

# IS 380: Object-Oriented Programming Spring 2017

## Individual Assignment 5-2

Due Date: **3:59 PM, April 17, 2017** (Submit via WebCampus).  
Weights: 2.5 % of total grades.

### NOTE:

1. Please zip the **.java** files and upload the zip file to WebCampus for submission.
2. Please provide proper comments to document your code, including the following:
  - a. Author's name;
  - b. Purpose of the program;
  - c. In-line comments for the statements.

### QUESTION: Joe's Automotive

Joe's Automotive performs the routine maintenance services. Joe also performs other nonroutine services and charges for parts and for labor (\$20 per hour). For some loyal customers, Joe can choose to give a 10% off or 20% off discount to the total. Create a GUI application that displays the total for a customer's visit to Joe's.

- (1) Create a GUI as the following screenshot. This **JFrame** should incorporate three **JPanel** objects, each of them representing the routine services, nonroutine services, and the discount setting.  
The **RoutineServicePanel** and **DiscountPanel** are provided (please download them from **WebCampus**).

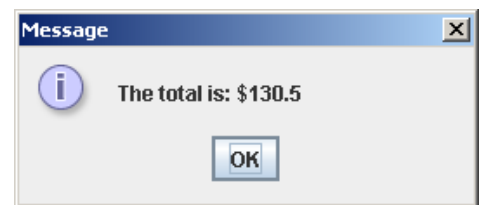
Please develop the **JPanel** for nonroutine services. Set the border with a proper title. Set the default text of the two text fields to 0.

The screenshot shows a Java Swing window titled "Joe's Automotive". It contains three panels:

- Routine Services:** A list of services with checkboxes: Oil Change, Lube Job, Radiator Flush, Transmission Flush, Inspection, Muffler Replacement, and Tire Rotation.
- Nonroutine Services:** Two text input fields. The first is labeled "Labor:" and the second is labeled "Parts:". Both fields have a default value of "0".
- Discount:** Three radio buttons: "RegularPrice" (selected), "10% Off", and "20% Off".

A "Calculate" button is located at the bottom of the window.

- (2) In the the **JPanel** for nonroutine services, represent the price for labor per hour (\$20) as named constants. The **JPanel** should also provide a method that calculates the total cost for nonroutine service. For example, when user enters 3 hours of labor and 50 for parts, the method should return 110.
- (3) Implement the **Action Listener** of the button on the **JFrame**. When the button is pressed, calculate the total, based on the service selected, the labor hour entered, the charge for parts entered, and the discount option selected.



#### Test Data

Selected Routine Services	Labor hours	Charge for Parts	Discount	Total
Radiator flush Inspection	1	20	Regular Price	85
Radiator flush Inspection Muffler replacement	0	0	10% off	130.5
Oil change Tire rotation	0	0	10% off	41.4
Transmission flush	4	150	20 % off	248.0

#### Grading criteria:

- (1) Correctness
  - (a) The code can be compiled without any syntax error.
  - (b) Variables and named constants are used.
  - (c) The code can generate the requested results.
  - (d) The program is properly documented using comments (`/**.....*/` and `//.` )
- (2) Technique used
  - (a) **JFrame**, **JPanel**, **JLabel**, **TextField** and **Button** are used, and named properly. Default values are set.
  - (b) The method for getting total of nonroutine service is implemented in the **JPanel**.
  - (c) The **ActionListener** is implemented to handle the event of the button.
  - (d) **RoutineServicePanel** and **DiscountPanel** (provided) are properly incorporated in the **JFrame**; their methods are used.