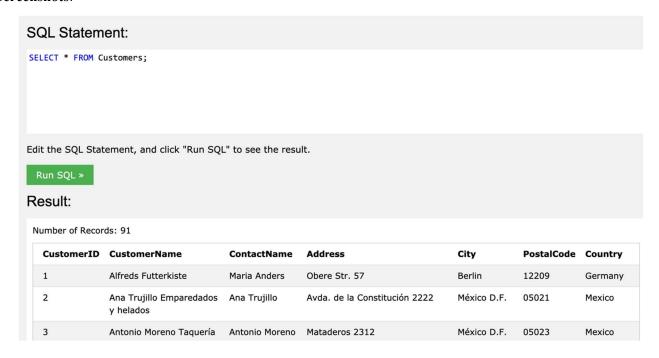
Q1. Insert the missing statement to get all the columns from the Customers table.

Screenshots:

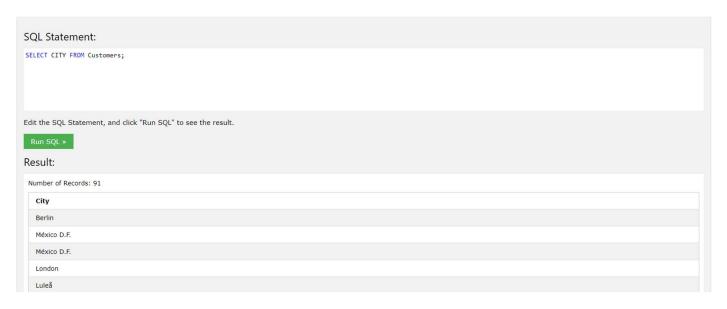


Explanation:

In order to select all of the columns from the customer table, I used SELECT to find the data, and * FROM Customers to specify I wanted all data from the Customers table.

Q2. Write a statement that will select the City column from the Customers table.

Screenshots:

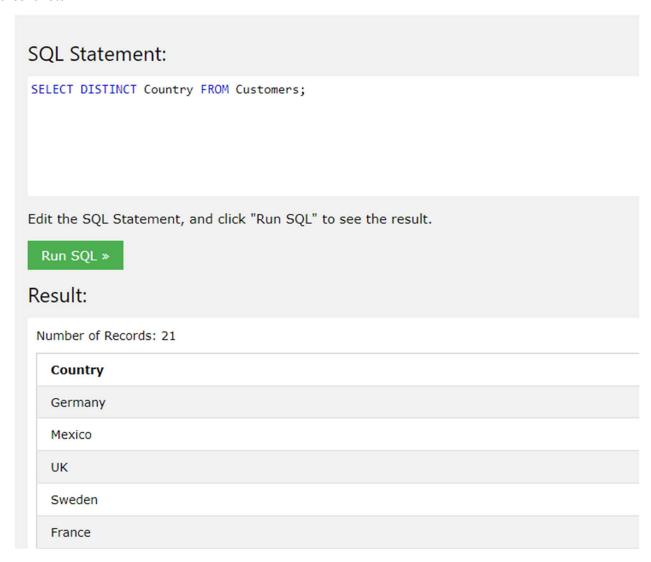


Explanation:

I used SELECT to specify I wanted to find data, then City to specify that I wanted to find data in the city column, then FROM Customers to specify that I wanted to find those in the Customers table.

Q3. Select all the different values from the Country column in the Customers table.

Screenshots:

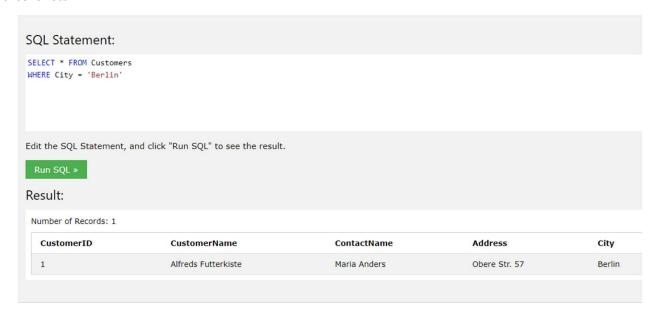


Explanation:

I used SELECT DISTINCT Country to specify that I wanted only countries that do not repeat, and FROM Customers to specify what table I wanted that data from.

Q4. Select all records where the City column has the value "Berlin".

Screenshots:

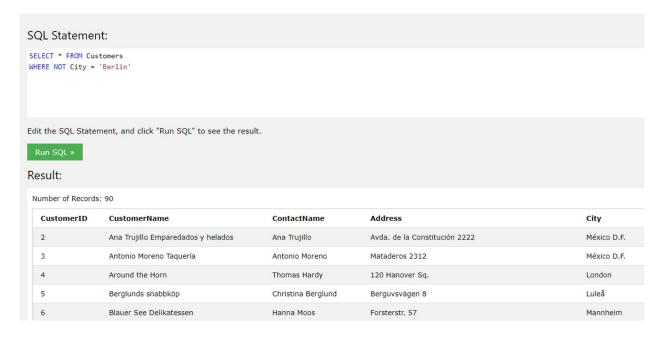


Explanation:

I used SELECT * FROM Customers to specify what table I wanted the data from, then I used WHERE City = 'Berlin' to find entries that contain Berlin in the city Column.

Q5. Use the NOT keyword to select all records where City is NOT "Berlin".

Screenshots:

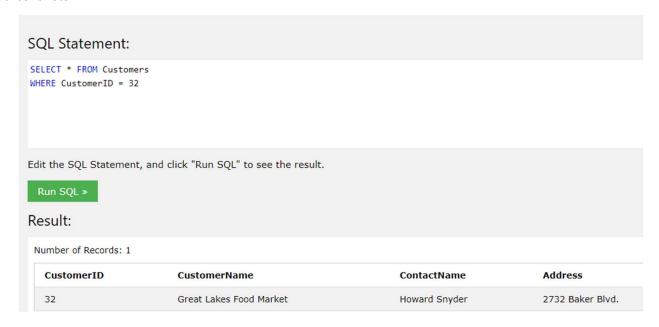


Explanation:

I used the same syntax as the previous exercise, but added the keyword "NOT" to specify that I wanted every entry except those that contain Berlin.

Q6. Select all records where the CustomerID column has the value 32.

Screenshots:

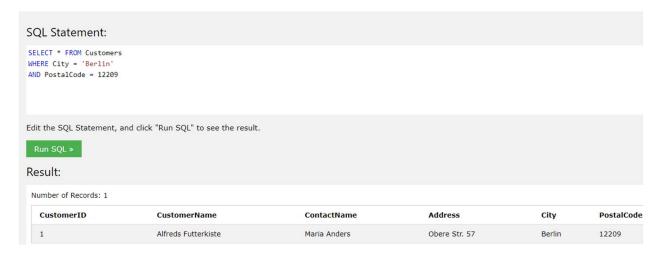


Explanation:

I used the same SELECT syntax as before, but for the WHERE syntax, I added "Customer ID = 32" To find the entry of the customer with that number.

Q7. Select all records where the City column has the value 'Berlin' and the PostalCode column has the value 12209.

Screenshots:

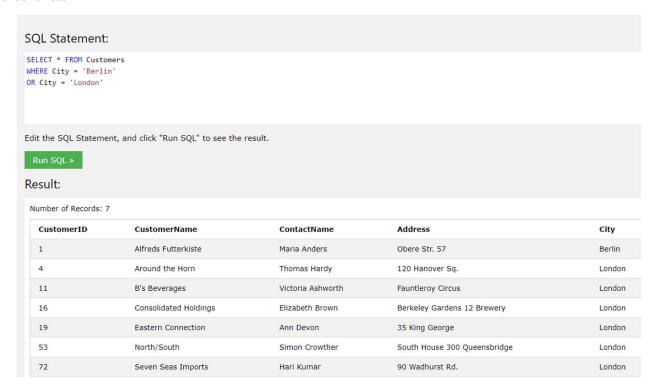


Explanation:

I used the same SELECT and WHERE syntax to define that I wanted data from Berlin, and added the AND syntax to specify that I also wanted the postal code to be 12209.

Q8. Select all records where the City column has the value 'Berlin' or 'London'.

Screenshots:

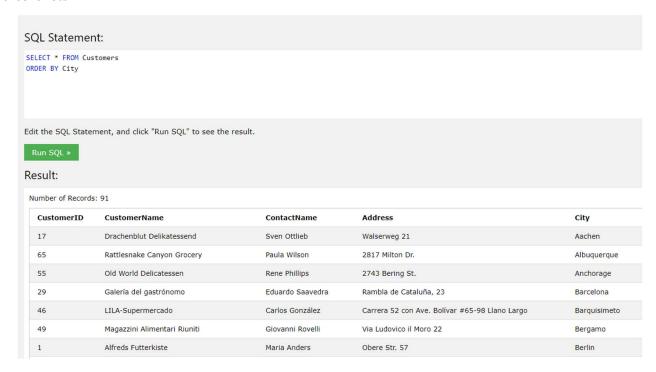


Explanation:

I used the same SELECT and WHERE syntax to define that I wanted data from Berlin, and added the OR syntax to specify that I also wanted data that contains London in the City column.

Q9. Select all records from the Customers table, sort the result alphabetically by the column City.

Screenshots:

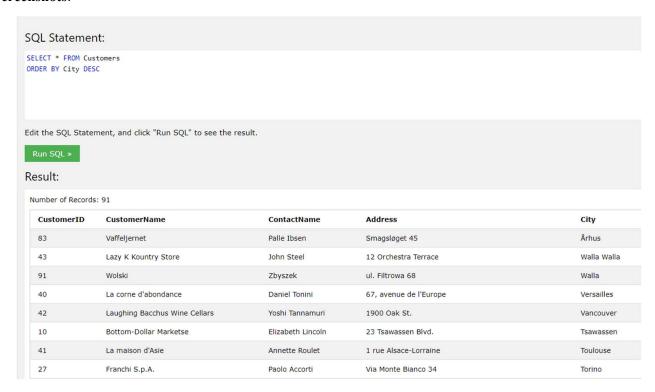


Explanation:

I used the same SELECT syntax and added the ORDER BY City syntax so the database would show me the entries in alphabetical order by city.

Q10. Select all records from the Customers table, sort the result reversed alphabetically by the column City.

Screenshots:

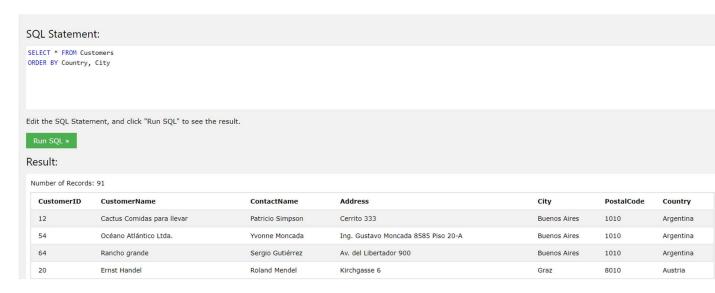


Explanation:

I used the same SELECT syntax and added the ORDER BY City DESC syntax so the database would show me the entries in reverse alphabetical order by city.

Q11. Select all records from the Customers table, sort the result alphabetically, first by the column Country, then, by the column City.

Screenshots:



Explanation:

I used the same SELECT syntax and added the ORDER BY Country, City to organize the entries first by countries, then by cities within those countries.