Object Storage

Object storage is a method of storing data as distinct objects, each with its own identifier and metadata, in a flat environment for scalable and easy access.

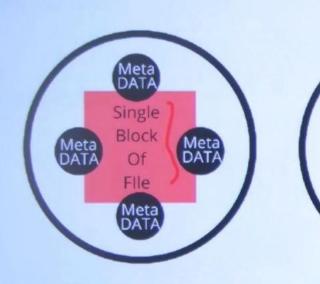


Object Storage

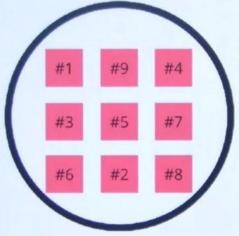




Block Storage







File Stored In Block Storage

<u>Advantages Object Storage</u>

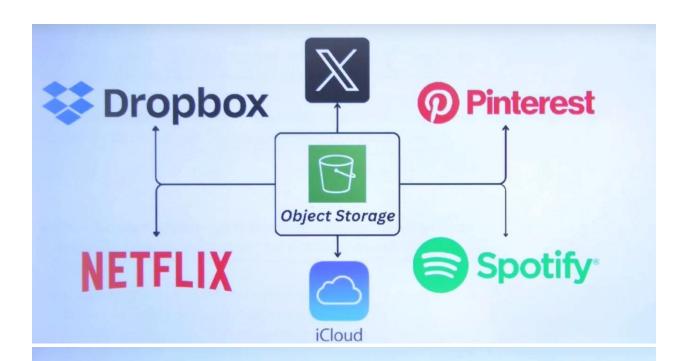
- Object storage saves data as objects. Each object is stored separately and independently.
- Every object includes the data itself, a unique ID to find it easily, and metadata which is additional information about the data.
- Each object can be accessed directly via its unique ID, allowing for quick retrieval of data from anywhere.
- It's great for storing large amounts of unstructured data like photos, videos, and documents, especially when you need to access them over the internet.

<u>Disadvantages Object Storage</u>

- Object storage often has higher latency than block or file storage due to its reliance on HTTP calls for data access.
- It can be inefficient for managing a large number of small files because the metadata overhead can disproportionately consume storage space.
- Object storage is not optimized for frequent data modifications, requiring complete object rewrites rather than partial updates.
- Some older applications may not be directly compatible with object storage, necessitating additional integration work.

Object Storage Use Case

- Perfect for keeping big files like photos, videos, and large documents, which don't fit well in traditional databases.
- Ideal for backups and storing old data because it can handle lots of information without costing too much
- Great for sharing files worldwide easily, like in content delivery networks, because you can access files from anywhere using the internet.
- Supports the growth of modern apps by allowing more data to be added smoothly, without making things complex.



Features

99.9% availability Availability

99.99999999% durability (Remember 11 x 9s)

Files can be from 0 Bytes to 5 TB.

Virtually unlimited storage

Versioning

Features

Storage Classes

Lifecycle Management

Encryption

Event Notifications

Management & Monitoring Tools

Data Consistency Model For S3

Read after Write consistency for PUTS of new Objects

Eventual Consistency for overwrite PUTS and DELETES (can take some time to propagate)

S3 Charge For Storage

Requests

Storage Management

Data Transfer

S3 is suitable to store

Images | PDFs | Videos

Backup & Archive

Static Web Hosting

Big Data Analytics

Log Storage

S3 is Not suitable to store

Amazon S3 is not suitable for storing data that requires low-latency access, frequent updates, or transactional support, such as active databases or real-time processing systems

Bucket Name Rules

Globally unique

3 and 63 characters long

consist only lowercase, numbers, dots & hyphens (-)

Must begin and end with a letter or number

Must not be formatted as an IP address