03-MarkdownLM

Jhonny Rosero

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R Markdown

This is an R Markdown document. Markdown is a simple formatting syntax for authoring HTML, PDF, and MS Word documents. For more details on using R Markdown see http://rmarkdown.rstudio.com.

When you click the **Knit** button a document will be generated that includes both content as well as the output of any embedded R code chunks within the document. You can embed an R code chunk like this: require(graphics)

Annette Dobson (1990) "An Introduction to Generalized Linear Models".

Page 9: Plant Weight Data.

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 \begin{array}{l} {\rm ctl} < - {\rm c}(4.17,5.58,5.18,6.11,4.50,4.61,5.17,4.53,5.33,5.14) \; {\rm trt} < - {\rm c}(4.81,4.17,4.41,3.59,5.87,3.83,6.03,4.89,4.32,4.69) \\ {\rm group} < - {\rm gl}(2,\ 10,\ 20,\ {\rm labels} = {\rm c}(\text{``Ctl'',``Trt''})) \; {\rm weight} < - {\rm c}({\rm ctl},\ {\rm trt}) \; {\rm lm.D9} < - \; {\rm lm}({\rm weight} \sim {\rm group}) \; {\rm lm.D90} \\ < - {\rm lm}({\rm weight} \sim {\rm group} - 1) \; \# \; {\rm omitting} \; {\rm intercept} \\ {\rm anova}({\rm lm.D9}) \; {\rm summary}({\rm lm.D90}) \\ {\rm opar} < - \; {\rm par}({\rm mfrow} = {\rm c}(2,2), \; {\rm oma} = {\rm c}(0,\ 0,\ 1.1,\ 0)) \; {\rm plot}({\rm lm.D9}, \; {\rm las} = 1) \; \# \; {\rm Residuals}, \; {\rm Fitted}, \; \dots \; {\rm par}({\rm opar}) \\ \end{array}
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less simple examples in "See Also" above