2019-01-29- LCA data modeling Seth-Josh

1. Loading, setting up

```
library(tidyverse)
library(poLCA)
library(readxl)
```

Getting data from Google Sheets

```
library(googlesheets)
library(readr)
g <- gs_title("Observations_segment_Units_1-7_2013-14-with-duplicates-identified")
d <- gs_read(g, col_types =</pre>
                 readr::cols(
  `ClassObservation::Observer` = col_character(),
  `ClassObservation::ObsNickname` = col_double(),
  `Teacher::TeacherID` = col double(),
  `Teacher::First Name` = col_character(),
  `Teacher::Last Name` = col_character(),
  `Teacher::Condition` = col_character(),
  `ClassObservation::Unit` = col double(),
  `ClassObservation::Date` = col_datetime(format = ""),
  Notes = col_character(),
  ObsNN = col_double(),
  SegNum = col_double(),
  `Segment::StartStamp` = col_datetime(format = ""),
  `Segment::EndStamp` = col datetime(format = ""),
  fWhole = col_double(),
  fGroups = col_double(),
  fSeat = col_double(),
  sInvented = col_double(),
  sConceptual = col double(),
  sProcedural = col_double(),
  sEngagement = col_character(),
  tInitSelect = col_double(),
  tCompare = col_double(),
  tDiscussQ = col_double(),
  tPressExplain = col_double(),
  tConnectOthers = col_double(),
  tConnectBigIdeas = col_double(),
  tConventional = col_double(),
  tProcedural = col_double(),
  iPrecision = col_double(),
  iCenter = col double(),
  iDIsplay = col_double(),
```

```
iOther = col_double(),
  iOrder = col_double(),
  iScale = col_double(),
  iGrouping = col_double(),
  iShape = col_double(),
  iShow = col_double(),
  iHide = col_double(),
  iMode = col double(),
  iMedian = col double(),
  iMean = col double(),
  iRange = col_double(),
  iCenterClump = col_double(),
  iDeviation = col_double(),
  iReplicability = col_double(),
  iGeneralizability = col_double(),
  iLinkVisDist = col_double(),
  iLinkImagDist = col_double(),
  ITheoreticalProb = col_double(),
  IEmpiricalProb = col_double(),
  IOdds = col_logical(),
  ISampleSize = col_double(),
  ISamplingDistrib = col_double(),
  ICenterStats = col_double(),
  IVariabilityStats = col_double(),
  `Segment::iIntelligibility` = col_double(),
  `Segment::iModelFit` = col_double(),
  `Segment::iDistribution` = col double(),
  `Segment::iRandomComponents` = col_double(),
  `Segment::iNonRandomComponents` = col_double(),
  `Segment::iMedianDistr` = col_double(),
  `Segment::iIQRDistr` = col_logical(),
  `Segment::iNewMedian` = col_double(),
  `Segment::iNewIQR` = col_logical(),
  `Segment::iRegions` = col_double(),
  `Segment::iQuantRegions` = col_double(),
  number_of_segments = col_double(),
  `Duplicate Condition` = col_character()
))
d <- dplyr::rename(d, condition = `Teacher::Condition`)</pre>
d <- d %>%
    mutate(condition = ifelse(str detect(condition, "1"), 1,
                               ifelse(str_detect(condition, "2") | condition == 0, 0, NA)))
library(readxl)
u <- read_xlsx("Observations_summary_Units_1-7_2012-13-mod.xlsx")</pre>
g1 <- gs_title("Observations_segment_Units_1-7_2012-13-with-duplicates-identified")</pre>
d1 <- gs_read(g1)</pre>
d1 <- unite(d1, Teacher, `Teacher::First Name`, `Teacher::Last Name`, sep = " ")
d1 <- d1 %>% left_join(u, by = "Teacher")
d1 <- rename(d1, condition = Group)</pre>
```

```
add_one <- function(x) {
    x + 1
}

ds <- d %>%
    dplyr::select(sInvented, sProcedural, sConceptual, tInitSelect, tCompare, tDiscussQ, tConnectBigIde
    map_df(replace_na, 0) %>%
    modify_if(is.numeric, add_one)

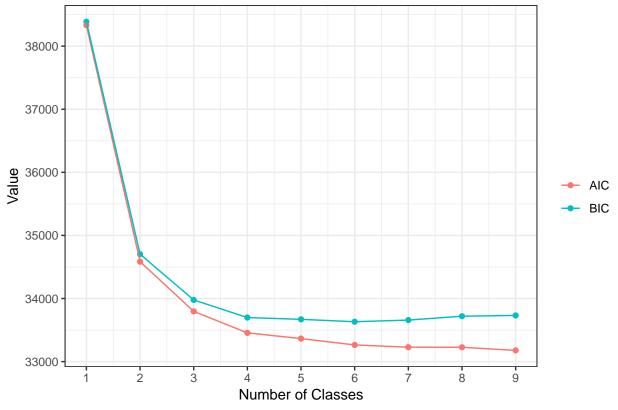
ds1 <- d1 %>%
    dplyr::select(sInvented, sProcedural, sConceptual, tInitSelect, tCompare, tDiscussQ, tConnectBigIde
    map_df(replace_na, 0) %>%
    modify_if(is.numeric, add_one)

dd <- bind_rows(ds, ds1)

dds <- filter(dd, `Duplicate Condition` != "D" & `Duplicate Condition` != "d")</pre>
```

3. Choosing the number of classes/profiles

Using latent class analysis through the **poLCA** R package.

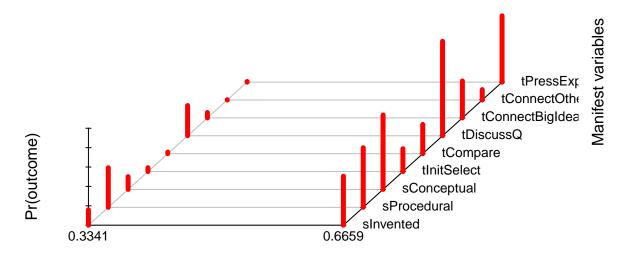


wer values of the AIC & BIC suggest preferred model(s); generally, BIC is more conservative than AIC

Based on these fit statistics, a three or four class solution seems to exhibit the best fit, though a three-class solution may also be suitable; for comparison, a two-class solution is also explored.

4. Examining 2, 3, 4, and 5 class solutions

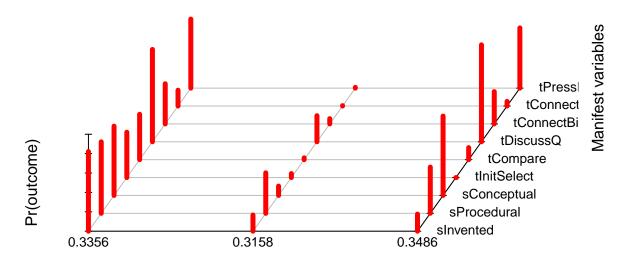
```
f <- cbind(sInvented, sProcedural, sConceptual, tInitSelect, tCompare, tDiscussQ, tConnectBigIdeas, tConnectBigIdea
```



Classes; population share

```
## Conditional item response (column) probabilities,
   by outcome variable, for each class (row)
##
## $sInvented
##
              Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.8410 0.1590
## class 2: 0.4943 0.5057
##
## $sProcedural
             Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.5919 0.4081
## class 2: 0.3853 0.6147
##
## $sConceptual
##
              Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.8679 0.1321
  class 2: 0.2320 0.7680
##
## $tInitSelect
##
              Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.9605 0.0395
## class 2: 0.7645 0.2355
##
## $tCompare
              Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.9833 0.0167
```

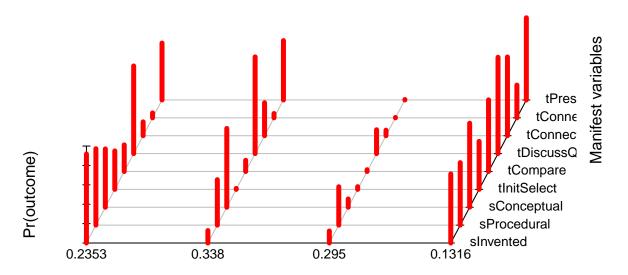
```
## class 2: 0.6983 0.3017
##
## $tDiscussQ
           Pr(1) Pr(2)
##
## class 1: 0.6882 0.3118
## class 2: 0.0252 0.9748
## $tConnectBigIdeas
##
           Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.9444 0.0556
## class 2: 0.6189 0.3811
## $tConnectOthers
           Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.9967 0.0033
## class 2: 0.8924 0.1076
##
## $tPressExplain
           Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.9930 0.0070
## class 2: 0.3157 0.6843
## Estimated class population shares
## 0.3341 0.6659
##
## Predicted class memberships (by modal posterior prob.)
## 0.3213 0.6787
## Fit for 2 latent classes:
## -----
## number of observations: 3753
## number of estimated parameters: 19
## residual degrees of freedom: 492
## maximum log-likelihood: -17273.09
## AIC(2): 34584.18
## BIC(2): 34702.56
## G^2(2): 2000.883 (Likelihood ratio/deviance statistic)
## X^2(2): 5120.786 (Chi-square goodness of fit)
##
m3 <- poLCA(f, dds, nclass = 3, maxiter = 10000, graphs = TRUE)
```



Classes; population share

```
## Conditional item response (column) probabilities,
   by outcome variable, for each class (row)
##
## $sInvented
##
              Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.1784 0.8216
## class 2: 0.8332 0.1668
## class 3: 0.8238 0.1762
##
## $sProcedural
##
              Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.2626 0.7374
## class 2: 0.5823 0.4177
## class 3: 0.5229 0.4771
##
## $sConceptual
##
              Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.2855 0.7145
## class 2: 0.9038 0.0962
## class 3: 0.1813 0.8187
##
## $tInitSelect
##
              Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.5323 0.4677
## class 2: 0.9587 0.0413
## class 3: 1.0000 0.0000
```

```
##
## $tCompare
            Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.5317 0.4683
## class 2: 0.9809 0.0191
## class 3: 0.8758 0.1242
## $tDiscussQ
##
            Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.0474 0.9526
## class 2: 0.7309 0.2691
## class 3: 0.0000 1.0000
## $tConnectBigIdeas
            Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.5858 0.4142
## class 2: 0.9457 0.0543
## class 3: 0.6668 0.3332
## $tConnectOthers
##
           Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.8364 0.1636
## class 2: 0.9962 0.0038
## class 3: 0.9523 0.0477
##
## $tPressExplain
           Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.2878 0.7122
## class 2: 0.9921 0.0079
## class 3: 0.3788 0.6212
## Estimated class population shares
## 0.3356 0.3158 0.3486
##
## Predicted class memberships (by modal posterior prob.)
## 0.3288 0.3176 0.3536
##
## Fit for 3 latent classes:
## number of observations: 3753
## number of estimated parameters: 29
## residual degrees of freedom: 482
## maximum log-likelihood: -16869.22
## AIC(3): 33796.45
## BIC(3): 33977.13
## G^2(3): 1193.151 (Likelihood ratio/deviance statistic)
## X^2(3): 2276.576 (Chi-square goodness of fit)
```

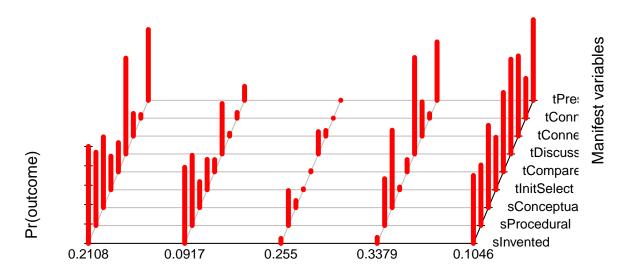


Classes; population share

```
## Conditional item response (column) probabilities,
   by outcome variable, for each class (row)
##
##
## $sInvented
##
              Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.0818 0.9182
## class 2: 0.8716 0.1284
## class 3: 0.8761 0.1239
  class 4: 0.2874 0.7126
##
##
## $sProcedural
##
              Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.2120 0.7880
## class 2: 0.5310 0.4690
## class 3: 0.6039 0.3961
##
   class 4: 0.3553 0.6447
##
## $sConceptual
##
             Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.3986 0.6014
## class 2: 0.1874 0.8126
## class 3: 0.9144 0.0856
## class 4: 0.1331 0.8669
```

```
##
## $tInitSelect
           Pr(1) Pr(2)
##
## class 1: 0.6033 0.3967
## class 2: 0.9903 0.0097
## class 3: 0.9720 0.0280
## class 4: 0.5053 0.4947
##
## $tCompare
##
            Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.7255 0.2745
## class 2: 0.8842 0.1158
## class 3: 0.9814 0.0186
## class 4: 0.2609 0.7391
##
## $tDiscussQ
##
            Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.0959 0.9041
## class 2: 0.0025 0.9975
## class 3: 0.7540 0.2460
## class 4: 0.0066 0.9934
## $tConnectBigIdeas
            Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.8569 0.1431
## class 2: 0.6602 0.3398
## class 3: 0.9428 0.0572
## class 4: 0.1879 0.8121
##
## $tConnectOthers
##
            Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.9493 0.0507
## class 2: 0.9552 0.0448
## class 3: 0.9959 0.0041
## class 4: 0.6622 0.3378
## $tPressExplain
##
           Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.4128 0.5872
## class 2: 0.3876 0.6124
## class 3: 0.9956 0.0044
## class 4: 0.1523 0.8477
## Estimated class population shares
## 0.2353 0.338 0.295 0.1316
##
## Predicted class memberships (by modal posterior prob.)
## 0.2443 0.3429 0.2963 0.1164
##
## Fit for 4 latent classes:
## -----
## number of observations: 3753
## number of estimated parameters: 39
```

```
## residual degrees of freedom: 472
## maximum log-likelihood: -16688.75
##
## AIC(4): 33455.5
## BIC(4): 33698.49
## G^2(4): 832.2073 (Likelihood ratio/deviance statistic)
## X^2(4): 1870.209 (Chi-square goodness of fit)
##
m5 <- poLCA(f, dds, nclass = 5, maxiter = 10000, graphs = TRUE)
```



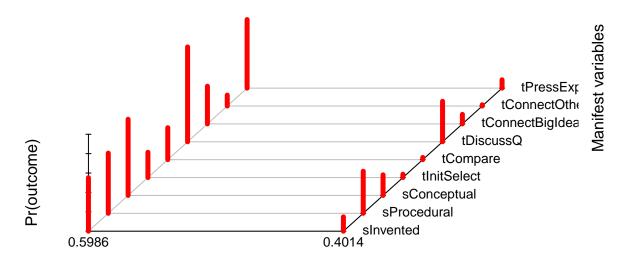
Classes; population share

```
## Conditional item response (column) probabilities,
   by outcome variable, for each class (row)
##
## $sInvented
##
              Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.0000 1.0000
## class 2: 0.2154 0.7846
## class 3: 0.9494 0.0506
## class 4: 0.9383 0.0617
## class 5: 0.2995 0.7005
##
## $sProcedural
##
              Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.2444 0.7556
```

```
## class 2: 0.2761 0.7239
## class 3: 0.6400 0.3600
## class 4: 0.5177 0.4823
## class 5: 0.3762 0.6238
## $sConceptual
             Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.2704 0.7296
## class 2: 0.7318 0.2682
## class 3: 0.9269 0.0731
## class 4: 0.2016 0.7984
## class 5: 0.1513 0.8487
## $tInitSelect
##
             Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.6538 0.3462
## class 2: 0.6871 0.3129
## class 3: 0.9908 0.0092
## class 4: 0.9720 0.0280
## class 5: 0.4595 0.5405
##
## $tCompare
##
             Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.6986 0.3014
## class 2: 0.8736 0.1264
## class 3: 0.9880 0.0120
## class 4: 0.8737 0.1263
## class 5: 0.1810 0.8190
##
## $tDiscussQ
##
             Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.0115 0.9885
## class 2: 0.4795 0.5205
## class 3: 0.7698 0.2302
## class 4: 0.0049 0.9951
## class 5: 0.0224 0.9776
##
## $tConnectBigIdeas
##
             Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.7666 0.2334
## class 2: 0.9702 0.0298
## class 3: 0.9420 0.0580
## class 4: 0.6474 0.3526
## class 5: 0.1732 0.8268
##
## $tConnectOthers
##
             Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.9619 0.0381
## class 2: 0.9408 0.0592
## class 3: 0.9992 0.0008
## class 4: 0.9523 0.0477
## class 5: 0.5894 0.4106
##
## $tPressExplain
```

```
Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.2697 0.7303
## class 2: 0.8555 0.1445
## class 3: 0.9989 0.0011
## class 4: 0.3976 0.6024
## class 5: 0.1678 0.8322
## Estimated class population shares
## 0.2108 0.0917 0.255 0.3379 0.1046
##
## Predicted class memberships (by modal posterior prob.)
## 0.2427 0.0759 0.2635 0.3269 0.0909
## -----
## Fit for 5 latent classes:
## number of observations: 3753
## number of estimated parameters: 49
## residual degrees of freedom: 462
## maximum log-likelihood: -16633.33
##
## AIC(5): 33364.65
## BIC(5): 33669.94
## G^2(5): 721.3581 (Likelihood ratio/deviance statistic)
## X^2(5): 1170.447 (Chi-square goodness of fit)
```

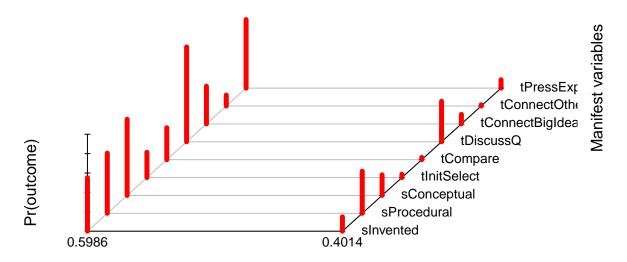
5. Examining predictors of the 4-class solution



Classes; population share

```
## Conditional item response (column) probabilities,
   by outcome variable, for each class (row)
##
## $sInvented
##
            Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.448 0.552
## class 2: 0.852 0.148
##
## $sProcedural
             Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.3795 0.6205
## class 2: 0.5658 0.4342
##
## $sConceptual
##
              Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.2143 0.7857
  class 2: 0.7875 0.2125
##
## $tInitSelect
##
              Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.7390 0.2610
## class 2: 0.9657 0.0343
##
## $tCompare
              Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.6704 0.3296
```

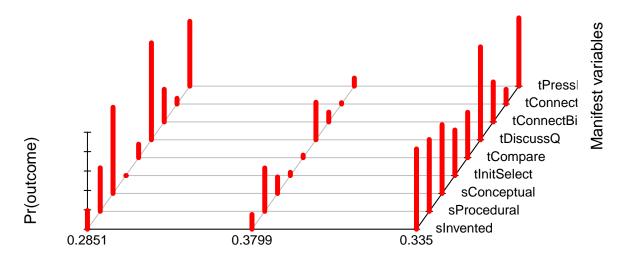
```
## class 2: 0.9771 0.0229
##
## $tDiscussQ
          Pr(1) Pr(2)
##
## class 1: 0.0216 0.9784
## class 2: 0.5825 0.4175
## $tConnectBigIdeas
##
          Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.6112 0.3888
## class 2: 0.9014 0.0986
## $tConnectOthers
          Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.8872 0.1128
## class 2: 0.9870 0.0130
##
## $tPressExplain
          Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.2926 0.7074
## class 2: 0.9138 0.0862
## Estimated class population shares
## 0.5986 0.4014
##
## Predicted class memberships (by modal posterior prob.)
## 0.6011 0.3989
## Fit for 2 latent classes:
## -----
## 2 / 1
            Coefficient Std. error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 33.07481 0.00973 3399.863
             -16.94078 0.01946 -870.694
## condition
## number of observations: 3753
## number of estimated parameters: 20
## residual degrees of freedom: 491
## maximum log-likelihood: -17134.56
##
## AIC(2): 34309.12
## BIC(2): 34433.73
## X^2(2): 4611.619 (Chi-square goodness of fit)
m2 <- poLCA(f, dds, nclass = 2, maxiter = 10000, graphs = TRUE)
```



Classes; population share

```
## Conditional item response (column) probabilities,
   by outcome variable, for each class (row)
##
## $sInvented
            Pr(1) Pr(2)
##
## class 1: 0.448 0.552
## class 2: 0.852 0.148
##
## $sProcedural
             Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.3795 0.6205
## class 2: 0.5658 0.4342
##
## $sConceptual
##
              Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.2143 0.7857
  class 2: 0.7875 0.2125
##
## $tInitSelect
##
              Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.7390 0.2610
## class 2: 0.9657 0.0343
##
## $tCompare
              Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.6703 0.3297
```

```
## class 2: 0.9771 0.0229
##
## $tDiscussQ
          Pr(1) Pr(2)
##
## class 1: 0.0216 0.9784
## class 2: 0.5825 0.4175
## $tConnectBigIdeas
##
          Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.6112 0.3888
## class 2: 0.9014 0.0986
## $tConnectOthers
          Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.8872 0.1128
## class 2: 0.9870 0.0130
##
## $tPressExplain
          Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.2926 0.7074
## class 2: 0.9138 0.0862
## Estimated class population shares
## 0.5986 0.4014
##
## Predicted class memberships (by modal posterior prob.)
## 0.6011 0.3989
## Fit for 2 latent classes:
## -----
## 2 / 1
            Coefficient Std. error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 34.38782 0.00973 3534.825
             -17.59728 0.01946 -904.436
## condition
## number of observations: 3753
## number of estimated parameters: 20
## residual degrees of freedom: 491
## maximum log-likelihood: -17134.56
##
## AIC(2): 34309.12
## BIC(2): 34433.73
## X^2(2): 4611.618 (Chi-square goodness of fit)
m3 <- poLCA(f, dds, nclass = 3, maxiter = 10000, graphs = TRUE)
```



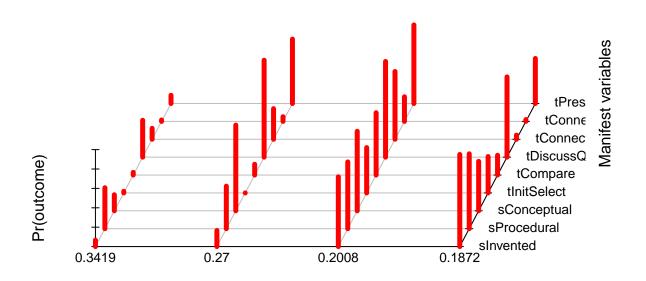
Classes; population share

```
## Conditional item response (column) probabilities,
   by outcome variable, for each class (row)
##
## $sInvented
##
              Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.8077 0.1923
## class 2: 0.8484 0.1516
## class 3: 0.1720 0.8280
##
## $sProcedural
##
              Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.5517 0.4483
## class 2: 0.5528 0.4472
## class 3: 0.2597 0.7403
##
## $sConceptual
##
              Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.1115 0.8885
## class 2: 0.8298 0.1702
  class 3: 0.2908 0.7092
##
## $tInitSelect
##
              Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 1.0000 0.0000
## class 2: 0.9667 0.0333
## class 3: 0.5303 0.4697
```

```
##
## $tCompare
         Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.8606 0.1394
## class 2: 0.9736 0.0264
## class 3: 0.5322 0.4678
## $tDiscussQ
##
          Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.0000 1.0000
## class 2: 0.6128 0.3872
## class 3: 0.0416 0.9584
## $tConnectBigIdeas
         Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.6637 0.3363
## class 2: 0.8990 0.1010
## class 3: 0.5879 0.4121
## $tConnectOthers
##
         Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.9413 0.0587
## class 2: 0.9864 0.0136
## class 3: 0.8483 0.1517
##
## $tPressExplain
    Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.3315 0.6685
## class 2: 0.9168 0.0832
## class 3: 0.2960 0.7040
## Estimated class population shares
## 0.2851 0.3799 0.335
##
## Predicted class memberships (by modal posterior prob.)
## 0.2963 0.373 0.3307
##
## Fit for 3 latent classes:
Coefficient Std. error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 39.30355 0.01422 2764.643
            -19.72629 0.02843 -693.780
                                            Ω
## condition
Coefficient Std. error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 7.15673 0.01783 401.303
            -3.49761 0.03567 -98.062
## condition
## number of observations: 3753
## number of estimated parameters: 31
## residual degrees of freedom: 480
## maximum log-likelihood: -16786.96
```

```
##
## AIC(3): 33635.92
## BIC(3): 33829.06
## X^2(3): 2415.283 (Chi-square goodness of fit)
##

m4 <- poLCA(f, dds, nclass = 4, maxiter = 10000, graphs = TRUE)</pre>
```

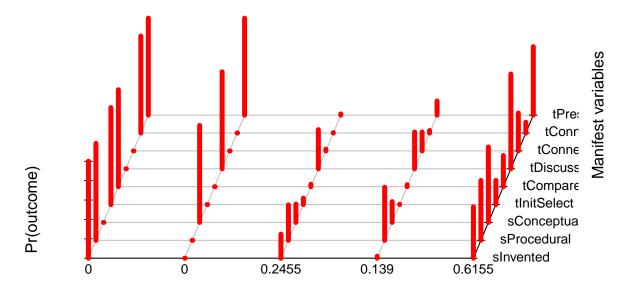


Classes; population share

Conditional item response (column) probabilities, by outcome variable, for each class (row) ## ## \$sInvented Pr(1) Pr(2) ## ## class 1: 0.9338 0.0662 ## class 2: 0.8343 0.1657 ## class 3: 0.2802 0.7198 ## class 4: 0.0500 0.9500 ## ## \$sProcedural ## Pr(1) Pr(2) ## class 1: 0.5778 0.4222 ## class 2: 0.5615 0.4385 ## class 3: 0.3112 0.6888 ## class 4: 0.2276 0.7724

```
## $sConceptual
##
             Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.8343 0.1657
## class 2: 0.1160 0.8840
## class 3: 0.1798 0.8202
## class 4: 0.4901 0.5099
## $tInitSelect
##
             Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.9833 0.0167
## class 2: 0.9996 0.0004
## class 3: 0.5325 0.4675
## class 4: 0.6246 0.3754
##
## $tCompare
##
             Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.9726 0.0274
## class 2: 0.8892 0.1108
## class 3: 0.3572 0.6428
## class 4: 0.7964 0.2036
##
## $tDiscussQ
             Pr(1) Pr(2)
##
## class 1: 0.6196 0.3804
## class 2: 0.0000 1.0000
## class 3: 0.0131 0.9869
## class 4: 0.1724 0.8276
## $tConnectBigIdeas
             Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.8869 0.1131
## class 2: 0.6843 0.3157
## class 3: 0.3009 0.6991
## class 4: 0.9575 0.0425
## $tConnectOthers
             Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.9849 0.0151
## class 2: 0.9518 0.0482
## class 3: 0.7459 0.2541
## class 4: 0.9811 0.0189
##
## $tPressExplain
##
             Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.9154 0.0846
## class 2: 0.3357 0.6643
## class 3: 0.1896 0.8104
## class 4: 0.5355 0.4645
## Estimated class population shares
## 0.3419 0.27 0.2008 0.1872
## Predicted class memberships (by modal posterior prob.)
## 0.3227 0.2822 0.1881 0.207
```

```
##
## Fit for 4 latent classes:
##
          Coefficient Std. error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -35.37547 0.01501 -2356.945
            17.81916
                     0.02999
                            594.148
## condition
## -----
## 3 / 1
          Coefficient Std. error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -34.31754
                   0.01741 -1970.863
                                        0
                                        0
## condition
            17.14220
                      0.03485
                            491.923
## -----
## 4 / 1
##
          Coefficient Std. error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -30.46994 0.01814 -1679.387
           15.18333 0.03632 418.068
## condition
                                        0
## number of observations: 3753
## number of estimated parameters: 42
## residual degrees of freedom: 469
## maximum log-likelihood: -16575.95
## AIC(4): 33235.89
## BIC(4): 33497.56
## X^2(4): 1716.269 (Chi-square goodness of fit)
## ALERT: estimation algorithm automatically restarted with new initial values
##
m5 <- poLCA(f, dds, nclass = 5, maxiter = 10000, graphs = TRUE)
```



Classes; population share

```
## Conditional item response (column) probabilities,
    by outcome variable, for each class (row)
##
## $sInvented
              Pr(1) Pr(2)
##
## class 1: 0.0000 1.0000
## class 2:
            1.0000 0.0000
## class 3:
            0.7522 0.2478
## class 4: 0.9802 0.0198
  class 5: 0.4700 0.5300
##
## $sProcedural
##
              Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.0000 1.0000
            1.0000 0.0000
## class 2:
## class 3: 0.6352 0.3648
## class 4:
            0.4532 0.5468
## class 5: 0.3824 0.6176
##
## $sConceptual
##
              Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 1.0000 0.0000
## class 2:
            0.0000 1.0000
## class 3: 0.8106 0.1894
## class 4: 0.7851 0.2149
## class 5: 0.2215 0.7785
```

```
##
## $tInitSelect
##
             Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.0000 1.0000
## class 2: 1.0000 0.0000
## class 3: 0.9341 0.0659
## class 4: 0.9980 0.0020
## class 5: 0.7506 0.2494
##
## $tCompare
             Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.0000 1.0000
## class 2: 1.0000 0.0000
## class 3: 0.9759 0.0241
## class 4: 0.9801 0.0199
## class 5: 0.6786 0.3214
##
## $tDiscussQ
             Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 1.0000 0.0000
## class 2: 0.0000 1.0000
## class 3: 0.5961 0.4039
## class 4: 0.6207 0.3793
## class 5: 0.0230 0.9770
##
## $tConnectBigIdeas
             Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 1.0000 0.0000
## class 2: 1.0000 0.0000
## class 3: 0.9818 0.0182
## class 4: 0.8047 0.1953
## class 5: 0.6089 0.3911
##
## $tConnectOthers
             Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.0000 1.0000
## class 2: 1.0000 0.0000
## class 3: 0.9959 0.0041
## class 4: 0.9742 0.0258
## class 5: 0.8893 0.1107
##
## $tPressExplain
             Pr(1) Pr(2)
## class 1: 0.0000 1.0000
## class 2: 0.0000 1.0000
## class 3: 0.9875 0.0125
## class 4: 0.8540 0.1460
## class 5: 0.2938 0.7062
## Estimated class population shares
## 0 0 0.2455 0.139 0.6155
## Predicted class memberships (by modal posterior prob.)
## 0.2587 0.1343 0.607
```

```
##
## Fit for 5 latent classes:
##
         Coefficient Std. error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -38.02780 0 -41159132315
                   0 10040394549
           18.55307
## condition
## -----
## 3 / 1
          Coefficient Std. error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -164.16553 0.15967 -1028.157
## condition 92.69443 0.31934 290.269
                                      0
## -----
## 4 / 1
##
          Coefficient Std. error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 51.24144 0.31058 164.988
## condition -16.99041 0.62115 -27.353
##
         Coefficient Std. error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -40.11479 0.15108 -265.527
## condition 31.12865 0.30215 103.023
## -----
## number of observations: 3753
## number of estimated parameters: 53
## residual degrees of freedom: 458
## maximum log-likelihood: -16941.05
##
## AIC(5): 33988.09
## BIC(5): 34318.3
## X^2(5): 4662.233 (Chi-square goodness of fit)
## ALERT: estimation algorithm automatically restarted with new initial values
##
```