

ELM Suppression and Pedestal Structure in I-Mode Plasmas on Alcator C-Mod

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Thank you to...

- The thesis committee: JW Hughes, DG Whyte, AE White, JP Freidberg
- The I-mode crew: AE Hubbard, JL Terry, I Cziegler, A Dominguez, SG Baek, C Theiler, RM Churchill, ML Reinke, JE Rice...
- Physops: R Granetz, S Shiraiwa, S Wolfe, S Wukitch...
- C-Mod operations, engineering, researchers and techs
- PSFC grad students, past and present
- Family and friends
- the audience!

■ Context & Motivation

- ▶ High-performance regimes
- ▶ Pedestal physics
- ▶ Introduction to I-mode

■ Pedestal Modeling & Theory:

- ▶ Peeling-ballooning MHD stability
- ▶ Kinetic-ballooning mode turbulence

■ ELMy H-mode physics¹

- ▶ EPED Modeling on C-Mod

¹JR Walk *et al.*, *Nuclear Fusion* **52** (2012)

- **I-Mode Pedestals & Global Performance¹**
 - ▶ Pedestal response to fueling, heating power
 - ▶ Pedestal widths and gradients
 - ▶ Global performance and confinement scalings
- **I-Mode Pedestal Stability**
 - ▶ P-B MHD, KBM modeling
 - ▶ ELM characterization
- **Summary, Future Work, & Questions**

¹JR Walk *et al.*, *Physics of Plasmas* **21** (2014)

The problem...

By default (“L-mode”), rapid transport of energy and particles from plasma driven by turbulence

- and energy transport gets *worse* with more heating power!
- need very strong magnetic field and/or large machine size to overcome poor plasma performance

L-mode likely not suitable for (economical) power plant development.

The solution?

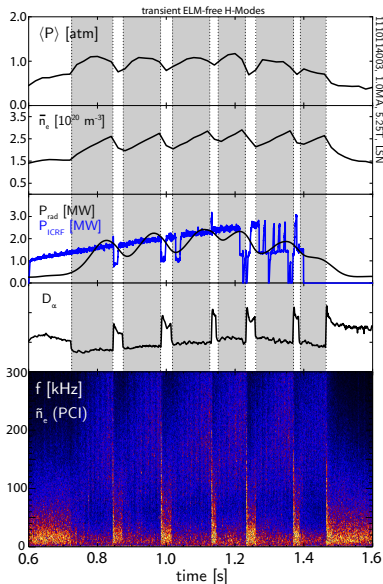
Under right conditions, plasma forms “transport barrier” in edge, with steep gradients in density and temperature – the *pedestal*

→ plasma transitions to “high-confinement” or H-mode

- immediate factor of ~ 2 increase in energy confinement
- pedestal supports higher core pressures = fusion power density
- pedestal height sets strong constraint on global performance

...But this has problems of its own

- increased particle confinement = plasma retains impurities as well as fuel ions
- radiated power ($\sim Z^2$ for a given impurity species) increases, overcomes heating power \rightarrow plasma drops back into L-mode
- inherently transient state

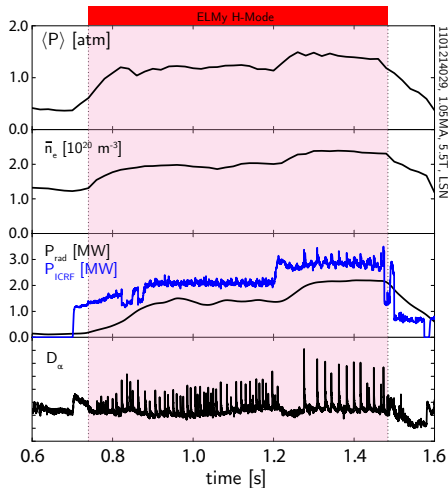


so, we need:

- high energy confinement
- low particle confinement (low enough, at least)
- ... and that's it, right?

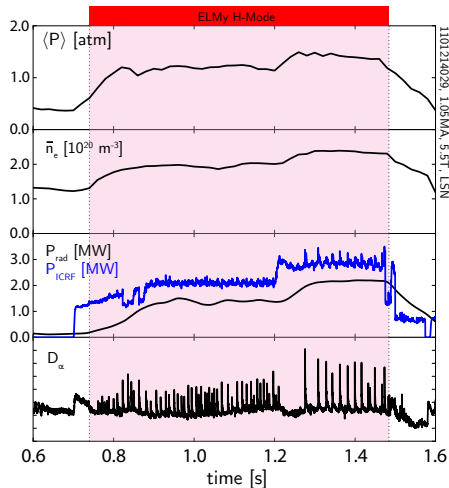
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- Edge-Localized Modes (ELMs)
 - instabilities that relax the pedestal, drive bursts of energy, particle transport, enough to prevent impurity accumulation



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- Edge-Localized Modes (ELMs)
 - instabilities that relax the pedestal, drive bursts of energy, particle transport, enough to prevent impurity accumulation
- large ELMs drive pulsed heat loads in excess of plasma-facing material tolerances



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Both engineering and physics solutions exist, including...