

VeltHome Partners

Investment Opportunity in Manufactured Home Communities
2025

Table of Contents

- Executive Summary
- Why MHCs?
- About Us
- Our Approach
- Current Market Opportunities
- Appendices
 - Additional Information on MHCs
 - Management Background
- Disclaimer





Executive Summary

Executive Summary

Who We Are – Our Credentials

- Founded in 2016, VeltHome* is an owner-operator of manufactured housing communities (MHCs). As of 12/31/24, we own and manage 28 communities comprised of about 2,200 units across 5 states owned through 7 investor portfolios.
- Our investment sponsor for our expansion, VeltHome Partners, GP, is structured as a multi-family office. We value strategic alignment with our investor partners and have a long-term orientation with all our investments.

Structurally Advantaged Sector

- MHCs are an attractive asset class, offering investors both cash flow and capital gains potential.
- MHCs benefit from limited supply growth, a shortage of affordable housing, and increased demand from household formation and aging.
- A fragmented, non-institutional ownership base allows investors to acquire assets with near-term upside potential at attractive valuations.

** Inclusive of predecessor entities and affiliates.*

Executive Summary (cont.)

Successful Track Record*

- We have invested over \$70MM in debt and equity, and our current portfolio is valued at over \$100MM.
- Our 7 realized investments have generated a 2.2x MOIC / 22.0% IRR on a gross basis. Another 5 partially realized investments have generated a 1.2x MOIC on a gross basis through distributions and recapitalizations.

Institutional Infrastructure

- We have assembled a scalable and vertically integrated regional property management team, new home inventory financing lines, third-party lender partnerships, and state dealer licenses that are difficult to replicate.
- Our senior management team has ~150 years of combined real estate investment and operating experience.

The Opportunity

- We seek long-term oriented investors to partner with us to capitalize on the current market environment.

** As of 12/31/24. Unaudited and based on VeltHome's valuation policy.*



Why MHCs?

What are MHCs?

- A manufactured housing community (MHC, also known as “mobile home park” or MHP) is a piece of land where lots (pads) are leased to tenants who live in “manufactured homes.”
- The primary income source is land rent; tenants typically own the manufactured home.
- Through the 1960s, MHCs were often associated with a higher income demographic, typified by movies such as *Speedway* and *It Happened at the World’s Fair*.
- In the 1970s, MHCs evolved into affordable housing.
- Currently, ~22MM Americans live in a manufactured home; 1/3 of these homes is located in one of ~50K MHCs.



Compelling Structural Opportunity



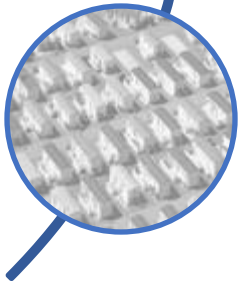
Supply-Constrained Asset Class

- Shortage of affordable housing
- Zoning and other limits to MHC supply



Attractive Financial Profile

- Low tenant turnover due to expense of moving homes
- Low operating expense ratios, as homeowners are responsible for repairs
- Accelerated depreciation (15 years for land improvements vs. 27.5 years for other real estate assets)



Limited Competition for Assets

- Fragmented ownership base comprised primarily of non-institutional owners
- Industry opacity and optics have kept many institutions away
- Significant value-add potential with limited capital requirements



About Us

VeltHome's MHC Business Model

Tenants = Homeowners → Low Turnover

- MHC tenants are typically homeowners, who feel a greater sense of connection to their community.
- Many residents are retired and prefer to settle in one place instead of moving frequently.
- Despite the name, moving a “mobile” home is expensive, costing up to \$10K to move and often more than the home’s value.

Operational Simplicity → Low Expense Ratio

- Low operational labor requirements; primarily to maintain common areas / utilities
- Homeowners responsible for repairs & maintenance

Investment Dynamics → Attractive Returns

- Stabilized cash-on-cash yield profile with value-add appreciation potential
- Accelerated depreciation over 15 years could improve after-tax return profile

Our Regionally Clustered Portfolio



Portfolio Statistics*

Total Communities / Units	28 / 2,199
Illinois	8 / 537
Iowa	1 / 131
Michigan	9 / 840
Ohio	9 / 606
Pennsylvania	1 / 85
Tenant-Owned %**	96%
Avg. Gross Income per Unit	\$438

* As of 12/31/24.

** % of occupied pads; includes homes on lease-to-own contracts.

Track Record Summary

	# of MHCs	Date	Purchase			Realized Value		Unrealized Value ⁽⁴⁾	Total Value	Gross Returns		Sale Price	Gross Property Value ⁽⁵⁾
			Equity	Debt	Total Capital	Distributions	Sale / Refi			MOIC	IRR		
Realized ⁽¹⁾	7	2016-2019	\$ 2,129,460	\$ 5,085,801	\$ 7,215,261	\$ 844,407	\$ 3,830,192	\$ -	\$ 4,674,599	2.2x	22.0%	\$ 9,089,333	\$ -
Partially Realized ⁽²⁾	5	2019-2020	\$ 5,889,154	\$ 11,850,000	\$ 17,739,154	\$ 1,753,395	\$ 5,459,234	\$ 14,738,063	\$ 21,950,692	3.7x	55.5%	\$ -	\$ 26,321,640
Unrealized	23	2020-2022	\$ 15,362,978	\$ 31,275,432	\$ 46,638,410	\$ 2,192,020	\$ -	\$ 44,939,983	\$ 47,132,002	3.1x	44.7%	\$ -	\$ 75,285,000
Total	28⁽³⁾		\$ 23,381,592	\$ 48,211,233	\$ 71,592,825	\$ 4,789,822	\$ 9,289,426	\$ 59,678,046	\$ 73,757,293	3.2x	39.4%	\$ 9,089,333	\$ 101,606,640

As of 12/31/24. All figures are unaudited.

⁽¹⁾ Realized investments represent sale to new investors through funds sponsored by Evergreen; all defeasance costs excluded.

⁽²⁾ Partially Realized represents investments in which investors have received proceeds from a refinancing.

⁽³⁾ Total # of MHCs adjusted to avoid double-counting, as all realized investments remain part of the Evergreen portfolio.

⁽⁴⁾ Unrealized Value is calculated by subtracting net debt from Gross Property Value.

⁽⁵⁾ Gross Property Value is based on Evergreen's valuation policy, which assumes a portfolio sale. Properties are valued at \$45,000 per unit (based on market comps), with one exception that assumes a 5.0% cap rate on 2025 budget NOI.

Executive Management Team



Sam Banerjee
Founder

Commonfund
Evercore, JPMorgan

Columbia Business School

25+ years RE experience



Teah Gandhi
*Founder & Co-Managing
Partner*

Salomon Smith Barney, UBS
PaineWebber, Ladenburg
Thalmann

NYU Stern School of Business

15 years RE experience



Steve Cherin
Founder & General Counsel

Cherin Law Offices, PC
Strassburger, McKenna, Gutnick
& Gefsky

Cornell Law School

10 years RE experience



Arvind Krishnamurthy
Co-Managing Partner

Metropolitan Partners Group
Veritas Capital, Greenbriar Equity
Group, Goldman Sachs

Harvard Business School

11 years RE experience



David Prinzivalli
CFO

PineBridge Investments
Blackstone, Morgan Stanley

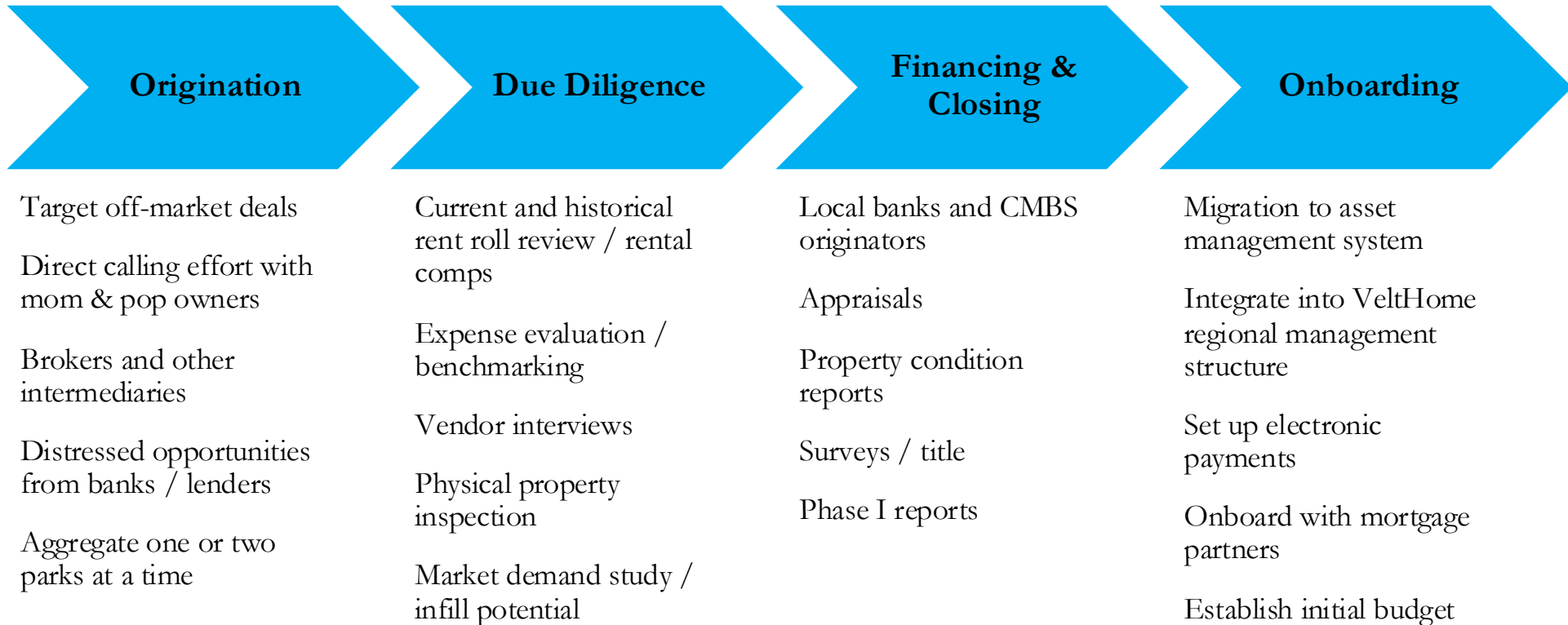
Columbia Business School

4 years RE experience

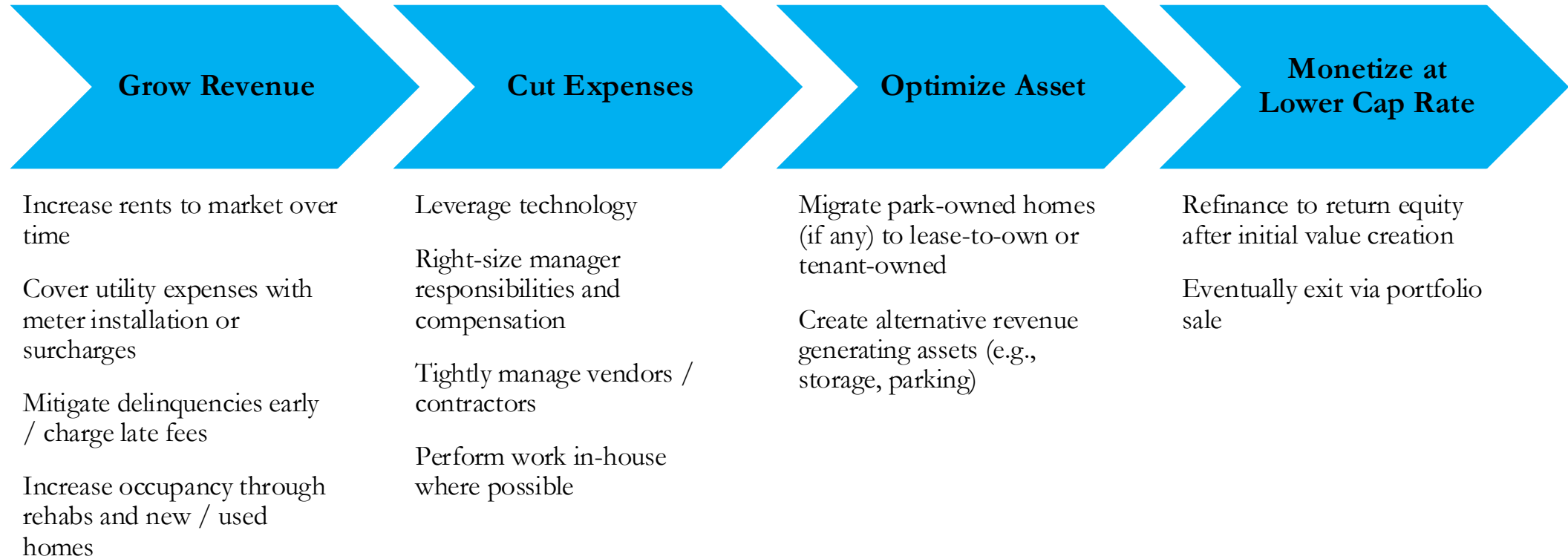


Our Approach

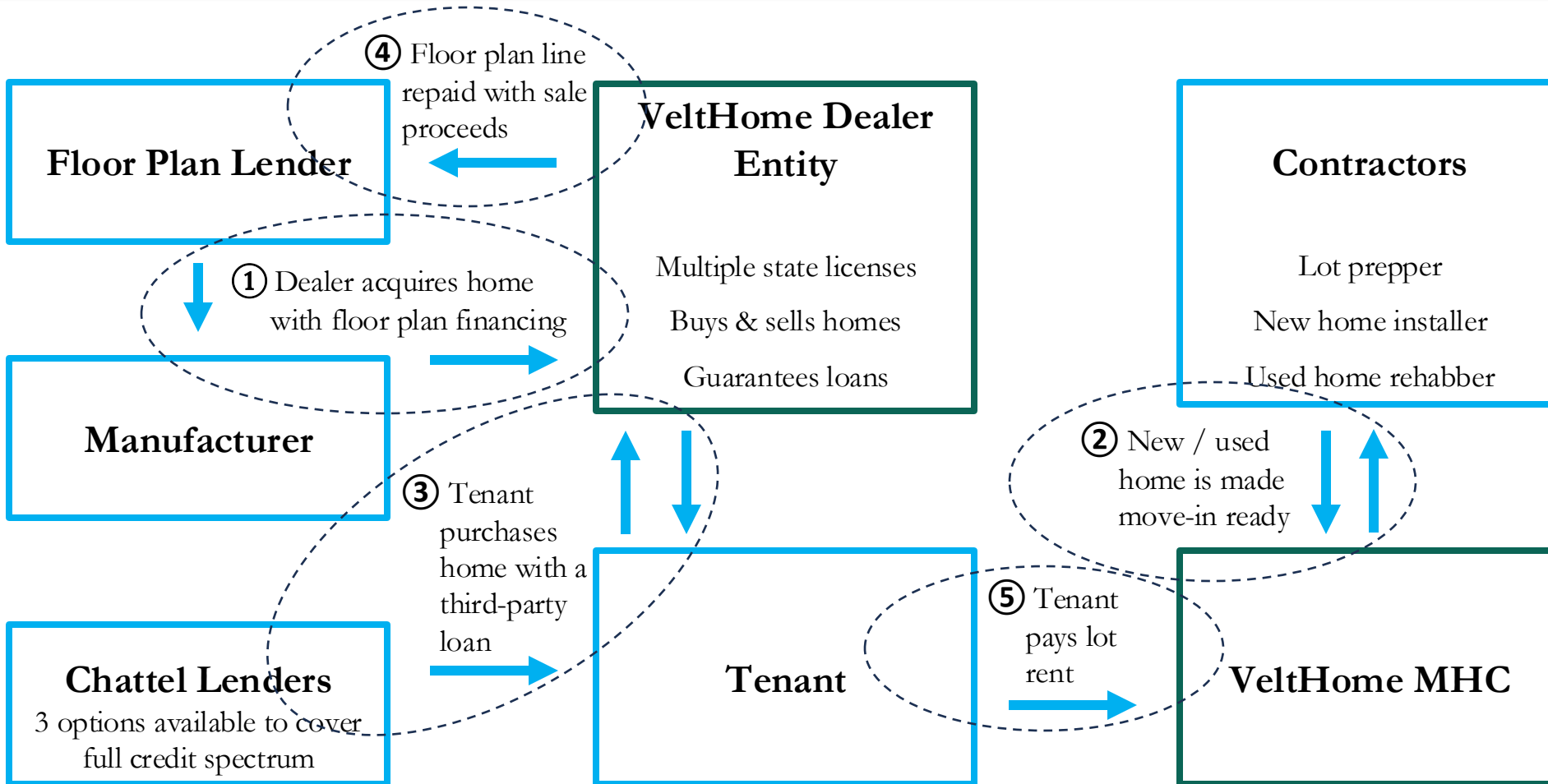
Acquisition Process



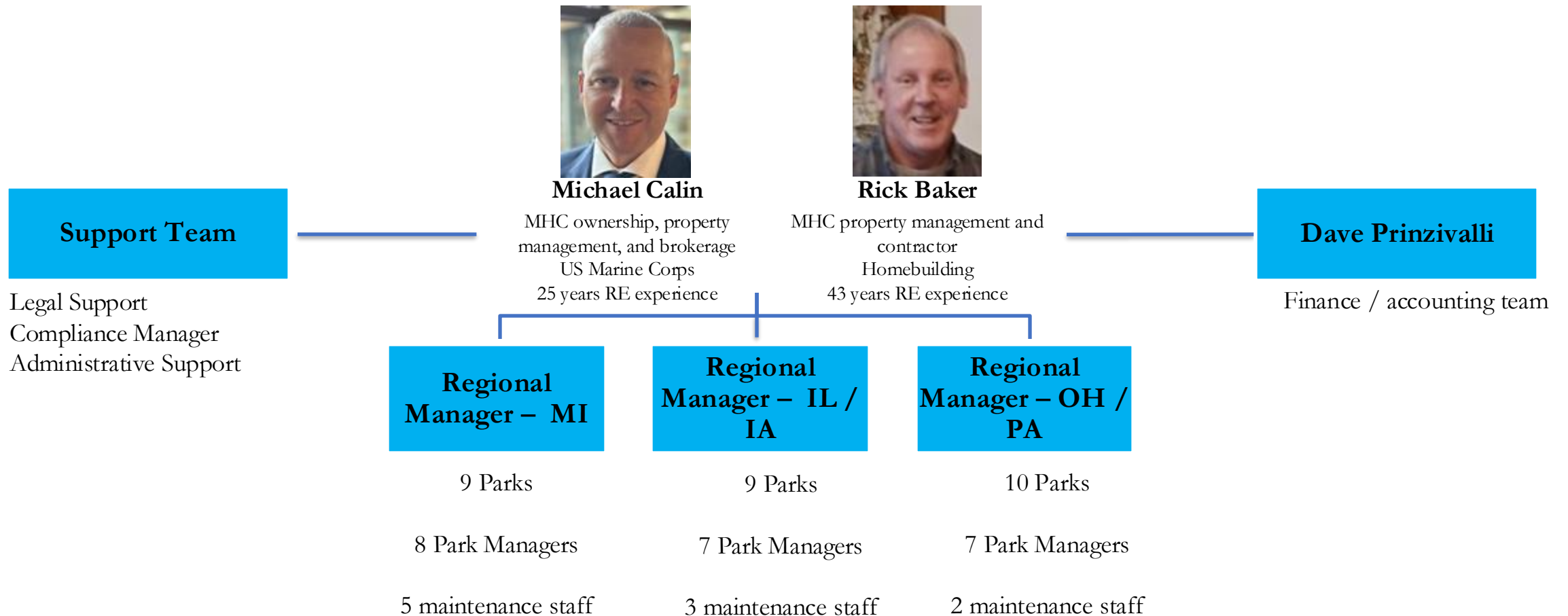
Asset Management Process



Established Ecosystem to Grow Occupancy



Scalable Property Management Organization





Current Market Opportunities

Target Scenarios in Today's Environment



Undermanaged Mom & Pop

- Too small for institutions: 50 – 100 pads
- Stable rent roll with ~75% occupancy
- Levers to drive near-term NOI growth – increase rents to market, utility submetering and billback
- Buy at 7 - 9% cap rate; own at 8 - 10% pro forma cap rate



Opportunistic Infill

- 50% - 60% occupancy in a market with strong demand
- Undercapitalized owners unable to bring in new homes
- Increase occupancy to 70 – 75+% in 3 - 5 years with new and used homes
- Buy at low per lot valuation and recap at a market cap rate



Solid Turnkey

- Institutional quality property: 100+ lots, newer homes, amenities
- Stabilized rent roll with mostly tenant-owned homes
- Levers to drive moderate near-term NOI growth – increase rents to market, utility submetering and billback
- Buy at low cap rate with attractive (agency if possible) financing; lock-in bond-like, lower risk returns

Example: Opportunistic Infill

Overview

- ~450-unit (incl. empty lots), 2-MHC portfolio in IL
- ~40% economic occupancy; ~98% of physical homes occupied; mostly tenant-owned homes
- B/B- quality

Thesis

- Long runway to increase occupancy
- Submetering of utilities
- Off-market, directly sourced deal at attractive per-lot valuation
- Conservative capital structure
- Property management infrastructure in-place; located inside current footprint

Financials

- Price: ~\$5MM (<\$12K per unit)
- 35% LTV financing (~1.8x DSCR); ~\$4.0MM equity
- Infill program self-funding through combination of floorplan lines and sales to tenants
- 20% - 25% gross IRR



Example: Solid Turnkey

Overview

- ~325-unit (incl. empty lots), 2-MHC portfolio in southeastern WI
- 99% occupied; mostly tenant-owned homes
- B+/A- quality

Thesis

- High-quality, stabilized, well-located MHCs
- Undermanaged by family ownership; opportunity to bring rents to market
- Immediate opportunity to charge for utilities and increase rent

Financials

- Price: ~\$25M (~5% PF LTM cap rate; 6% Year 1 cap rate)
- 55% LTV agency financing (~1.8x DSCR); ~\$12MM equity
- ~17% gross IRR



Terms Overview for Discussion

Structure	Programmatic JV or co-GP structure
GP Coinvestment	Yes; TBD
Term	Up to 10-year deal hold period Flexibility for long-term hold subject to capital return / performance metrics
Cash Distributions	Operating cash flow distributed quarterly Proceeds from refinancings and dispositions when available
Promote	Performance fee (with full catch-up) subject to preferred return
Other Fees	Asset Management Fees Transaction / Disposal Fees Loan Guarantee Fees
Property Management	Provided by an affiliate of the GP



Appendix: Additional Information on MHCs

MHCs vs. Multifamily as an Investment

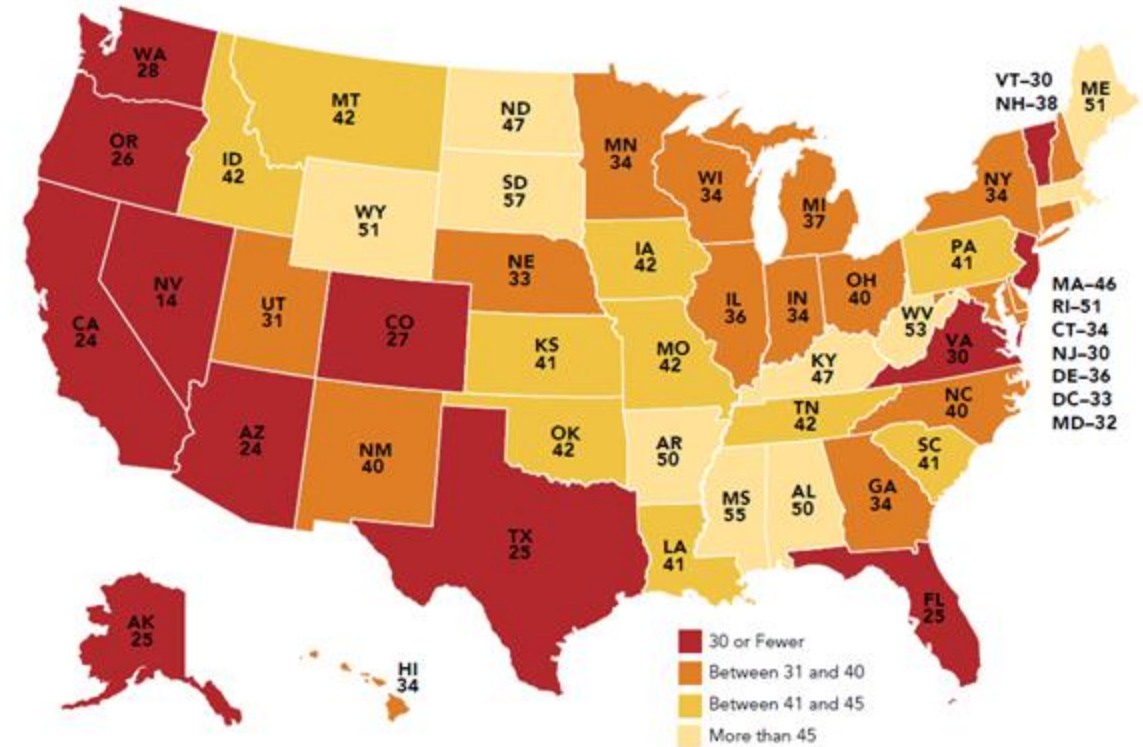


Operating Expense	~35% of gross income; tenants responsible for maintaining owned homes, yard, etc.	~50% of gross income; building owner responsible for apartments and common areas
Turnover Ratio	~5%; Tenants are typically homeowners who feel a connection to their home / community; Expensive to move a home	~40%; Renters have no ownership stake in apartments; highly elastic to rent increases and changes in life status; low moving cost
Rent Increases	Relatively inexpensive compared to alternatives; room to grow rent above inflation	Must remain competitively priced compared to alternatives, including apartments and single-family homes
Depreciation	Depreciable assets (primarily land improvements) depreciated over 15 years or less	Depreciable assets (primary buildings) depreciated over 27.5 years
Barriers to Entry	Difficult to get zoning to allow new development	Limited barriers to new development

Manufactured Home = Low Cost Housing

- The US residential housing shortage is large, particularly for lower income households. For the lowest-income households*, there is a shortage of 7.3MM affordable rental homes (National Low Income Housing Coalition).
- Lower-income households disproportionately benefit from manufactured housing. The median household income of a manufactured homeowner is \$42K, about half of the figure for a site-built homeowner (Fannie Mae).

of Affordable Rental Homes Available Per 100
Extremely Low-Income Renter Households

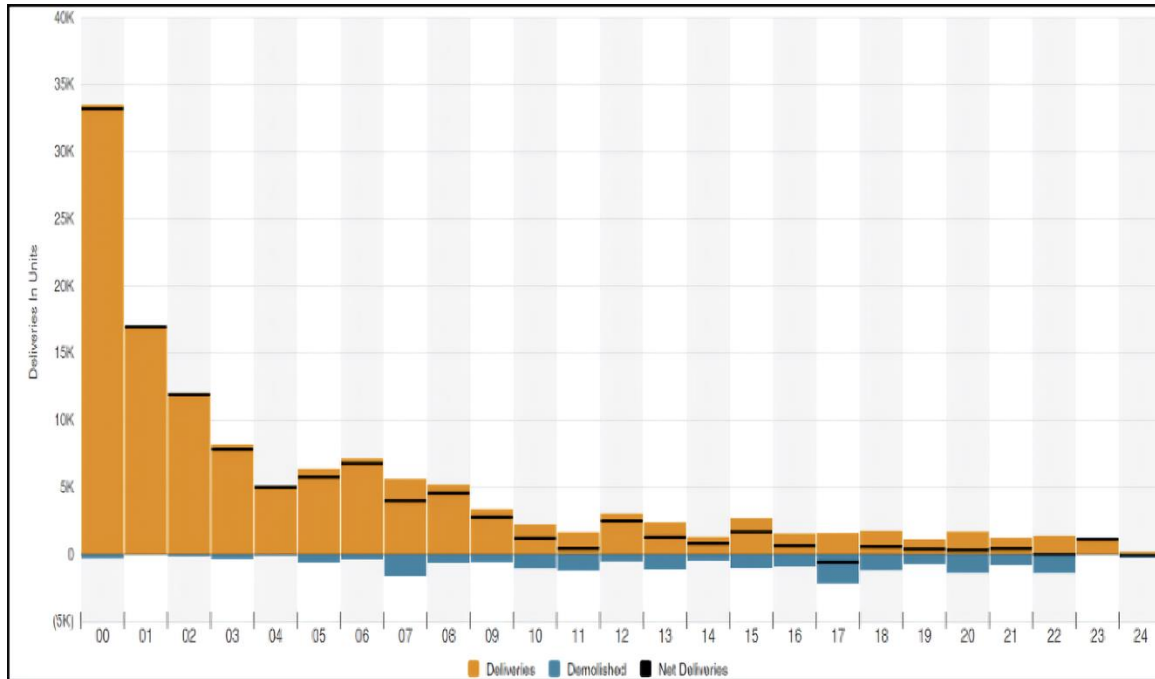


* Households with incomes at or below the poverty level or 30% of the area median income.

Source: National Low Income Housing Coalition, 2024.

Limited Supply Growth / Restrictive Zoning

MHC Units: Completions and Demolitions



Source: CoStar Group

*...vacancies remain low at many MHCs, indicating that **demand is outstripping supply**. However, development of MHCs has not kept up with demand. Many local jurisdictions have **zoning restrictions** against MHCs, **creating barriers** to the development of new MHCs. As a result, **building new communities takes a long time**, when they can be built at all.*

- Fannie Mae, Sept. 2023

Institutional Penetration Remains Low

“Trailer park” taint has scared away many institutions, but the “smart money” has been active

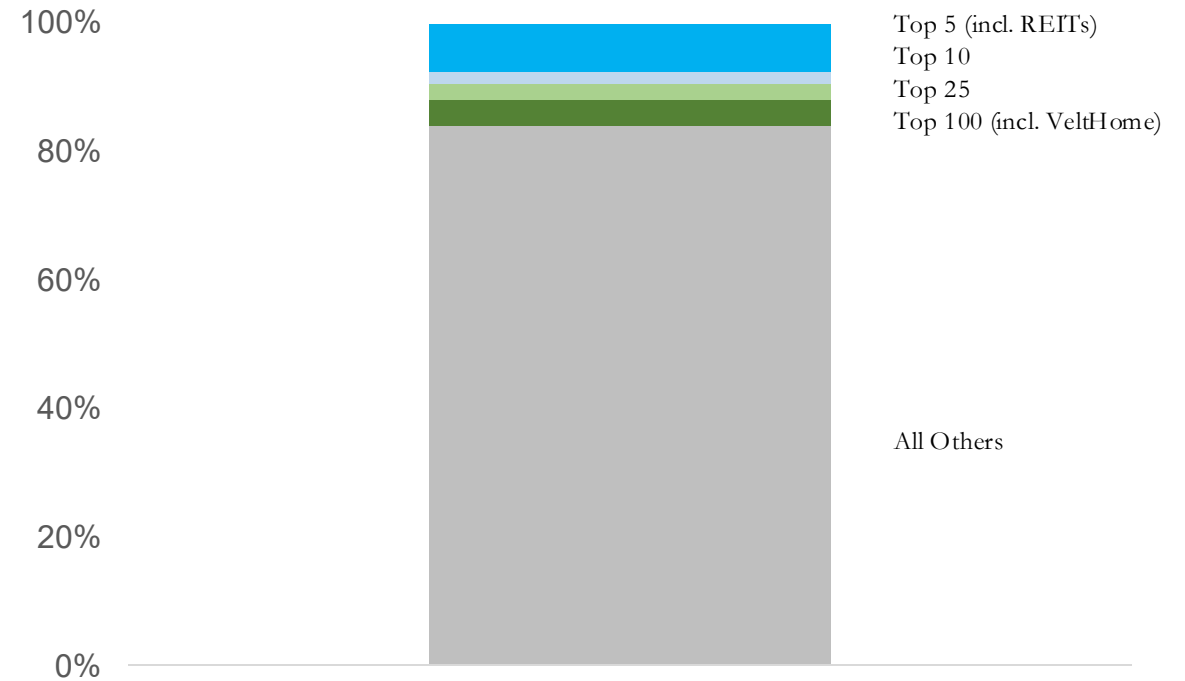
Top 100 Owners (incl. #52 VeltHome) represent ~16% of ~4.3MM MHC pads



Sam Zell



Warren Buffett



Source: Mobile Home University; public filings as of Q4 2023.



Appendix: Management Background

Management Background



Sam Banerjee

Founder

Sam has 25+ years of experience in corporate and real estate investment management, acquisition, and development experience in multiple niche asset classes. He is involved with all aspects of the VeltHome business.

Previously, Sam was CIO of a \$1.5B corporate/real estate distressed investment strategy for Common Fund. Sam's experience includes over a decade as a banker and private equity professional with JPMorgan, Paribas, and Evercore. Sam has a BA from College of Wooster and an MBA from Columbia University.



Teah Gandhi

Founder & Co-Managing Partner

Teah has over 20 years of experience in financial services, including equity research, investment banking, and risk management. She is responsible for underwriting acquisitions and property management.

Previously, Teah worked at several firms, including PNC, Salomon Smith Barney, and UBS PaineWebber. Teah has a BA from College of Wooster and an MBA from NYU Stern School of Business.

Management Background



Steve Cherin

Founder & General Counsel

Steve has decades of legal experience, with a focus on early-stage businesses across a number of industries. He is responsible for legal matters. Steve formed Cherin Law Offices, PC in 2013.

Previously, Steve was a partner with Strassburger, McKenna, Gutnick & Gefsky. Steve has a BA from Carnegie Mellon and a JD from Cornell.



Arvind Krishnamurthy

Co-Managing Partner

Arvind has over 20 years of experience in corporate and real estate private equity and credit and began investing in MHPs in 2018. He is responsible for asset management.

Previously, Arvind ran the investment team at Metropolitan Partners Group, a \$1B private credit firm. Arvind's prior experience includes a decade in private equity at Veritas Capital, Greenbriar Equity Group, and Bain Capital and investing across asset classes at a \$2B family office. Arvind has an AB and an MBA from Harvard.

Management Background



David Prinzivalli

CFO

David has over 25 years of experience in financial reporting and controls. He is responsible for all property-level finance and reporting functions.

Previously, David held senior level financial positions with PineBridge Investments, Blackstone, Nomura, and Morgan Stanley. Dave began his career at PWC. Dave has a BBA in accounting from Notre Dame and an MBA from Columbia.



Michael Calin

Co-Head of Operations

Michael has directly owned, managed, and brokered MHPs since 2007. He is responsible for sourcing acquisitions and overseeing regional and local property management.

Michael has been a broker, investor, and operator across multiple real estate asset classes. Michael served with the US Marine Corps in Afghanistan and Iraq.

Management Background



Rick Baker

Co-Head of Operations

Rick has over 40 years of experience in construction and property management, with a focus on MHCs for almost 20 years. He is responsible for operational oversight of regional and local property management.

Previously, Rick was VeltHome's Regional Manager for Michigan and ran one of the largest MHCs in the portfolio. He entered the MHC industry in 2005, when he transitioned from homebuilding to renovating manufactured homes. Rick began his construction career as a student at the side of his grandfather.

Disclaimer

Not an Offer and Confidential: This communication is provided for internal use only. The information contained herein is proprietary and confidential to VeltHome Partners, LLC ("VeltHome" or the "Adviser") and VeltHome Wall2Main Income Fund, LP (the "Fund") and may not be disclosed to third parties or duplicated or used for any purpose other than the purpose for which it has been provided. This communication is for informational purposes only and is not intended as an offer or solicitation with respect to the purchase or sale of any security or of any fund or account the Adviser manages or offers. Although the information provided herein has been obtained from sources which the Adviser believes to be reliable, Adviser does not guarantee its accuracy, and such information may be incomplete or condensed. The information is subject to change without notice. Since this information is provided as general information and without regard to an investor's particular circumstances, the Adviser shall not be liable for any damages arising out of any inaccuracy in the information.

Not the Basis for an Investment Decision: This document should not be the basis of an investment decision. An investment decision should be based on customary and thorough due diligence procedures, which should include, but not be limited to, a thorough review of all relevant term sheets and other offering documents as well as consultation with legal, tax and regulatory experts. Any person subscribing for an investment must be able to bear the risks involved and must meet the Fund's suitability requirements. The Fund may not be suitable for certain investors. No assurance can be given that the Fund will meet its investment objectives or avoid losses. A discussion of some, but not all, of the risks associated with investing in the Fund can be found in the Fund's term sheet, subscription agreement, limited partnership agreement, articles of association or other offering documents as applicable (collectively the "Offering Documents") when provided. The terms set forth in the Offering Documents are controlling in all respects should they conflict with any other term set forth in other marketing materials, and therefore, the Offering Documents must be reviewed carefully before making an investment and periodically while an investment is maintained.

Forward Looking Statements: This material contains forward-looking statements, which are subject to risks and uncertainties and speak only as of the date on which they are made. The words "believe", "expect", "anticipate", "optimistic", "intend", "aim", "will" or similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. VeltHome undertakes no obligation to update publicly or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise. Past performance is not indicative of future results; no representation is being made that any investment or transaction will or is likely to achieve profits or losses similar to those achieved in the past, or that significant losses will be avoided.

Investment Risks: Investing in the Fund is speculative. The Fund expects its investments to be leveraged and such leverage that may increase the risk of investment loss. Past results of the Advisor's affiliates are not necessarily indicative of future performance of the Fund. The Fund's focus could mean lack of diversification and, consequently, higher risk. The Fund may have varying liquidity provisions and limitations. There is no secondary market for investors' interests in the Fund and none is expected to develop.

Not Legal, Accounting or Regulatory Advice: This material is not intended to represent the rendering of accounting, tax, legal or regulatory advice. A change in the facts or circumstances of any transaction could materially affect the accounting, tax, legal or regulatory treatment for that transaction. The ultimate responsibility for the decision on the appropriate application of accounting, tax, legal and regulatory treatment rests with the investor and his or her accountants, tax and regulatory counsel. Potential investors should consult, and must rely on their own professional tax, legal and investment advisors as to matters concerning the Fund and their investments in the Fund. Prospective investors should inform themselves as to: (1) the legal requirements within their own jurisdictions for the purchase, holding or disposal of investments; (2) applicable foreign exchange restrictions; and (3) any income and other taxes which may apply to their purchase, holding and disposal of investments or payments in respect of the investments of the Fund.

Performance Data and Strategy Level Performance Reporting: Unless otherwise indicated, performance data is presented unaudited. The historic results reflect fund-level returns. All gross returns referred to herein are based on distributions paid, including with respect to sales and refinancing of properties. The "unrealized value" of remaining investments represent valuation estimates made by VeltHome using assumptions that VeltHome believes are reasonable relating to each particular investment. Such estimates are subject to numerous variables which change over time and, therefore, amounts actually realized in the future will vary (in some cases materially) from the estimated "unrealized values" used in the calculations referenced herein. Past performance is not a guarantee of future results, and there can be no assurance that comparable results will be achieved. The calculations have been made based on in some cases limited available data and a number of assumptions. Because of these limitations, the performance information should not be relied upon as a precise reporting of performance, but rather merely a general indication of past performance. In addition, the foregoing results may be based or shown on an annual basis but results for individual months or quarters within each year may have been more favorable or less favorable than the results for the entire period, as the case may be.