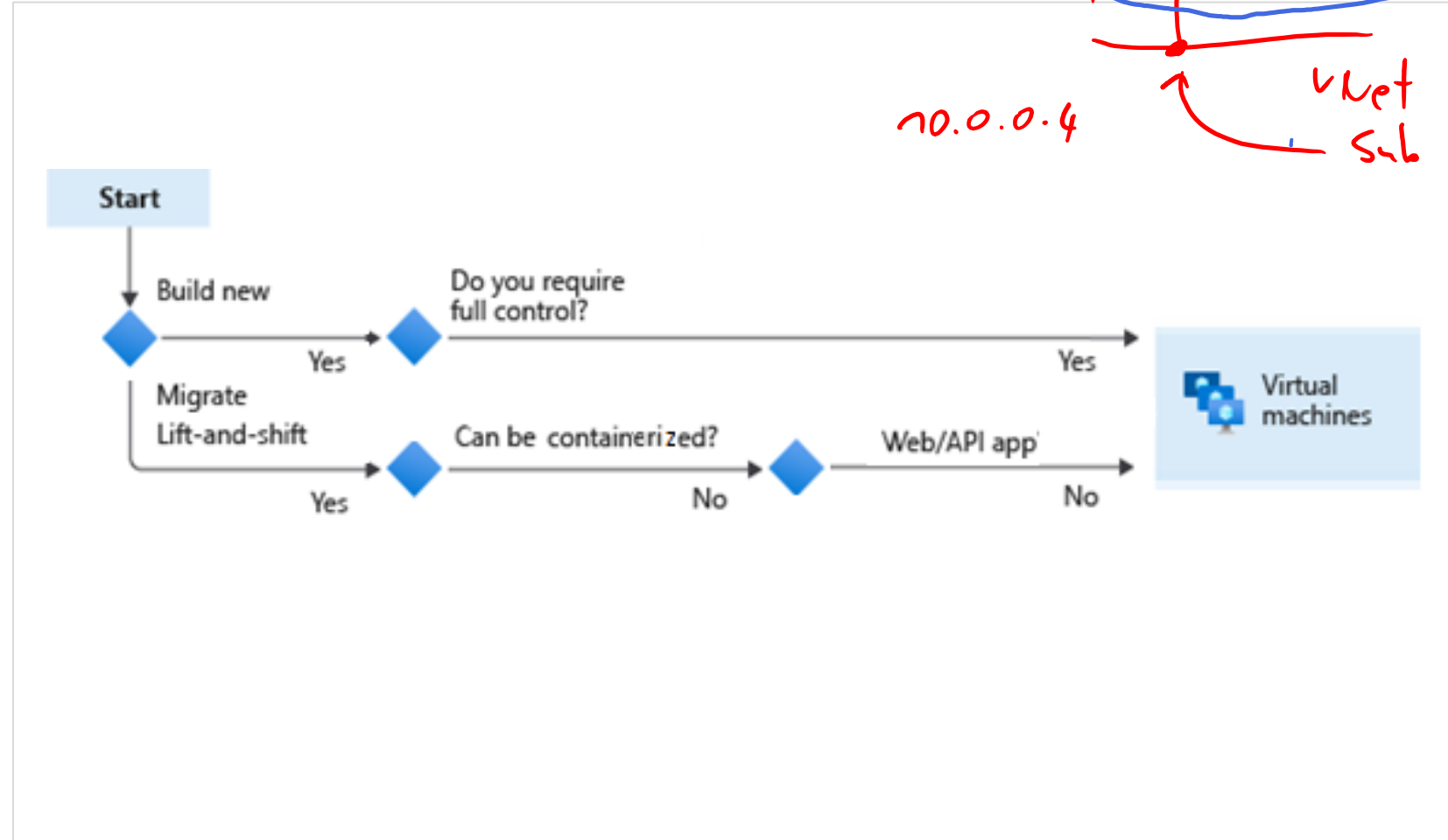
OS



Plan the Azure virtual machine deployment

Azure virtual machines scenarios include build new or migrate patterns

- Start with the network ✓
- Name the VM
- Decide the VM location
- Select the VM storage
- Select an VM operating system
- Keep the VM up to date
- Monitor the VM



Determine the virtual machine family

SKU

The virtual machine size determines pricing



General purpose

A
B



Storage optimized



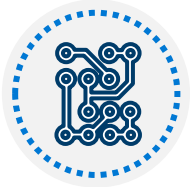
Compute optimized



GPU



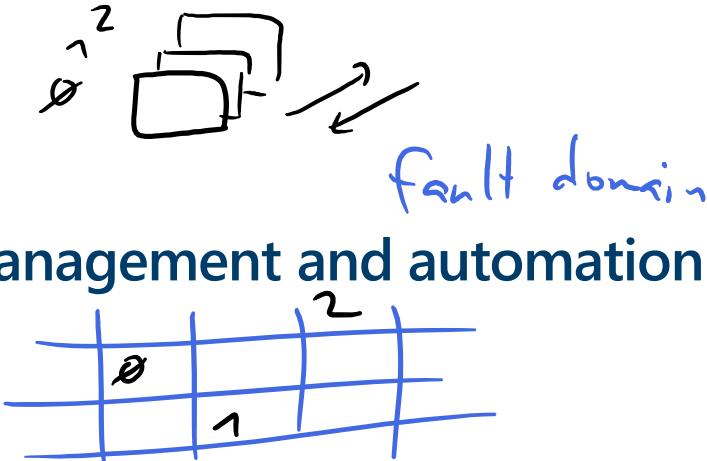
Memory optimized



High performance compute

When to select virtual machine scale sets

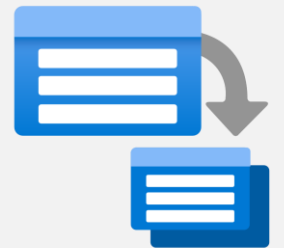
Scale sets are built from virtual machines. With scale sets, the management and automation layers are provided to run and scale your applications.



Scenario	Group of virtual machines	Virtual machine scale sets*
You need to add VM instances for changing workload	Manual process to create, configure, and ensure compliance	Automatically create from central configuration
You need to balance and distribute workloads	Manual process to create and configure Azure load balancer or Application Gateway	Can automatically create and integrate with Azure load balancer or Application Gateway
You need high availability and redundancy	Manually create Availability Set or distribute and track VMs across Availability Zones	Automatic distribution of VM instances across Availability Zone (when zones are selected) and Availability Set
You need to monitor and then scale virtual machines	Manual monitoring and Azure Automation	Autoscale based on host metrics, in-guest metrics, Application Insights, or schedule

* Ensure application supports VMSS

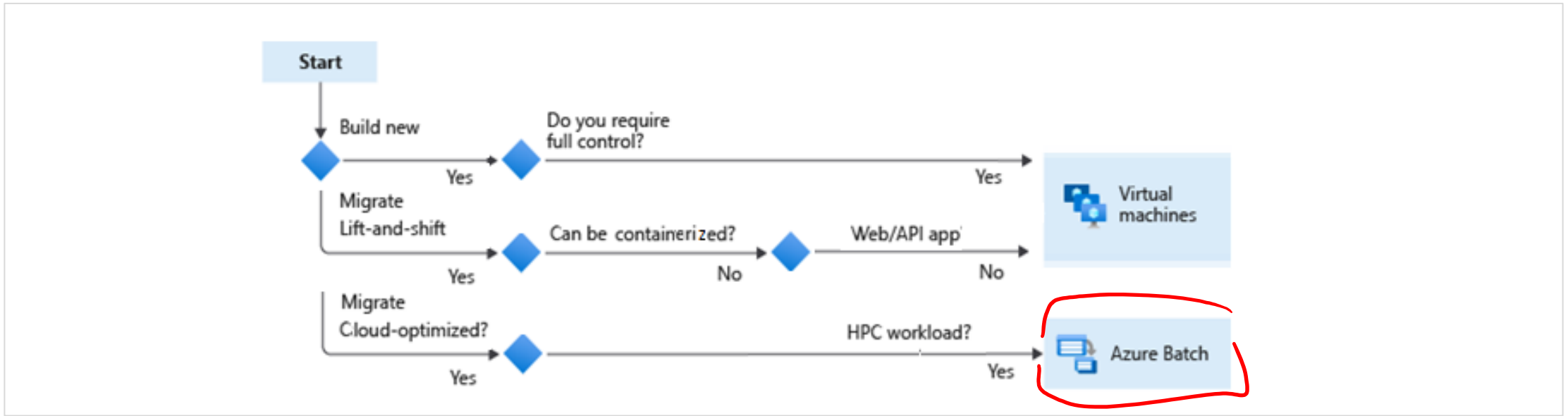
Design for Azure Batch solutions



Spot Instances

When to use Azure Batch

Azure Batch enables large-scale parallel and HPC batch jobs



- Compute-intensive tasks and dynamically adjust resources for your solution without managing infrastructure
- Create and manage jobs in a pool of compute nodes (virtual machines)
- Azure Batch can also install the application that you want to run, and schedule jobs to run on the compute nodes

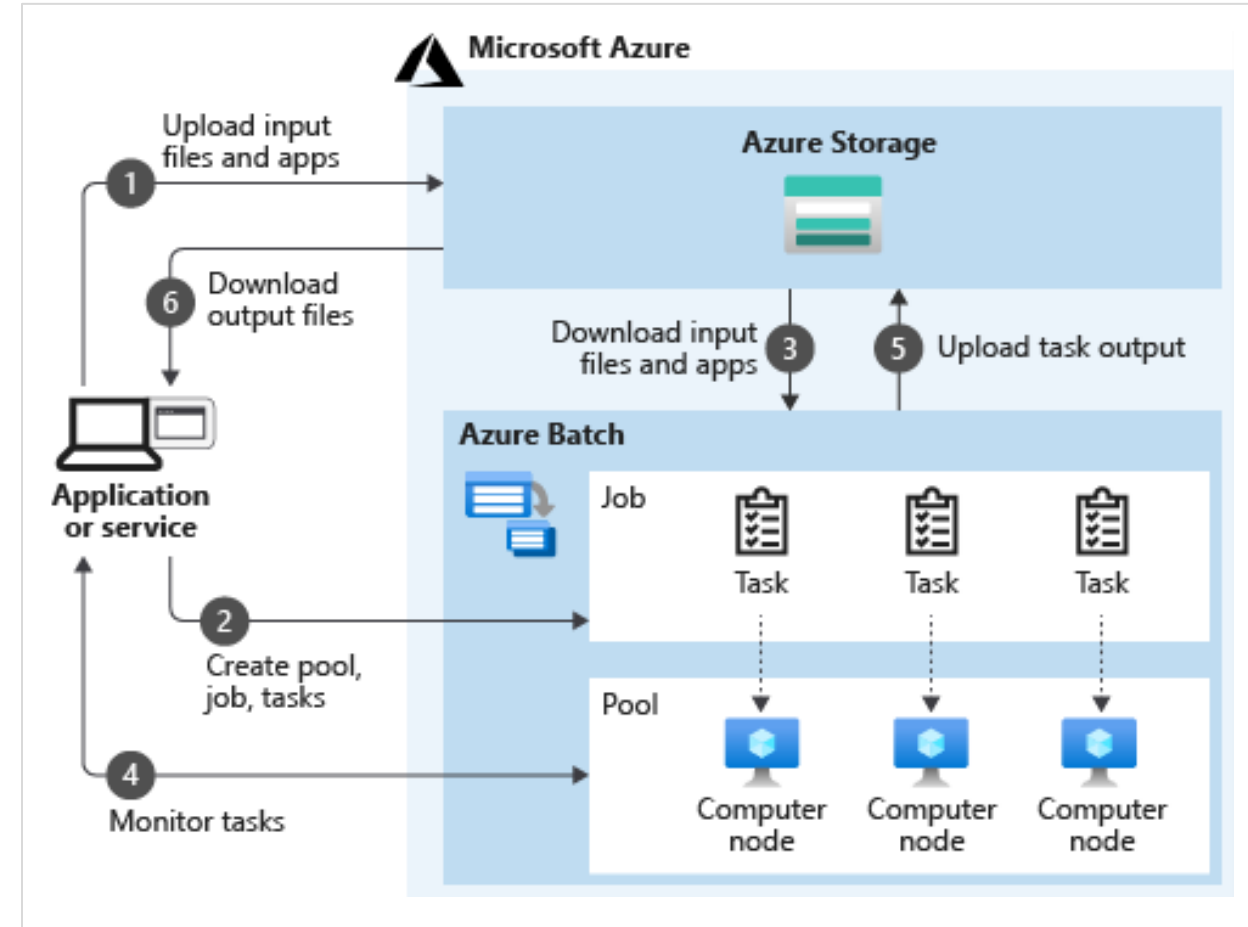
How Azure Batch works

Think of the diagram in two parts:

- **Your service** that uses Azure as the platform
- **Batch as the compute platform behind your service.** Batch uses Azure Storage to fetch applications or data needed to complete a task.

Considerations

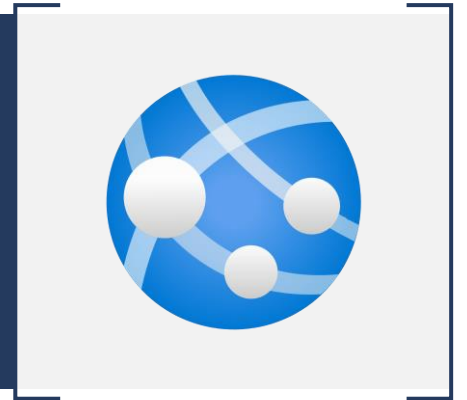
- Pools – dynamically allocate jobs, right size the pools
- Nodes – use multiple nodes in the pool, right size the machines
- Jobs – uniquely name the jobs, monitor and log activity



404

PaaS

Design for Azure App Services solutions



Web
App

API

Mobile
App

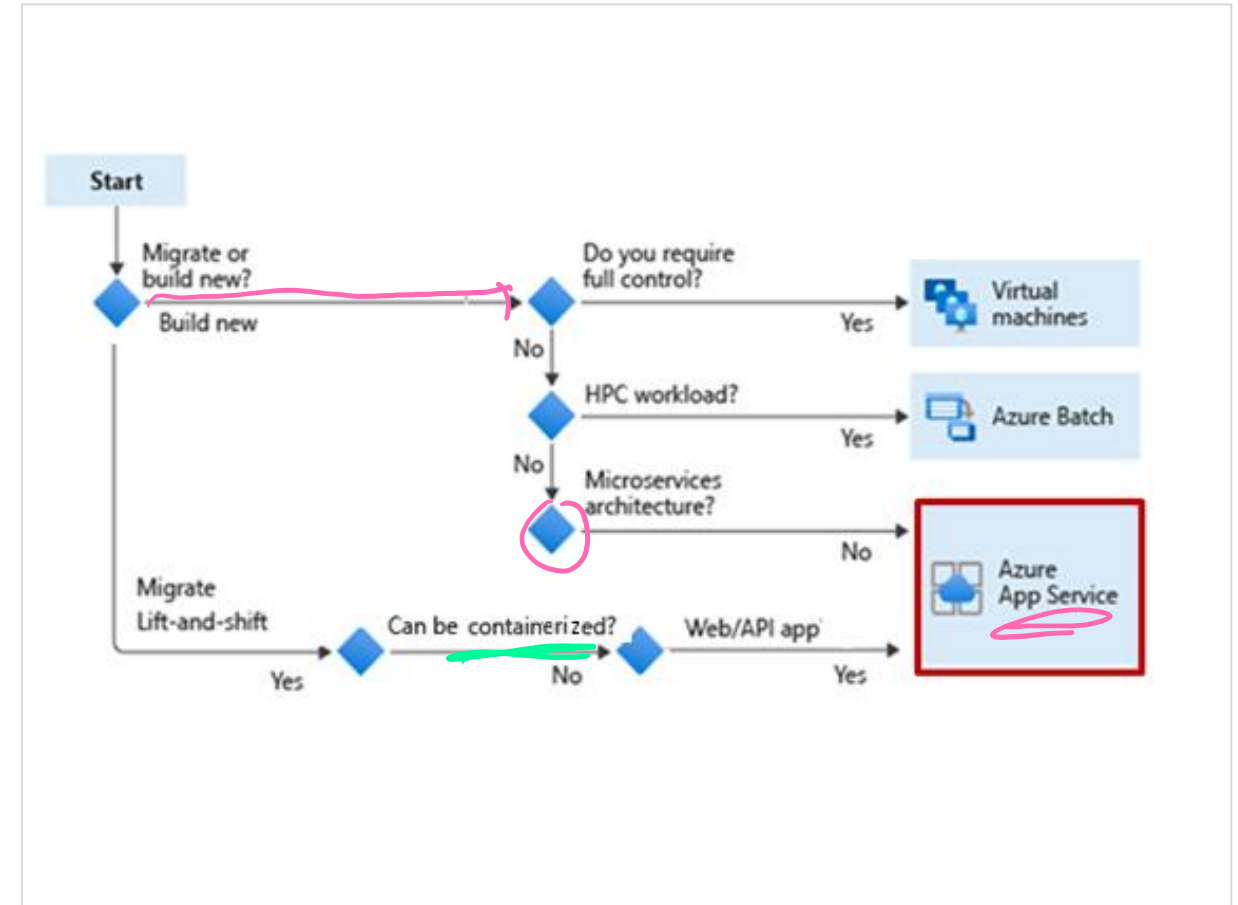


When to use Azure App Services Web Apps

Azure App Service is an HTTP-based service that lets you build and host apps

S1
Plan
100 ACU
10 GB
10 Slots
...

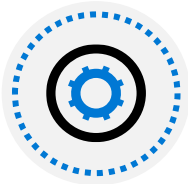
- Web apps, background jobs, mobile backends, and RESTful APIs.
- Use the programming language of your choice
- Automatic scaling and high availability
- App Service enables automated deployments from GitHub, Azure DevOps, or other source control services



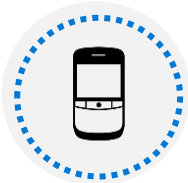
Considerations for App Service Web Apps



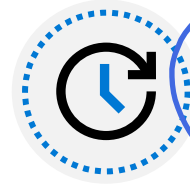
Determine the appropriate app service plan – determines cost and scaling



Use App Services deployment slots for continuous deployment



Use the Mobile Apps to build a back end for iOS and Android apps.



Use built-in authentication and authorization capabilities



Build REST-based web apps with the API



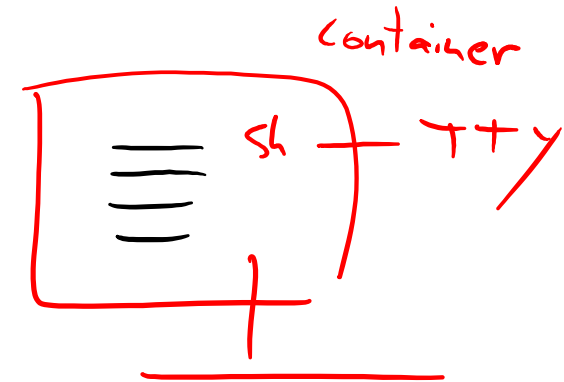
Use WebJobs to run a program or script

Dockerfile

docker build

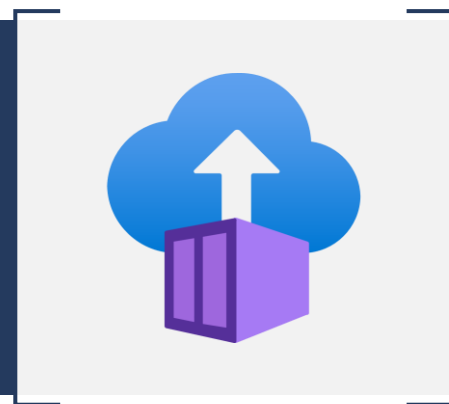
~~Docker Image~~
App
Runtime
Base Image

Registry

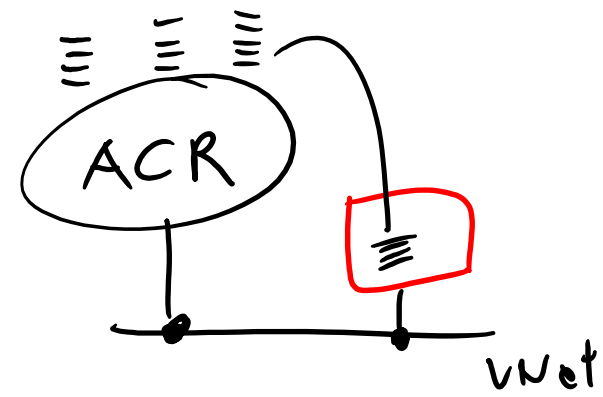


ACI

Design for Azure Container Instances solutions



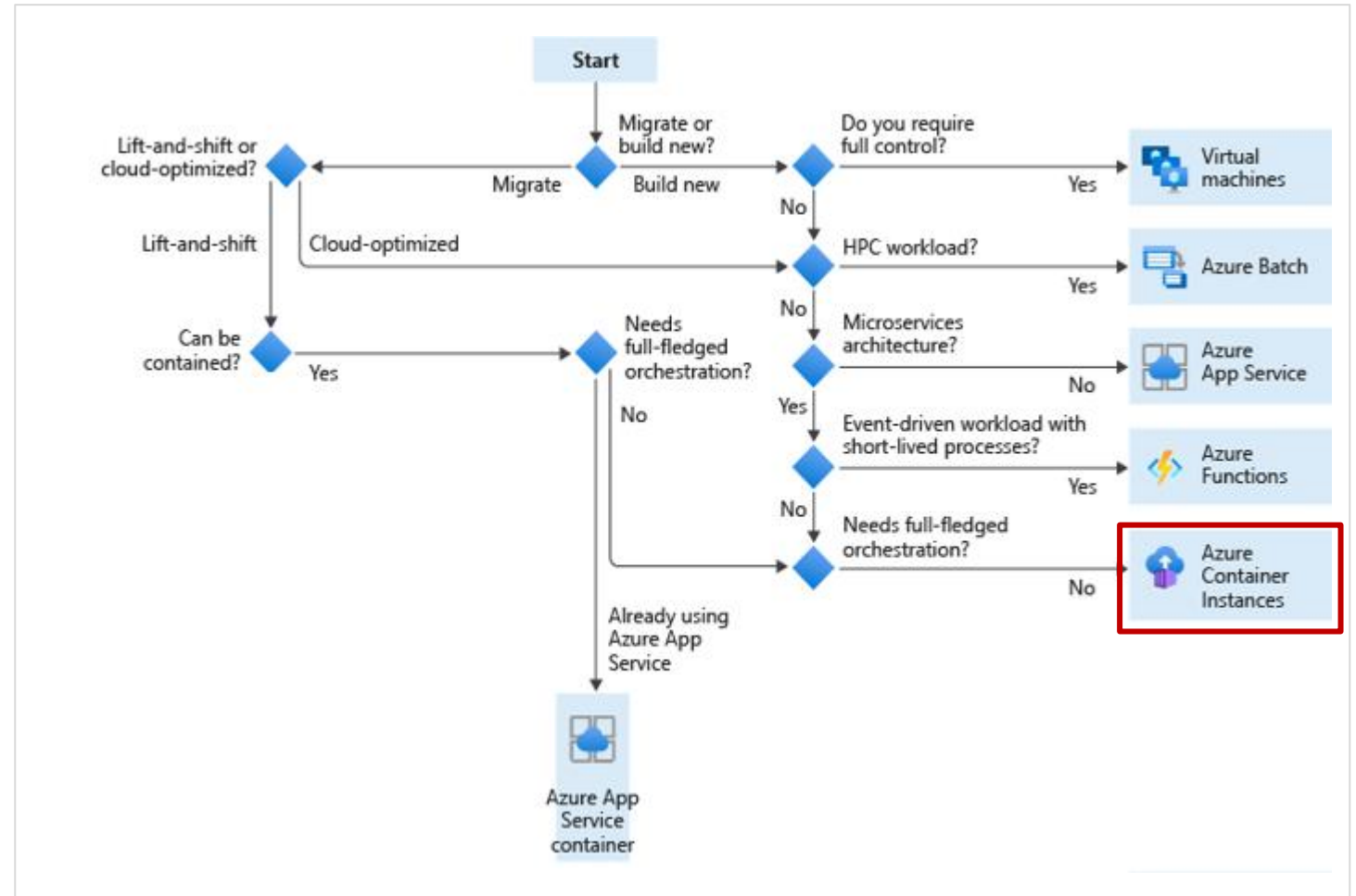
Azure
Container
Registry



What is Azure Container Instance

Azure Container Instances offers the fastest and simplest way to run a container in Azure, without having to manage any virtual machines and without having to adopt a higher-level service.

- Ensure the integrity of images throughout the lifecycle
- Monitor container resource activity
- Consider container groups



When to use Azure Container Instances

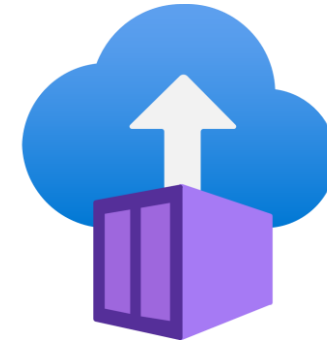
Azure Container Instances are a fast and simple way to run a container on Azure.

Pros:

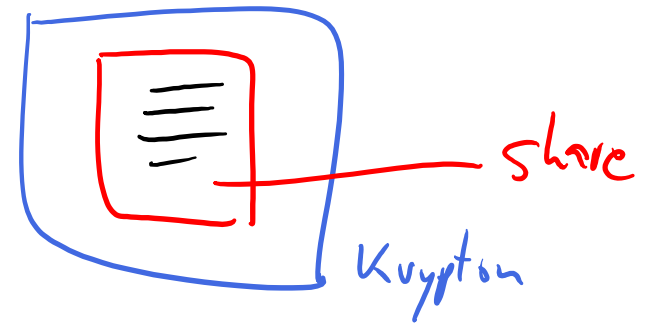
- Fast and Easy
- Used for testing and development.
- Used for short-lived processes.
- Can be used for AKS overflow

Cons:

- Doesn't scale
- Not designed for microservices



ACI



Compare containers to virtual machines

App Services can also run containers

Feature	Containers	Virtual Machines
Isolation	Lightweight isolation from the host and other container.	Complete isolation, strong security boundary, from the host and other VMs.
Operating system	Runs the user mode portion of an operating system	Runs a complete operating system
Deployment	Deploy using Docker	Deploy in the cloud or on-premises – portal, PowerShell, CLI, templates, automation ..
Persistent storage	Azure disks or file share	Virtual hard disk (VHD) or a file share
Fault tolerance	If a cluster node fails, any containers running on it are rapidly recreated by the orchestrator on another cluster node.	VMs can fail over to another server in a cluster, with the VM's operating system restarting on the new server.

SAP Brendan Burns

Design for Azure Kubernetes Service solutions

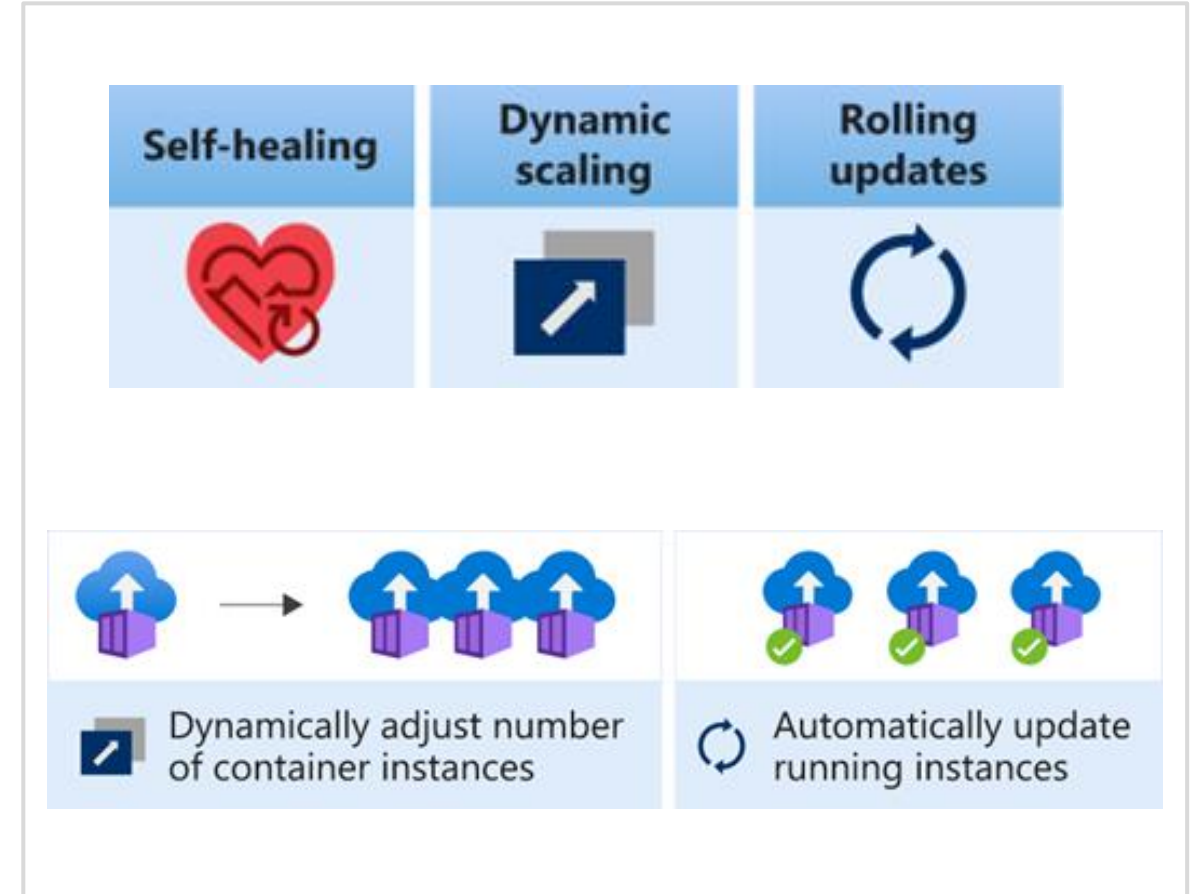


Considerations for Azure Kubernetes Services

Azure Kubernetes Service (AKS) orchestrates your containerized applications

Microservices
K8s ← Service Fabric

- Enterprise scalability
- Automatic cluster node and pod scaling
- Granular network control
- Cluster node upgrades
- Storage volume support
- Ingress with HTTP application routing support
- Private container registry support



K8S Cluster

Nodes
= VMSS
or
VMs

Design a highly available container solution

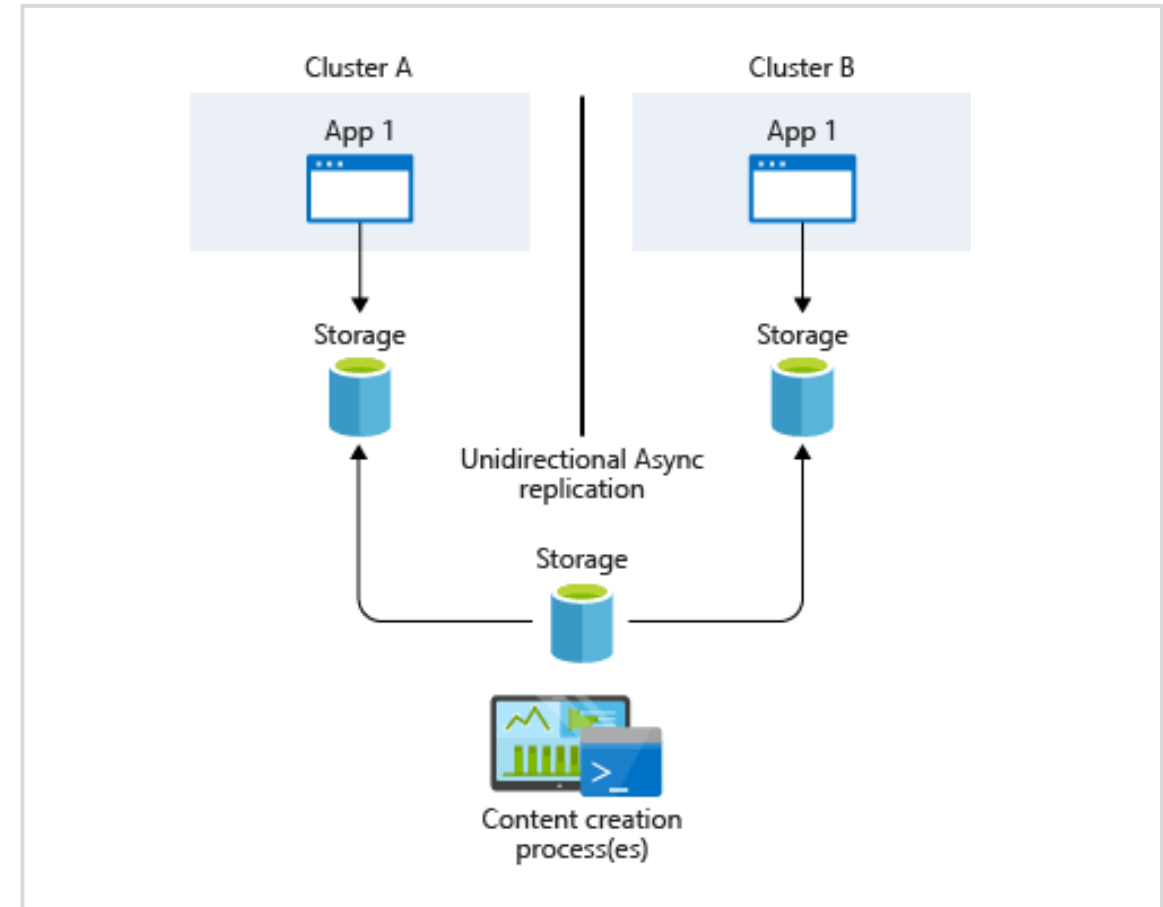
AKS provides high availability using multiple nodes in a virtual machine scale set.

When planning to implement AKS clusters across multiple region deployments, consider the following:

- AKS region availability
- Azure paired regions
- Service availability

Two ways to synchronize storage.

- Infrastructure-based asynchronous replication
- Application-based asynchronous replication



Design for Azure Functions

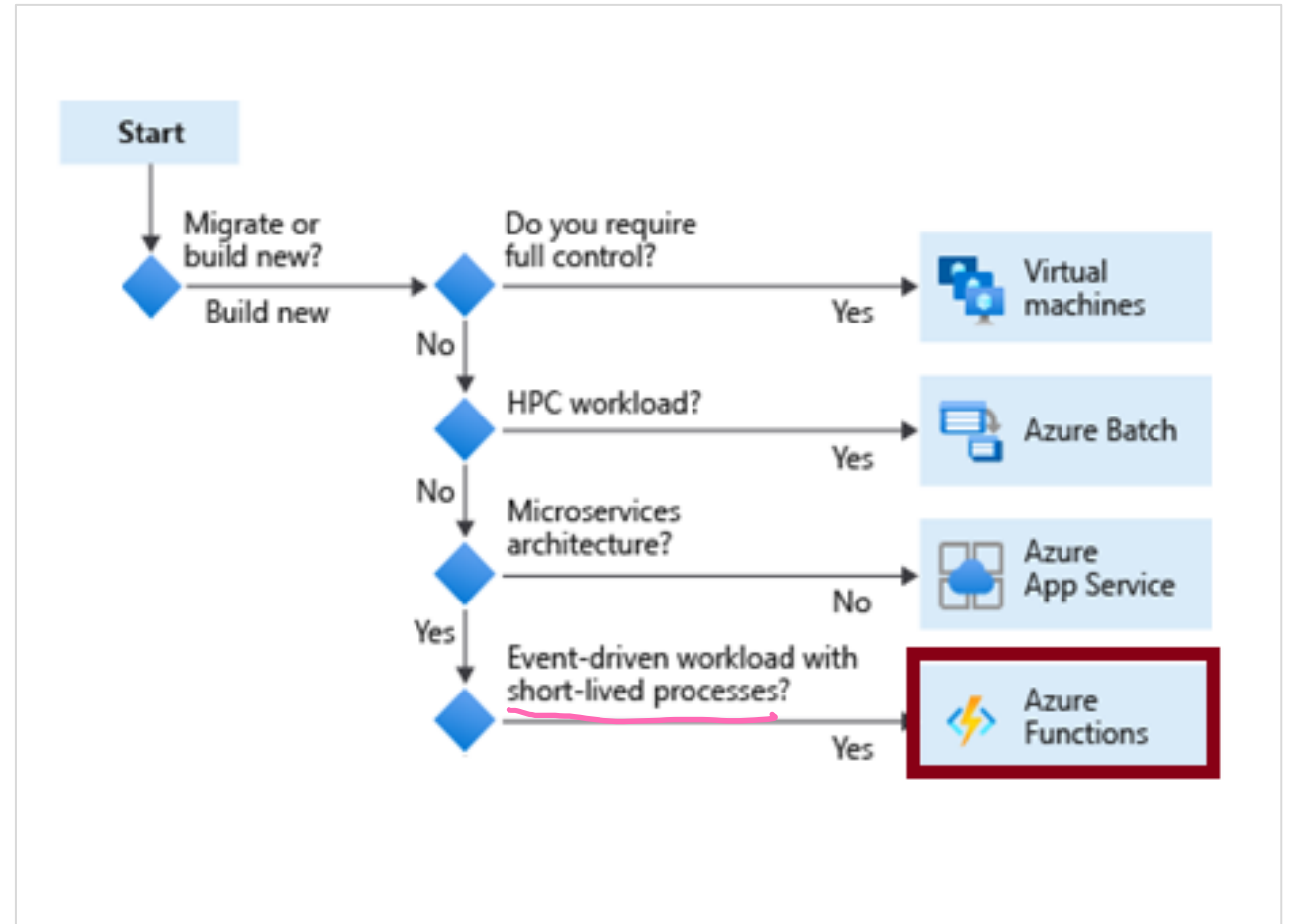


When to use Azure Functions

| Logic Apps

Azure Functions is a serverless application platform for compute-on-demand

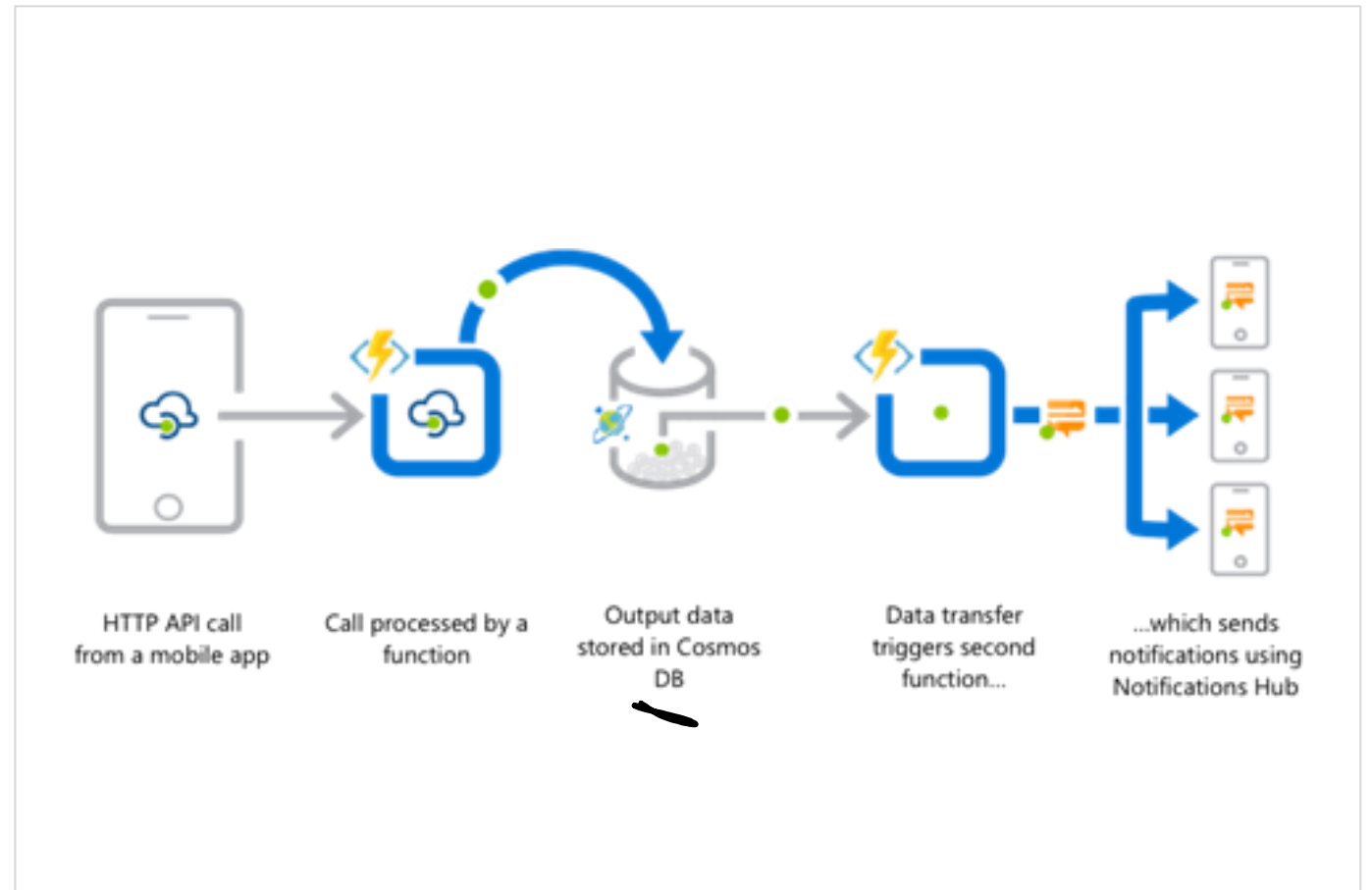
- Implement your system's logic into readily available blocks of code
- Supports a microservice design
- Promotes code reuse
- Scales easily
- Event-driven



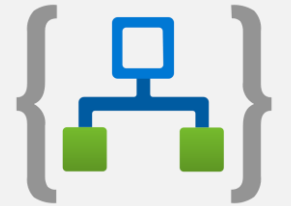
Considerations for Azure Functions

Azure Functions are best when handling specific definable actions triggered by an event.

- Avoid long running functions
- Know when to use durable functions
- Organize functions for performance and scaling
- Write defensive functions



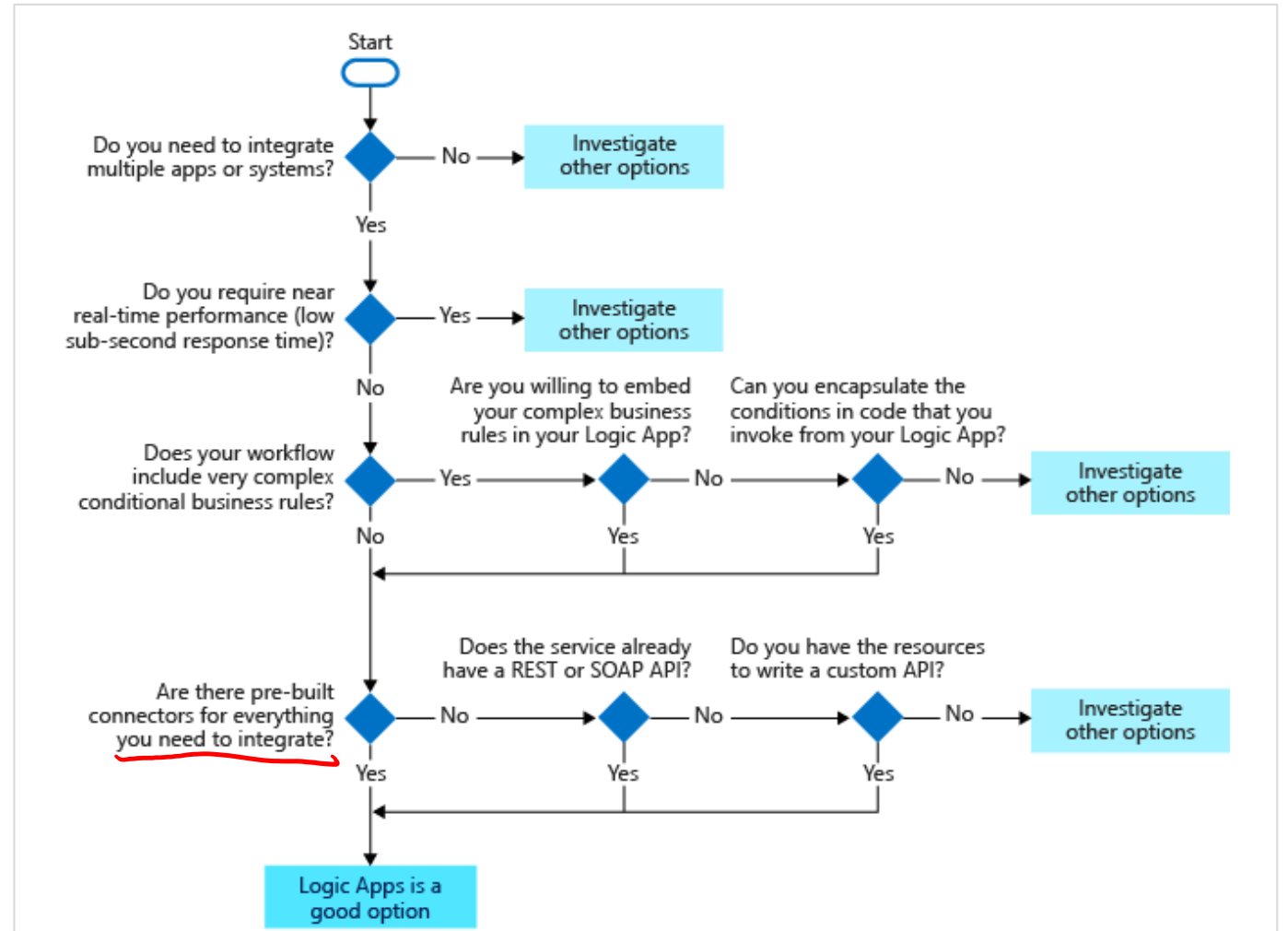
Design for Azure Logic App solutions



When to use Azure Logic Apps

Azure Logic Apps is a cloud-based platform creating and running workflows.

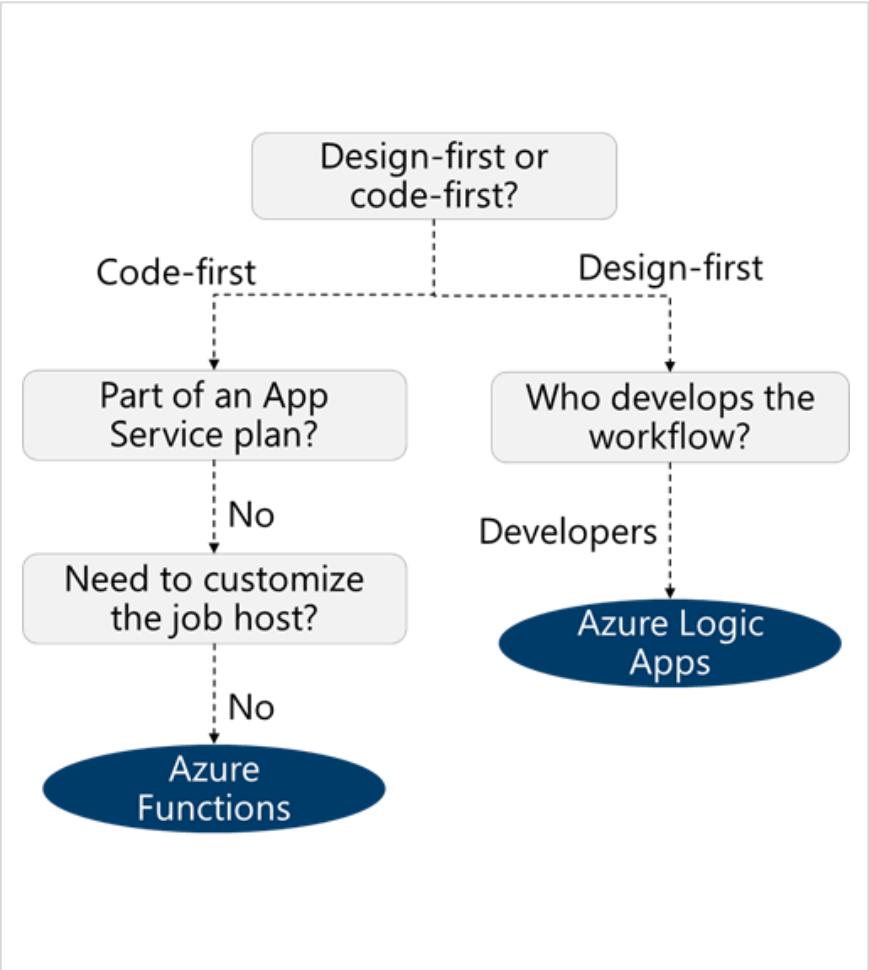
- Send email notifications using Office 365 when a specific event happens
- Route and process customer orders across on-premises systems and cloud services.
- Move uploaded files from an FTP server to Azure Storage.
- Monitor tweets, analyze the sentiment, and create alerts or tasks for items that need review.



How are Logic Apps different from Functions?

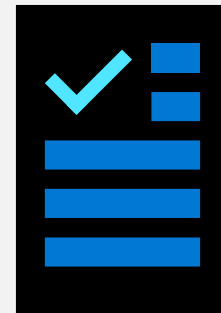
Code-first vs designer-first

Low Code



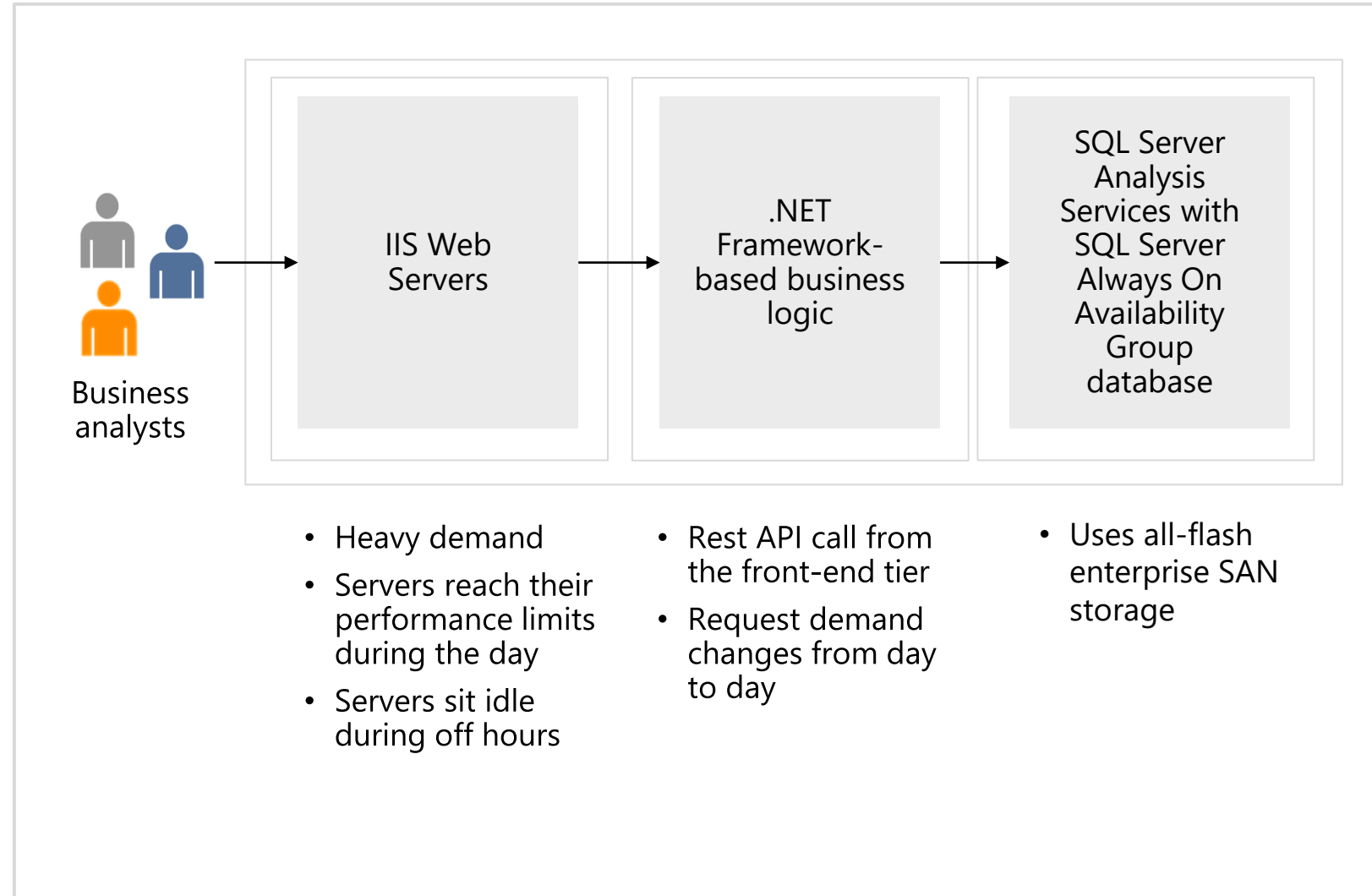
Comparison	Logic Apps	Durable Functions
Development	Designer-first	Code-first
Method	Create orchestrations by using a GUI or editing configuration files	Write code and use the durable functions extension
Connectivity	Large collection of connectors , B2B pack, custom connectors	Large selection of built-in binding types, write code for custom bindings
Monitoring	Azure portal, Azure Monitor logs	Azure Application Insights

Review

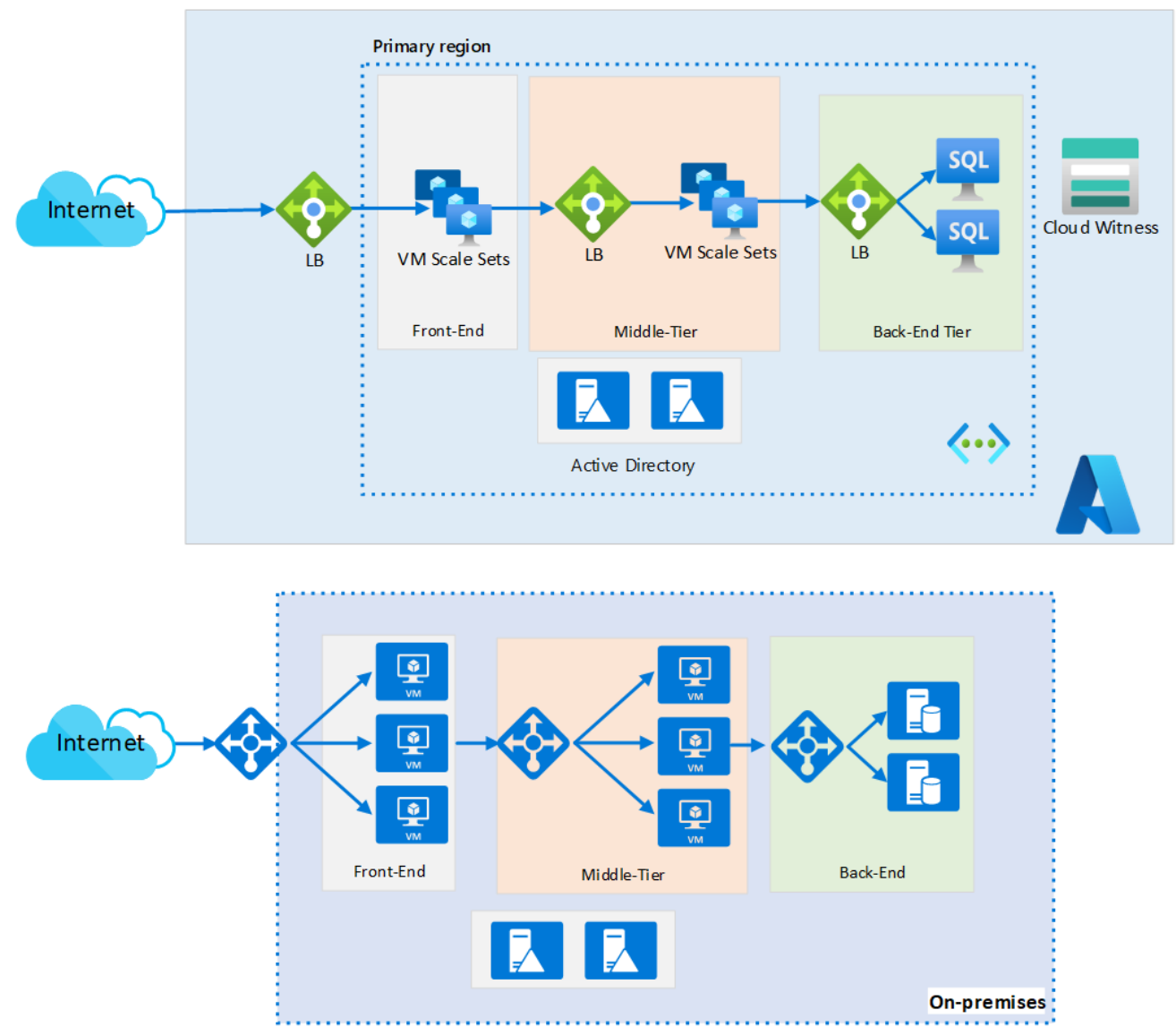


Case study – Compute solutions

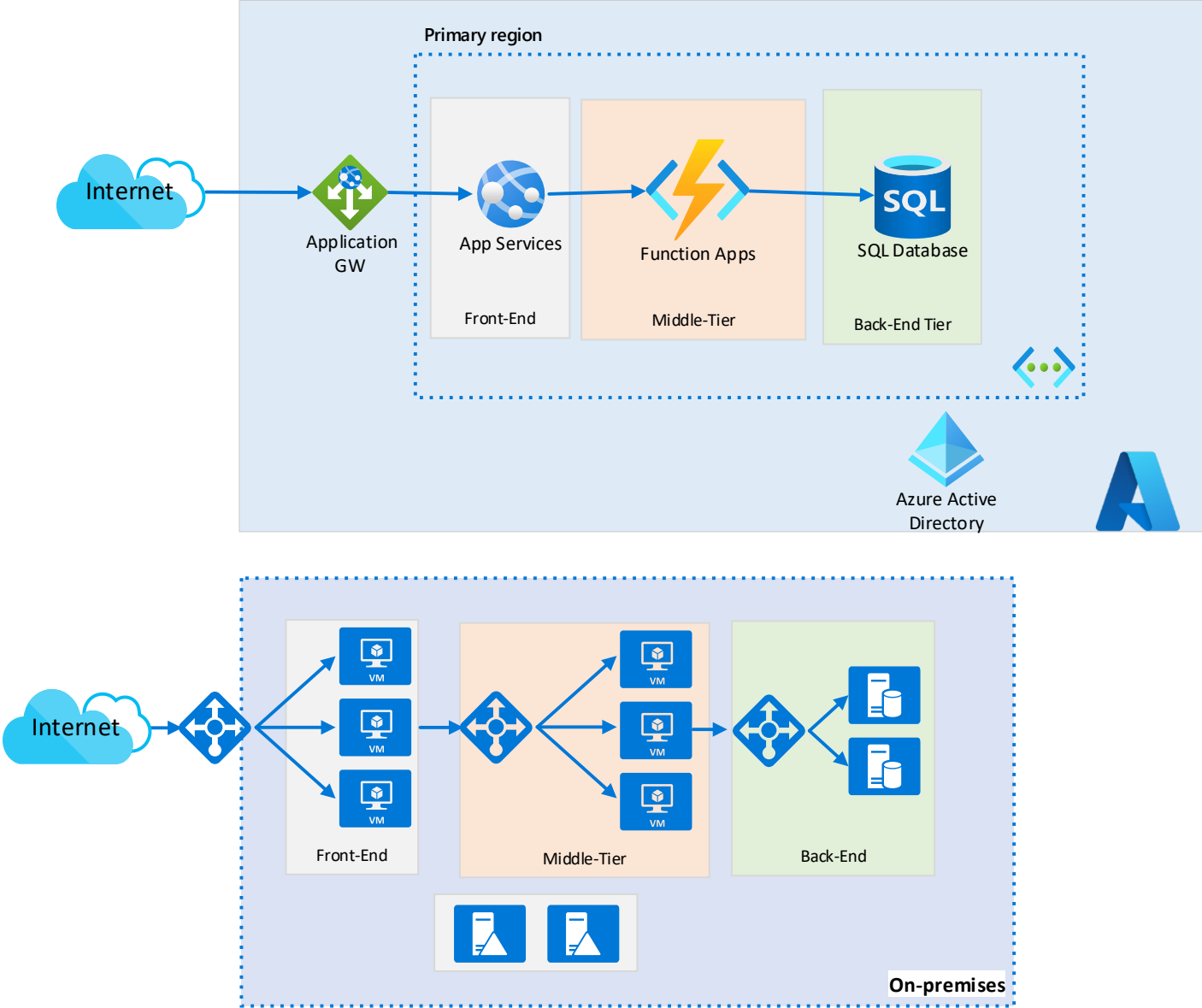
- Which Azure compute service would you recommend for the front-end tier? Address both the workload hosting and the web application.
- Which Azure compute service would you recommend for the middle tier application? Diagram what you decide and explain your solution.



Instructor Solution – IaaS Version



Instructor Solution – PaaS Solution



Summary and resources

Check your knowledge



Microsoft Learn Modules (docs.microsoft.com/Learn)

[Choose the best Azure service to automate your business processes](#)

[Introduction to Azure virtual machines](#)

[Create an Azure Batch account](#)

[Create serverless logic with Azure Functions](#)

[Introduction to Azure Logic Apps](#)

[Host a web application with Azure App Service](#)

[Introduction to Azure Kubernetes Service](#)

Optional hands-on exercises:

- [Create a web app in the Azure portal](#)
- [Create a Windows virtual machine](#)
- [Create the social media tracker Logic App](#)

End of presentation

