

## Deploy a Docker Container to AWS Cloud Service

### Step 1. Log into AWS

- Log into your existing AWS account as the root user. If you do not have an account, create one.
- Once logged in, navigate to the Console Home page.
- In the search bar, type in “IAM” and click on “IAM” under Services. Usually, this is the first result. Click on the link and it will navigate to the IAM dashboard.
- In the left column in IAM dashboard, under Access Management, click on Roles. Once on the Roles page, click on the button “Create role.”
- The only thing you will need to do now is to click on EC2 under “Use case” heading. Click on “Next.”
- Under “Permissions policies” search for “SSM” and check the box for the Policy name “AmazonEC2RoleforSSM.” Click on “Next.”
- Under Role details, give the Role name a unique name (i.e. SSMDemo), and then provide a description for the role.
- Scroll to the bottom of the page and click on “Create role.” AWS will navigate back to Roles, and your newly created role will appear.

### Step 2. Launch an EC2 Linux Instance

- Navigate back to the Console Home page.
- In the search bar, type in “EC2” and click on “EC2” under Services. Click on the link and it will navigate to the EC2 dashboard.
- In the left column in EC2 dashboard, under Instances, click on Instances. Once on the Instances page, click on the button “Launch instances.”
- Give the new instance a name.

- Scroll down and ensure that “Amazon Linux” under Application and OS Images (Amazon Machine Image) is highlighted.
- Keep the Instance type as Free tier eligible.
- Under Key pair (login), click on the drop-down menu and then click on launch. This uses RSA for launching.
- Under Network settings, check the boxes for “Allow HTTPS traffic from the internet” and “Allow HTTP traffic from the internet.” Due to our application being a website, these are important to enable http and https traffic.
- Under Advanced details, click on the drop-down menu for IAM instance profile, and then click on the newly created IAM role that was created in step 1. Finally, launch the instance.
- Click on “View all instances” and then check the box of the newly created instance.
- Copy the instance IP Address, then paste it into a new tab in your browser. Don’t worry, it will not work right now.

### Step 3. Start a Session

- In the search bar, type “Systems Manager” and click on “Systems Manager” link under Services. Click on the link and it will navigate to the AWS Systems Manager dashboard.
- In the left column, scroll down to “Node Management” and click on “Session Manager.” Once on the Session Manager page, click on “Start session.”
- Under “Target instances” click on the radio button for your created instance. Click on “Start session.” This will load your Linux instance.
- In your Linux instance, run the following commands:
  - `$sudo sh`
  - `$yum install -y docker`
  - `$service docker start`

- Once Docker is installed and running, we can finally move onto Step 4.

## Step 4. Pull Instance from Docker and Deploy

- In the running instance, log into Docker hub using the following command:
  - `$docker login`
- Type in your username and use a personal access token as the password, created in settings in your Docker account.
- Pull the Docker Container from Docker Hub by using the following command:
  - `$docker pull nameofrepository/nameofinstance`

*\*\*Note: replace nameofrepository with the repository name and nameofinstance with the name of the instance in the repository.*
- Wait for the container to pull and install, then run the following command:
  - `$docker images`
- Finally, run the following command:

```
$docker run -name awsapplication -d -p 80:8080 nameofrepository/nameofinstance
```

*\*\*Note: replace awsapplication with a name of your choosing.*

- Navigate back to the tab with your pasted instance IP Address and refresh. The website should populate. It may take a few minutes.
- Once the website is loaded, congratulations! The application is successfully deployed to the AWS Cloud.