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3/1/2020

Foundations of Programming (Python)

Assignment 06

# Functions and Classes with Python

#### Introduction

In this document, I will provide an overview of using functions and classes. This report will include discussion of the CDInventory.py script and what challenges I came across.

# **CD Inventory Script**

From previous week's assignment, a python script was created that manages a CD inventory based on user input. This week focused on implementing functions and classes. The initial pseudocode was provided by the instructor. The menu and structure of the code is as follows:

```
[I] load Inventory from file[a] Add CD[i] Display Current Inventory[d] delete CD from Inventory[s] Save Inventory to file[x] exit
```

```
if strChoice == 'x'
do this
elif strChoice == 'l'
do this
elif strChoice == 'a'
do this
elif strChoice == 'i'
do this
elif strChoice == 'd'
do this
elif strChoice == 's'
do this
```

In the beginning of the script, I initialize the variables needed. These are the table/dictionaries that data will be stored in.

```
1 '''
2 Title: Assignment06.py
3 Desc: Working with classes and functions.
4 DBiesinger, 2020-Jan-01, Created File
5 Jeffrey Shen, 2020-Feb-25, Created file and comments
6 '''
7
8 '''DATA'''
9 strChoice = ''' # User input
10 lstTbl = '[] · # list of lists to hold data
11 dicRow = '{} · # list of data row
12 strfileName = 'Load txt' · # data storage file
13 objFile = None · # file object
```

Figure 1 Initialize Variables

The first class is called "DataProcessor" – this holds a grouping of user defined functions. There is user adding, user deleting, and user saving to manage their CD inventory.

Figure 2 DataProcessor Class

Each of these functions in the class are called objects. They are function called in the main while loop. The functions have the same syntax as from previous week's assignment, however, the key difference is that they are organized into a class structure.

The next class is "FileProcessor" – this holds two functions: read from text file and create a list of dictionary, write to text file.

Figure 3 FileProcessor Class

The last class included is "IO" for input and output. There are three functions: print the menu options to user, determine menu input choice, show CD inventory from table. The class is used for presentation and is associated with print commands that are shown to the user for input/output.

Figure 4 IO Class

In the main while loop, the structure was outlined above but follows an if-elif-elif-elif-elif-elif-else: structure. However, the key aspect in this aspect was to function call from the while loop. This way, the code structure is organized into presentation, processing, and data. For example, in line 199 and 200, if the user selects "a" to add a CD, DataProcessor and IO classes are called. These are then followed by the function associated in that class. The rest of the code is formatted as such so that functions are called respectively.

Figure 5 Main While Loop

In the appendix, an example scenario of the script is shown, depicting each of the menu operations (both in Spyder and in the Terminal).

#### Questions

- What is a function?
  - A function is a way of grouping statements that execute particular set of code via defined name.
- What are parameters?
  - Allow values to be passed for processing, generally called arguments.

- What are arguments?
  - Generally, arguments are values provided to a function. For example, "def Function(argument)"
- What is the difference between parameters and arguments?
  - Parameters are variables in a method definition whereas arguments are the actual value passed into the function.
- What are return values?
  - They are what variables are outputted by a function ("returns" the results)
- What is the difference between a global and a local variable?
  - Global variables are reached anywhere in the code whereas local is only within that scope.
- What is shadowing?
  - Variable declared within a certain scope (method, class) has the same name as a variable declared in an outer scope.
- How do you use functions to organize your code?
  - Functions help clearly separate tasks, so it is more readable and modifiable. In this assignment, functions were defined by user input actions.
- What is the difference between a function and a class?
  - Class is a definition of an object which contains variables (attributes). A function is a method in an object and is a prescribed set of code that can be called.
- How do functions help you program using the "Separations of Concerns" pattern?
  - Code is separated into data, processing, and presentation. There can be classes for each and functions within so that when calling in the main code, it's easier to follow.

# Summary

In this lab, I explored using classes and functions in Python to manage a CD inventory. The idea of using functions and classes stems from Object Oriented Programming<sup>1</sup> and organizing your code into a Separations of Concerns (SOC). This way the code is more readable to viewers and yourself. The challenge in this assignment was learning how to accurately function call from the while loop. The syntax and formatting was confusing at first since there were so multiple functions and classes. I could see why SOC is used for more complex programs.<sup>2</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> https://www.w3schools.com/python/python\_classes.asp

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> https://docs.python.org/3/tutorial/classes.html

# **Appendix**

## Complete Code for AddressBook.py

```
1 Title: Assignment06.py
3 Desc: Norking with classes and functions.
4 Datesinger, 2020-7cb-25, Created file
5 Jeffrey. Shen, 2020-7cb-25, Created file and comments
6 "
7 "DATA"
9 strchoice = ".* User input
10 lstrbl. = [] -* list of lists to hold data
11 dicRow = (] -* list of lists to hold data
11 dicRow = (] -* list of data row
2 strillename = 'Lood.txt' -* data storage file
13 objfile = None -* file object
14
15
16 class DataProcessor:
17 -- """rocessing user inputted data"""
18 -- def user_add():
19 -- """dds: CO title and artist from user input
20 -- None.
21 -- Returns:
22 -- None.
23 -- Returns:
24 -- Returns:
25 -- None.
26 -- """
27 -- strID = input('Enter ID: ').strip()
28 -- stritile = input('What is the CO's title? ').strip()
29 -- startist = input('What is the Artist's name? ').strip()
20 -- startist = input('What is the Artist's name? ').strip()
21 -- def user_del():
22 -- None.
23 -- None.
24 -- Args:
25 -- None.
26 -- """
27 -- Args:
28 -- Strille = None.
29 -- None.
20 -- Returns:
40 -- None.
41 -- None.
42 -- """
43 -- IntRowNr = -1
44 -- DinCRemoved = False
45 -- False -- Introduct -- False
46 -- IntRowNr += -1
47 -- If row['ID'] = IntIDOe!
48 -- Strille -- Interdemoved -- False
49 -- Strille -- Interdemoved -- False
50 -- Deck
51 -- Interdemoved -- False
52 -- Papint('The CD was removed')
53 -- Lise:
54 -- Strille -- Strille -- Of files
55 -- Args:
56 -- None.
57 -- None.
58 -- None.
59 -- Args:
50 -- None.
51 -- Returns:
52 -- Returns:
53 -- None.
54 -- None.
55 -- Objfile =- ment('CoInventory.txt', 'w')
56 -- Gor'row in listibl:
57 -- Strille -- Intit' (Tow values())
```

```
### State Control

### State Con
```

```
.
.4-process-display-current-inventory
f-strChoice===:'i':
-IO.show_inventory(lstTb1)
-continue--#-start-loop-back-at-top.
#3.5 process delete a CD
#2.5.1 process delete a CD
#2.5.1 process delete == 'd':
#3.5.1 process delete == 'd':
#3.5.1 process delete == 'b.5.1.1 display inventory to user
#3.5.1.2 display inventory (studied of the control of the c
                                     ## Show updated table
*Io.show_inventory(lstTb1)
*continue * # start loop back at top.
                                     instruncte === 's':
    3.6.1.bipplay current inventory and ask user for confirmation to save
    10.show_inventory(1stTbl)
    strysNo = input('Save this inventory to file? [y/n] ').strip().lower()
    1.3.1.bipplay current inventory to file?
```

### Example Run from Spyder

```
MRNING: If you continue, all unsaved data will be lost and the Inventory re-loaded from file
The Search (by:AJR)
Paralyzed (by:NF)
Everything (by:Michael Buble)
[1] load Inventory from file
[a] Add CD
[i] Display Current Inventory
[d] delete CD from Inventory
[s] Save Inventory to file
[x] exit
Which operation would you like to perform? [l. a. i. d. s or x]: a
What is the CD's title? To Die For
What is the Artist's name? Sam Smith
====== The Current Inventory: =====
ID CD Title (by: Artist)
           The Search (by:AJR)
Paralyzed (by:NF)
Everything (by:Michael Buble)
To Die For (by:Sam Smith)
```

```
[1] load Inventory from file
[a] Add CD
[i] Display Current Inventory
[d] delete CD from Inventory
[s] Save Inventory to file
[x] exit
Which operation would you like to perform? [1, a, i, d, s or x]: d
        ==== The Current Inventory: ======
CD Title (by: Artist)
                The Search (by:AJR)
Paralyzed (by:NF)
Everything (by:Michael Buble)
To Die For (by:Sam Smith)
Which ID would you like to delete? 1
The CD was removed
====== The Current Inventory: ======
ID CD Title (by: Artist)
                Paralyzed (by:NF)
Everything (by:Michael Buble)
To Die For (by:Sam Smith)
[1] load Inventory from file
[a] Add CD
[i] Display Current Inventory
[d] delete CD from Inventory
[s] Save Inventory to file
[x] exit
Which operation would you like to perform? [1, a, i, d, s or x]: s
            == The Current Inventory: ==
CD Title (by: Artist)
                Paralyzed (by:NF)
Everything (by:Michael Buble)
To Die For (by:Sam Smith)
 Save this inventory to file? [y/n] y
```



CDInventory - Notepad

File Edit Format View Help

2, Paralyzed, NF

3, Everything, Michael Buble

4, To Die For, Sam Smith

#### **Example Run from Terminal**

