Two Sum

```
Program:
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
// Structure to store the result indices
struct Result {
  int first;
  int second;
};
// Function to find the two indices
struct Result twoSum(int nums[], int size, int target) {
  struct Result result = {-1, -1};
  // Create a hash map to store elements and their indices
  int* map = (int*)malloc((target + 1) * sizeof(int));
  for (int i = 0; i <= target; i++) {
    map[i] = -1; // Initialize all indices to -1
  }
  for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
    int complement = target - nums[i];
    if (complement >= 0 && map[complement] != -1) {
       result.first = map[complement];
       result.second = i;
       break;
    }
    map[nums[i]] = i;
  }
  free(map); // Clean up memory
  return result;
}
```

```
int main() {
  int nums[] = {2, 7, 11, 15};
  int target = 9;
  int size = sizeof(nums) / sizeof(nums[0]);
  struct Result result = twoSum(nums, size, target);
  if (result.first != -1 && result.second != -1) {
     printf("Indices: %d, %d\n", result.first, result.second);
  } else {
     printf("No valid solution found.\n");
  }
  return 0;
}
```